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(5-Fluoro-2,6-dioxo-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyrimidin-1ido- κN^1)(1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane- $\kappa^4 N$)zinc(II) perchlorate

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In the structure of the title complex, $[Zn(C_4H_2FN_2O_2)(C_{10}H_{24}N_4)]ClO_4$, the zinc(II) ion forms coordination bonds with the four nitrogen atoms of cyclam (1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane or [14]aneN4) as well as with the nitrogen atom of a deprotonated 5-fluorouracil ion (FU⁻). Cyclam adopts a *trans*-I type conformation within this structure. The coordination structure of the zinc(II) ion is a square pyramid with a distorted base plane formed by the four nitrogen atoms of the cyclam. FU⁻ engages in intermolecular hydrogen bonding with neighboring FU⁻ molecules and with the cyclam molecule.



Structure description

Cyclam (= 1,4,8,11-tetraazacyclotetradecane or [14]aneN4) is a widely recognized macrocyclic polyamine renowned for its strong chelation properties with transition-metal cations, such as cobalt(III) ion (Fang *et al.*, 2024), copper(II) ion (Emsley *et al.*, 1990), and nickel(II) ion (Prasad *et al.*, 1987). We have reported the crystal structure of a zinc(II) ion and a cyclam complex (Zn^{II}-cyclam) (Ichimaru *et al.*, 2022). Cyclen (= 1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane or [12]aneN4) shares similarities with cyclam as a macrocyclic polyamine. Cyclen's chelation properties with metal cations are largely akin to those of cyclam, including its affinity for zinc(II) ions (Ichimaru *et al.*, 2021). Cyclam and cyclen differ in the number of atoms forming their rings. In metal-cyclam complexes, the metal cation and four nitrogen atoms lie within the same plane, allowing for the coordination of two counter-anions perpendicular to the plane; the coordination structure of a central metal is octahedral. Conversely, in metal-cyclen complexes, the metal cation is located above the plane formed by the four nitrogen atoms, enabling the coordination of one counter anion; the coordination structure of a central metal is a square pyramid. We



previously reported on the formation of a complex between deprotonated 5-fluorouracil (FU⁻) and Zn^{II}-cyclen (Ichimaru *et al.*, 2023). In this study, we attempted to synthesize the aforementioned complex by reacting Zn^{II}-cyclam with FU⁻ at a 1:2 stoichiometry. However, the resulting molecule was identified as the title complex, that is, Zn^{II}-cyclam and FU⁻ formed a complex with 1:1 stoichiometry. Further studies on the reaction conditions for complex formation, including changing the reaction stoichiometry, are expected in the future.

The title complex comprises an FU⁻ bound to a zinc(II) ion chelated by cyclam (Fig. 1). The FU⁻ molecule was formed by deprotonation of the N-H group at the most acidic 3-position of FU. Additionally, one perchlorate ion serves as a counteranion adjacent to the complex. In terms of the cyclam ring's conformation within the title complex, it adopts a *trans*-I (R, S, S)R, S) type, while the energetically most stable coordination is the trans-III (R, R, S, S) type (Bosnich et al., 1965; Oakley et al., 2024). In instances where the central metal is a zinc(II) ion, it is noted that two counter-anions can coordinate perpendicular to the plane established by the trans-III type cyclam (Ichimaru et al., 2022). However, in the title complex, contrary to our expectation, only one FU⁻ molecule coordinates with the zinc(II) ion, while the cyclam adopts a trans-I type. In cases where an anion coordinates with the central metal of Ntetramethylcyclam, the trans-I type is often adopted, primarily due to non-bonding interactions (Liang & Sadler, 2004). However, it is uncommon for N-non-substituted cyclam to adopt the trans-I type. The coordination system of zinc(II) ion is shown in Fig. 2. The bond angles formed by N5-Zn1 and the nitrogen atoms of cyclam (N1, N2, N3, and N4) are



Figure 1

The title complex with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. C-bound H atoms and a perchlorate ion are omitted for clarity.

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N6-H6\cdots O2^{i}$	0.88	1.94	2.803 (4)	167
$N1 - H1 \cdots O1$	1.00	2.19	2.966 (4)	133
N3−H3···O2	1.00	2.37	3.066 (4)	126
N3−H3···O5	1.00	2.24	3.055 (4)	138
$N4-H4\cdots O5^{ii}$	1.00	2.44	3.403 (5)	161
$N4-H4\cdots O6^{ii}$	1.00	2.44	3.229 (5)	136

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1; (ii) -x + 1, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{3}{2}$.

108.17 (13), 90.91 (13), 115.88 (13), and 100.68 (13)°, respectively. These bond angles were observed to be smaller for the longer bond lengths between Zn1 and the nitrogen atoms of cyclam (N1, N2, N3, and N4). In a typical Zn^{II}-cyclam complex, the corresponding bond angles and bond lengths are approximately 90° and 2.08 Å, respectively (Ichimaru et al., 2022). In the title compound, the bond Z1-N2 is 2.211 (3) Å when the bond angle N5-Zn1-N2 is 90.91 $(13)^{\circ}$, and the distance Zn1-N1 equals 2.082 (3) Å when the bond angle N5-Zn1-N1 amounts to 108.17 (13)°. The distances between two pairs of N atoms located diagonally across Zn1 are $N1 \cdots N3 = 3.840(5)$ and $N2 \cdots N4 = 4.349(5)$ Å. In a typical Zn^{II}-cyclam complex, the corresponding distance is approximately 4.17 Å (Ichimaru et al., 2022). As discussed earlier, the nitrogen atoms of the cyclam are not situated in the same plane. The coordination structure of the zinc(II) ion is a distorted square pyramid. The zinc(II) ion is located 0.5034 (18) Å vertically above the centroid of the mean plane formed by the nitrogen atoms of the cyclam.

 FU^- molecules engage in intermolecular hydrogen bonding with neighboring FU^- molecules (Fig. 3). In addition, there are intramolecular hydrogen bonds between the carbonyl groups and the NH moieties of the cyclam. The perchlorate ion forms hydrogen bonds to two different cyclam rings. Table 1 provides a summary of numerical data related to hydrogen bonding. The hydrogen bonding involves the



Figure 2

The coordination structure of Zn1 showing with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. Bond angles and bond lengths are shown in red and black, respectively.





The intermolecular hydrogen-bonding interactions of the title complex with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. C-bound H atoms are omitted for clarity. Hydrogen-bonding interactions are shown as dotted lines. [Symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z.]

N6—H6 group, which is not coordinated with the cyclam, and the oxygen atom (O2) of the carbonyl group adjacent to the



Figure 4

Packing view down *b*-axis of the title complex showing with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. Perchlorate ions and C-bound H atoms are omitted for clarity. Hydrogen-bonding interactions are shown as dotted lines.

N6-H6 group. Similar hydrogen-bond formations are observed in complexes of FU⁻ and zinc(II) ions other than the title complex (Icsel et al., 2022). Even in crystals where a complex has not formed, two FU molecules form a hydrogen bond similar to that in the title compound (Hulme & Tocher, 2004). However, the N-H group participating in this hydrogen bonding is different from that of the title compound, that is, a more acidic N-H is involved in the hydrogen bond. In the title complex, the highly acidic hydrogen atom is released, allowing another N-H to form a hydrogen bond. In polyamine complexes such as Zn^{II}-cyclen and Zn^{II}-cyclam, the N-H group involved in ring formation can contribute to the hydrogen bonding network with counter anions and/or ligands (Ichimaru et al., 2021; Donaghy et al., 2023). In our previously reported complex of FU⁻ bound to Zn^{II}-cyclen, the carbonyl oxygen of FU⁻ formed hydrogen bonds with the N-H of cyclen and a perchlorate ion (Ichimaru et al., 2023). The torsion angles between the two carbonyl groups of FU⁻ and the two pairs of nitrogen atoms (N1 and N3, N2, and N4) located diagonally across the zinc(II) ion are $O1-O2-N3-N1 = -25.84 (8)^{\circ}$ and O2-O1-N2-N4 = $-76.57 (11)^{\circ}$. This indicates that the two carbonyl groups are not aligned parallel to either of the two pairs of nitrogen atoms situated at opposite angles. A packing diagram is provided in Fig. 4. Besides the aforementioned hydrogen bonding, no other intermolecular interactions were observed.

Synthesis and crystallization

 $[Zn^{II}$ -cyclam](ClO₄)₂ was synthesized using a previously reported method (Tyson *et al.*, 1990). 5-Fluorouracil (60.0 mg, 0.46 mmol) in 4.54 ml of H₂O, 0.46 ml of 1 mol L⁻¹ NaOH aq was added to clarify the suspension. After stirring at room temperature for 30 min, a solution of aqueous $[Zn^{II}$ cyclam](ClO₄)₂ (107.1 mg, 0.23 mmol, 2.0 ml) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture; it was then stirred at 323 K for 4 h. Subsequently, the reaction mixture was filtered through a cellulose acetate filter (0.22-µm pore size) and then allowed to stand overnight at room temperature. Colorless crystals suitable for X-ray crystallographic analysis were obtained.

Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

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Table 2

Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$[Zn(C_4H_2FN_2O_2)(C_{10}H_{24}N_4)]ClO_4$
M _r	494.23
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Temperature (K)	100
a, b, c (Å)	9.8065 (2), 12.5029 (3), 16.1592 (3)
β (°)	95.599 (2)
$V(Å^3)$	1971.82 (7)
Z	4
Radiation type	Cu Ka
$\mu \ (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	3.48
Crystal size (mm)	$0.91 \times 0.64 \times 0.55$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Rigaku XtaLAB Synergy-1
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2022)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.465, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and	17193, 3587, 3489
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R _{int}	0.092
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\max} (\text{\AA}^{-1})$	0.602
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] w R(F^2) S$	0.064 0.179 1.11
No. of reflections	3587
No. of parameters	262
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	1.60, -1.36

Computer programs: CrysAlis PRO (Rigaku OD, 2022), SHELXT2018/2 (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2019/3 (Sheldrick, 2015b) and OLEX2 (Dolomanov et al., 2009).

Sheldrick, G. M. (2015b). Acta Cryst. C71, 3-8.

Tyson, T. A., Hodgson, K. O., Hedman, B. & Clark, G. R. (1990). Acta Cryst. C46, 1638–1640.

full crystallographic data

IUCrData (2024). **9**, x240431 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2414314624004310]

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Crystal data

 $[Zn(C_4H_2FN_2O_2)(C_{10}H_{24}N_4)]ClO_4$ $M_r = 494.23$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 9.8065 (2) Å b = 12.5029 (3) Å c = 16.1592 (3) Å $\beta = 95.599$ (2)° V = 1971.82 (7) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Rigaku XtaLAB Synergy-i diffractometer Radiation source: microfocus sealed X-ray tube, PhotonJet-i Multi-layer mirror optics monochromator Detector resolution: 10.0 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2022)

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.064$ $wR(F^2) = 0.179$ S = 1.113587 reflections 262 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: dual F(000) = 1024 $D_x = 1.665 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Cu K\alpha radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 13648 reflections $\theta = 2.7-68.1^{\circ}$ $\mu = 3.48 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 KBlock, colourless $0.91 \times 0.64 \times 0.55 \text{ mm}$

 $T_{\min} = 0.465, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 17193 measured reflections 3587 independent reflections 3489 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.092$ $\theta_{\max} = 68.2^{\circ}, \theta_{\min} = 4.5^{\circ}$ $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $k = -14 \rightarrow 14$ $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1099P)^2 + 4.5604P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.002$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 1.60$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.36$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. All hydrogen atoms were located by a geometrical calculation, and were not refined.

	x	У	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Zn1	0.29929 (5)	0.24605 (3)	0.66114 (3)	0.0114 (2)	
Cl1	0.20118 (9)	0.70678 (7)	0.71977 (6)	0.0210 (3)	
F1	0.7396 (2)	0.1048 (2)	0.52427 (16)	0.0335 (6)	
O2	0.4045 (3)	0.4332 (2)	0.56678 (17)	0.0222 (6)	
01	0.5241 (3)	0.0863 (2)	0.62077 (19)	0.0260 (6)	
N5	0.4640 (3)	0.2604 (2)	0.5961 (2)	0.0137 (7)	
05	0.2791 (3)	0.6245 (2)	0.6828 (2)	0.0318 (7)	
N6	0.5912 (3)	0.3668 (3)	0.51134 (19)	0.0185 (7)	
H6	0.606066	0.429211	0.488664	0.022*	
O3	0.1333 (4)	0.6626 (3)	0.7866 (2)	0.0404 (8)	
N3	0.2281 (3)	0.3864 (2)	0.7091 (2)	0.0188 (7)	
H3	0.280721	0.445380	0.685020	0.023*	
N2	0.1593 (4)	0.2636 (3)	0.5461 (2)	0.0225 (8)	
H2	0.210131	0.305494	0.506244	0.027*	
N4	0.3982 (3)	0.2264 (3)	0.7856 (2)	0.0226 (7)	
H4	0.494546	0.202495	0.781057	0.027*	
06	0.2940 (3)	0.7882 (2)	0.7519(2)	0.0373 (8)	
O4	0.1026 (4)	0.7510(3)	0.6582 (3)	0.0483 (11)	
N1	0.2305 (3)	0.0887 (3)	0.6509 (2)	0.0257 (8)	
H1	0.308861	0.047100	0.631959	0.031*	
C11	0.5473 (4)	0.1728 (3)	0.5874 (2)	0.0185 (8)	
C14	0.4839 (4)	0.3561 (3)	0.5584 (2)	0.0160 (7)	
C12	0.6572 (4)	0.1887 (3)	0.5358 (3)	0.0226 (8)	
C13	0.6767 (4)	0.2824 (4)	0.4984 (2)	0.0206 (8)	
H13	0.748516	0.290368	0.463452	0.025*	
C6	0.2659 (4)	0.3903 (3)	0.8005 (3)	0.0266 (9)	
H6A	0.194817	0.353807	0.829715	0.032*	
H6B	0.271740	0.465610	0.819480	0.032*	
C7	0.4033 (4)	0.3354 (4)	0.8208 (3)	0.0294 (10)	
H7A	0.476186	0.377144	0.797392	0.035*	
H7B	0.425105	0.331652	0.881891	0.035*	
C3	0.0264 (4)	0.3177 (4)	0.5502 (3)	0.0283 (10)	
H3A	-0.035405	0.270211	0.578256	0.034*	
H3B	-0.016100	0.330925	0.492978	0.034*	
C5	0.0810 (4)	0.4135 (3)	0.6891 (3)	0.0261 (9)	
H5A	0.061496	0.482004	0.716349	0.031*	
H5B	0.024268	0.357396	0.712116	0.031*	
C2	0.1450 (4)	0.1550 (4)	0.5130 (3)	0.0311 (10)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

H2A	0.229626	0.133955	0.488375	0.037*	
H2B	0.067678	0.151948	0.468791	0.037*	
C8	0.3328 (5)	0.1478 (4)	0.8374 (3)	0.0315 (10)	
H8A	0.243074	0.176396	0.850267	0.038*	
H8B	0.390688	0.138891	0.890634	0.038*	
C1	0.1190 (4)	0.0788 (4)	0.5827 (3)	0.0310 (10)	
H1A	0.030078	0.095803	0.603804	0.037*	
H1B	0.114871	0.004402	0.561604	0.037*	
C4	0.0412 (4)	0.4232 (4)	0.5966 (3)	0.0313 (10)	
H4A	0.111204	0.466879	0.572068	0.038*	
H4B	-0.046910	0.462195	0.587902	0.038*	
C10	0.1970 (5)	0.0352 (3)	0.7273 (3)	0.0311 (10)	
H10A	0.174303	-0.040501	0.714531	0.037*	
H10B	0.114558	0.069387	0.746486	0.037*	
C9	0.3108 (5)	0.0393 (4)	0.7964 (3)	0.0370 (11)	
H9A	0.396983	0.017282	0.774066	0.044*	
H9B	0.291247	-0.013409	0.839419	0.044*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.0045 (3)	0.0164 (3)	0.0130 (3)	-0.00001 (15)	-0.0012 (2)	0.00062 (16)
Cl1	0.0161 (5)	0.0239 (5)	0.0228 (5)	-0.0025 (3)	0.0017 (4)	-0.0047 (3)
F1	0.0190 (12)	0.0423 (15)	0.0409 (15)	0.0160 (11)	0.0114 (11)	0.0067 (12)
O2	0.0159 (13)	0.0226 (13)	0.0293 (15)	0.0014 (11)	0.0087 (11)	0.0055 (11)
O1	0.0149 (13)	0.0264 (14)	0.0370 (16)	0.0072 (11)	0.0043 (12)	0.0098 (12)
N5	0.0052 (14)	0.0212 (16)	0.0141 (16)	0.0008 (11)	-0.0025 (12)	0.0044 (11)
O5	0.0373 (17)	0.0244 (15)	0.0364 (17)	0.0027 (13)	0.0177 (14)	-0.0023 (13)
N6	0.0085 (14)	0.0293 (17)	0.0175 (16)	-0.0018 (12)	-0.0002 (12)	0.0070 (13)
O3	0.046 (2)	0.0431 (19)	0.0362 (18)	-0.0070 (16)	0.0235 (16)	-0.0082 (15)
N3	0.0142 (15)	0.0187 (15)	0.0235 (17)	-0.0018 (12)	0.0027 (12)	0.0001 (13)
N2	0.0134 (17)	0.039 (2)	0.0148 (17)	-0.0011 (14)	-0.0029 (13)	0.0009 (14)
N4	0.0096 (16)	0.0353 (18)	0.0227 (18)	0.0010 (14)	0.0001 (13)	0.0054 (15)
O6	0.0218 (16)	0.0215 (15)	0.067 (2)	-0.0057 (13)	-0.0039 (15)	-0.0077 (15)
O4	0.035 (2)	0.077 (3)	0.032 (2)	0.0136 (17)	-0.0048 (17)	-0.0084 (16)
N1	0.0142 (16)	0.0202 (16)	0.044 (2)	-0.0012 (13)	0.0062 (14)	-0.0012 (15)
C11	0.0074 (16)	0.030 (2)	0.0176 (18)	0.0036 (15)	-0.0030 (14)	0.0009 (15)
C14	0.0086 (16)	0.0249 (18)	0.0137 (17)	-0.0042 (14)	-0.0033 (13)	0.0017 (14)
C12	0.0103 (17)	0.032 (2)	0.025 (2)	0.0058 (16)	-0.0006 (15)	0.0011 (17)
C13	0.0057 (17)	0.038 (2)	0.0181 (19)	0.0009 (16)	-0.0005 (14)	0.0044 (17)
C6	0.024 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.029 (2)	-0.0044 (17)	0.0063 (17)	-0.0105 (17)
C7	0.019 (2)	0.048 (3)	0.020 (2)	-0.0122 (19)	-0.0057 (16)	-0.0106 (19)
C3	0.0088 (17)	0.050 (3)	0.025 (2)	0.0003 (18)	-0.0067 (15)	0.0113 (19)
C5	0.0123 (18)	0.0234 (19)	0.044 (2)	0.0036 (15)	0.0084 (17)	-0.0005 (18)
C2	0.0163 (19)	0.055 (3)	0.021 (2)	-0.0066 (19)	-0.0030 (16)	-0.012 (2)
C8	0.029 (2)	0.052 (3)	0.0137 (19)	0.005 (2)	-0.0008 (16)	0.0146 (19)
C1	0.020 (2)	0.030(2)	0.044 (3)	-0.0044 (17)	0.0064 (18)	-0.0156 (19)
C4	0.0132 (19)	0.032 (2)	0.048 (3)	0.0081 (17)	0.0009 (18)	0.013 (2)

data reports

C10	0.025 (2)	0.0191 (19)	0.051 (3)	-0.0006 (16)	0.012 (2)	0.0098 (18)
C9	0.034 (2)	0.032 (2)	0.049 (3)	0.0103 (19)	0.018 (2)	0.020 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn1—N5	2.019 (3)	C11—C12	1.438 (5)	
Zn1—N3	2.067 (3)	C12—C13	1.340 (6)	
Zn1—N2	2.211 (3)	C13—H13	0.9500	
Zn1—N4	2.159 (4)	С6—Н6А	0.9900	
Zn1—N1	2.082 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9900	
Cl105	1.445 (3)	C6—C7	1.520 (6)	
Cl1—O3	1.433 (3)	С7—Н7А	0.9900	
Cl1-06	1.429 (3)	С7—Н7В	0.9900	
Cl104	1.429 (4)	С3—НЗА	0.9900	
F1-C12	1.348 (5)	С3—Н3В	0.9900	
O2—C14	1.255 (5)	C3—C4	1.517 (7)	
01—C11	1.240 (5)	С5—Н5А	0.9900	
N5-C11	1.381 (5)	С5—Н5В	0.9900	
N5-C14	1.365 (5)	C5—C4	1.513 (7)	
N6—H6	0.8800	C2—H2A	0.9900	
N6-C14	1.363 (5)	C2—H2B	0.9900	
N6-C13	1.377 (5)	C2—C1	1.517 (7)	
N3—H3	1.0000	C8—H8A	0.9900	
N3—C6	1.489 (5)	C8—H8B	0.9900	
N3—C5	1.486 (5)	C8—C9	1.516 (7)	
N2—H2	1.0000	C1—H1A	0.9900	
N2—C3	1.476 (5)	C1—H1B	0.9900	
N2—C2	1.462 (6)	C4—H4A	0.9900	
N4—H4	1.0000	C4—H4B	0.9900	
N4—C7	1.476 (6)	C10—H10A	0.9900	
N4—C8	1.478 (6)	C10—H10B	0.9900	
N1—H1	1.0000	C10—C9	1.501 (7)	
N1-C1	1.479 (6)	С9—Н9А	0.9900	
N1—C10	1.469 (6)	С9—Н9В	0.9900	
N5—Zn1—N3	115.88 (13)	N3—C6—H6B	109.8	
N5—Zn1—N2	90.91 (13)	N3—C6—C7	109.2 (3)	
N5—Zn1—N4	100.68 (13)	H6A—C6—H6B	108.3	
N5—Zn1—N1	108.17 (13)	С7—С6—Н6А	109.8	
N3—Zn1—N2	91.50 (13)	С7—С6—Н6В	109.8	
N3—Zn1—N4	83.40 (14)	N4—C7—C6	109.8 (3)	
N3—Zn1—N1	135.54 (13)	N4—C7—H7A	109.7	
N4—Zn1—N2	168.41 (14)	N4—C7—H7B	109.7	
N1—Zn1—N2	81.80 (14)	С6—С7—Н7А	109.7	
N1—Zn1—N4	94.55 (15)	С6—С7—Н7В	109.7	
O3—Cl1—O5	109.9 (2)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.2	
06—Cl1—O5	108.3 (2)	N2—C3—H3A	109.2	
O6-Cl1-O3	109.1 (2)	N2—C3—H3B	109.2	

0(011 04	100.0 (2)	NO CO C4	112 2 (2)
06-01-04	109.9 (2)	$N_2 - C_3 - C_4$	112.2 (3)
04-01-05	109.6 (2)	H3A—C3—H3B	107.9
04—C11—O3	110.0 (2)	С4—С3—НЗА	109.2
C11—N5—Zn1	119.6 (2)	С4—С3—Н3В	109.2
C14—N5—Zn1	117.8 (2)	N3—C5—H5A	109.1
C14—N5—C11	122.5 (3)	N3—C5—H5B	109.1
C14—N6—H6	119.2	N3—C5—C4	112.6 (3)
C14—N6—C13	121.6 (3)	H5A—C5—H5B	107.8
C13—N6—H6	119.2	C4—C5—H5A	109.1
Zn1—N3—H3	105.9	C4—C5—H5B	109.1
C6—N3—Zn1	109.8 (2)	N2—C2—H2A	109.8
C6—N3—H3	105.9	N2—C2—H2B	109.8
C_{5} N3 Z_{n1}	117.9(2)	$N_2 - C_2 - C_1$	109.2(3)
$C_5 = N_3 = H_3$	105.0	$H_2 = C_2 = C_1$ $H_2 \wedge C_2 = H_2 B$	109.2 (3)
$C_5 N_2 C_6$	110.5 (2)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100.5
C_{3} N_{3} C_{0}	110.5 (5)	C1 = C2 = H2R	109.8
Zh1 - N2 - H2	100.0	CI = C2 = H2B	109.8
C3—N2—Zn1	119.1 (3)	N4—C8—H8A	108.9
C3—N2—H2	106.6	N4—C8—H8B	108.9
C2—N2—Zn1	104.2 (3)	N4—C8—C9	113.5 (4)
C2—N2—H2	106.6	H8A—C8—H8B	107.7
C2—N2—C3	112.9 (3)	С9—С8—Н8А	108.9
Zn1—N4—H4	107.9	С9—С8—Н8В	108.9
C7—N4—Zn1	104.5 (3)	N1—C1—C2	109.6 (3)
C7—N4—H4	107.9	N1—C1—H1A	109.7
C7—N4—C8	113.3 (3)	N1—C1—H1B	109.7
C8—N4—Zn1	115.0 (3)	C2—C1—H1A	109.7
C8—N4—H4	107.9	C2—C1—H1B	109.7
Zn1—N1—H1	105.2	H1A—C1—H1B	108.2
C1 - N1 - Zn1	1104(3)	C3—C4—H4A	108 5
C1—N1—H1	105.2	$C_3 - C_4 - H_4B$	108.5
C10 N1 $7n1$	103.2 117 4 (3)	C_{5} C_{4} C_{3}	115.0(4)
C10 N1 H1	105.2	$C_5 C_4 H_{4A}$	108.5
C_{10} N1 C_{1}	103.2	$C_{5} = C_{4} = H_{4} R_{4}$	108.5
C10 $C11$ $N5$	112.2(3)		108.5
01 - 011 - 012	120.7(3)	H4A - C4 - H4B	107.5
	123.6 (4)	NI-CIO-HIOA	108.9
N5—C11—C12	115.7 (4)	NI-CI0-HI0B	108.9
O2—C14—N5	120.5 (3)	N1—C10—C9	113.5 (4)
O2—C14—N6	120.3 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	107.7
N6—C14—N5	119.1 (3)	C9—C10—H10A	108.9
F1—C12—C11	117.7 (4)	C9—C10—H10B	108.9
C13—C12—F1	120.2 (4)	С8—С9—Н9А	108.6
C13—C12—C11	122.0 (4)	С8—С9—Н9В	108.6
N6—C13—H13	120.5	C10—C9—C8	114.8 (4)
C12—C13—N6	119.0 (4)	С10—С9—Н9А	108.6
C12—C13—H13	120.5	С10—С9—Н9В	108.6
N3—C6—H6A	109.8	H9A—C9—H9B	107.6
Zn1—N5—C11—O1	-1.8 (5)	N2-C2-C1-N1	-55.9 (4)

Zn1—N5—C11—C12	176.4 (3)	N4-C8-C9-C10	-73.7 (5)
Zn1—N5—C14—O2	2.3 (5)	N1-C10-C9-C8	73.2 (5)
Zn1—N5—C14—N6	-177.4 (2)	C11—N5—C14—O2	178.8 (3)
Zn1—N3—C6—C7	33.7 (4)	C11—N5—C14—N6	-1.0 (5)
Zn1—N3—C5—C4	-59.2 (4)	C11—C12—C13—N6	1.7 (6)
Zn1—N2—C3—C4	48.6 (4)	C14—N5—C11—O1	-178.2 (3)
Zn1—N2—C2—C1	46.3 (4)	C14—N5—C11—C12	0.0 (5)
Zn1—N4—C7—C6	44.9 (4)	C14—N6—C13—C12	-2.8 (6)
Zn1—N4—C8—C9	52.6 (4)	C13—N6—C14—O2	-177.4 (3)
Zn1—N1—C1—C2	34.4 (4)	C13—N6—C14—N5	2.4 (5)
Zn1—N1—C10—C9	-53.3 (4)	C6—N3—C5—C4	173.4 (3)
F1-C12-C13-N6	-180.0 (3)	C7—N4—C8—C9	172.6 (4)
O1-C11-C12-F1	-0.6 (6)	C3—N2—C2—C1	-84.4 (4)
O1-C11-C12-C13	177.7 (4)	C5—N3—C6—C7	165.5 (3)
N5-C11-C12-F1	-178.7 (3)	C2—N2—C3—C4	171.2 (4)
N5-C11-C12-C13	-0.4 (6)	C8—N4—C7—C6	-80.9 (4)
N3C6C7N4	-54.1 (4)	C1—N1—C10—C9	177.2 (4)
N3—C5—C4—C3	75.5 (4)	C10—N1—C1—C2	167.4 (3)
N2—C3—C4—C5	-69.3 (5)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H··· A	
N6—H6···O2 ⁱ	0.88	1.94	2.803 (4)	167	
N1—H1…O1	1.00	2.19	2.966 (4)	133	
N3—H3····O2	1.00	2.37	3.066 (4)	126	
N3—H3…O5	1.00	2.24	3.055 (4)	138	
N4—H4····O5 ⁱⁱ	1.00	2.44	3.403 (5)	161	
N4—H4···O6 ⁱⁱ	1.00	2.44	3.229 (5)	136	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1; (ii) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2.