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**Structural data:** full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

## 4-Amino-3,5-dichloropyridinium 3-hydroxypicolinate monohydrate

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In the title hydrated salt,  $C_5H_5Cl_2N_2^+ \cdot C_6H_4NO_3^- \cdot H_2O$ , the pyridine N atom of the cation is protonated and an intramolecular  $O-H \cdot \cdot \cdot O$  hydrogen bond is observed in the anion, which generates an S(6) ring. The crystal packing features  $N-H \cdot \cdot \cdot N$ ,  $O-H \cdot \cdot \cdot O$ ,  $N-H \cdot \cdot \cdot O$ ,  $C-H \cdot \cdot \cdot Cl$  and  $C-H \cdot \cdot \cdot O$  hydrogen bonds, which generate a three-dimensional network.



#### Structure description

4-Aminopyridine and its derivatives are used clinically to treat Lambert–Eaton myasthenic syndrome and multiple sclerosis because they block potassium channels, which prolongs action potentials and increases transmitter release at the neuromuscular junction (Judge & Bever, 2006). Picolinic acid, which contains N and O donors, has attracted much attention for the design and synthesis of self-assembling systems (*e.g.*, Steiner, 2002). In this regard, 3-hydroxypicolinic acid is of interest because it can be used as a neutral ligand or, depending on the pH value, as an anionic or cationic ligand. In addition, due to the arrangement of its functional groups, it can act as a monodentate or bidentate ligand, which allows it to form five- or six-membered chelate rings. As part of our work in this area, we now report the synthesis and structure of the title hydrated molecular salt.

The asymmetric unit (Fig. 1) of the title salt contains a 4-amino-3,5-dichloropyridinium cation, a 3-hydroxy picolinate anion and a water molecule. The pyridinium cation is essentially planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.010 (2) Å for atom C2. A wider than normal angle  $[C5-N1-C1 = 120.41 (12)^{\circ}]$  is subtended at the protonated N1 atom. In the anion, a typical intramolecular O-H···O hydrogen bond, which generates an *S*(6) ring, is seen. In the extended structure, the cations, anions and water molecules are



Lable 1			
Hydrogen-bond	geometry	(Å,	°).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
O3−H3···O2	0.82	1.79	2.5155 (17)	147
$N1 - H1 \cdot \cdot \cdot N3^{i}$	0.86	1.90	2.7546 (17)	171
$N2-H2A\cdots O1W^{ii}$	0.86	2.13	2.9414 (17)	157
$N2-H2B\cdotsO1W^{iii}$	0.86	2.05	2.8269 (17)	149
$O1W-H1W\cdots O2$	0.85	1.90	2.7442 (17)	170
$O1W - H2W \cdots O1^{iv}$	0.85	1.98	2.8181 (18)	170
$C5-H5\cdots O1^{i}$	0.93	2.31	2.9864 (18)	129
$C5-H5\cdots Cl2^{v}$	0.93	2.97	3.7363 (16)	141
$C7-H7\cdots O3^{vi}$	0.93	2.52	3.399 (2)	157

Symmetry codes: (i) x + 1, y, z; (ii)  $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (v)  $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (vi) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1.

connected by N-H···N, O-H···O, C-H···Cl, N-H···O and C-H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1), forming a three-dimensional network (Figs. 2 and 3).

A search of the Cambridge Structural Database (Version 5.43, update November 2022; Groom *et al.*, 2016) for the 3,5-dichloro-4-amino pyridine fragment with additional substituents yielded hexaaquamagnesium(II) bis(4-amino-3,5,6-trichloro-picolinate) tetrahydrate (CSD refcode BAWGOV; Smith *et al.*, 1981), [(4-amino-3,5-dichloro-6-fluoropyridin-2-



#### Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound showing 50% displacement ellipsoids. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown with dashed lines.



#### Figure 2

One-dimensional supramolecular hydrogen-bonded chain mediated by water molecules in the title compound.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$C_5H_5Cl_2N_2^+ \cdot C_6H_4NO_3^- \cdot H_2O$
Mr	320.13
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Temperature (K)	296
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.4267 (19), 14.084 (3), 10.900 (2)
$\beta$ (°)	91.953 (8)
$V(Å^3)$	1292.9 (5)
Z	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	0.52
Crystal size (mm)	$0.46 \times 0.32 \times 0.13$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Agilent Xcalibur, Atlas, Gemini
Absorption correction	Multi-scan
$T_{\min}, \hat{T}_{\max}$	0.819, 0.937
No. of measured, independent and	45801, 3296, 2853
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R <sub>int</sub>	0.038
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\max} ( \mathring{A}^{-1} )$	0.675
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.033, 0.091, 1.03
No. of reflections	3296
No. of parameters	185
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} \Delta \rho_{\text{min}} (e \text{ Å}^{-3})$	0.24, -0.35

Computer programs: CrysAlis PRO (Agilent, 2012), SHELXT2018/2 (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2018/3 (Sheldrick, 2015b) and PLATON (Spek, 2020).

yl)oxy]acetic acid (EZONOY; Park *et al.*, 2016), sodium picloramate hexahydrate (CURLIM; Smith *et al.*, 2015), guanidinium 4-amino-3,5,6-trichloropicolinate (GUPICL10; Parthasarathi *et al.*, 1982), and 6-chloro-3-(trifluoromethoxy) pyridine-2-carboxylic acid (MAFTEU; Manteau *et al.*, 2010).

#### Synthesis and crystallization

A hot methanol solution of 3-hydroxy picolinic acid (40 mg) was mixed with a hot aqueous solution of 4-amino 3,5-dichloro pyridine (34 mg). The mixture was cooled slowly and kept at



Crystal packing viewed down [100] in the title compound.

room temperature. After a few days, colourless block shaped crystals were obtained.

#### Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

#### **Funding information**

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# full crystallographic data

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## 4-Amino-3,5-dichloropyridinium 3-hydroxypicolinate monohydrate

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4-Amino-3,5-dichloropyridinium 3-hydroxypyridine-2-carboxylate monohydrate

Crystal data	
$C_{5}H_{5}Cl_{2}N_{2}^{+} \cdot C_{6}H_{4}NO_{3}^{-} \cdot H_{2}O$ $M_{r} = 320.13$ Monoclinic, $P2_{1}/c$ a = 8.4267 (19) Å b = 14.084 (3) Å c = 10.900 (2) Å $\beta = 91.953$ (8)° V = 1292.9 (5) Å <sup>3</sup> Z = 4	F(000) = 656 $D_x = 1.645 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 \u00e0 A Cell parameters from 3676 reflections $\theta = 2.5-28.8^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296  K Plate, colourless $0.46 \times 0.32 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Agilent Xcalibur, Atlas, Gemini diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube $\omega$ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan $T_{\min} = 0.819, T_{\max} = 0.937$ 45801 measured reflections	3296 independent reflections 2853 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.038$ $\theta_{max} = 28.7^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.4^{\circ}$ $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $k = -18 \rightarrow 18$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$
Refinement	
Refinement on $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.033$ $wR(F^2) = 0.091$ S = 1.03 3296 reflections 185 parameters 0 restraints	Hydrogen site location: mixed H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0465P)^2 + 0.3959P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.24$ e Å <sup>-3</sup> $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.35$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. The water H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and allowed to refine freely. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93 and N—H = 0.86 Å) and were refined using a riding model, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$ .

	x	v	Z	$U_{ieo}^*/U_{eo}$
Cll	0 85851 (4)	0 68420 (3)	0 15096 (4)	0.04683 (12)
Cl2	0.89478 (5)	0.30311(2)	0.10521 (4)	0.04737 (12)
01	0.42463 (12)	0.67099 (7)	0.27823 (11)	0.0439 (3)
02	0.61861 (13)	0.71788 (7)	0.40818 (11)	0.0459 (3)
03	0.82471 (14)	0.60173 (8)	0.48694 (13)	0.0535 (3)
H3	0.780642	0.653220	0.477230	0.080*
N3	0.50360 (13)	0.48436 (8)	0.31752 (10)	0.0321 (2)
N1	1.19792 (14)	0.49866 (8)	0.22147 (11)	0.0371 (3)
H1	1.294531	0.500301	0.249479	0.045*
N2	0.73770 (13)	0.49223 (8)	0.08094 (11)	0.0355 (3)
H2A	0.685153	0.544264	0.072057	0.043*
H2B	0.694906	0.439155	0.059109	0.043*
C10	0.59379 (14)	0.55395 (9)	0.36845 (11)	0.0288 (3)
C11	0.53872 (15)	0.65512 (9)	0.34965 (13)	0.0326 (3)
C3	0.88438 (14)	0.49383 (9)	0.12820 (11)	0.0291 (3)
C4	0.96128 (15)	0.57881 (9)	0.16585 (12)	0.0321 (3)
C6	0.73510 (16)	0.53325 (10)	0.43364 (13)	0.0353 (3)
C2	0.97853 (16)	0.41096 (9)	0.14404 (12)	0.0325 (3)
C5	1.11412 (16)	0.57934 (10)	0.21103 (13)	0.0362 (3)
Н5	1.160941	0.636508	0.234961	0.043*
C1	1.13192 (17)	0.41529 (10)	0.18845 (13)	0.0373 (3)
H1A	1.191375	0.359836	0.195919	0.045*
С9	0.55198 (17)	0.39478 (10)	0.32671 (14)	0.0388 (3)
Н9	0.488901	0.347163	0.291583	0.047*
C8	0.69351 (18)	0.37002 (10)	0.38699 (15)	0.0428 (3)
H8	0.725723	0.306886	0.390273	0.051*
C7	0.78549 (17)	0.43927 (11)	0.44166 (15)	0.0431 (3)
Н7	0.880028	0.423758	0.483433	0.052*
O1W	0.48614 (13)	0.86692 (8)	0.53048 (11)	0.0441 (3)
H1W	0.518086	0.816660	0.495934	0.066*
H2W	0.462944	0.849278	0.602250	0.066*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0388 (2)	0.03527 (19)	0.0658 (3)	0.00513 (13)	-0.00686 (17)	-0.01076 (16)
Cl2	0.0497 (2)	0.03070 (18)	0.0608 (3)	-0.00776 (14)	-0.01108 (18)	0.00405 (15)
01	0.0385 (5)	0.0339 (5)	0.0585 (7)	0.0032 (4)	-0.0120 (5)	0.0042 (5)
O2	0.0429 (6)	0.0320 (5)	0.0621 (7)	-0.0008(4)	-0.0073 (5)	-0.0116 (5)
O3	0.0416 (6)	0.0449 (6)	0.0723 (8)	-0.0023 (5)	-0.0249 (6)	-0.0072 (6)
N3	0.0294 (5)	0.0297 (5)	0.0371 (6)	0.0000 (4)	-0.0023 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
N1	0.0295 (5)	0.0419 (6)	0.0393 (6)	-0.0021 (5)	-0.0075 (5)	0.0026 (5)
N2	0.0278 (5)	0.0345 (6)	0.0438 (6)	-0.0027 (4)	-0.0051 (5)	-0.0019 (5)
C10	0.0268 (6)	0.0282 (6)	0.0313 (6)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0004 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C11	0.0294 (6)	0.0290 (6)	0.0397 (7)	0.0010 (5)	0.0023 (5)	-0.0010 (5)

C3	0.0273 (6)	0.0342 (6)	0.0258 (6)	-0.0031 (5)	0.0007 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C4	0.0299 (6)	0.0327 (6)	0.0335 (6)	-0.0009 (5)	-0.0010 (5)	-0.0027 (5)
C6	0.0290 (6)	0.0371 (7)	0.0396 (7)	-0.0004 (5)	-0.0039 (5)	0.0003 (6)
C2	0.0340 (6)	0.0304 (6)	0.0329 (6)	-0.0047 (5)	-0.0028 (5)	0.0039 (5)
C5	0.0323 (6)	0.0387 (7)	0.0374 (7)	-0.0054 (5)	-0.0035 (5)	-0.0036 (6)
C1	0.0357 (7)	0.0363 (7)	0.0396 (7)	0.0008 (5)	-0.0048 (6)	0.0065 (6)
C9	0.0387 (7)	0.0292 (6)	0.0483 (8)	-0.0009 (5)	-0.0021 (6)	-0.0018 (6)
C8	0.0413 (8)	0.0320 (7)	0.0549 (9)	0.0084 (6)	0.0016 (7)	0.0068 (6)
C7	0.0327 (7)	0.0436 (8)	0.0526 (9)	0.0074 (6)	-0.0066 (6)	0.0075 (7)
O1W	0.0418 (6)	0.0358 (5)	0.0542 (7)	0.0069 (4)	-0.0077 (5)	-0.0016 (5)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C4	1.7233 (14)	C10—C11	1.5103 (18)
Cl2—C2	1.7217 (14)	C3—C4	1.4151 (17)
01—C11	1.2366 (17)	C3—C2	1.4184 (18)
O2—C11	1.2697 (17)	C4—C5	1.3631 (18)
O3—C6	1.3446 (17)	C6—C7	1.392 (2)
O3—H3	0.8200	C2—C1	1.3661 (19)
N3—C9	1.3287 (18)	С5—Н5	0.9300
N3—C10	1.3481 (16)	C1—H1A	0.9300
N1—C5	1.3406 (18)	С9—С8	1.386 (2)
N1—C1	1.3430 (18)	С9—Н9	0.9300
N1—H1	0.8600	C8—C7	1.370 (2)
N2—C3	1.3229 (16)	C8—H8	0.9300
N2—H2A	0.8600	С7—Н7	0.9300
N2—H2B	0.8600	O1W—H1W	0.8499
С10—С6	1.3965 (18)	O1W—H2W	0.8500
С6—О3—Н3	109.5	O3—C6—C10	121.79 (13)
C9—N3—C10	119.47 (12)	C7—C6—C10	118.91 (13)
C5—N1—C1	120.41 (12)	C1—C2—C3	121.66 (12)
C5—N1—H1	119.8	C1—C2—Cl2	120.10 (11)
C1—N1—H1	119.8	C3—C2—Cl2	118.24 (10)
C3—N2—H2A	120.0	N1—C5—C4	120.96 (13)
C3—N2—H2B	120.0	N1—C5—H5	119.5
H2A—N2—H2B	120.0	C4—C5—H5	119.5
N3-C10-C6	121.12 (12)	N1—C1—C2	120.81 (13)
N3-C10-C11	117.62 (11)	N1—C1—H1A	119.6
C6-C10-C11	121.24 (11)	C2—C1—H1A	119.6
O1—C11—O2	125.31 (13)	N3—C9—C8	122.09 (13)
O1—C11—C10	118.99 (12)	N3—C9—H9	119.0
O2—C11—C10	115.68 (12)	С8—С9—Н9	119.0
N2—C3—C4	122.67 (12)	C7—C8—C9	119.48 (13)
N2—C3—C2	123.00 (12)	С7—С8—Н8	120.3
C4—C3—C2	114.33 (11)	С9—С8—Н8	120.3
C5—C4—C3	121.81 (12)	C8—C7—C6	118.88 (13)
C5—C4—Cl1	119.66 (11)	С8—С7—Н7	120.6

# data reports

C3—C4—Cl1 O3—C6—C7	118.52 (10) 119.29 (12)	C6—C7—H7 H1W—O1W—H2W	120.6 104.5
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-1.8 (2) 176.65 (12) -7.84 (19) 170.60 (13) 173.80 (12) -7.76 (19) -178.05 (13) 1.20 (19) 0.74 (18) 179.99 (10) -178.70 (13) 2.9 (2) 2.4 (2) -175.97 (13) 177.27 (13)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} -1.97 (19) \\ -2.54 (18) \\ 178.22 (10) \\ -0.6 (2) \\ 0.0 (2) \\ -178.74 (11) \\ -0.2 (2) \\ 1.5 (2) \\ -178.65 (11) \\ -0.2 (2) \\ 1.6 (2) \\ -0.9 (2) \\ -179.94 (15) \\ -1.0 (2) \end{array}$
112 05 02 01	1//12/(15)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D····A	D—H···A
03—H3…O2	0.82	1.79	2.5155 (17)	147
N1—H1····N3 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	1.90	2.7546 (17)	171
N2—H2 $A$ ···O1 $W$ <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.13	2.9414 (17)	157
N2—H2 $B$ ···O1 $W$ <sup>iii</sup>	0.86	2.05	2.8269 (17)	149
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>W</i> ···O2	0.85	1.90	2.7442 (17)	170
$O1W - H2W - O1^{iv}$	0.85	1.98	2.8181 (18)	170
C5—H5···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.31	2.9864 (18)	129
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