

Received 29 June 2023 Accepted 15 July 2023

Edited by B. Therrien, University of Neuchâtel, Switzerland

**Keywords:** crystal structure; tryptamines; indoles; hydrogen bonds.

CCDC references: 2281772; 2281771; 2281770

**Supporting information**: this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e





*N*-Cyclohexyltryptamine: freebase, bromide and fumarate

Marilyn Naeem,<sup>a</sup> Alexander N. Le,<sup>a</sup> Barbara E. Bauer,<sup>b</sup> Andrew R. Chadeayne,<sup>b</sup> James A. Golen<sup>a</sup> and David R. Manke<sup>a</sup>\*

<sup>a</sup>University of Massachusetts Dartmouth, 285 Old Westport Road, North Dartmouth, MA 02747, USA, and <sup>b</sup>CaaMTech, Inc., 58 East Sunset Way, Suite 209, Issaquah, WA 98027, USA. \*Correspondence e-mail: dmanke@umassd.edu

The solid-state structures of *N*-cyclohexyltryptamine (**I**) {systematic name: *N*-[2-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl]cyclohexanamine},  $C_{16}H_{22}N_2$ , and two of its salts, *N*-cyclohexyltryptammonium bromide (**II**) {systematic name: *N*-[2-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl]cyclohexanaminium bromide},  $C_{16}H_{23}N_2^+ \cdot Br^-$ , and *N*-cyclohexyl-tryptammonium fumarate (**III**) (systematic name: bis{*N*-[2-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)eth-yl]cyclohexanaminium} (2*E*)-but-2-enedioate),  $2C_{16}H_{23}N_2^+ \cdot C_4H_2O_4^{-2-}$ , were determined by single-crystal X-ray diffraction. The freebase compound forms infinite chains along [010] through N $-H \cdot \cdot \cdot$ N hydrogen bonds. The bromide salt is held together by N $-H \cdot \cdot \cdot$ Br interactions in two-dimensional sheets along (001). The fumarate salt is held together in infinite three-dimensional frameworks by N $-H \cdot \cdot \cdot$ O hydrogen bonds.

#### 1. Chemical context

Tryptamine, an indole with a 2-aminoethyl sidechain, is a metabolite of the essential amino acid tryptophan. Tryptamine and its derivatives are an important class of biologically active compounds that are found in almost all organisms on Earth. In humans these compounds play significant roles ranging from the function of the gastrointestinal tract to neurotransmission and control subjective phenomena like happiness. The most abundant of these compounds, occurring naturally in the body, are primary tryptamines like tryptamine itself and serotonin (5-hydroxytryptamine; 5-HT) (Palego *et al.*, 2016).



There are many well-known tertiary (dialkyl) tryptamines, including the natural products *N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (DMT), 5-methoxy-*N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DMT)

Table 1	
Selected metrical parameters (Å, $^{\circ}$ ) for (I)–(III).	

Compound	indole r.m.s. deviation from planarity	C7-C8-C9-C10	C10-N2-C11
(I)	0.007	45.5 (4)	116.6 (3)
(II)	0.010	84.2 (5)	114.5 (3)
(III)	0.008	-74.77 (19)	117.72 (11)

and 4-hydroxy-*N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (psilocin) which are known agonists of the serotonin 2A (5-HT<sub>2A</sub>) receptor and elicit a psychedelic response in humans. These and similar compounds have attracted a great deal of interest due to their potential for treating conditions including depression (Mertens *et al.*, 2020), end-of-life distress (Ross *et al.*, 2021), post-traumatic stress disorder (Varker *et al.*, 2021), pain (Ramaekers *et al.*, 2021), and eating disorders (Spriggs *et al.*, 2021). There are also many synthetic tertiary tryptamines used as pharmaceuticals including the triptans, which have long been used for the treatment of migraine headaches by activating the serotonin 1D (5-HT<sub>1D</sub>) receptor (Goadsby & Holland, 2018). The biological impact of primary and tertiary tryptamines has been recognized for a long time and continues to be studied in great detail today.

Much less studied are the secondary tryptamines, *i.e.* the monoalkyltryptamines; many of these compounds have been observed as natural products in plants. One study suggests that monoalkyltryptamines are generally less toxic than their dialkyltryptamine counterparts (Brimblecombe *et al.*, 1964). For example, the LD<sub>50</sub> values for *N*-methyltryptamine (NMT) and *N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (DMT) in mice were 78 and 43 mg kg<sup>-1</sup>, respectively. Recent studies have suggested that



Figure 1

The molecular structures of freebase N-cyclohexyltryptamine (top left), its bromide salt (top right), and its fumarate salt (bottom), showing atomic labeling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

the psychedelic effects of compounds may not be necessary for the expression of therapeutic effects (Olson, 2021). Monoalkyl tryptamines like norpsilocin (4-hydroxy-*N*-methyltryptamine) are agonists of 5-HT<sub>2A</sub> but do not produce head-twitch response (HTR) in mice, which is characteristic of classic psychedelics such as psilocybin and LSD (Sherwood *et al.*, 2020; Glatfelter *et al.*, 2022*a*). Human studies have found that the compound 5-*tert*-butyl-*N*-methyltryptamine is a full agonist of 5-HT<sub>1D</sub> with a higher binding affinity (K<sub>i</sub> = 0.45 n*M*) and selectivity five times more potent (EC<sub>50</sub> = 0.22 n*M*) than the migraine drug naratriptan (EC<sub>50</sub> = 1.6 nM) (Xu *et al.*, 1999; Slassi *et al.*, 2000). These and other data points suggest that monoalkyltryptamines possess characteristics that are conducive to the development of medicines.

Continuing our exploration of monoalkyltryptamines, we present here the first crystal structure of a mono-cycloalkyltryptamine, *N*-cyclohexyltryptamine. The compound was synthesized in 1971 *via* the condensation of tryptamine with cyclohexanone followed by reduction with Raney Nickel (Gerecs *et al.*, 1971). Herein, we report three structures of *N*cyclohexyltryptamine compounds, including freebase, bromide and fumarate salts, the later of which represents the first fumarate salt of a mono-cycloalkyltryptamine.

#### 2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of the freebase of N-cyclohexyltryptamine (I) is shown in Fig. 1 (top left), as well as that of its bromide salt [(II), top right], and its fumarate salt [(III), bottom]. The asymmetric unit of (I) contains one full tryptamine  $(C_{16}H_{22}N_2)$  molecule. The asymmetric unit of the bromide salt (II) contains one N-cyclohexyltryptammonium  $(C_{16}H_{23}N_2^+)$  cation and one bromide anion held together with an N2-H2A···Br1 hydrogen bond. The asymmetric unit of the fumarate salt (III) contains one full N-cyclohexyltryptammonium  $(C_{16}H_{23}N_2^+)$  cation and one half of a fumarate  $(C_4H_2O_4^{2-})$  dianion, with the second half generated by inversion. The two ions are connected in the asymmetric unit through a N2-H2···O2 hydrogen bond. The fumarate dianion is near planar, with an r.m.s. deviation from planarity of 0.011 Å. In all three structures, the cyclohexyl group is in a chair configuration. Table 1 lists selected parameters for the three structures.

#### 3. Supramolecular features

In the freebase, the tryptamine molecules are held together in infinite chains along [010] by  $N1-H1\cdots N2$  hydrogen bonds (Table 2). In the bromide, the tryptammonium cations and

### research communications

Table 2	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$ ) for (I).	

$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots D$
$N1 - H1 \cdots N2^i$	0.86 (1)	2.22 (2)	3.069 (4)	167 (3)
	1			

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1,  $y - \frac{1}{2}$ , -z + 1.

Table 3Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for (II).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\begin{array}{c} N2 - H2A \cdots Br1 \\ N1 - H1 \cdots Br1^{i} \\ N2 - H2B \cdots Br1^{ii} \end{array}$	0.90 (1)	2.41 (1)	3.307 (4)	172 (4)
	0.87 (1)	2.68 (3)	3.468 (4)	151 (4)
	0.90 (1)	2.47 (2)	3.340 (3)	163 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) x - 1, y, z; (ii)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

bromide anions are held together in two-dimensional sheets along (001) through a series of  $N-H\cdots$ Br hydrogen bonds (Table 3). In the fumarate salt, the tryptammonium cations and fumarate dianions are held together in an infinite threedimensional framework through a series of  $N-H\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds. The indole N-H and both ammonium N-Hbonds hydrogen bond to oxygen atoms of the fumarate dianions (Table 4). The packing of *N*-cyclohexyltryptamine is shown in Fig. 2 for the freebase (left), the bromide (center) and the fumarate (right).

#### 4. Database survey

There are only seven crystal structures of monoalkyltryptamine previously reported. This includes the zwitterionic

Table 4	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$ ) for (III).	

N2-H2A···O20.91 (1)1.81 (1)2.7107 (15)175 (2)N1-H1···O4 <sup>i</sup> 0.88 (1)1.94 (1)2.7899 (16)163 (2)N2-H2B···O4 <sup>ii</sup> 0.91 (1)1.87 (1)2.7632 (16)167 (2)	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
	$N2-H2A\cdotsO2$ $N1-H1\cdotsO4^{i}$ $N2-H2B\cdotsO4^{ii}$	0.91 (1) 0.88 (1) 0.91 (1)	1.81 (1) 1.94 (1) 1.87 (1)	2.7107 (15) 2.7899 (16) 2.7632 (16)	175 (2) 163 (2) 167 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2.

natural product baeocystin (Naeem, Sherwood *et al.*, 2022), its metabolite norpsilocin as both its freebase and fumarate (Chadeayne *et al.*, 2020*b*), and its synthetic prodrug 4-acetoxy-*N*-methyltryptamine as a chloride salt (Glatfelter *et al.*, 2022*b*). The remaining three are *N*-methylserotonin hydrogen oxalate (Naeem, Anas *et al.*, 2023), 4-benzyloxy-*N*-isopropyl-tryptammonium chloride and 4-hydroxy-*N*-isopropyl-tryptamine (Laban *et al.*, 2023)

There are only four structures of freebase tryptamines known without indole substitution: the natural products tryptamine (Nowell *et al.*, 2002) and *N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (Falkenberg, 1972), as well as *N*-methyl-*N*-propyltryptamine (Chadeayne *et al.*, 2019*b*), and 3-[2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethyl]-1*H*-indole (Sahoo *et al.*, 2020), while many other tryptamine freebases have been reported including serotonin (Naeem, Chadeayne *et al.*, 2022).

The crystal structure of only one tryptammonium bromide salt has been presented, that of the natural product N,N-dimethyltryptamine (Falkenberg, 1972), though numerous chloride salts have been reported (Pham, Belanger *et al.*, 2021). By contrast, eight bis(tryptammonium) fumarate structures have been reported recently, including the salts of



Figure 2

The crystal packing of freebase *N*-cyclohexyltryptamine (left), its bromide salt (center), and its fumarate salt (right), all shown along the *b*-axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted for clarity.

Table 5Experimental details.

	(II)	(II)	(III)
Crystal data			
Chemical formula	$C_{16}H_{22}N_2$	$C_{16}H_{22}N_2^+ \cdot Br^-$	$C_{16}H_{22}N_2^+ \cdot C_2HO_2^-$
$M_r$	242.35	323.27	300.39
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1$	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
Temperature (K)	297	297	297
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.5446 (6), 10.3990 (7), 8.6149 (6)	10.5584 (6), 7.9266 (5), 19.4507 (13)	9.2231 (10), 16.1611 (16), 11.4595 (12)
$\beta$ (°)	116.784 (2)	92.406 (2)	99.865 (4)
$V(\dot{A}^3)$	683.35 (8)	1626.44 (18)	1682.8 (3)
Z	2	4	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα	Μο Κα	Μο Κα
$\mu (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	0.07	2.52	0.08
Crystal size (mm)	$0.35 \times 0.24 \times 0.2$	$0.3 \times 0.13 \times 0.03$	$0.32 \times 0.22 \times 0.2$
Data collection			
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 Venture CMOS	Bruker D8 Venture CMOS	Bruker D8 Venture CMOS
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Krause et al., 2015)	Multi-scan (SADABS; Krause et al., 2015)	Multi-scan (SADABS; Krause et al., 2015)
$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$	0.645, 0.745	0.610, 0.745	0.694, 0.745
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	18695, 2621, 2396	46579, 3320, 2978	20060, 3446, 2803
R <sub>int</sub>	0.034	0.037	0.028
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\max} (\text{\AA}^{-1})$	0.613	0.626	0.626
Refinement			
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.048, 0.124, 1.04	0.045, 0.109, 1.22	0.043, 0.121, 1.03
No. of reflections	2621	3320	3446
No. of parameters	171	184	211
No. of restraints	3	3	3
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max},  \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.26, -0.16	0.58, -0.70	0.22, -0.17
Absolute structure	Flack x determined using 1039 quotients $[(I^+)-(I^-)]/[(I^+)+(I^-)]$ (Parsons et al., 2013)	-	-
Absolute structure parameter	0.5 (7)	_	_

Computer programs: APEX4 and SAINT (Bruker, 2021), SHELXT2014 (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2018 (Sheldrick, 2015b), OLEX2 (Dolomanov et al., 2009), and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

norpsilocin (Chadeayne *et al.*, 2020*b*), 4-acetoxy-*N*,*N*-diallyltryptamine (Pham *et al.*, 2021*a*), 5-methoxy-*N*,*N*-diallyltryptamine (Pham, Sammeta *et al.*, 2021), 5-methoxy-*N*,*N*-di*n*-propyltryptamine (Pham *et al.*, 2021*c*), 4-hydroxy-*N*-methyl-*N*-isopropyltryptamine (Chadeayne *et al.*, 2020*a*), 5-methoxy-2-methyl-*N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (Pham *et al.*, 2021*b*), 4-hydroxy-*N*,*N*-di-*n*-propyltryptamine (Chadeayne, Pham *et al.*, 2019), and 4-acetoxy-*N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (Chadeayne *et al.*, 2019*a*).

#### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

Crystals of *N*-cyclohexyltryptammonium bromide (**II**) suitable for X-ray diffraction studies were grown by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution of a commercial sample (ChemBridge).

The bromide salt was converted to freebase *N*-cyclohexyltryptamine (**I**) by stirring it in a biphasic mixture of dichloroethane and aqueous sodium hydroxide. The organic layer was isolated, washed with brine and dried over sodium sulfate. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* to yield the freebase as a white powder. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were grown by the slow evaporation of an acetone solution. Freebase *N*-cyclohexyltryptamine and fumaric acid were dissolved in methanol and heated at reflux for 12 h. The solvent was removed *in vacuo* to yield an off-white powder which was characterized by NMR. Single crystals of (**III**) suitable for X-ray diffraction studies were grown from the slow evaporation of a methanol/water solution. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  7.55 (*d*, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, Ar*H*), 7.35 (*d*, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H, Ar*H*), 7.21 (*s*, 1H, Ar*H*), 7.07 (*t*, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, Ar*H*), 6.99 (*t*, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H, Ar*H*), 6.43 (*s*, 1H, C*H*), 3.08 (*t*, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H, C*H*<sub>2</sub>), 2.99 (*t*, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H, C*H*<sub>2</sub>), 2.89 (*m*, 1H, C*H*), 1.98 (*m*, 2H, C*H*<sub>2</sub>), 1.72 (*m*, 2H, C*H*<sub>2</sub>), 1.19 (*m*, 6H, C*H*<sub>2</sub>).

#### 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 5. Hydrogen atoms H1 and H2 in the freebase, H1, H2A and H2B in the bromide salt, and H1, H2A and H2B in the fumarate salt were found from difference-Fourier maps. These hydrogen atoms were refined isotropically, using DFIX restraints with N-H(indole) distances of 0.87 (1) Å and N-H(amine/ammonium) distances of 0.90 (1) Å. Isotropic displacement parameters were set to 1.2  $U_{\rm eq}$  of the parent nitrogen atoms. All other hydrogen atoms were placed in calculated positions.

#### Acknowledgements

Financial statements and conflict of interest: This study was funded by CaaMTech, Inc. ARC reports an ownership interest in CaaMTech, Inc., which owns US and worldwide patent applications, covering new tryptamine compounds, compositions, formulations, novel crystalline forms, and methods of making and using the same.

#### **Funding information**

Funding for this research was provided by: National Science Foundation, Directorate for Mathematical and Physical Sciences (grant No. CHE-1429086).

#### References

- Brimblecombe, R. W., Downing, D. F., Green, D. M. & Hunt, R. R. (1964). Br. J. Pharmacol. Chemother. 23, 43–54.
- Bruker (2021). APEX4 and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2019*a*). Acta Cryst. E**75**, 900–902.
- Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2019b). *IUCrData*, 4, x190962.
- Chadeayne, A. R., Pham, D. N. K., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2019). *IUCrData*, **4**, x191469.
- Chadeayne, A. R., Pham, D. N. K., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2020a). Acta Cryst. E76, 514–517.
- Chadeayne, A. R., Pham, D. N. K., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2020b). Acta Cryst. E76, 589–593.
- Dolomanov, O. V., Bourhis, L. J., Gildea, R. J., Howard, J. A. K. & Puschmann, H. (2009). J. Appl. Cryst. 42, 339–341.
- Falkenberg, G. (1972). Acta Cryst. B28, 3075-3083.
- Gerecs, Á., Barta, K. & Duda, E. (1971). *Magy. Kem. Foly.* **77**, 531–533.
- Glatfelter, G., Chojnacki, M. R., McGriff, S. A., Wang, T. & Baumann, M. H. (2022a). ACS Pharmacol. Transl. Sci. 5, 321–330.
- Glatfelter, G., Pottie, E., Partilla, J. S., Sherwood, A. M., Kaylo, K., Pham, D. N. K., Naeem, M., Sammeta, V. R., DeBoer, S., Golen, J. A., Hulley, E. B., Stove, C. P., Chadeayne, A. R., Manke, D. R. & Baumann, M. H. (2022b). ACS Pharmacol. Transl. Sci. 5, 1181– 1196.
- Goadsby, P. J. & Holland, P. R. (2018). Neurotherapeutics, 15, 271–273.
- Krause, L., Herbst-Irmer, R., Sheldrick, G. M. & Stalke, D. (2015). J. Appl. Cryst. 48, 3–10.

- Laban, U., Naeem, M., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2023). *Acta Cryst.* E**79**, 280–286.
- Mertens, L. J., Wall, M. B., Roseman, L., Demetriou, L., Nutt, D. J. & Carhart-Harris, R. L. (2020). J. Psychopharmacol. 34, 167–180.
- Naeem, M., Anas, N. A., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2023). *IUCrData*, 8, x230378.
- Naeem, M., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2022). Acta Cryst. E78, 365–368.
- Naeem, M., Sherwood, A. M., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2022). Acta Cryst. E78, 550–553.
- Nowell, H., Attfield, J. P. & Cole, J. C. (2002). Acta Cryst. B58, 835– 840.
- Olson, D. E. (2021). ACS Pharmacol. Transl. Sci, 4, 563-567.
- Palego, L., Betti, L., Rossi, A. & Giannaccini, G. (2016). J. Amino Acids, Article ID 8952520. https://doi.org/10.1155/2016/8952520
- Parsons, S., Flack, H. D. & Wagner, T. (2013). Acta Cryst. B69, 249–259.
- Pham, D. N. K., Belanger, Z. S., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2021). Acta Cryst. C77, 615–620.
- Pham, D. N. K., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2021a). Acta Cryst. E77, 101–106.
- Pham, D. N. K., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2021b). Acta Cryst. E77, 190–194.
- Pham, D. N. K., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2021c). Acta Cryst. E77, 522–526.
- Pham, D. N. K., Sammeta, V. R., Chadeayne, A. R., Golen, J. A. & Manke, D. R. (2021). Acta Cryst. E77, 416–419.
- Ramaekers, J. G., Hutten, N., Mason, N. L., Dolder, P., Theunissen, E. L., Holze, F., Liechti, M. E., Feilding, A. & Kuypers, K. P. C. (2021). J. Psychopharmacol. 35, 398–405.
- Ross, S., Agin-Liebes, G., Lo, S., Zeifman, R. J., Ghazal, L., Benville, J., Franco Corso, S., Bjerre Real, C., Guss, J., Bossis, A. & Mennenga, S. E. (2021). ACS Pharmacol. Transl. Sci. 4, 553–562.
- Sahoo, A. R., Lalitha, G., Murugesh, V., Bruneau, C., Sharma, G. V. M., Suresh, S. & Achard, M. (2020). Asia. J. Org. Chem. 9, 910–913.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015a). Acta Cryst. A71, 3-8.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015b). Acta Cryst. C71, 3-8.
- Sherwood, A. M., Halberstadt, A. L., Klein, A. K., McCorvy, J. D., Kaylo, K. W., Kargbo, R. B. & Meisenheimer, P. (2020). *J. Nat. Prod.* 83, 461–467.
- Slassi, A., Edwards, L., O'Brien, A., Meng, C. Q., Xin, T., Seto, C., Lee, D. K. H., MacLean, N., Hynd, D., Chen, C., Wang, H., Kamboj, R. & Rakhit, S. (2000). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **10**, 1707–1709.
- Spriggs, M. J., Kettner, H. & Carhart-Harris, R. L. (2021). Eat. Weight Disord. 26, 1265–1270.
- Varker, T., Watson, L., Gibson, K., Forbes, D. & O'Donnell, M. L. (2021). J. Psychoactive Drugs, 53, 85–95.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). J. Appl. Cryst. 43, 920-925.
- Xu, Y. C., Schaus, J. M., Walker, C., Krushinski, J., Adham, N., Zgombick, J. M., Liang, S. X., Kohlman, D. T. & Audia, J. E. (1999). *J. Med. Chem.* 42, 526–531.

Acta Cryst. (2023). E79, 752-756 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989023006217]

### N-Cyclohexyltryptamine: freebase, bromide and fumarate

# Marilyn Naeem, Alexander N. Le, Barbara E. Bauer, Andrew R. Chadeayne, James A. Golen and David R. Manke

#### **Computing details**

For all structures, data collection: *APEX4* (Bruker, 2021); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2021); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2021); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT2014* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2018* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: OLEX2 (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

N-[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl]cyclohexanamine (I)

Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{22}N_2$   $M_r = 242.35$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1$  a = 8.5446 (6) Å b = 10.3990 (7) Å c = 8.6149 (6) Å  $\beta = 116.784$  (2)° V = 683.35 (8) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 2

#### Data collection

```
Bruker D8 Venture CMOS
diffractometer
\varphi and \omega scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Krause et al., 2015)
T_{\min} = 0.645, T_{\max} = 0.745
18695 measured reflections
```

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$  $wR(F^2) = 0.124$ S = 1.042621 reflections 171 parameters 3 restraints Hydrogen site location: mixed F(000) = 264  $D_x = 1.178 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo Ka radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 8705 reflections  $\theta = 2.7-25.8^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 297 KBlock, colourless  $0.35 \times 0.24 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$ 

2621 independent reflections 2396 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.034$  $\theta_{max} = 25.8^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 3.3^{\circ}$  $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$  $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$  $l = -10 \rightarrow 10$ 

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0573P)^2 + 0.1584P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ Absolute structure: Flack *x* determined using 1039 quotients  $[(I^+)-(I^-)]/[(I^+)+(I^-)]$  (Parsons et al., 2013) Absolute structure parameter: 0.5 (7)

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
N1	0.6840 (4)	0.3201 (3)	0.7683 (3)	0.0574 (6)	
N2	0.4242 (4)	0.5812 (3)	0.0943 (3)	0.0632 (7)	
C1	0.6257 (4)	0.3382 (4)	0.5918 (4)	0.0653 (9)	
H1A	0.570884	0.275362	0.507790	0.078*	
C2	0.7549 (4)	0.4345 (3)	0.8487 (4)	0.0512 (7)	
C3	0.8321 (4)	0.4672 (3)	1.0235 (4)	0.0608 (8)	
Н3	0.840170	0.407744	1.107439	0.073*	
C4	0.8964 (5)	0.5900 (4)	1.0695 (5)	0.0692 (9)	
H4	0.950320	0.612645	1.186509	0.083*	
C5	0.8830 (5)	0.6805 (4)	0.9467 (5)	0.0709 (9)	
Н5	0.926088	0.763121	0.981803	0.085*	
C6	0.8069 (4)	0.6495 (3)	0.7743 (5)	0.0660 (9)	
Н6	0.797958	0.710952	0.692294	0.079*	
C7	0.7419 (4)	0.5244 (3)	0.7208 (4)	0.0539(7)	
C8	0.6589 (4)	0.4598 (4)	0.5573 (4)	0.0619 (8)	
C9	0.6235 (5)	0.5204 (5)	0.3860 (4)	0.0855 (13)	
H9A	0.642061	0.612333	0.403785	0.103*	
H9B	0.709578	0.488038	0.351364	0.103*	
C10	0.4504 (5)	0.4997 (4)	0.2431 (4)	0.0721 (11)	
H10A	0.361947	0.519546	0.280822	0.086*	
H10B	0.437557	0.410028	0.208452	0.086*	
C11	0.2920 (4)	0.5382 (3)	-0.0766 (3)	0.0492 (6)	
H11	0.177680	0.540657	-0.075896	0.059*	
C12	0.3181 (4)	0.4030(3)	-0.1291 (4)	0.0596 (8)	
H12A	0.431796	0.397430	-0.128156	0.072*	
H12B	0.315875	0.341579	-0.045337	0.072*	
C13	0.1762 (6)	0.3695 (4)	-0.3085 (5)	0.0757 (10)	
H13A	0.196778	0.283691	-0.339441	0.091*	
H13B	0.063234	0.369608	-0.307234	0.091*	
C14	0.1723 (5)	0.4639 (5)	-0.4431 (5)	0.0786 (11)	
H14A	0.281049	0.458099	-0.452537	0.094*	
H14B	0.076703	0.442457	-0.555435	0.094*	
C15	0.1490 (5)	0.5982 (4)	-0.3946 (4)	0.0705 (9)	
H15A	0.033473	0.606436	-0.400188	0.085*	
H15B	0.155915	0.657786	-0.477959	0.085*	
C16	0.2870 (5)	0.6337 (3)	-0.2129 (4)	0.0657 (9)	
H16A	0.262024	0.718893	-0.183813	0.079*	
H16B	0.401106	0.636367	-0.211442	0.079*	
H2	0.524 (3)	0.594 (5)	0.083 (5)	0.091 (14)*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

			4) (2)	0.813 (4)	0.06/(11)*	
Atomic	displacement para	ameters ( $Å^2$ )				
	$U^{11}$	U <sup>22</sup>	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
N1	0.0606 (15)	0.0598 (16)	0.0454 (13)	0.0075 (12)	0.0183 (11)	0.0039 (11)
N2	0.0709 (17)	0.0612 (17)	0.0445 (14)	-0.0103 (14)	0.0146 (12)	0.0061 (12)
C1	0.0541 (17)	0.092 (3)	0.0430 (16)	0.0035 (17)	0.0155 (13)	-0.0069 (17)
C2	0.0454 (14)	0.0590 (19)	0.0470 (15)	0.0150 (12)	0.0188 (12)	0.0066 (12)
С3	0.0663 (19)	0.064 (2)	0.0512 (16)	0.0055 (16)	0.0256 (15)	0.0008 (15)
C4	0.070 (2)	0.074 (2)	0.066 (2)	-0.0022 (18)	0.0326 (17)	-0.0135 (19)
C5	0.069 (2)	0.066 (2)	0.085 (3)	-0.0005 (17)	0.041 (2)	-0.0092 (19)
C6	0.0566 (17)	0.061 (2)	0.092 (3)	0.0139 (15)	0.0436 (18)	0.0245 (18)
C7	0.0422 (14)	0.0677 (19)	0.0545 (16)	0.0148 (14)	0.0243 (13)	0.0098 (15)
C8	0.0475 (16)	0.087 (2)	0.0490 (17)	0.0113 (16)	0.0200 (14)	0.0142 (16)
С9	0.062 (2)	0.136 (4)	0.0550 (19)	0.008 (2)	0.0229 (16)	0.027 (2)
C10	0.079 (2)	0.073 (2)	0.0464 (17)	-0.0146 (17)	0.0123 (16)	0.0137 (15)
C11	0.0474 (14)	0.0523 (16)	0.0432 (14)	0.0020 (12)	0.0162 (11)	0.0029 (12)
C12	0.0606 (17)	0.0540 (18)	0.0619 (18)	0.0051 (15)	0.0255 (15)	0.0053 (15)
C13	0.088 (3)	0.064 (2)	0.068 (2)	-0.0063 (18)	0.0290 (19)	-0.0126 (17)
C14	0.085 (3)	0.097 (3)	0.0528 (19)	0.001 (2)	0.0302 (18)	-0.0077 (19)
C15	0.071 (2)	0.088 (3)	0.0477 (17)	0.0130 (19)	0.0224 (15)	0.0168 (17)
C16	0.084 (2)	0.0551 (19)	0.0510 (18)	0.0032 (16)	0.0247 (17)	0.0092 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C1	1.383 (4)	С9—Н9В	0.9700
N1-C2	1.372 (4)	C9—C10	1.452 (5)
N1—H1	0.864 (14)	C10—H10A	0.9700
N2-C10	1.467 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9700
N2-C11	1.464 (4)	C11—H11	0.9800
N2—H2	0.912 (14)	C11—C12	1.523 (4)
C1—H1A	0.9300	C11—C16	1.524 (4)
C1—C8	1.357 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.388 (4)	C12—H12B	0.9700
C2—C7	1.410 (4)	C12—C13	1.514 (5)
С3—Н3	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9700
C3—C4	1.375 (5)	C13—H13B	0.9700
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—C14	1.508 (6)
C4—C5	1.382 (5)	C14—H14A	0.9700
С5—Н5	0.9300	C14—H14B	0.9700
C5—C6	1.364 (5)	C14—C15	1.497 (6)
С6—Н6	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9700
C6—C7	1.408 (5)	C15—H15B	0.9700
С7—С8	1.428 (5)	C15—C16	1.521 (5)
C8—C9	1.505 (4)	C16—H16A	0.9700
С9—Н9А	0.9700	C16—H16B	0.9700

C1—N1—H1	124 (3)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C2—N1—C1	107.2 (3)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C2—N1—H1	129 (2)	H10A—C10—H10B	108.1
C10—N2—H2	113 (3)	N2—C11—H11	107.8
C11—N2—C10	116.6 (3)	N2—C11—C12	115.5 (3)
C11—N2—H2	106 (2)	N2-C11-C16	108.5 (2)
N1—C1—H1A	124.5	C12—C11—H11	107.8
C8—C1—N1	111.1 (3)	C12-C11-C16	109.3 (2)
C8—C1—H1A	124.5	C16—C11—H11	107.8
N1-C2-C3	1303(3)	C11—C12—H12A	109.4
N1-C2-C7	108.6(3)	$C_{11} - C_{12} - H_{12}B$	109.4
$C_{3}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{7}$	1211(3)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.0
C2-C3-H3	120.9	C13 - C12 - C11	1110(3)
$C_{4}$ $C_{3}$ $C_{2}$	118 3 (3)	C13 - C12 - H12A	109.4
$C_{4} = C_{3} = H_{3}$	120.9	$C_{13}$ $C_{12}$ $H_{12R}$	109.4
$C_3 - C_4 - H_4$	119.1	$C_{12}$ $C_{12}$ $C_{13}$ $H_{13A}$	109.3
$C_{3}$ $C_{4}$ $C_{5}$	121.8 (4)	C12_C13_H13R	109.3
$C_{5} = C_{4} = C_{5}$	121.8 (4)	H12A C12 H12B	109.5
$C_3 = C_4 = 114$	119.1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100.0
$C_{4} = C_{5} = C_{4}$	119.0	C14 - C13 - C12	111.4(3)
$C_{0} = C_{3} = C_{4}$	120.3 (4)	C14 - C13 - H13A	109.5
C5 C6 H6	119.0	$C_{14} = C_{13} = H_{14A}$	109.5
$C_{5}$	120.0	$C_{13} - C_{14} - H_{14}$	109.5
$C_{3}$	119.9 (3)	$U_{13} = C_{14} = H_{14D}$	109.5
$C = C = H \delta$	120.0	H14A - C14 - H14B	108.1
$C_2 - C_7 - C_8$	106.7 (3)	C15 - C14 - C13	110.6 (3)
$C_{6} - C_{7} - C_{2}$	118.4 (3)	C15—C14—H14A	109.5
C6-C/-C8	134.9 (3)	C15—C14—H14B	109.5
C1 = C8 = C7	106.4 (3)	CI4—CI5—HI5A	109.2
C1C8C9	129.4 (4)	С14—С15—Н15В	109.2
C7—C8—C9	124.1 (4)	C14—C15—C16	112.0 (3)
C8—C9—H9A	108.2	H15A—C15—H15B	107.9
С8—С9—Н9В	108.2	C16—C15—H15A	109.2
Н9А—С9—Н9В	107.3	C16—C15—H15B	109.2
C10—C9—C8	116.5 (3)	C11—C16—H16A	109.2
С10—С9—Н9А	108.2	C11—C16—H16B	109.2
С10—С9—Н9В	108.2	C15—C16—C11	112.0 (3)
N2-C10-H10A	109.5	C15—C16—H16A	109.2
N2—C10—H10B	109.5	C15—C16—H16B	109.2
C9—C10—N2	110.6 (3)	H16A—C16—H16B	107.9
N1—C1—C8—C7	-0.6 (4)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.2 (5)
N1—C1—C8—C9	178.0 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C2	1.1 (4)
N1—C2—C3—C4	178.7 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-179.2 (3)
N1—C2—C7—C6	179.9 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C1	-179.4 (3)
N1—C2—C7—C8	0.2 (3)	C6—C7—C8—C9	1.9 (5)
N2-C11-C12-C13	-179.1 (3)	C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.2 (4)
N2-C11-C16-C15	-178.4 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-134.5 (4)
C1—N1—C2—C3	-179.5 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N2	170.4 (4)

C1—N1—C2—C7	-0.5 (3)	C10-N2-C11-C12	-56.0 (4)
C1C8C10	47.2 (6)	C10-N2-C11-C16	-179.0 (3)
C2—N1—C1—C8	0.7 (4)	C11—N2—C10—C9	156.9 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.2 (5)	C11—C12—C13—C14	58.1 (4)
C2C7C8C1	0.2 (3)	C12-C11-C16-C15	54.9 (4)
C2—C7—C8—C9	-178.4 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-56.4 (4)
C3—C2—C7—C6	-1.0 (4)	C13—C14—C15—C16	54.5 (4)
C3—C2—C7—C8	179.3 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-54.9 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.0 (5)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-56.5 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1···N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.86 (1)	2.22 (2)	3.069 (4)	167 (3)

F(000) = 672

 $\theta = 2.8 - 26.3^{\circ}$  $\mu = 2.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

Block, colourless

 $0.3\times0.13\times0.03~mm$ 

T = 297 K

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.320 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$ 

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 9846 reflections

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+1.

N-[2-(1H-Indol-3-yl)ethyl]cyclohexanaminium bromide (II)

Crystal data

C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>2</sub><sup>+</sup>·Br<sup>-</sup>  $M_r = 323.27$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$  a = 10.5584 (6) Å b = 7.9266 (5) Å c = 19.4507 (13) Å  $\beta = 92.406$  (2)° V = 1626.44 (18) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

Bruker D8 Venture CMOS	3320 independent reflections 2078 reflections with $L > 2 - D$
antractometer	29/8 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$R_{\rm int} = 0.037$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$\theta_{\rm max} = 26.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 3.2^{\circ}$
(SADABS; Krause et al., 2015)	$h = -13 \rightarrow 13$
$T_{\min} = 0.610, \ T_{\max} = 0.745$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
46579 measured reflections	$l = -24 \longrightarrow 24$

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$
$wR(F^2) = 0.109$
S = 1.22
3320 reflections
184 parameters
3 restraints

Hydrogen site location: mixed H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + 4.8013P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.58 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.70 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ 

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Br1	0.81840 (4)	0.64728 (5)	0.83341 (2)	0.04595 (14)	
N1	0.1405 (3)	0.7180 (5)	0.8197 (2)	0.0510 (9)	
N2	0.6414 (3)	0.7350 (4)	0.69368 (18)	0.0362 (7)	
C1	0.2277 (4)	0.7985 (6)	0.7822 (2)	0.0514 (11)	
H1A	0.208468	0.877881	0.748124	0.062*	
C2	0.2018 (4)	0.6091 (5)	0.8650(2)	0.0397 (9)	
C3	0.1549 (5)	0.5037 (6)	0.9141 (2)	0.0542 (12)	
Н3	0.068295	0.495965	0.920528	0.065*	
C4	0.2401 (6)	0.4109 (7)	0.9529 (3)	0.0680 (15)	
H4	0.211162	0.339725	0.986910	0.082*	
C5	0.3704 (6)	0.4212 (7)	0.9425 (3)	0.0709 (15)	
Н5	0.425959	0.354368	0.968979	0.085*	
C6	0.4180 (5)	0.5268 (6)	0.8944 (2)	0.0544 (11)	
H6	0.504805	0.534207	0.888792	0.065*	
C7	0.3330 (4)	0.6233 (5)	0.85403 (19)	0.0364 (8)	
C8	0.3467 (4)	0.7472 (5)	0.8011 (2)	0.0391 (9)	
C9	0.4690 (4)	0.8051 (6)	0.7726 (2)	0.0461 (10)	
H9A	0.533883	0.809465	0.809400	0.055*	
H9B	0.458286	0.918033	0.754113	0.055*	
C10	0.5116 (4)	0.6891 (6)	0.7169 (2)	0.0443 (10)	
H10A	0.451375	0.694700	0.677896	0.053*	
H10B	0.512820	0.574023	0.733848	0.053*	
C11	0.6844 (4)	0.6344 (5)	0.6336 (2)	0.0398 (9)	
H11	0.666538	0.515102	0.642099	0.048*	
C12	0.6154 (4)	0.6853 (6)	0.5674 (2)	0.0481 (11)	
H12A	0.630562	0.803842	0.558442	0.058*	
H12B	0.524985	0.669392	0.571593	0.058*	
C13	0.6611 (5)	0.5796 (7)	0.5079 (3)	0.0591 (13)	
H13A	0.639096	0.462249	0.515003	0.071*	
H13B	0.618863	0.616791	0.465273	0.071*	
C14	0.8031 (5)	0.5951 (7)	0.5020 (2)	0.0616 (14)	
H14A	0.830564	0.521421	0.465755	0.074*	
H14B	0.824146	0.710124	0.489862	0.074*	
C15	0.8720 (5)	0.5486 (8)	0.5691 (3)	0.0676 (15)	
H15A	0.962363	0.565437	0.564858	0.081*	
H15B	0.857931	0.430226	0.578863	0.081*	
C16	0.8262 (4)	0.6553 (7)	0.6284 (2)	0.0559 (12)	
H16A	0.868998	0.620155	0.671109	0.067*	
H16B	0.846249	0.772986	0.620616	0.067*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

H2A	0.692 (3)	0.722 (6)	0.7316 (13)	0.045 (12)*
H1	0.0593 (14)	0.738 (6)	0.815 (2)	0.058 (14)*
H2B	0.636 (4)	0.844 (2)	0.681 (2)	0.045 (12)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	U <sup>22</sup>	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.0447 (2)	0.0384 (2)	0.0545 (3)	0.00711 (19)	-0.00029 (17)	-0.0026 (2)
N1	0.0337 (18)	0.062 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.0049 (18)	0.0068 (17)	0.014 (2)
N2	0.0331 (17)	0.0334 (18)	0.0425 (19)	-0.0013 (14)	0.0062 (14)	0.0008 (15)
C1	0.048 (2)	0.057 (3)	0.050 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.009(2)	0.015 (2)
C2	0.043 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.039 (2)	-0.0032 (17)	0.0058 (17)	-0.0037 (17)
C3	0.058 (3)	0.051 (3)	0.055 (3)	-0.017 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.000 (2)
C4	0.091 (4)	0.053 (3)	0.061 (3)	-0.016 (3)	0.007 (3)	0.019 (3)
C5	0.081 (4)	0.059 (3)	0.071 (4)	0.007 (3)	-0.013 (3)	0.019 (3)
C6	0.053 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.058 (3)	0.003 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.003 (2)
C7	0.039 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.037 (2)	-0.0008 (16)	0.0027 (16)	-0.0057 (16)
C8	0.039 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.0003 (17)	0.0087 (16)	-0.0034 (17)
C9	0.046 (2)	0.044 (2)	0.050(2)	-0.0042 (19)	0.0143 (19)	-0.004 (2)
C10	0.037 (2)	0.051 (3)	0.047 (2)	-0.0087 (19)	0.0136 (18)	-0.004 (2)
C11	0.045 (2)	0.0282 (19)	0.047 (2)	0.0044 (17)	0.0153 (17)	0.0061 (17)
C12	0.044 (2)	0.052 (3)	0.049 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.0075 (19)	-0.006 (2)
C13	0.064 (3)	0.059 (3)	0.054 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.009 (2)	-0.011 (2)
C14	0.064 (3)	0.073 (4)	0.050 (3)	0.011 (3)	0.026 (2)	0.001 (2)
C15	0.051 (3)	0.084 (4)	0.070 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.029 (2)	0.005 (3)
C16	0.040 (2)	0.068 (3)	0.060 (3)	0.011 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.010 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C1	1.358 (6)	С9—Н9В	0.9700
N1-C2	1.375 (5)	C9—C10	1.504 (6)
N1—H1	0.873 (10)	C10—H10A	0.9700
N2-C10	1.506 (5)	C10—H10B	0.9700
N2-C11	1.501 (5)	C11—H11	0.9800
N2—H2A	0.898 (10)	C11—C12	1.506 (6)
N2—H2B	0.900 (10)	C11—C16	1.515 (6)
C1—H1A	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9700
C1—C8	1.357 (6)	C12—H12B	0.9700
C2—C3	1.376 (6)	C12—C13	1.525 (6)
C2—C7	1.415 (5)	C13—H13A	0.9700
С3—Н3	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9700
C3—C4	1.366 (7)	C13—C14	1.513 (7)
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9700
C4—C5	1.402 (8)	C14—H14B	0.9700
С5—Н5	0.9300	C14—C15	1.513 (7)
C5—C6	1.366 (7)	C15—H15A	0.9700
С6—Н6	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9700
C6—C7	1.396 (6)	C15—C16	1.525 (7)

C7—C8	1.434 (6)	C16—H16A	0.9700
C8-C9	1.499 (5)	С16—Н16В	0.9700
С9—Н9А	0.9700		
C1—N1—C2	109.2 (4)	C9—C10—N2	111.8 (3)
C1—N1—H1	123 (3)	С9—С10—Н10А	109.3
C2—N1—H1	128 (3)	C9—C10—H10B	109.3
C10—N2—H2A	104 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	107.9
C10—N2—H2B	105 (3)	N2—C11—H11	108.3
C11—N2—C10	114.5 (3)	N2—C11—C12	111.9 (3)
C11—N2—H2A	113 (3)	N2—C11—C16	109.0 (4)
C11—N2—H2B	109 (3)	C12—C11—H11	108.3
H2A—N2—H2B	111 (4)	C12—C11—C16	111.0 (3)
N1—C1—H1A	124.6	C16—C11—H11	108.3
C8—C1—N1	110.7 (4)	C11—C12—H12A	109.6
C8—C1—H1A	124.6	C11—C12—H12B	109.6
N1—C2—C3	130.7 (4)	C11—C12—C13	110.2 (4)
N1—C2—C7	106.9 (3)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.1
C3—C2—C7	122.4 (4)	C13—C12—H12A	109.6
С2—С3—Н3	121.2	C13—C12—H12B	109.6
C4—C3—C2	117.6 (5)	С12—С13—Н13А	109.4
С4—С3—Н3	121.2	C12—C13—H13B	109.4
C3—C4—H4	119.5	H13A—C13—H13B	108.0
C3—C4—C5	121.1 (5)	C14—C13—C12	111.0 (4)
C5—C4—H4	119.5	C14—C13—H13A	109.4
С4—С5—Н5	119.1	C14—C13—H13B	109.4
C6—C5—C4	121.8 (5)	C13—C14—H14A	109.4
С6—С5—Н5	119.1	C13—C14—H14B	109.4
С5—С6—Н6	120.8	H14A—C14—H14B	108.0
C5—C6—C7	118.4 (5)	C15—C14—C13	111.0 (4)
С7—С6—Н6	120.8	C15—C14—H14A	109.4
C2—C7—C8	106.9 (3)	C15—C14—H14B	109.4
C6—C7—C2	118.8 (4)	C14—C15—H15A	109.4
C6—C7—C8	134.2 (4)	C14—C15—H15B	109.4
C1—C8—C7	106.3 (4)	C14—C15—C16	111.1 (4)
C1—C8—C9	127.6 (4)	H15A—C15—H15B	108.0
C7—C8—C9	126.1 (4)	C16—C15—H15A	109.4
С8—С9—Н9А	109.3	C16—C15—H15B	109.4
С8—С9—Н9В	109.3	C11—C16—C15	109.6 (4)
C8—C9—C10	111.6 (3)	C11—C16—H16A	109.7
H9A—C9—H9B	108.0	C11—C16—H16B	109.7
С10—С9—Н9А	109.3	C15—C16—H16A	109.7
С10—С9—Н9В	109.3	C15—C16—H16B	109.7
N2—C10—H10A	109.3	H16A—C16—H16B	108.2
N2	109.3		
N1 C1 C9 C7	0 9 (5)	C4 C5 C6 C7	1 5 (9)
N1 - C1 - C8 - C7	-170.0(3)	$C_{4} = C_{5} = C_{6} = C_{7} = C_{7}^{2}$	-1.3(8)
NI-UI-U8-U9	-1/9.9 (4)	$U_{-}U_{-}U_{-}U_{-}U_{-}U_{-}U_{-}U_{-}$	0.0(/)

N1 - C2 - C3 - C4	-1788(5)	C5 - C6 - C7 - C8	178 3 (5)
N1 - C2 - C7 - C6	179.1 (4)	C6-C7-C8-C1	-178.9(5)
N1—C2—C7—C8	0.9 (4)	C6—C7—C8—C9	1.8 (8)
N2-C11-C12-C13	-179.6 (4)	C7—C2—C3—C4	0.0 (7)
N2-C11-C16-C15	177.9 (4)	C7—C8—C9—C10	84.2 (5)
C1—N1—C2—C3	178.5 (5)	C8—C9—C10—N2	-173.5 (4)
C1—N1—C2—C7	-0.4 (5)	C10—N2—C11—C12	73.0 (4)
C1C8C10	-95.0 (6)	C10—N2—C11—C16	-163.9 (4)
C2—N1—C1—C8	-0.3 (6)	C11—N2—C10—C9	-174.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (8)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-56.6 (5)
C2C7C8C1	-1.0 (5)	C12—C11—C16—C15	-58.5 (5)
C2—C7—C8—C9	179.6 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	55.5 (6)
C3—C2—C7—C6	0.1 (6)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-56.0 (6)
C3—C2—C7—C8	-178.2 (4)	C14—C15—C16—C11	57.0 (6)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.6 (9)	C16—C11—C12—C13	58.4 (5)

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	
N2—H2A···Br1	0.90(1)	2.41 (1)	3.307 (4)	172 (4)	
N1—H1…Br1 <sup>i</sup>	0.87(1)	2.68 (3)	3.468 (4)	151 (4)	
N2—H2 $B$ ···Br1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90 (1)	2.47 (2)	3.340 (3)	163 (4)	

Symmetry codes: (i) x-1, y, z; (ii) -x+3/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2.

Bis{N-[2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl]cyclohexanaminium} (2E)-but-2-enedioate (III)

#### Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{23}N_2^{+} \cdot C_2HO_2^{-}$   $M_r = 300.39$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$  a = 9.2231 (10) Å b = 16.1611 (16) Å c = 11.4595 (12) Å  $\beta = 99.865$  (4)° V = 1682.8 (3) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

Bruker D8 Venture CMOS	
diffractometer	
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	
Absorption correction: multi-scan	
(SADABS; Krause et al., 2015)	
$T_{\min} = 0.694, \ T_{\max} = 0.745$	
20060 measured reflections	

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$  $wR(F^2) = 0.121$  F(000) = 648  $D_x = 1.186 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 7849 reflections  $\theta = 2.6-26.3^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 297 KBlock, bronze  $0.32 \times 0.22 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$ 

3446 independent reflections 2803 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   $R_{int} = 0.028$   $\theta_{max} = 26.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.6^{\circ}$   $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$   $k = -20 \rightarrow 20$  $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$ 

S = 1.033446 reflections 211 parameters 3 restraints

Hydrogen site location: mixed	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.057P)^2 + 0.4152P]$
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
and constrained refinement	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
	$\Delta  ho_{ m max} = 0.22 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
O2	0.72753 (11)	0.47420 (7)	0.97368 (12)	0.0632 (3)	
O4	0.74997 (12)	0.60453 (6)	1.03308 (11)	0.0600 (3)	
N1	0.33759 (16)	0.73002 (8)	0.54717 (12)	0.0530 (3)	
N2	0.46996 (12)	0.42877 (7)	0.83748 (10)	0.0402 (3)	
C1	0.43744 (18)	0.68408 (10)	0.62215 (13)	0.0522 (4)	
H1A	0.513836	0.706133	0.676833	0.063*	
C2	0.24236 (16)	0.67738 (9)	0.48012 (12)	0.0444 (3)	
C3	0.12270 (18)	0.69461 (11)	0.39157 (14)	0.0589 (4)	
Н3	0.095302	0.748764	0.371017	0.071*	
C4	0.0471 (2)	0.62879 (15)	0.33603 (17)	0.0753 (5)	
H4	-0.032377	0.638517	0.275820	0.090*	
C5	0.0863 (2)	0.54759 (14)	0.36747 (19)	0.0780 (6)	
Н5	0.032566	0.504233	0.327913	0.094*	
C6	0.20302 (19)	0.53036 (10)	0.45603 (16)	0.0609 (4)	
H6	0.227496	0.475901	0.477033	0.073*	
C7	0.28409 (15)	0.59569 (8)	0.51382 (12)	0.0426 (3)	
C8	0.41022 (16)	0.60185 (9)	0.60614 (12)	0.0452 (3)	
C9	0.48890 (17)	0.53145 (10)	0.67518 (14)	0.0523 (4)	
H9A	0.584225	0.550063	0.715932	0.063*	
H9B	0.504732	0.487268	0.621464	0.063*	
C10	0.39908 (16)	0.49921 (9)	0.76478 (13)	0.0475 (3)	
H10A	0.382929	0.544073	0.817299	0.057*	
H10B	0.303662	0.481452	0.723096	0.057*	
C11	0.50069 (15)	0.35126 (8)	0.77365 (12)	0.0423 (3)	
H11	0.565930	0.364743	0.717251	0.051*	
C12	0.57867 (19)	0.29119 (10)	0.86470 (15)	0.0577 (4)	
H12A	0.519809	0.282701	0.926173	0.069*	
H12B	0.672434	0.314467	0.901290	0.069*	
C13	0.6045 (2)	0.20810 (11)	0.80791 (19)	0.0785 (6)	
H13A	0.671411	0.215725	0.752071	0.094*	
H13B	0.649859	0.169933	0.868687	0.094*	
C14	0.4613 (3)	0.17171 (11)	0.74422 (18)	0.0784 (6)	
H14A	0.480951	0.120240	0.706292	0.094*	
H14B	0.397404	0.159654	0.801073	0.094*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

C15	0.3856 (3)	0.23094 (13)	0.65269 (16)	0.0783 (6)	
H15A	0.291923	0.207658	0.615817	0.094*	
H15B	0.445353	0.238438	0.591619	0.094*	
C16	0.35933 (18)	0.31489 (11)	0.70660 (14)	0.0584 (4)	
H16A	0.317379	0.352639	0.644040	0.070*	
H16B	0.289125	0.308535	0.760051	0.070*	
C17	0.80163 (14)	0.53717 (8)	1.00368 (12)	0.0397 (3)	
C18	0.96469 (14)	0.53303 (8)	1.01170 (12)	0.0401 (3)	
H18	1.019151	0.580476	1.034817	0.048*	
H2A	0.5558 (13)	0.4470 (10)	0.8805 (13)	0.061 (5)*	
H1	0.330 (2)	0.7840 (6)	0.5455 (17)	0.075 (6)*	
H2B	0.4089 (16)	0.4143 (10)	0.8881 (12)	0.057 (5)*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	<i>U</i> <sup>23</sup>
02	0.0387 (6)	0.0534 (6)	0.0948 (9)	-0.0079 (5)	0.0038 (5)	-0.0168 (6)
O4	0.0520 (6)	0.0374 (5)	0.0972 (9)	0.0050 (4)	0.0316 (6)	-0.0031 (5)
N1	0.0706 (9)	0.0364 (6)	0.0517 (7)	0.0033 (6)	0.0096 (6)	0.0033 (5)
N2	0.0349 (6)	0.0417 (6)	0.0432 (6)	0.0028 (5)	0.0045 (5)	0.0042 (5)
C1	0.0589 (9)	0.0501 (8)	0.0457 (8)	-0.0022 (7)	0.0033 (7)	0.0005 (7)
C2	0.0508 (8)	0.0445 (7)	0.0403 (7)	0.0063 (6)	0.0143 (6)	0.0038 (6)
C3	0.0601 (10)	0.0671 (10)	0.0496 (8)	0.0182 (8)	0.0094 (7)	0.0116 (8)
C4	0.0550 (10)	0.1013 (15)	0.0642 (11)	0.0070 (10)	-0.0047 (8)	0.0026 (11)
C5	0.0691 (12)	0.0806 (14)	0.0785 (13)	-0.0142 (10)	-0.0037 (10)	-0.0156 (11)
C6	0.0632 (10)	0.0485 (9)	0.0706 (10)	-0.0031 (7)	0.0106 (8)	-0.0066 (8)
C7	0.0462 (7)	0.0408 (7)	0.0430 (7)	0.0046 (6)	0.0140 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C8	0.0489 (8)	0.0438 (7)	0.0443 (7)	0.0069 (6)	0.0118 (6)	0.0055 (6)
C9	0.0489 (8)	0.0535 (9)	0.0556 (8)	0.0119 (7)	0.0125 (7)	0.0126 (7)
C10	0.0447 (8)	0.0459 (8)	0.0528 (8)	0.0134 (6)	0.0107 (6)	0.0094 (6)
C11	0.0401 (7)	0.0426 (7)	0.0452 (7)	0.0052 (6)	0.0100 (6)	0.0034 (6)
C12	0.0577 (9)	0.0463 (8)	0.0640 (9)	0.0070 (7)	-0.0046 (7)	0.0086 (7)
C13	0.0968 (15)	0.0521 (10)	0.0886 (13)	0.0254 (10)	0.0213 (12)	0.0133 (10)
C14	0.1227 (18)	0.0475 (10)	0.0713 (12)	-0.0069 (10)	0.0346 (12)	-0.0107 (9)
C15	0.1055 (16)	0.0739 (13)	0.0546 (10)	-0.0116 (11)	0.0112 (10)	-0.0191 (9)
C16	0.0568 (9)	0.0642 (10)	0.0499 (8)	0.0003 (8)	-0.0026 (7)	-0.0062 (7)
C17	0.0356 (6)	0.0357 (7)	0.0482 (7)	0.0013 (5)	0.0082 (5)	0.0001 (5)
C18	0.0363 (7)	0.0346 (6)	0.0493 (7)	-0.0039 (5)	0.0070 (5)	-0.0044 (5)
			. /	. /		

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

02—C17	1.2411 (16)	С9—Н9В	0.9700	
O4—C17	1.2572 (16)	C9—C10	1.518 (2)	
N1—C1	1.366 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9700	
N1—C2	1.362 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9700	
N1—H1	0.876 (9)	C11—H11	0.9800	
N2-C10	1.4935 (17)	C11—C12	1.514 (2)	
N2—C11	1.5018 (18)	C11—C16	1.514 (2)	

N2—H2A	0.907 (9)	C12—H12A	0.9700
N2—H2B	0.905 (9)	C12—H12B	0.9700
C1—H1A	0.9300	C12—C13	1.529 (2)
C1—C8	1.359 (2)	С13—Н13А	0.9700
C2—C3	1.393 (2)	С13—Н13В	0.9700
C2—C7	1.4105 (19)	C13—C14	1.514 (3)
С3—Н3	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9700
C3—C4	1.368 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9700
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—C15	1.501 (3)
C4—C5	1.392 (3)	С15—Н15А	0.9700
С5—Н5	0.9300	С15—Н15В	0.9700
C5—C6	1.376 (3)	C15—C16	1.527 (2)
С6—Н6	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9700
C6—C7	1.394 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9700
C7—C8	1.436 (2)	C17—C18	1.4924 (18)
C8—C9	1.5000 (19)	$C18 - C18^{i}$	1.302 (3)
C9—H9A	0.9700	C18—H18	0.9300
	0.9700		0.9500
C1—N1—H1	126.9 (13)	H10A—C10—H10B	107.7
C2—N1—C1	108.39 (12)	N2—C11—H11	108.9
C2—N1—H1	124.6 (13)	N2—C11—C12	107.83 (12)
C10—N2—C11	117.72 (11)	N2—C11—C16	110.67 (11)
C10—N2—H2A	108.3 (11)	C12—C11—H11	108.9
C10—N2—H2B	107.1 (11)	C12—C11—C16	111.52 (13)
C11—N2—H2A	108.4 (11)	C16—C11—H11	108.9
C11—N2—H2B	106.6 (11)	C11—C12—H12A	109.4
H2A—N2—H2B	108.5 (15)	C11—C12—H12B	109.4
N1—C1—H1A	124.5	C11—C12—C13	111.11 (14)
C8—C1—N1	110.95 (14)	H12A—C12—H12B	108.0
C8—C1—H1A	124.5	C13—C12—H12A	109.4
N1—C2—C3	129.78 (14)	C13—C12—H12B	109.4
N1—C2—C7	108.12 (12)	C12—C13—H13A	109.4
C3—C2—C7	122.10 (15)	C12—C13—H13B	109.4
С2—С3—Н3	121.3	H13A—C13—H13B	108.0
C4—C3—C2	117.42 (16)	C14—C13—C12	111.08 (16)
С4—С3—Н3	121.3	C14—C13—H13A	109.4
C3—C4—H4	119.2	C14—C13—H13B	109.4
C3—C4—C5	121.59 (16)	C13—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.2	C13—C14—H14B	109.5
С4—С5—Н5	119.4	H14A—C14—H14B	108.1
C6—C5—C4	121.16 (18)	C15—C14—C13	110.62 (16)
С6—С5—Н5	119.4	C15—C14—H14A	109.5
С5—С6—Н6	120.5	C15—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C6—C7	119.05 (16)	C14—C15—H15A	109.3
С7—С6—Н6	120.5	C14—C15—H15B	109.3
C2—C7—C8	106.59 (12)	C14—C15—C16	111.77 (14)
C6—C7—C2	118.68 (14)	H15A—C15—H15B	107.9
C6—C7—C8	134.73 (14)	C16—C15—H15A	109.3

105.96 (12)	C16—C15—H15B	109.3
127.52 (14)	C11—C16—C15	111.59 (15)
126.43 (13)	C11—C16—H16A	109.3
109.6	C11—C16—H16B	109.3
109.6	C15—C16—H16A	109.3
110.27 (12)	C15—C16—H16B	109.3
108.1	H16A—C16—H16B	108.0
109.6	O2—C17—O4	124.62 (13)
109.6	O2—C17—C18	118.79 (12)
113.68 (11)	O4—C17—C18	116.52 (12)
108.8	C17—C18—H18	118.0
108.8	C18 <sup>i</sup> —C18—C17	123.95 (16)
108.8	C18 <sup>i</sup> —C18—H18	118.0
108.8		
0.5 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.0 (3)
177.60 (18)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.8 (3)
0.23 (17)	C5—C6—C7—C2	0.7 (2)
-176.30 (14)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.90 (17)
178.46 (16)	C6—C7—C8—C1	179.25 (17)
-179.33 (14)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-4.2 (3)
0.35 (16)	C7—C2—C3—C4	-1.0 (2)
176.04 (14)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-74.77 (19)
-173.47 (13)	C8—C9—C10—N2	180.00 (12)
-179.77 (15)	C10—N2—C11—C12	177.27 (12)
-0.21 (16)	C10—N2—C11—C16	-60.50 (16)
101.09 (19)	C11—N2—C10—C9	-60.41 (17)
-0.02 (18)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-56.1 (2)
0.9 (3)	C12-C11-C16-C15	-53.43 (19)
-0.35 (16)	C12-C13-C14-C15	56.9 (2)
176.23 (13)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-56.1 (2)
0.3 (2)	C14-C15-C16-C11	54.6 (2)
179.95 (13)	C16—C11—C12—C13	54.34 (19)
	105.96 (12) $127.52 (14)$ $126.43 (13)$ $109.6$ $109.6$ $110.27 (12)$ $108.1$ $109.6$ $109.6$ $113.68 (11)$ $108.8$ $108.8$ $108.8$ $108.8$ $108.8$ $0.5 (3)$ $177.60 (18)$ $0.23 (17)$ $-176.30 (14)$ $178.46 (16)$ $-179.33 (14)$ $0.35 (16)$ $176.04 (14)$ $-173.47 (13)$ $-179.77 (15)$ $-0.21 (16)$ $101.09 (19)$ $-0.02 (18)$ $0.9 (3)$ $-0.35 (16)$ $176.23 (13)$ $0.3 (2)$ $179.95 (13)$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$

Symmetry code: (i) –*x*+2, –*y*+1, –*z*+2.

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2—H2A····O2	0.91 (1)	1.81 (1)	2.7107 (15)	175 (2)
N1—H1···O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.88(1)	1.94 (1)	2.7899 (16)	163 (2)
N2—H2B····O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.91 (1)	1.87 (1)	2.7632 (16)	167 (2)

Symmetry codes: (ii) x-1/2, -y+3/2, z-1/2; (iii) -x+1, -y+1, -z+2.