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# 'Foxtrot' fumarate: a water-soluble salt of *N*,*N*-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine (5-MeO-DALT)

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The title compound, bis(*N*,*N*-diallyl-5-methoxytryptammonium) (5-MeO-DALT) fumarate (systematic name: bis{*N*-[2-(5-methoxy-1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl]-*N*-(prop-2-en-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-aminium} (*E*)-but-2-enedioate),  $2C_{17}H_{23}N_2O^+$ .- $C_4H_2O_4^{2-}$ , has a single tryptammonium cation and half of a fumarate dianion in the asymmetric unit. The tryptammonium and fumarate ions are held together in one-dimensional chains by a series of N-H···O hydrogen bonds. These chains are combinations of  $R_4^4(22)$  rings, and  $C_2^2(14)$  and  $C_4^4(28)$  parallel chains along [111].

#### 1. Chemical context

Psychotropic compounds have gained a lot of attention in recent years for their potential as therapeutics to treat depression, anxiety, post-traumatic stress disorder, and addiction, among other disorders (Nichols & Hendricks, 2020). 5-Methoxy-*N*,*N*-dimethyltryptamine (5-MeO-DMT) is a naturally occurring tryptamine found in the parotid gland of some toads, and this compound has been explored for its clinical effects in treating mood disorders (Davis *et al.*, 2018). 5-MeO-DMT is highly active at the serotonin (5-hydroxy-tryptamine, 5-HT) 2A receptor, which is the origin of its psychotropic activity. It can be administered *via* inhalation or injection, but does not function as a psychedelic when consumed orally (Weil & Davis, 1994). A recent report described the synthesis of a water-soluble succinate salt of 5-MeO-DMT (Sherwood *et al.*, 2020).



5-Methoxy-*N*,*N*-diallyltryptamine (5-MeO-DALT) is a synthetic analogue of 5-MeO-DMT, which was synthesized in 2004 by Alexander Shulgin (Shulgin & Shulgin, 2016). The compound has potential as a therapeutic because it has a quick onset and rapid drop-off relative to other psychotropic tryptamines (Corkery *et al.*, 2012). Unlike 5-MeO-DMT, 5-MeO-DALT demonstrates activity when consumed orally, further improving its potential as a drug candidate. 5-MeO-DALT

shows activity at a number of serotonin receptors, including 5-HT<sub>1A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>1D</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2A</sub>, 5-HT<sub>2B</sub>, 5-HT<sub>6</sub> and 5-HT<sub>7</sub> (Cozzi & Daley, 2016). As this class of molecules become more significant in the treatment of mood disorders, it is important to have analytically pure, well-characterized, crystalline material to study the unique impact of individual compounds from the diverse range of compounds. It is also important to explore the effects of analytically pure combinations of these compounds to explore potential entourage effects. To best administer these compounds orally active, water-soluble crystalline materials are ideal. To that end, we set out to synthesize a water-soluble salt of 5-MeO-DALT, and report the synthesis and structure of bis(5-methoxy-*N*,*N*-diallyltryptammonium) fumarate herein.

#### 2. Structural commentary

The asymmetric unit of bis(5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptammonium) fumarate contains one tryptammonium cation and one half of a fumarate dianion (Fig. 1). The cation possesses a near planar indole ring, with a mean deviation from planarity of 0.011 Å. The methoxy group is turned slightly away from this plane, with a C2-C3-O1-C17 torsion angle of -13.9 (2)°. The ethylamino group is turned



#### Figure 1

The molecular structure of bis(5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptammonium) fumarate, showing the atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. Symmetry code: (i) -x, 1 - y, -z.

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

		,		
$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N1 - H1 \cdots O2^{i}$ $N2 - H2 \cdots O3$	0.87 (1) 0.90 (1)	1.91 (1) 1.68 (1)	2.7729 (17) 2.5669 (16)	175 (2) 171 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1.

away from this plane, with a C7-C8-C9-C10 torsion angle of -103.9 (2)°. The second half of the fumarate dianion is generated by inversion, and the dianion is near planar, with a mean deviation from planarity of 0.057 Å. The carboxylate unit is delocalized, with C-O distances of 1.271 (2) and 1.240 (2) Å. The nature of this salt allows for it to have high solubility in water, while the freebase does not.

#### 3. Supramolecular features

The tryptammonium cation and the fumarate dianion are linked together in the asymmetric unit through an  $N-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bond between the ammonium nitrogen and a carboxylate oxygen (Table 1, Fig. 2). The indole nitrogen also exhibits an  $N-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bond with another symmetry generated fumarate dianion. Two tryptammonium cations and





The crystal packing of bis(5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptammonium) fumarate, viewed along the b axis. The N-H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) are shown as dashed lines. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted for clarity.



#### Figure 3

The hydrogen-bonding network along [111], which consists of  $R_4^4(22)$  rings that are joined together by two parallel  $C_2^2(14)$  and  $C_4^4(28)$  chains. The three components described in graph-set notation and the combined chain are shown. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted for clarity. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

two fumarate dianions are joined together through the N– H···O hydrogen bonds to form rings with graph-set notation  $R_4^4(22)$  (Etter *et al.*, 1990). The rings are joined together by two parallel chains along [111]. These chains have graph-set notation  $C_2^2(14)$  and  $C_4^4(28)$ . The chains and rings are shown in Fig. 3. The hydrogen bond donor-acceptor distances of 2.5669 (16) Å and 2.7729 (17) Å indicate strong hydrogen bonds, with the N2–H2···O3 bond being stronger due to a charged donor and acceptor (Desiraju & Steiner, 2001).

#### 4. Database survey

The structure of the freebase of 5-MeO-DALT has previously been reported (CCDC 1995802; Chadeayne *et al.*, 2020*d*). The other tryptamine fumarate salts reported are those of 4-hydroxy-*N*-methyl-*N*-isopropyltryptamine (4-HO-MiPT) (TUFQAP; Chadeayne *et al.*, 2020*a*), norpsilocin (4-HO-NMT) (MULXEZ; Chadeayne *et al.*, 2020*b*), 4-acetoxy-*N*,*N*dimethyltryptamine (4-AcO-DMT) (XOFDOO; Chadeayne, Golen & Manke, 2019*a*) and 4-hydroxy-*N*,*N*-di-*n*-propyltryptamine (4-HO-DPT) (WUCGAF; Chadeayne, Pham et al., 2019b). There have also been a number of hydrofumarate tryptamine salts reported, namely those of 4-AcO-DMT (HOCJUH; Chadeavne, Golen & Manke, 2019b), N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine (MiPT) and 4-HO-MiPT (RONSOF and RONSUL; Chadeayne, Pham et al., 2019a), N-ethyl-N-npropyltryptamine (EPT) and N-methyl-N-allyltryptamine (MALT) (GUPBOL and GUPBUR; Chadeavne et al., 2020c). The MALT structure is the only other structure of an N-allyl tryptamine reported. There are a number of other 5-Osubstituted tryptamines whose structures have been reported, including bufotenine (BUFTEN; Falkenberg, 1972), 5-MeO-DMT hydrochloride (MOTYPT; Falkenberg & Carlström, 1971), 5-methoxytryptamine (MXTRUP; Quarles et al., 1974), 5-MeO-DMT and 5-methoxymonomethyltryptamine (QQQAGY and QQQAHA; Bergin et al., 1968). Three 2-Mesubstituted 5-MeO-tryptamines were recently reported (CCDC 2058143, 2058144, 2058145; Pham et al. 2021).

#### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

110 mg of 5-MeO-DALT freebase were dissolved in 10 mL of methanol and 47 mg of fumaric acid was added and refluxed overnight. 129 mg (82% yield) of white powder was obtained upon removal of solvent in vacuo. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an aqueous solution. The product was analysed by <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O):  $\delta$  7.44 (*d*, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1 H, Ar*H*), 7.27 (*s*, 1 H, Ar*H*), 7.10 (*d*, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1 H, Ar*H*), 6.94 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H, ArH), 6.67 (s, 2 H, CH), 5.91-5.81 (m, 100)2 H, CH), 5.62–5.56 (m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.87 (s, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.79 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.42–3.38 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.17–3.13 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, D<sub>2</sub>O): δ 172.1 (COO), 152.7 (CH), 135.3 (ArC), 132.5 (ArC), 127.22 (ArC), 127.20 (ArC), 126.2 (ArC), 125.8 (ArC), 113.7 (ArC), 112.6 (ArC), 108.9 (CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 101.3 (CH=CH<sub>2</sub>), 56.8 (AkC), 55.7 (AkC), 52.2 (AkC), 20.4 (AkC).

#### 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The hydrogen atoms on the indole nitrogen (H1), and the amine (H2), were found in a difference-Fourier map and were refined isotropically, using DFIX restraints with N-H distances of 0.87 (1) Å. Isotropic displacement parameters were set to  $1.2U_{\rm eq}$  of the parent nitrogen atom. All other hydrogen atoms were placed in calculated positions (C-H = 0.93–0.97 Å). Isotropic displacement parameters were set to  $1.2U_{\rm eq}$  (CH,CH<sub>2</sub>) or  $1.5U_{\rm eq}$ (CH<sub>3</sub>).

#### Acknowledgements

Financial statements and conflict of interest: This study was funded by CaaMTech, Inc. ARC reports an ownership interest in CaaMTech, Inc., which owns US and worldwide patent applications, covering new tryptamine compounds, composiTable 2Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$C_{17}H_{23}N_2O^+ \cdot 0.5C_4H_2O_4^{2-}$
$M_{ m r}$	328.40
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
Temperature (K)	297
a, b, c (Å)	7.8791 (7), 9.2908 (7), 13.5352 (11)
$\alpha, \beta, \gamma$ (°)	108.081 (3), 104.365 (3), 95.903 (3)
$V(Å^3)$	894.87 (13)
Ζ	2
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	0.08
Crystal size (mm)	$0.34 \times 0.28 \times 0.22$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 Venture CMOS
Absorption correction	Multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2018)
$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$	0.711, 0.745
No. of measured, independent and	27913, 3383, 2788
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R <sub>int</sub>	0.035
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\text{max}} (\text{\AA}^{-1})$	0.611
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Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.043, 0.114, 1.05
No. of reflections	3383
No. of parameters	226
No. of restraints	2
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of
	independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ (e \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.26, -0.16

Computer programs: *APEX3* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2018), SHELXT2014 (Sheldrick, 2015*a*), *SHELXL2018* (Sheldrick, 2015*b*), *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

tions, formulations, novel crystalline forms, and methods of making and using the same.

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**`Foxtrot' fumarate: a water-soluble salt of** *N,N***-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine (5-**MeO-DALT)

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## **Computing details**

Data collection: *APEX3* (Bruker, 2018); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2018); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2018); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXT2014 (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2018* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Bis{N-[2-(5-methoxy-1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl]- N-(prop-2-en-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-aminium} (E)-but-2-enedioate

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{17}H_{23}N_2O^{+} \cdot 0.5C_4H_2O_4{}^{2-}\\ M_r = 328.40\\ \text{Triclinic, } P\overline{1}\\ a = 7.8791 \ (7) \ \text{\AA}\\ b = 9.2908 \ (7) \ \text{\AA}\\ c = 13.5352 \ (11) \ \text{\AA}\\ a = 108.081 \ (3)^{\circ}\\ \beta = 104.365 \ (3)^{\circ}\\ \gamma = 95.903 \ (3)^{\circ}\\ V = 894.87 \ (13) \ \text{\AA}^3 \end{array}$ 

Data collection

Bruker D8 Venture CMOS diffractometer  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2018)  $T_{\min} = 0.711, T_{\max} = 0.745$ 27913 measured reflections

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$  $wR(F^2) = 0.114$ S = 1.053383 reflections 226 parameters Z = 2 F(000) = 352  $D_x = 1.219 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo Ka radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 9847 reflections  $\theta = 2.7-25.7^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 297 KBlock, orange  $0.34 \times 0.28 \times 0.22 \text{ mm}$ 

3383 independent reflections 2788 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.035$  $\theta_{max} = 25.7^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.7^{\circ}$  $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$  $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$  $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$ 

2 restraints Primary atom site location: dual Hydrogen site location: mixed H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0485P)^2 + 0.266P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\rm max} = 0.26$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.16 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
03	0.32558 (15)	0.59832 (14)	0.09859 (10)	0.0582 (3)	
O2	0.21841 (18)	0.81313 (14)	0.10656 (11)	0.0675 (4)	
01	0.7398 (2)	0.32650 (13)	0.56660 (10)	0.0647 (4)	
N1	0.7725 (2)	0.95161 (15)	0.70532 (10)	0.0491 (3)	
H1	0.773 (2)	1.0212 (17)	0.7654 (10)	0.058 (5)*	
N2	0.63718 (16)	0.74775 (14)	0.22313 (9)	0.0392 (3)	
H2	0.5248 (15)	0.704 (2)	0.1812 (15)	0.078 (6)*	
C1	0.77565 (19)	0.72996 (16)	0.57820 (11)	0.0372 (3)	
C2	0.7682 (2)	0.57053 (17)	0.53501 (11)	0.0412 (3)	
H2A	0.774806	0.524400	0.464848	0.049*	
C3	0.7507 (2)	0.48447 (17)	0.59951 (12)	0.0453 (4)	
C4	0.7447 (2)	0.55271 (19)	0.70629 (13)	0.0503 (4)	
H4	0.735505	0.491381	0.748234	0.060*	
C5	0.7522 (2)	0.70801 (19)	0.74980 (12)	0.0494 (4)	
Н5	0.747839	0.753096	0.820581	0.059*	
C6	0.7667 (2)	0.79678 (17)	0.68493 (11)	0.0420 (3)	
C7	0.7879 (2)	0.98335 (18)	0.61541 (12)	0.0460 (4)	
H7	0.795238	1.080810	0.609612	0.055*	
C8	0.79099 (19)	0.85197 (16)	0.53544 (11)	0.0386 (3)	
C9	0.80805 (19)	0.83539 (17)	0.42450 (11)	0.0400 (3)	
H9A	0.894016	0.770455	0.409345	0.048*	
H9B	0.852886	0.936130	0.423723	0.048*	
C10	0.63041 (19)	0.76520 (17)	0.33583 (11)	0.0386 (3)	
H10A	0.587159	0.664307	0.336960	0.046*	
H10B	0.544568	0.829401	0.352776	0.046*	
C11	0.7478 (2)	0.63509 (19)	0.18188 (13)	0.0508 (4)	
H11A	0.750182	0.632850	0.110119	0.061*	
H11B	0.869410	0.668790	0.229759	0.061*	
C12	0.6761 (3)	0.4763 (2)	0.17570 (15)	0.0624 (5)	
H12	0.555703	0.436157	0.138805	0.075*	
C13	0.7660 (4)	0.3904 (3)	0.2168 (2)	0.0886 (7)	
H13A	0.886868	0.425891	0.254358	0.106*	
H13B	0.710420	0.292544	0.209010	0.106*	
C14	0.6880 (2)	0.90039 (18)	0.21243 (12)	0.0501 (4)	
H14A	0.623177	0.972370	0.248743	0.060*	
H14B	0.814472	0.939713	0.249493	0.060*	
C17	0.7066 (3)	0.2475 (2)	0.45399 (15)	0.0660 (5)	

# supporting information

H17A	0.673648	0.138566	0.438067	0.099*	
H17B	0.812447	0.268352	0.433750	0.099*	
H17C	0.611040	0.282080	0.413694	0.099*	
C15	0.6516 (3)	0.8949 (2)	0.09796 (13)	0.0570 (4)	
H15	0.538880	0.845917	0.049925	0.068*	
C16	0.7676 (3)	0.9543 (3)	0.06119 (18)	0.0783 (6)	
H16A	0.881409	1.004033	0.107318	0.094*	
H16B	0.737080	0.947286	-0.011317	0.094*	
C19	0.02229 (19)	0.57392 (16)	0.00887 (11)	0.0392 (3)	
H19	-0.063089	0.621325	-0.022769	0.047*	
C18	0.2012 (2)	0.67065 (17)	0.07656 (11)	0.0416 (3)	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
03	0.0431 (6)	0.0573 (7)	0.0615 (7)	-0.0031 (5)	-0.0059 (5)	0.0244 (6)
02	0.0745 (9)	0.0416 (7)	0.0662 (8)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0246 (7)	-0.0080 (6)
01	0.1008 (10)	0.0379 (6)	0.0513 (7)	0.0104 (6)	0.0145 (7)	0.0174 (5)
N1	0.0683 (9)	0.0402 (7)	0.0320 (6)	0.0074 (6)	0.0156 (6)	0.0039 (5)
N2	0.0384 (7)	0.0423 (7)	0.0301 (6)	0.0001 (5)	0.0070 (5)	0.0083 (5)
C1	0.0399 (7)	0.0378 (7)	0.0291 (6)	0.0026 (6)	0.0067 (6)	0.0096 (6)
C2	0.0487 (8)	0.0389 (8)	0.0314 (7)	0.0058 (6)	0.0097 (6)	0.0086 (6)
C3	0.0518 (9)	0.0386 (8)	0.0404 (8)	0.0040 (7)	0.0070 (7)	0.0137 (6)
C4	0.0587 (10)	0.0528 (10)	0.0397 (8)	0.0012 (7)	0.0100 (7)	0.0231 (7)
C5	0.0597 (10)	0.0556 (10)	0.0299 (7)	0.0036 (8)	0.0138 (7)	0.0127 (7)
C6	0.0478 (8)	0.0411 (8)	0.0308 (7)	0.0040 (6)	0.0094 (6)	0.0073 (6)
C7	0.0574 (9)	0.0367 (8)	0.0388 (8)	0.0033 (7)	0.0097 (7)	0.0115 (6)
C8	0.0423 (8)	0.0369 (7)	0.0311 (7)	0.0015 (6)	0.0064 (6)	0.0097 (6)
С9	0.0420 (8)	0.0421 (8)	0.0323 (7)	0.0006 (6)	0.0077 (6)	0.0132 (6)
C10	0.0393 (7)	0.0416 (8)	0.0316 (7)	0.0020 (6)	0.0111 (6)	0.0096 (6)
C11	0.0533 (9)	0.0577 (10)	0.0385 (8)	0.0129 (8)	0.0176 (7)	0.0089 (7)
C12	0.0685 (12)	0.0557 (11)	0.0576 (11)	0.0183 (9)	0.0149 (9)	0.0133 (9)
C13	0.0978 (18)	0.0812 (16)	0.0977 (17)	0.0381 (14)	0.0339 (14)	0.0358 (14)
C14	0.0596 (10)	0.0456 (9)	0.0391 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0108 (7)	0.0134 (7)
C17	0.0925 (15)	0.0400 (9)	0.0539 (10)	0.0135 (9)	0.0097 (10)	0.0099 (8)
C15	0.0681 (11)	0.0579 (10)	0.0403 (8)	0.0039 (8)	0.0085 (8)	0.0191 (8)
C16	0.1000 (17)	0.0871 (15)	0.0617 (12)	0.0149 (13)	0.0341 (12)	0.0381 (11)
C19	0.0391 (7)	0.0439 (7)	0.0314 (7)	0.0085 (6)	0.0087 (6)	0.0097 (6)
C18	0.0472 (8)	0.0436 (8)	0.0272 (7)	0.0006 (7)	0.0120 (6)	0.0049 (6)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O3—C18	1.2709 (19)	С9—Н9В	0.9700
O2—C18	1.2400 (19)	C9—C10	1.5224 (19)
O1—C3	1.3817 (19)	C10—H10A	0.9700
O1—C17	1.414 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9700
N1—H1	0.865 (9)	C11—H11A	0.9700
N1—C6	1.372 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9700

# supporting information

N1—C7	1.368 (2)	C11—C12	1.494 (3)
N2—H2	0.897 (9)	C12—H12	0.9300
N2—C10	1.4982 (17)	C12—C13	1.282 (3)
N2—C11	1.494 (2)	С13—Н13А	0.9300
N2—C14	1.494 (2)	С13—Н13В	0.9300
C1—C2	1.402 (2)	C14—H14A	0.9700
C1—C6	1.4073 (19)	C14—H14B	0.9700
C1—C8	1.431 (2)	C14—C15	1.488 (2)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C17—H17A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.375 (2)	C17—H17B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.402 (2)	C17—H17C	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—H15	0.9300
C4—C5	1.367 (2)	C15—C16	1.297 (3)
С5—Н5	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9300
C5—C6	1.394 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9300
С7—Н7	0.9300	C19—C19 <sup>i</sup>	1.312 (3)
C7—C8	1.364 (2)	С19—Н19	0.9300
C8—C9	1.5025 (19)	C19—C18	1.491 (2)
С9—Н9А	0.9700		
C3—O1—C17	116.62 (13)	N2—C10—H10A	108.6
C6—N1—H1	127.5 (13)	N2—C10—H10B	108.6
C7—N1—H1	123.8 (13)	C9—C10—H10A	108.6
C7—N1—C6	108.60 (12)	C9—C10—H10B	108.6
C10—N2—H2	103.9 (13)	H10A-C10-H10B	107.5
C11—N2—H2	105.0 (13)	N2—C11—H11A	109.3
C11—N2—C10	113.75 (12)	N2—C11—H11B	109.3
C14—N2—H2	109.2 (13)	H11A—C11—H11B	107.9
C14—N2—C10	111.74 (11)	C12—C11—N2	111.77 (14)
C14—N2—C11	112.46 (13)	C12—C11—H11A	109.3
C2—C1—C6	119.75 (13)	C12—C11—H11B	109.3
C2—C1—C8	133.20 (13)	C11—C12—H12	117.1
C6—C1—C8	107.05 (12)	C13—C12—C11	125.7 (2)
C1—C2—H2A	121.0	C13—C12—H12	117.1
C3—C2—C1	118.00 (13)	С12—С13—Н13А	120.0
C3—C2—H2A	121.0	С12—С13—Н13В	120.0
O1—C3—C4	114.40 (14)	H13A—C13—H13B	120.0
C2—C3—O1	123.88 (14)	N2-C14-H14A	108.8
C2—C3—C4	121.71 (14)	N2-C14-H14B	108.8
C3—C4—H4	119.5	H14A—C14—H14B	107.6
C5—C4—C3	121.06 (14)	C15—C14—N2	114.01 (13)
С5—С4—Н4	119.5	C15—C14—H14A	108.8
С4—С5—Н5	121.0	C15—C14—H14B	108.8
C4—C5—C6	118.05 (14)	O1—C17—H17A	109.5
С6—С5—Н5	121.0	O1—C17—H17B	109.5
N1C6C1	107.68 (13)	O1—C17—H17C	109.5
N1—C6—C5	130.91 (14)	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	121.41 (14)	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5

N1H7	124.8	H17B_C17_H17C	109 5
C8-C7-N1	110 47 (14)	C14— $C15$ — $H15$	118.1
C8-C7-H7	124.8	C16-C15-C14	123 87 (18)
$C_1 - C_8 - C_9$	125.93 (13)	C16-C15-H15	118.1
C7 - C8 - C1	106 20 (13)	$C_{15}$ $C_{16}$ $H_{16A}$	120.0
C7 - C8 - C9	127 88 (14)	C15—C16—H16B	120.0
C8 - C9 - H9A	109.2	$H_{16A}$ $-C_{16}$ $-H_{16B}$	120.0
C8-C9-H9B	109.2	$C19^{i}$ $C19$ $H19$	118.0
$C_{8}$ $C_{9}$ $C_{10}$	112.05(12)	$C19^{i}$ $-C19$ $-C18$	124 09 (18)
H9A_C9_H9B	107.9	C18 - C19 - H19	118.0
C10 - C9 - H9A	109.2	03-C18-C19	116.27 (13)
C10 - C9 - H9B	109.2	02-C18-O3	125 12 (14)
$N_2 - C_{10} - C_9$	114.87 (11)	02 - C18 - C19	123.12(11) 118.62(15)
	114.07 (11)	02 010 017	110.02 (15)
O1—C3—C4—C5	-179.30 (16)	C6—C1—C8—C9	178.77 (14)
N1—C7—C8—C1	0.28 (18)	C7—N1—C6—C1	-1.02 (18)
N1—C7—C8—C9	-179.37 (14)	C7—N1—C6—C5	179.81 (17)
N2-C11-C12-C13	-128.3 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-103.93 (18)
N2-C14-C15-C16	-130.4 (2)	C8—C1—C2—C3	-179.20 (15)
C1—C2—C3—O1	179.27 (15)	C8—C1—C6—N1	1.18 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.5 (2)	C8—C1—C6—C5	-179.56 (14)
C1-C8-C9-C10	76.48 (19)	C8—C9—C10—N2	179.04 (12)
C2-C1-C6-N1	-178.59 (13)	C10—N2—C11—C12	61.28 (17)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.7 (2)	C10—N2—C14—C15	-164.89 (14)
C2—C1—C8—C7	178.83 (16)	C11—N2—C10—C9	65.56 (16)
C2—C1—C8—C9	-1.5 (3)	C11—N2—C14—C15	65.76 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	1.4 (3)	C14—N2—C10—C9	-63.11 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.2 (3)	C14—N2—C11—C12	-170.43 (13)
C4—C5—C6—N1	178.27 (16)	C17—O1—C3—C2	-13.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.8 (2)	C17—O1—C3—C4	166.81 (16)
C6—N1—C7—C8	0.46 (19)	C19 <sup>i</sup> —C19—C18—O3	14.9 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.5 (2)	C19 <sup>i</sup> —C19—C18—O2	-165.31 (18)
C6—C1—C8—C7	-0.89 (17)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y+1, -z.

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N1—H1····O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.87 (1)	1.91 (1)	2.7729 (17)	175 (2)
N2—H2…O3	0.90 (1)	1.68 (1)	2.5669 (16)	171 (2)

Symmetry code: (ii) -x+1, -y+2, -z+1.