

Received 29 November 2018 Accepted 29 December 2018

Edited by S. V. Lindeman, Marquette University, USA

Keywords: crystal structure; 2-hydroxy-3-methoxy-benzaldehyde; 4-aminobenzoic acid (PABA); secondary amine; hydrogen bonding; vanillin.

CCDC reference: 1888072

Supporting information: this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

Crystal structure of 4-[(2-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzyl)amino]benzoic acid hemihydrate

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In the crystal of the title vanilline derivative, $2C_{15}H_{15}NO_4 \cdot H_2O$, the secondary amine molecule is accompanied by half equivalent of water. The molecule is non-planar, with torsion angle $C_{aryl}-CH_2-NH-C_{aryl}$ of -83.9 (2)°. In the crystal, the system of $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds, including bridging water molecules residing on crystallographic twofold axes, results in a two-dimensional layered structure. Within the layers, there are also weak $N-H\cdots \pi$ interactions involving the vanilline benzene ring.

1. Chemical context

The title compound is obtained by reduction of reported (Kamaal et al., 2018) (E)-4-(2-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylideneamino)benzoic acid with sodiumborohydride. The Schiff base is formed by condensation of 4-aminobenzoic acid with o-vanilline. Both p-aminobenzoic acid and o-vanilline have biological importance, for example as a bacterial cofactor involved in the synthesis of folic acid (Robinson, 1966). Another example is benzocaine, the ethyl ester of *p*-aminobenzoic acid, which is a local anaesthetic. The mechanism includes inhibiting voltage-dependent sodium channels on the nerve membrane, which results in stopping the signal propagation (Neumcke et al., 1981). The present work is also a part of an ongoing structural study of Schiff bases and secondary amines for their utilization in the synthesis of new organic compounds and application of excited-state proton transfer and fluorescent chemosensor (Faizi et al., 2016a,b, 2018a,b; Kumar et al., 2018; Mukherjee et al., 2018).



2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1. The title compound has two substituted aromatic rings



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Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labelling. The intermolecular $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bond involving the water molecule is shown as a dashed line (see Table 1 for details). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 40% probability level.

at either end of the $-CH_2-NH-$ linkage $[C_{aryl}-CH_2-NH-C_{aryl}$ torsion angle = $-83.9 (2)^{\circ}]$. The water solvent stabilizes the crystal structure through hydrogen bonding. The secondary amine N atom has a practically planar trigonal configuration deviating by just 0.03 (1) Å from the mean plane of the adjacent atoms, and it is apparently conjugated with the adjacent benzene ring [the C–N bond length is 1.368 (2) Å]. For comparison, the reported C–N distance in crystal structure of the ethyl 4-[(*E*)-(4-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene)-amino]benzoate Schiff base is 1.274 (2) Å (Ling *et al.*, 2016) and in the zwitterion it is 1.312 Å (Kamaal *et al.*, 2018). The C6–O2 bond of the hydroxyl group [1.371 (2)Å] and those of the acid moiety [O3–C15 = 1.224 (2) and O4–C15 =



Figure 2 A view of the crystal packing of the title compound.

Table 1			
Hydrogen-bor	nd geometry	(Å,	°).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C2–C7 ring.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$O5-H5\cdots O2^{i}$	0.82(2)	2.06 (2)	2.8640 (19)	164 (3)
$O2-H2A\cdots O3^{ii}$	0.93 (3)	1.82 (3)	2.6844 (17)	154 (2)
$O4-H4A\cdots O5$	0.94 (3)	1.81 (3)	2.6776 (15)	153 (3)
$N1 - H1 \cdots Cg1^{iii}$	0.96 (2)	2.40 (2)	3.3008 (18)	157 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, z; (iii) x, y - 1, z.

1.317 (2) Å] are in the expected ranges. The C5-O1 bond length to the methoxy group is 1.372 (2) Å.

3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, molecules are connected *via* O–H···O interactions forming layers in the *ab* plane (Table 1, Fig. 2). While the N–H group is not involved in traditional hydrogenbonding interactions, there are intermolecular N–H··· π interactions within the layers (Table 1, Fig. 3).





A view along the c axis of the zigzag chain in the crystal of the title compound. The $N-H\cdots\pi$ interactions are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

4. Database survey

A search through the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD, Version 5.39, update Aug 2018; Groom et al., 2016) gave nine hits for the secondary amine. There are only two examples of similar compounds in the literature: ethyl 4-{[(2-hydroxyphenyl)methyl]amino]benzoate, (I) (WEFQEG; Salman et al., 2017), and ethyl 4-[(3,5-di-tert-butyl-2-hydroxybenzyl)amino]benzoate, (II) (VABTAV;. Shakir et al., 2010). Other related structures based on benzylidene-phenyl-amine are reported *n*-propyl 4-[2-(4,6-dimethoxypyrimidin-2-yloxy)benzylas amino]benzoate, (III) (ILAGIL; Wu et al., 2003), and [4-(2hydroxybenzylamino)benzoato- κO]triphenyltin(IV), (IV) (WENXAP; Jiang et al., 2006), There is also one very similar compound, viz. ethyl 4-[(2-hydroxybenzyl)amino]benzoate (Salman et al., 2017), in which the 3-methoxy group in the title compound is replaced by a hydrogen atom and the carboxylic acid is replaced by an ester. The torsion angle Carvl-CH2-NH $-C_{arvl}$ in the title compound $[-83.9 (2)^{\circ}]$ compares well to those in I (73.68°), II (77.38°) and IV (-87.28°) despite the difference in substituent groups.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

To a hot stirred solution of 4-aminobenzoic acid (PABA) (1.00 g, 7.2 mmol) in methanol (15 ml) was added vanillin (1.11 g, 7.2 mmol). The resultant mixture was then heated under reflux. After an hour, precipitates were formed. The reaction mixture was heated for about a further 30 minutes for the completion of the reaction, which was monitored through TLC. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered and washed with hot methanol. It was then dried in a vacuum to give (E)-4-(2-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzylidene-amino)benzoic acid (1) in 78% yield.

Compound (1) (1.00 g, 3.7 mmol) was dissolved in 25 mL of methanol and reduced by addition of excess sodium borohydride (0.28 g, 7.4 mmol). The solution was stirred until the yellow colour disappeared. Then the solution was diluted with 8–10 times the volume of water and the pH was adjusted to 6 by addition of 12% HCl. The white precipitate was collected and dried in air. Colourless single crystals of the title compound, suitable for X-ray analysis, were obtained by slow evaporation of a methanol solution.

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The N-H and O-H H atoms were located in difference-Fourier maps and freely refined, while the C-bound H atoms were included in calculated positions and treated as riding, with fixed C-H = 0.93 Å, and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C,N)$.

Acknowledgements

The authors thank the Department of Chemistry, L. S. College, B. R. A. Bihar University, and the Department of Applied

Table	2	
Experi	mental	details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$2C_{15}H_{15}NO_4 \cdot H_2O$
M _r	564.57
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, C2/c
Temperature (K)	296
a, b, c (Å)	24.742 (3), 5.5002 (6), 19.387 (2)
β (°)	98.292 (6)
$V(Å^3)$	2610.8 (5)
Z	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu \text{ (mm}^{-1})$	0.11
Crystal size (mm)	$0.45 \times 0.34 \times 0.14$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker APEXII CCD
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2014)
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	16146, 2570, 2138
$R_{\rm c}$	0.065
$(\sin \theta/\lambda)$ $(Å^{-1})$	0.617
(on one max (rr)	0.017
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.042, 0.107, 1.05
No. of reflections	2570
No. of parameters	203
No. of restraints	1
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta ho_{ m max}, \Delta ho_{ m min} \ ({ m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3})$	0.26, -0.22

Computer programs: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2014), SHELXT2014 (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2018 (Sheldrick, 2015b) and SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008).

Chemistry, Faculty of Engineering & Technology, Aligarh Muslim University, for providing laboratory facilities.

Funding information

The authors are grateful to the Department of Chemistry, National Taras Shevchenko University, for financial support.

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2019). E75, 159-162 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989018018455]

Crystal structure of 4-[(2-hydroxy-3-methoxybenzyl)amino]benzoic acid hemihydrate

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Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2014); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2014); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2014); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXT2014 (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2018* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

4-[(2-Hydroxy-3-methoxybenzyl)amino]benzoic acid hemihydrate

Crystal data $2C_{15}H_{15}NO_4 \cdot H_2O$ F(000) = 1192 $M_r = 564.57$ $D_{\rm x} = 1.436 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$ Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Monoclinic, C2/ca = 24.742 (3) Å Cell parameters from 6409 reflections $\theta = 2.5 - 28.2^{\circ}$ b = 5.5002 (6) Å $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ c = 19.387 (2) Å $\beta = 98.292~(6)^{\circ}$ T = 296 KV = 2610.8 (5) Å³ Prism, colorless Z = 4 $0.45 \times 0.34 \times 0.14$ mm Data collection Bruker APEXII CCD 2570 independent reflections diffractometer 2138 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ φ and ω scans $R_{\rm int} = 0.065$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^{\circ}$ Absorption correction: multi-scan $h = -30 \rightarrow 30$ (SADABS; Bruker, 2014) $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$ $l = -23 \rightarrow 23$ 16146 measured reflections Refinement Refinement on F^2 Hydrogen site location: mixed Least-squares matrix: full H atoms treated by a mixture of independent $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$ and constrained refinement $wR(F^2) = 0.107$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0366P)^2 + 3.8398P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ *S* = 1.05 2570 reflections $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.26 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 203 parameters $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ 1 restraint

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
O2	0.95635 (5)	0.7070(2)	0.67260 (6)	0.0206 (3)
O5	0.500000	0.7903 (3)	0.750000	0.0222 (4)
01	0.97314 (5)	1.0831 (2)	0.59182 (6)	0.0238 (3)
O3	0.56242 (5)	0.2504 (2)	0.65933 (7)	0.0271 (3)
O4	0.58989 (5)	0.6076 (3)	0.70737 (8)	0.0347 (4)
N1	0.81774 (6)	0.2583 (3)	0.63512 (8)	0.0197 (3)
C14	0.74975 (6)	0.5056 (3)	0.68083 (8)	0.0168 (3)
H14	0.775566	0.623501	0.696467	0.020*
C9	0.76511 (6)	0.2985 (3)	0.64627 (8)	0.0158 (3)
C12	0.65625 (6)	0.3621 (3)	0.66873 (8)	0.0174 (4)
C15	0.59858 (7)	0.3981 (3)	0.67792 (9)	0.0194 (4)
C7	0.86973 (6)	0.6259 (3)	0.60621 (9)	0.0177 (4)
C10	0.72476 (7)	0.1239 (3)	0.62307 (9)	0.0181 (4)
H10	0.734254	-0.014204	0.599877	0.022*
C13	0.69600 (7)	0.5340 (3)	0.69160 (8)	0.0174 (3)
H13	0.686232	0.671711	0.714756	0.021*
C5	0.92543 (7)	0.9565 (3)	0.57298 (9)	0.0187 (4)
C6	0.91728 (6)	0.7641 (3)	0.61739 (8)	0.0175 (4)
C2	0.83105 (7)	0.6781 (3)	0.54820 (9)	0.0206 (4)
H2	0.799081	0.587223	0.539822	0.025*
C8	0.86335 (6)	0.4187 (3)	0.65624 (9)	0.0184 (4)
H8A	0.896629	0.323016	0.662065	0.022*
H8B	0.859392	0.487346	0.701326	0.022*
C4	0.88690 (7)	1.0051 (3)	0.51542 (9)	0.0220 (4)
H4	0.892432	1.131150	0.485232	0.026*
C11	0.67166 (7)	0.1554 (3)	0.63432 (9)	0.0182 (4)
H11	0.645659	0.037923	0.618889	0.022*
C3	0.83997 (7)	0.8641 (3)	0.50316 (9)	0.0236 (4)
H3	0.814245	0.895045	0.464242	0.028*
C1	0.98495 (8)	1.2765 (3)	0.54726 (10)	0.0262 (4)
H1A	0.986748	1.213811	0.501435	0.039*
H1B	1.019360	1.348797	0.565539	0.039*
H1C	0.956674	1.397043	0.544826	0.039*
Н5	0.5159 (12)	0.891 (5)	0.7772 (13)	0.076 (10)*
H1	0.8246 (9)	0.120 (4)	0.6076 (12)	0.038 (6)*
H2A	0.9900 (10)	0.771 (5)	0.6651 (13)	0.050 (7)*
H4A	0.5536 (12)	0.630 (6)	0.7145 (15)	0.073 (9)*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

supporting information

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
02	0.0122 (6)	0.0235 (7)	0.0262 (6)	-0.0025 (5)	0.0029 (5)	0.0043 (5)
O5	0.0150 (8)	0.0244 (10)	0.0277 (10)	0.000	0.0043 (7)	0.000
O1	0.0199 (6)	0.0212 (7)	0.0313 (7)	-0.0052(5)	0.0067 (5)	0.0063 (5)
O3	0.0136 (6)	0.0270 (7)	0.0411 (8)	-0.0032 (5)	0.0055 (5)	-0.0011 (6)
O4	0.0173 (7)	0.0366 (8)	0.0524 (9)	0.0000 (6)	0.0127 (6)	-0.0187 (7)
N1	0.0137 (7)	0.0186 (7)	0.0280 (8)	-0.0020 (6)	0.0071 (6)	-0.0034 (6)
C14	0.0150 (8)	0.0163 (8)	0.0191 (8)	-0.0038 (6)	0.0020 (6)	-0.0007 (6)
С9	0.0132 (7)	0.0169 (8)	0.0173 (8)	0.0001 (6)	0.0025 (6)	0.0030 (6)
C12	0.0148 (8)	0.0192 (8)	0.0184 (8)	0.0004 (7)	0.0037 (6)	0.0024 (7)
C15	0.0166 (8)	0.0220 (9)	0.0201 (8)	0.0010 (7)	0.0042 (6)	0.0013 (7)
C7	0.0156 (8)	0.0184 (8)	0.0207 (8)	0.0012 (7)	0.0084 (6)	-0.0023 (7)
C10	0.0176 (8)	0.0145 (8)	0.0224 (8)	0.0004 (7)	0.0035 (7)	-0.0002 (7)
C13	0.0176 (8)	0.0172 (8)	0.0178 (8)	0.0012 (7)	0.0039 (6)	-0.0011 (7)
C5	0.0161 (8)	0.0180 (8)	0.0236 (9)	0.0000 (7)	0.0083 (7)	-0.0010 (7)
C6	0.0149 (8)	0.0187 (8)	0.0198 (8)	0.0030 (7)	0.0057 (6)	-0.0020(7)
C2	0.0159 (8)	0.0232 (9)	0.0230 (9)	-0.0007 (7)	0.0038 (7)	-0.0033 (7)
C8	0.0116 (7)	0.0196 (9)	0.0246 (9)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0043 (6)	0.0003 (7)
C4	0.0249 (9)	0.0215 (9)	0.0211 (9)	0.0028 (7)	0.0082 (7)	0.0034 (7)
C11	0.0157 (8)	0.0150 (8)	0.0239 (9)	-0.0040 (6)	0.0026 (6)	0.0009 (7)
С3	0.0217 (9)	0.0287 (10)	0.0202 (9)	0.0018 (8)	0.0025 (7)	-0.0001 (7)
C1	0.0290 (10)	0.0180 (9)	0.0351 (10)	-0.0029 (8)	0.0159 (8)	0.0043 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O2—C6	1.371 (2)	С7—С6	1.391 (2)
O2—H2A	0.93 (3)	C7—C2	1.398 (2)
O5—H5	0.823 (17)	C7—C8	1.519 (2)
$O5-H5^{i}$	0.823 (17)	C10—C11	1.374 (2)
O1—C5	1.374 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
O1—C1	1.427 (2)	C13—H13	0.9300
O3—C15	1.224 (2)	C5—C4	1.385 (2)
O4—C15	1.317 (2)	C5—C6	1.397 (2)
O4—H4A	0.94 (3)	C2—C3	1.383 (3)
N1-C9	1.368 (2)	C2—H2	0.9300
N1—C8	1.445 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1—H1	0.96 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9700
C14—C13	1.384 (2)	C4—C3	1.388 (3)
С14—С9	1.401 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
C14—H14	0.9300	C11—H11	0.9300
C9—C10	1.411 (2)	С3—Н3	0.9300
C12—C13	1.390 (2)	C1—H1A	0.9600
C12—C11	1.399 (2)	C1—H1B	0.9600
C12—C15	1.477 (2)	C1—H1C	0.9600
С6—О2—Н2А	109.7 (15)	O1—C5—C6	114.50 (15)

			110.00 (1.0)
H5	96 (4)	C4—C5—C6	119.92 (16)
C5—O1—C1	117.37 (14)	O2—C6—C7	118.78 (15)
C15—O4—H4A	113.6 (19)	O2—C6—C5	120.42 (15)
C9—N1—C8	125.37 (15)	C7—C6—C5	120.79 (15)
C9—N1—H1	117.7 (13)	C3—C2—C7	120.46 (16)
C8—N1—H1	116.7 (13)	С3—С2—Н2	119.8
C13—C14—C9	119.78 (15)	С7—С2—Н2	119.8
C13—C14—H14	120.1	N1	115.22 (14)
C9—C14—H14	120.1	N1—C8—H8A	108.5
N1-C9-C14	122.47 (15)	C7—C8—H8A	108.5
N1—C9—C10	119.03 (15)	N1—C8—H8B	108.5
C14—C9—C10	118.50 (14)	C7—C8—H8B	108.5
C13—C12—C11	118.44 (15)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.5
C13—C12—C15	121.46 (15)	C5—C4—C3	119.45 (16)
C11—C12—C15	120.06 (15)	C5—C4—H4	120.3
O3—C15—O4	123.39 (15)	C3—C4—H4	120.3
O3-C15-C12	123.62 (16)	C10-C11-C12	120.71 (15)
04—C15—C12	112.98 (15)	C10—C11—H11	119.6
C6-C7-C2	118.60 (16)	C12—C11—H11	119.6
C6-C7-C8	118.28 (15)	C2—C3—C4	120.72 (16)
C2—C7—C8	123.08 (15)	C2—C3—H3	119.6
C11—C10—C9	120.84 (15)	С4—С3—Н3	119.6
C11—C10—H10	119.6	O1—C1—H1A	109.5
С9—С10—Н10	119.6	O1—C1—H1B	109.5
C14—C13—C12	121.73 (15)	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
C14—C13—H13	119.1	01—C1—H1C	109.5
C12—C13—H13	119.1	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
01	125.57 (16)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
C8—N1—C9—C14	-0.4(3)	C8—C7—C6—C5	179.87 (15)
C8—N1—C9—C10	-179.51 (15)	O1—C5—C6—O2	-3.0(2)
C13—C14—C9—N1	-178.88(15)	C4—C5—C6—O2	176.85 (15)
C13—C14—C9—C10	0.2 (2)	O1—C5—C6—C7	177.53 (14)
C13—C12—C15—O3	-179.11 (16)	C4—C5—C6—C7	-2.7(2)
C11—C12—C15—O3	3.0 (3)	C6—C7—C2—C3	-0.2(2)
C13—C12—C15—O4	1.8 (2)	C8—C7—C2—C3	-177.81 (16)
C11—C12—C15—O4	-176.06 (15)	C9—N1—C8—C7	-83.9 (2)
N1—C9—C10—C11	178.86 (15)	C6—C7—C8—N1	-170.01 (14)
C14—C9—C10—C11	-0.3 (2)	C2C7C8N1	7.6 (2)
C9-C14-C13-C12	-0.3(2)	O1—C5—C4—C3	-179.06 (16)
C11—C12—C13—C14	0.3 (2)	C6—C5—C4—C3	1.2 (2)
C15—C12—C13—C14	-177.56 (15)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.4 (3)
C1—O1—C5—C4	-2.0 (2)	C13—C12—C11—C10	-0.4(2)
C1—O1—C5—C6	177.78 (14)	C15—C12—C11—C10	177.54 (15)
C2—C7—C6—O2	-177.34 (14)	C7—C2—C3—C4	-1.3 (3)
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supporting information

C8—C7—C6—O2	0.3 (2)	C5—C4—C3—C2	0.8 (3)
C2—C7—C6—C5	2.2 (2)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, y, -z+3/2.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C2–C7 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
O5—H5…O2 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (2)	2.06 (2)	2.8640 (19)	164 (3)
O2—H2A···O3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93 (3)	1.82 (3)	2.6844 (17)	154 (2)
O4—H4 <i>A</i> ···O5	0.94 (3)	1.81 (3)	2.6776 (15)	153 (3)
N1—H1···· $Cg1^{iv}$	0.96 (2)	2.40 (2)	3.3008 (18)	157 (2)

Symmetry codes: (ii) -*x*+3/2, *y*+1/2, -*z*+3/2; (iii) *x*+1/2, *y*+1/2, *z*; (iv) *x*, *y*-1, *z*.