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# Crystal structure of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide 

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Tetrakis(2-methylpropyl)thioperoxydicarbonic diamide, or tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide, $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{4}$, crystallizes in a general position in the triclinic space group $P \overline{1}$ but shows pseudo- $C_{2}$ symmetry about the disulfide bond. The $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{S}-$ $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{C}$ torsion angle $\left[-85.81(2)^{\circ}\right]$ and the dihedral angle between the two $\mathrm{NCS}_{2}$ mean planes [85.91 (5) ${ }^{\circ}$ ] are within the range observed for this compound type. Multiple intra- and intermolecular $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}$ close contacts appear to play a role in assisting the specific conformation of the pendant isobutyl groups and the packing arrangement of molecules within the cell. Tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide molecules of one optical configuration form sheets in the plane of the $a$ and $b$ axes. Inversion centers exist between adjoining sheets, which stack along the $c$ axis and alternate in the handedness of their constituent molecules.

## 1. Chemical context

$N, N, N^{\prime}, N^{\prime}$-Tetraalkylthioperoxydicarbonic diamides, commonly called tetrathiuram disulfides, comprise a class of organosulfur compounds with applications that are both diverse and long-standing. Tetramethylthiuram disulfide, known by the commercial name thiram, is broadly useful both as a fungicide (Sharma et al., 2003) and as a repellent against animals that feed upon seedling trees (Radwan, 1969). In industry, thiram and related tetraalkylthiuram disulfides find application as vulcanizing agents in the production of synthetic rubber (Datta \& Ingham, 2001; Ignatz-Hoover \& To, 2016). Tetraethylthiuram disulfide, under the trade name disulfiram, is used for the treatment of chronic alcoholism because of its inhibitory effect upon liver alcohol dehydrogenase (Mutschler et al., 2016). More recently, it has received scrutiny for its ability to sensitize cancer cells to radiotherapy and to the effects of anticancer drugs (Jiao et al., 2016) as well as for its bactericidal action against drug-resistant Mycobacterium tuberculosis (Horita et al., 2012). Tetraalkylthiuram disulfides function both as chelating ligands themselves (Chieh, 1977; Chieh, 1978; Thirumaran et al., 2000; Saravanan et al., 2005; Prakasam et al., 2009) and as precursors to dithiocarbamate ligands, which are used in the coordination chemistry of both the transition metals (Hogarth, 2005) and main group elements (Heard, 2005).

In the course of some studies of diisobutyldithiocarbamate coordination complexes of molybdenum, we have noted a report describing an ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}^{i} \mathrm{Bu}_{2}\right)_{2}\right]$ that was more complex than anticipated, even considering the hindered rotation about the ${ }^{-} \mathrm{S}_{2}-\mathrm{CN}^{i} \mathrm{Bu}_{2}$ bond (Raston \& White, 1976). This complexity was attributed to intraligand $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H}$ interactions involving the tertiary hydrogen of the
isobutyl group. Although the room temperature ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of $N, N, N^{\prime}, N^{\prime}$ - tetrakis(2-methylpropyl)thioperoxydicarbonic diamide (tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide) itself does not show evidence of such intramolecular interaction, several recent studies of tetrathiuram disulfides have suggested such interactions in the crystalline state (Raya et al., 2005; Srinivasan et al., 2012; Nath et al., 2016). This possibility of similar weak interaction(s) in the crystal structure of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide has motivated a determination of its structure by X-ray diffraction, reported herein.


## 2. Structural commentary

Tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide crystallizes upon a general position in $P \overline{1}$ but has pseudo- $C_{2}$ symmetry across the disulfide bond, strict $C_{2}$ symmetry being disrupted by conformational differences among the pendant isobutyl groups (Fig. 1a). Despite the lack of strict $C_{2}$ symmetry, tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide is nevertheless chiral. The image in Fig. $1 a$ presents the molecule with a left-handed configuration to the core $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CNC}(\mathrm{S}) \mathrm{S}-\mathrm{SC}(\mathrm{S}) \mathrm{NCH}_{2-}$ portion. If Fig. $1 a$ were to be viewed from above, along the pseudo $C_{2}$ axis that bisects the $\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{S} 4$ bond, the $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ and $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{S} 2$ thione bonds would project forward and backward, respectively, from the plane of the paper and thereby define a left-handed propeller. The right-handed counterpart is necessarily the other occupant of the unit cell, as required by the racemic space group. Among the structurally characterized thiuram disulfides, crystallographically imposed $C_{2}$ symmetry is also common (Fig. 3).

The S3-S4 bond length is 1.9931 (10) $\AA$, while the thione $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{S}$ bonds are essentially identical at 1.642 (3) and 1.643 (3) $\AA$. The $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{S} 4-\mathrm{C} 2$ torsion angle, $\tau$, is $-85.81(2)^{\circ}$ and, as is typical of tetrathiuram disulfides, very similar in magnitude to the angle of $85.91(5)^{\circ}$ between the mean planes defined by the $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}$ fragments, $\theta$.

Multiple intramolecular $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}$ contacts that are shorter than, or close to, the $2.92 \AA$ sum of the van der Waals radii (Rowland \& Taylor, 1996) for sulfur and hydrogen are calculated for the structure of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide. Each of the four sulfur atoms on the molecule is a participant in such a close contact, as illustrated in Fig. $1 b$ and shown in Table 1. Although weak individually, particularly since these $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ angles are closer to $90^{\circ}$ than to $180^{\circ}$ (Table 1), these interactions may act cooperatively with packing forces
to decide the specific molecular conformation that is adopted. Weak intermolecular $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}$ contacts are also calculated for molecules that stack along the $a$ axis of the cell (Fig. 2). While angles for these contacts are larger ( $145.6,159.5^{\circ}$ ), the $D \cdots A$ separations are longer $[3.834$ (3), 3.810 (3) A $\AA$ ]. The geometric parameters for both these intramolecular and intermolecular S. . C-H contacts fall within the range defined as consistent with a weak $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{A}$ interaction (Desiraju \& Steiner, 1999). These features of the molecular packing in the crystal structure of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide suggest that the crystal structures of coordination complexes with the diisobutyldithiocarbamate ligand be considered for similar $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}$ contacts and, importantly, that variable temperature ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectroscopy be used to assess the importance of any such interactions in solution.

## 3. Supramolecular features

Molecules of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide are linked by C $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to form linear chains

(b)

Figure 1
(a) Displacement ellipsoid plot (50\%) of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide with complete labeling for the non-H atoms. (b) Displacement ellipsoid plot ( $50 \%$ probability) of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide illustrating close intramolecular $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}$ contacts (dashed lines).

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\mathrm{A},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 3$ | 0.99 | 2.34 | $2.907(3)$ | 115 |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 7 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1$ | 0.99 | 2.60 | $3.084(3)$ | 110 |
| C8-H8 $\cdots \mathrm{S}^{1}$ | 1.00 | 2.97 | $3.834(3)$ | 146 |
| C11-H11A $\cdot \mathrm{S} 4$ | 0.99 | 2.33 | $2.896(3)$ | 115 |
| ${\text { C11-H11 } B \cdots \mathrm{~S} 2^{\mathrm{ii}}}^{\text {C16-H16 } \cdots \mathrm{S} 2}$ | 0.99 | 2.87 | $3.810(3)$ | 160 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y, z$; (ii) $x-1, y, z$.
directed along the $a$ axis of the cell, and parallel chains then align within the $a b$ plane to form sheets (Fig. 2). Because the molecules within a single sheet are related, one from another, only by translations along $a$ or $b$, they all have the same optical configuration. The sheets in the $a b$ plane then stack along the $c$
axis of the cell. The cell's inversion center resides within the center of the cell and relates molecules from neighboring sheets. Consequently, the sheets alternate in the handedness of the molecules from which they are comprised.

## 4. Database survey

Values for $\tau$ and $\theta$ for structures in the Cambridge Structural Database (Web CSD v1.1.1; Groom et al., 2016) were determined using Mercury (Macrae et al., 2008). These structures are: METHUS (Marøy, 1965), METHUS01 (Ymén, 1983), METHUS02 (Wang et al., 1986), METHUS03 (Wang \& Liao, 1989), METHUS04 (Wang \& Liao, 1989), ETHUSS (Karle et al., 1967) ETHUSS01 (Wang et al., 1986), ETHUSS02 (Wang \& Liao, 1989), ETHUSS03 (Wang \& Liao, 1989), ETHUSS04 (Shi \& Wang, 1992), ETHUSS05 (Hu, 2000), HIQJUM (Jian et al., 1999), HIQJUM01 (Yu \& Wang, 2003), JECYAZ (Kumar et al., 1990), TIBFEQ (Zhai et al., 2007), ZEMPUC (Hall \& Tiekink, 1995), KAZHEA (Karim et al., 2012), NELTUT (Fun et al., 2001), XEBJOF (Ajibade et al., 2012), JAXPOO (Raya et al., 2005), CAPLEK (Williams et al., 1983), CAPLEK01 (Ymén, 1983), CAPLEK02 (Yamin et al., 1996), CAPLEK03 (Bai et al., 2010), RISNEN (Quan et al., 2008), ULOXIC (Bodige \& Watson, 2003), PIPTHS (Dix \& Rae, 1973), PIPTHS01 (Shi \& Wang, 1992), EWESUW (Nath et al., 2016), BOMPAU (Rout et al., 1982), VOHFIH (Polyakova \& Starikova, 1990), VOHFIH01 (Ivanov et al., 2003), PECWOL (Uludağ et al., 2013), ZIJLOV (Srinivasan et al., 2012) and MEMFUG (Sączewski et al., 2006).

The $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{C}$ torsion angle $(\tau)$ and the dihedral angle $(\theta)$ between $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{CN}$ mean planes are closely comparable to values observed for the analogous features in most other tetrathiuram disulfides, as summarized in Fig. 3. Positive and negative values of $\tau$ occur with approximately equal frequency for tetra-

Figure 2
Stacking of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide molecules along the $a$ axis of the unit cell, showing intermolecular S $\cdots \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{C}$ close contacts. Displacement ellipsoids are represented at the $50 \%$ probability level. Parallel stacks fill in the $a b$ plane to form two-dimensional sheets, as shown. (Symmetry operations: $x+1, y, z ; x, y+1, z$.)


[^0]Figure 3
Summary of structurally characterized tetrathiuram disulfides, $R R^{\prime} \mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{S}) \mathrm{SSC}(\mathrm{S}) \mathrm{N} R R^{\prime}$.

## research communications

Table 2
Experimental details.

Crystal data

| Chemical formula | $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $M_{\mathrm{r}}$ | 408.73 |
| Crystal system, space group | Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$ |
| Temperature (K) | 100 |
| $a, b, c(\AA)$ | $7.2449(11), 9.6102(14), 17.196(3)$ |
| $\alpha, \beta, \gamma\left(^{\circ}\right)$ | $98.580(2), 94.540(2), 103.409(2)$ |
| $V\left(\AA^{3}\right)$ | $1143.5(3)$ |
| $Z$ | 2 |
| Radiation type | Mo $K \alpha$ |
| $\mu\left(\mathrm{~mm}^{-1}\right)$ | 0.42 |
| Crystal size $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $0.17 \times 0.12 \times 0.06$ |
|  |  |
| Data collection |  |
| Diffractometer | Bruker APEXII CCD |
| Absorption correction | Multi-scan $(S A D A B S ;$ Bruker, |
|  | $2016)$ |
| $T_{\text {min }}, T_{\text {max }}$ | $0.745,0.977$ |
| No. of measured, independent and | $17180,4168,3161$ |
| $\quad$ observed $[I>2 \sigma(I)]$ reflections |  |
| $R_{\text {int }}$ | 0.057 |
| $(\text { sin } \theta / \lambda)_{\text {max }}\left(\AA \AA^{-1}\right)$ | 0.604 |
|  |  |
| Refinement |  |
| $R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right], w R\left(F^{2}\right), S$ | $0.052,0.146,1.07$ |
| No. of reflections | 4168 |
| No. of parameters | 225 |
| $H$-atom treatment | H -atom parameters constrained |
| $\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}, \Delta \rho_{\text {min }}\left(\mathrm{e} \AA \AA^{-3}\right)$ | $0.87,-0.35$ |

$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}, \Delta \rho_{\text {min }}(\mathrm{e} \mathrm{A})$

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## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2017). E73, 1764-1769 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989017015158]

## Crystal structure of tetraisobutylthiuram disulfide

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## Computing details

Data collection: APEX3 (Bruker, 2016); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2016); data reduction: SAINT (Bruker, 2016); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008).
$N, N, N^{\prime}, N^{\prime}$-Tetrakis(2-methylpropyl)disulfane-1,2-dicarbothioamide

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{4}$
$M_{r}=408.73$
Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$
$a=7.2449$ (11) $\AA$
$b=9.6102(14) \AA$
$c=17.196$ (3) $\AA$
$\alpha=98.580(2)^{\circ}$
$\beta=94.540(2)^{\circ}$
$\gamma=103.409(2)^{\circ}$
$V=1143.5(3) \AA^{3}$

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 8.3333 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2016)
$T_{\min }=0.745, T_{\text {max }}=0.977$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.052$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.146$
$S=1.07$
4168 reflections
225 parameters
0 restraints
$Z=2$
$F(000)=444$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.187 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 4848 reflections
$\theta=2.2-25.2^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.42 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, pale yellow
$0.17 \times 0.12 \times 0.06 \mathrm{~mm}$

17180 measured reflections
4168 independent reflections
3161 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.057$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=25.4^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.2^{\circ}$
$h=-8 \rightarrow 8$
$k=-11 \rightarrow 11$
$l=-20 \rightarrow 20$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0883 P)^{2}\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}=0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.87 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.35$ e $\AA^{-3}$

# supporting information 

## Special details

Experimental. The diffraction data were obtained from 3 sets of 400 frames, each of width $0.5^{\circ}$ in $\omega$, collected at $\varphi=$ $0.00,90.00$ and $180.00^{\circ}$ and 2 sets of 800 frames, each of width $0.45^{\circ}$ in $\varphi$, collected at $\omega=-30.00$ and $210.00^{\circ}$. The scan time was $60 \mathrm{sec} /$ frame.
Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }}{ }^{*} / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S1 | 0.11097 (10) | 0.22088 (8) | 0.72835 (4) | 0.0265 (2) |
| S2 | 0.35046 (10) | 0.62092 (8) | 0.68215 (4) | 0.0268 (2) |
| S3 | 0.37169 (10) | 0.47724 (7) | 0.84025 (4) | 0.0250 (2) |
| S4 | 0.13548 (10) | 0.54581 (8) | 0.82084 (4) | 0.0253 (2) |
| N1 | 0.4760 (3) | 0.2440 (2) | 0.77920 (12) | 0.0177 (5) |
| N2 | 0.0291 (3) | 0.6939 (2) | 0.71490 (12) | 0.0184 (5) |
| C1 | 0.3217 (4) | 0.2980 (3) | 0.77839 (15) | 0.0195 (6) |
| C2 | 0.1689 (4) | 0.6296 (3) | 0.73258 (16) | 0.0208 (6) |
| C3 | 0.6574 (4) | 0.3090 (3) | 0.83096 (15) | 0.0195 (6) |
| H3A | 0.6641 | 0.4125 | 0.8506 | 0.023* |
| H3B | 0.7650 | 0.3052 | 0.7993 | 0.023* |
| C4 | 0.6811 (4) | 0.2335 (3) | 0.90154 (15) | 0.0253 (6) |
| H4 | 0.6567 | 0.1270 | 0.8813 | 0.030* |
| C5 | 0.8874 (4) | 0.2875 (4) | 0.94048 (18) | 0.0375 (8) |
| H5A | 0.9155 | 0.3924 | 0.9597 | 0.056* |
| H5B | 0.9740 | 0.2674 | 0.9017 | 0.056* |
| H5C | 0.9052 | 0.2375 | 0.9851 | 0.056* |
| C6 | 0.5418 (5) | 0.2552 (4) | 0.96030 (17) | 0.0384 (8) |
| H6A | 0.5722 | 0.3576 | 0.9854 | 0.058* |
| H6B | 0.5511 | 0.1948 | 1.0009 | 0.058* |
| H6C | 0.4115 | 0.2273 | 0.9328 | 0.058* |
| C7 | 0.4768 (4) | 0.1089 (3) | 0.72601 (15) | 0.0215 (6) |
| H7A | 0.3433 | 0.0528 | 0.7085 | 0.026* |
| H7B | 0.5411 | 0.0491 | 0.7556 | 0.026* |
| C8 | 0.5774 (4) | 0.1370 (3) | 0.65392 (16) | 0.0295 (7) |
| H8 | 0.7063 | 0.2031 | 0.6734 | 0.035* |
| C9 | 0.6088 (4) | -0.0045 (3) | 0.61130 (17) | 0.0303 (7) |
| H9A | 0.6814 | -0.0465 | 0.6480 | 0.045* |
| H9B | 0.6803 | 0.0145 | 0.5664 | 0.045* |
| H9C | 0.4849 | -0.0727 | 0.5920 | 0.045* |
| C10 | 0.4765 (5) | 0.2120 (4) | 0.59941 (19) | 0.0437 (9) |
| H10A | 0.5528 | 0.2336 | 0.5562 | 0.066* |
| H10B | 0.4598 | 0.3026 | 0.6291 | 0.066* |
| H10C | 0.3510 | 0.1484 | 0.5775 | 0.066* |
| C11 | -0.1242 (4) | 0.7070 (3) | 0.76450 (15) | 0.0191 (6) |
| H11A | -0.1361 | 0.6320 | 0.7988 | 0.023* |


| H11B | -0.2462 | 0.6864 | 0.7296 | $0.023^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C12 | $-0.0943(4)$ | $0.8561(3)$ | $0.81718(16)$ | $0.0266(7)$ |
| H12 | -0.1195 | 0.9262 | 0.7826 | $0.032^{*}$ |
| C13 | $0.1058(4)$ | $0.9157(3)$ | $0.86038(18)$ | $0.0337(7)$ |
| H13A | 0.1164 | 1.0126 | 0.8906 | $0.051^{*}$ |
| H13B | 0.1988 | 0.9220 | 0.8218 | $0.051^{*}$ |
| H13C | 0.1316 | 0.8510 | 0.8966 | $0.051^{*}$ |
| C14 | $-0.2443(5)$ | $0.8413(3)$ | $0.87450(18)$ | $0.0353(7)$ |
| H14A | -0.2247 | 0.7710 | 0.9081 | $0.053^{*}$ |
| H14B | -0.3719 | 0.8077 | 0.8446 | $0.053^{*}$ |
| H14C | -0.2329 | 0.9358 | 0.9077 | $0.053^{*}$ |
| C15 | $0.0346(4)$ | $0.7671(3)$ | $0.64587(15)$ | $0.0209(6)$ |
| H15A | 0.1683 | 0.8198 | 0.6436 | $0.025^{*}$ |
| H15B | -0.0420 | 0.8400 | 0.6531 | $0.025^{*}$ |
| C16 | $-0.0405(4)$ | $0.6652(3)$ | $0.56672(15)$ | $0.0232(6)$ |
| H16 | 0.0321 | 0.5883 | 0.5614 | $0.028^{*}$ |
| C17 | $-0.2504(4)$ | $0.5917(4)$ | $0.56081(18)$ | $0.0360(8)$ |
| H17A | -0.3243 | 0.6653 | 0.5659 | $0.054^{*}$ |
| H17B | -0.2725 | 0.5343 | 0.6033 | $0.054^{*}$ |
| H17C | -0.2908 | 0.5276 | 0.5094 | $0.054^{*}$ |
| C18 | $0.0007(5)$ | $0.7523(3)$ | $0.50071(17)$ | $0.0385(8)$ |
| H18A | -0.0641 | 0.8315 | 0.5064 | $0.058^{*}$ |
| H18B | -0.0459 | 0.6888 | 0.7927 | $0.058^{*}$ |
| H18C | 0.1388 |  | $0.058^{*}$ |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\hat{\AA}^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{\beta 3}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | $0.0192(4)$ | $0.0294(4)$ | $0.0315(4)$ | $0.0091(3)$ | $0.0001(3)$ | $0.0041(3)$ |
| S2 | $0.0186(4)$ | $0.0343(4)$ | $0.0328(4)$ | $0.0133(3)$ | $0.0059(3)$ | $0.0101(3)$ |
| S3 | $0.0285(4)$ | $0.0215(4)$ | $0.0278(4)$ | $0.0155(3)$ | $-0.0030(3)$ | $0.0013(3)$ |
| S4 | $0.0285(4)$ | $0.0274(4)$ | $0.0283(4)$ | $0.0188(3)$ | $0.0074(3)$ | $0.0100(3)$ |
| N1 | $0.0191(12)$ | $0.0171(11)$ | $0.0176(11)$ | $0.0076(9)$ | $-0.0006(9)$ | $0.0013(9)$ |
| N2 | $0.0163(11)$ | $0.0180(11)$ | $0.0235(12)$ | $0.0087(9)$ | $0.0031(9)$ | $0.0045(9)$ |
| C1 | $0.0240(15)$ | $0.0182(13)$ | $0.0206(14)$ | $0.0106(11)$ | $0.0053(11)$ | $0.0070(11)$ |
| C2 | $0.0195(14)$ | $0.0196(14)$ | $0.0237(14)$ | $0.0061(11)$ | $0.0002(11)$ | $0.0037(11)$ |
| C3 | $0.0184(14)$ | $0.0165(13)$ | $0.0243(14)$ | $0.0066(11)$ | $-0.0010(11)$ | $0.0039(11)$ |
| C4 | $0.0280(16)$ | $0.0263(15)$ | $0.0239(15)$ | $0.0103(12)$ | $-0.0007(12)$ | $0.0075(12)$ |
| C5 | $0.0311(18)$ | $0.053(2)$ | $0.0319(17)$ | $0.0170(15)$ | $-0.0057(13)$ | $0.0111(15)$ |
| C6 | $0.0363(18)$ | $0.054(2)$ | $0.0283(17)$ | $0.0109(16)$ | $0.0034(14)$ | $0.0167(15)$ |
| C7 | $0.0260(15)$ | $0.0158(13)$ | $0.0255(15)$ | $0.0111(11)$ | $0.0052(12)$ | $0.0020(11)$ |
| C8 | $0.0365(18)$ | $0.0273(16)$ | $0.0288(16)$ | $0.0152(14)$ | $0.0092(13)$ | $0.0033(13)$ |
| C9 | $0.0390(18)$ | $0.0301(16)$ | $0.0289(16)$ | $0.0204(14)$ | $0.0079(13)$ | $0.0068(13)$ |
| C10 | $0.059(2)$ | $0.048(2)$ | $0.0371(19)$ | $0.0299(18)$ | $0.0191(17)$ | $0.0126(16)$ |
| C11 | $0.0152(13)$ | $0.0184(13)$ | $0.0267(14)$ | $0.0088(11)$ | $0.0041(11)$ | $0.0047(11)$ |
| C12 | $0.0342(17)$ | $0.0212(14)$ | $0.0301(16)$ | $0.0143(13)$ | $0.0071(13)$ | $0.0088(12)$ |
| C13 | $0.0413(19)$ | $0.0250(16)$ | $0.0339(17)$ | $0.0071(14)$ | $0.0042(14)$ | $0.0040(13)$ |
| C14 | $0.0410(19)$ | $0.0326(17)$ | $0.0377(18)$ | $0.0196(15)$ | $0.0118(15)$ | $0.0033(14)$ |


| C15 | $0.0216(14)$ | $0.0179(13)$ | $0.0258(15)$ | $0.0101(11)$ | $0.0001(11)$ | $0.0050(11)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C16 | $0.0206(14)$ | $0.0256(14)$ | $0.0257(15)$ | $0.0102(12)$ | $0.0020(11)$ | $0.0048(12)$ |
| C17 | $0.0275(17)$ | $0.0418(19)$ | $0.0328(17)$ | $0.0045(14)$ | $0.0003(13)$ | $-0.0043(14)$ |
| C18 | $0.0384(19)$ | $0.045(2)$ | $0.0327(18)$ | $0.0081(15)$ | $0.0006(14)$ | $0.0130(15)$ |

## Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| S1-C1 | 1.642 (3) | C9-H9B | 0.9800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S2-C2 | 1.643 (3) | C9-H9C | 0.9800 |
| S3-C1 | 1.826 (3) | C10-H10A | 0.9800 |
| S3-S4 | 1.9931 (10) | C10-H10B | 0.9800 |
| S4-C2 | 1.828 (3) | C10-H10C | 0.9800 |
| N1-C1 | 1.337 (3) | C11-C12 | 1.536 (4) |
| N1-C7 | 1.474 (3) | C11-H11A | 0.9900 |
| N1-C3 | 1.476 (3) | C11-H11B | 0.9900 |
| N2-C2 | 1.341 (3) | C12-C13 | 1.516 (4) |
| N2-C15 | 1.466 (3) | C12-C14 | 1.521 (4) |
| N2-C11 | 1.469 (3) | C12-H12 | 1.0000 |
| C3-C4 | 1.522 (4) | C13-H13A | 0.9800 |
| C3-H3A | 0.9900 | C13-H13B | 0.9800 |
| C3-H3B | 0.9900 | C13-H13C | 0.9800 |
| C4-C6 | 1.510 (4) | C14-H14A | 0.9800 |
| C4-C5 | 1.527 (4) | C14-H14B | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4$ | 1.0000 | C14-H14C | 0.9800 |
| C5-H5A | 0.9800 | C15-C16 | 1.532 (4) |
| C5-H5B | 0.9800 | C15-H15A | 0.9900 |
| C5-H5C | 0.9800 | C15-H15B | 0.9900 |
| C6-H6A | 0.9800 | C16-C17 | 1.510 (4) |
| C6-H6B | 0.9800 | C16-C18 | 1.516 (4) |
| C6-H6C | 0.9800 | C16-H16 | 1.0000 |
| C7-C8 | 1.514 (4) | C17-H17A | 0.9800 |
| C7-H7A | 0.9900 | C17-H17B | 0.9800 |
| C7-H7B | 0.9900 | C17-H17C | 0.9800 |
| C8-C10 | 1.506 (4) | C18-H18A | 0.9800 |
| C8-C9 | 1.520 (4) | C18-H18B | 0.9800 |
| C8-H8 | 1.0000 | C18-H18C | 0.9800 |
| C9-H9A | 0.9800 |  |  |
| C1-S3-S4 | 104.71 (9) | H9B-C9—H9C | 109.5 |
| C2-S4-S3 | 104.22 (9) | C8-C10-H10A | 109.5 |
| C1-N1-C7 | 121.1 (2) | C8-C10-H10B | 109.5 |
| C1-N1-C3 | 125.3 (2) | H10A-C10-H10B | 109.5 |
| C7-N1-C3 | 113.6 (2) | C8-C10-H10C | 109.5 |
| C2-N2-C15 | 119.3 (2) | H10A-C10-H10C | 109.5 |
| C2- $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 11$ | 123.9 (2) | H10B-C10-H10C | 109.5 |
| C15-N2-C11 | 116.6 (2) | N2-C11-C12 | 114.6 (2) |
| N1-C1-S1 | 126.7 (2) | N2-C11-H11A | 108.6 |
| N1-C1-S3 | 111.45 (18) | C12-C11-H11A | 108.6 |


| S1-C1-S3 | 121.80 (15) |
| :---: | :---: |
| N2-C2-S2 | 125.8 (2) |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{S} 4$ | 112.26 (19) |
| S2-C2-S4 | 121.90 (16) |
| N1-C3-C4 | 113.4 (2) |
| N1-C3-H3A | 108.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | 108.9 |
| N1-C3-H3B | 108.9 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{~B}$ | 108.9 |
| H3A-C3-H3B | 107.7 |
| C6-C4-C3 | 112.5 (2) |
| C6-C4-C5 | 111.4 (2) |
| C3-C4-C5 | 108.8 (2) |
| C6-C4-H4 | 108.0 |
| C3-C4-H4 | 108.0 |
| C5-C4-H4 | 108.0 |
| C4-C5-H5A | 109.5 |
| C4-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| H5A-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| C4-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| H5A-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| H5B-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| C4-C6-H6A | 109.5 |
| C4-C6-H6B | 109.5 |
| H6A-C6-H6B | 109.5 |
| C4-C6- H 6 C | 109.5 |
| H6A-C6-H6C | 109.5 |
| H6B-C6-H6C | 109.5 |
| N1-C7-C8 | 112.5 (2) |
| N1-C7-H7A | 109.1 |
| C8-C7-H7A | 109.1 |
| N1-C7-H7B | 109.1 |
| C8-C7-H7B | 109.1 |
| H7A-C7-H7B | 107.8 |
| C10-C8-C7 | 113.3 (3) |
| C10-C8-C9 | 112.2 (3) |
| C7-C8-C9 | 109.4 (2) |
| C10-C8-H8 | 107.2 |
| C7-C8-H8 | 107.2 |
| C9-C8-H8 | 107.2 |
| C8-C9-H9A | 109.5 |
| C8-C9-H9B | 109.5 |
| H9A-C9-H9B | 109.5 |
| C8-C9-H9C | 109.5 |
| H9A-C9-H9C | 109.5 |


| N2-C11-H11B | 108.6 |
| :---: | :---: |
| C12-C11-H11B | 108.6 |
| H11A-C11-H11B | 107.6 |
| C13-C12-C14 | 111.6 (2) |
| C13-C12-C11 | 113.9 (2) |
| C14-C12-C11 | 107.2 (2) |
| C13-C12-H12 | 108.0 |
| C14-C12-H12 | 108.0 |
| C11-C12-H12 | 108.0 |
| C12-C13-H13A | 109.5 |
| C12-C13-H13B | 109.5 |
| H13A-C13-H13B | 109.5 |
| C12-C13-H13C | 109.5 |
| H13A-C13-H13C | 109.5 |
| H13B-C13-H13C | 109.5 |
| C12-C14-H14A | 109.5 |
| C12-C14-H14B | 109.5 |
| H14A-C14-H14B | 109.5 |
| C12-C14-H14C | 109.5 |
| H14A-C14-H14C | 109.5 |
| H14B-C14-H14C | 109.5 |
| N2-C15-C16 | 114.4 (2) |
| N2-C15-H15A | 108.7 |
| C16-C15-H15A | 108.7 |
| N2-C15-H15B | 108.7 |
| C16-C15-H15B | 108.7 |
| H15A-C15-H15B | 107.6 |
| C17-C16-C18 | 111.2 (2) |
| C17-C16-C15 | 112.8 (2) |
| C18-C16-C15 | 108.2 (2) |
| C17-C16-H16 | 108.2 |
| C18-C16-H16 | 108.2 |
| C15-C16-H16 | 108.2 |
| C16-C17-H17A | 109.5 |
| C16-C17-H17B | 109.5 |
| H17A-C17-H17B | 109.5 |
| C16-C17-H17C | 109.5 |
| H17A-C17-H17C | 109.5 |
| H17B-C17-H17C | 109.5 |
| C16-C18-H18A | 109.5 |
| C16-C18-H18B | 109.5 |
| H18A-C18-H18B | 109.5 |
| C16-C18-H18C | 109.5 |
| H18A-C18-H18C | 109.5 |
| H18B-C18-H18C | 109.5 |

Hydrogen-bond geometry (A, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 3 — \mathrm{H} 3 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 3$ | 0.99 | 2.34 | $2.907(3)$ | 115 |
| $\mathrm{C} 7 — \mathrm{H} 7 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1$ | 0.99 | 2.60 | $3.084(3)$ | 110 |
| $\mathrm{C} 8 — \mathrm{H} 8 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 1.00 | 2.97 | $3.834(3)$ | 146 |
| $\mathrm{C} 11 — \mathrm{H} 11 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 4$ | 0.99 | 2.33 | $2.896(3)$ | 115 |
| $\mathrm{C} 11-\mathrm{H} 11 B \cdots \mathrm{~S} 2^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.99 | 2.87 | $3.810(3)$ | 160 |
| $\mathrm{C} 16 — \mathrm{H} 16 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 2$ | 1.00 | 2.91 | $3.473(3)$ | 117 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y, z$; (ii) $x-1, y, z$.


[^0]:    ${ }^{a}$ Values for $\tau$ and $\theta$ for structures occurring in the Cambridge Structural Database are determined with Mercury, Version 3.3, 2013, ${ }^{b} \tau=\mathrm{C}$-S-
    S-C torsion angle. ${ }^{c} \theta=$ dihedral angle between NCS ${ }_{2}$ mean planes. ${ }^{d}$ This structure reports $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{S}) \mathrm{SSC}(\mathrm{S}) \mathrm{NE} \mathrm{t}_{2}$ in space group $P 2_{1}$, which has been identified as incorrect in ETHUSS05, ${ }^{e}$ The tetrathiuram disulfide occurs with $\mathrm{SbCl}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}_{2}$ in the asymmetric unit. ${ }^{f}$ The tetrathiuram disulfide occurs with 2,3-dibromo-5,6-dimethylbenzoquinone in the asymmetric unit. ${ }^{8}$ One 4-methylpiperidinyl group is disordered over two positions and occasions two values for $\theta$.

