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Crystal structure of bis(2-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium) tetrachloridocobaltate(II)

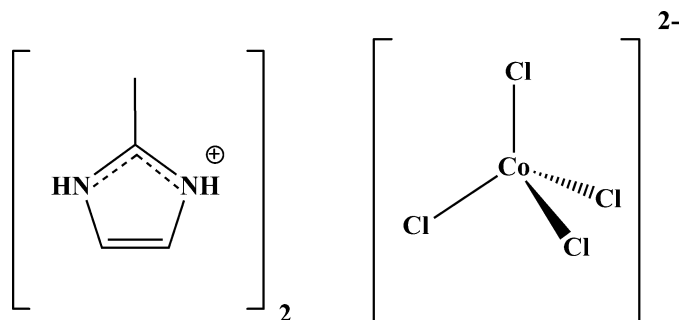
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The asymmetric unit of the title compound, (C₄H₇N₂)₂[CoCl₄], consists of two 2-methylimidazolium cations and one tetrahedral [CoCl₄]²⁻ anion. The anions and cations interact through N–H···Cl hydrogen bonds to define layers with a stacking direction along [100]. Besides van der Waals forces, weak C–H···Cl interactions between these layers stabilize the crystal packing.

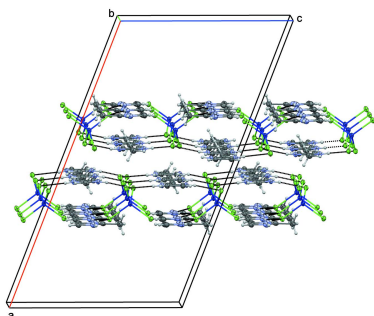
1. Chemical context

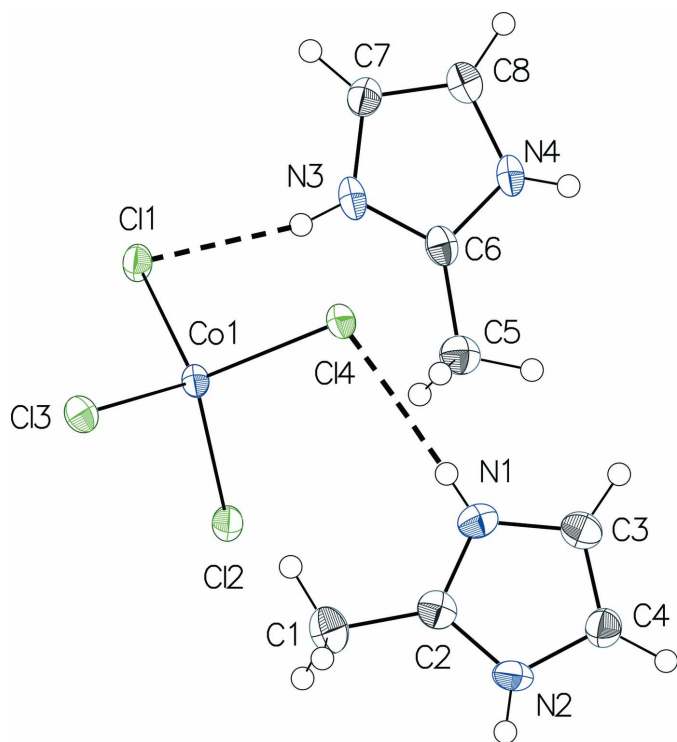
Studies of the behaviour of 2-methylimidazole as a ligand resulted in the title compound, (C₄H₇N₂)₂[CoCl₄] (Fig. 1), which belongs to salts based on anionic metal halides. This family of organic–inorganic hybrid compounds has been studied intensively for its structural, thermal, spectroscopic and magnetic properties (Issaoui *et al.*, 2015). The structure of the related bis(imidazolium) tetrachloridocobaltate(II) salt has been reported by Zhang *et al.* (2005) (100 K data) and Adams *et al.* (2008) (298 K data).



2. Structural commentary

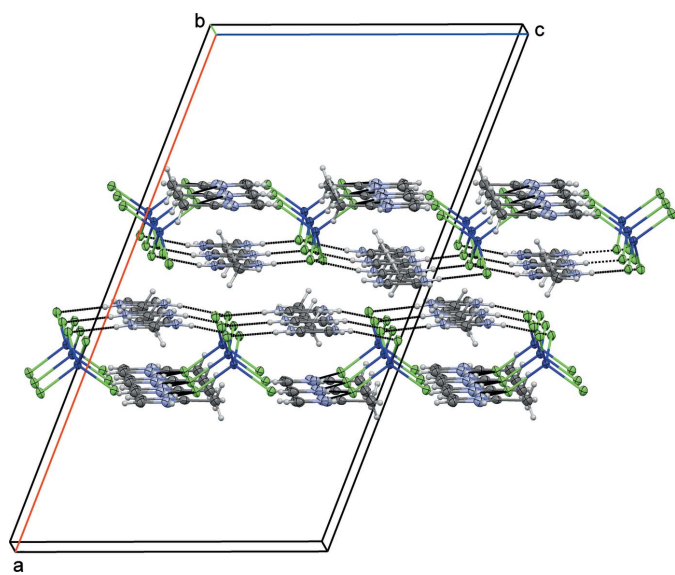
The Co–Cl distances [2.2506 (8)–2.2907 (8) Å] are characteristic, and the mean distance (2.275 Å) is in very good agreement with the average Co–Cl bond length of 2.275 Å calculated on basis of 337 isolated [CoCl₄]²⁻ anions from a set of 314 structures retrieved after a search in the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD, Version 5.36 with three updates; Groom & Allen, 2014). The longest Co–Cl distance in the title structure is observed for atom Cl4 which is an acceptor atom of two hydrogen bonds (Mghandef & Boughzala, 2015). The range for the Cl–Co–Cl angles [106.55 (3)–111.89 (3)°] indicates a slight distortion from the ideal tetrahedral geometry. The imidazolium rings of the cations are planar with a maximum deviation of ±0.007 (2) Å and also are almost parallel to each other, with a dihedral angle between them of 0.9 (2)°. For the cations, the N–C distances involving the C




Figure 1

The molecular components in the structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen bonds of the N–H···Cl type are drawn as black dotted lines.

atoms that carry the methyl groups (C2–N1/C2–N2 and C6–N3/C6–N4, respectively) are virtually the same (Table 1). A search in the CSD for 2-methylimidazolium cations returned 66 entries from 53 different structures. In 74% of them, these two distances differ by no more than 0.01 Å.


Figure 2

Partial packing diagram of the title structure viewed approximately along [010], showing two layers. Hydrogen bonds of the type N–H···Cl are drawn as black dotted lines.

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

N3–C6	1.336 (4)	Co1–Cl1	2.2799 (9)
N4–C6	1.336 (4)	Co1–Cl2	2.2803 (9)
N1–C2	1.332 (5)	Co1–Cl3	2.2506 (8)
N2–C2	1.330 (5)	Co1–Cl4	2.2907 (8)

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D–H···A	D–H	H···A	D···A	D–H···A
N1–H1···Cl4	0.76 (5)	2.46 (5)	3.220 (3)	177 (5)
N2–H2···Cl4 ⁱ	0.77 (5)	2.54 (5)	3.282 (3)	163 (4)
N3–H3···Cl1	0.79 (4)	2.39 (4)	3.166 (3)	165 (4)
N4–H4···Cl2 ⁱⁱ	0.78 (4)	2.42 (5)	3.198 (3)	175 (4)
C4–H4A···Cl3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.94 (4)	2.73 (4)	3.428 (4)	132 (3)
C3–H3A···Cl3 ⁱⁱ	0.93 (5)	2.70 (5)	3.535 (4)	151 (4)
C8–H8···Cl1 ^{iv}	0.96 (5)	2.65 (5)	3.575 (4)	160 (3)
C7–H7···Cl2 ^v	0.94 (4)	2.69 (4)	3.617 (4)	168 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y - 1, z$; (ii) $x, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x, -y, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x, -y + 2, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x, y + 1, z$.

3. Supramolecular features

The $[\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-}$ anion is linked *via* N–H···Cl hydrogen bonds to four cations and each cation is linked to two anions (Table 2). These interactions define layers parallel to (100) with alternating $[\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-}$ anions and cations (Fig. 2). Within these layers, the 2-methylimidazolium cations are involved in

Table 3

Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$(\text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{N}_2)_2[\text{CoCl}_4]$
M_r	366.96
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $C2/c$
Temperature (K)	100
a, b, c (Å)	26.847 (3), 7.9029 (8), 15.0938 (14)
β (°)	111.184 (6)
V (Å ³)	2986.0 (5)
Z	8
Radiation type	Ga $K\alpha$, $\lambda = 1.34139$ Å
μ (mm ⁻¹)	10.45
Crystal size (mm)	0.23 × 0.12 × 0.06
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker Venture Metaljet
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Krause <i>et al.</i> , 2015)
T_{\min} , T_{\max}	0.392, 0.752
No. of measured, independent and observed [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] reflections	27212, 3435, 3037
R_{int}	0.063
$(\sin \theta/\lambda)_{\text{max}}$ (Å ⁻¹)	0.652
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$, $wR(F^2)$, S	0.042, 0.102, 1.10
No. of reflections	3435
No. of parameters	188
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}$, $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ (e Å ⁻³)	0.61, -0.54

Computer programs: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2014), SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015b), OLEX2 (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009), Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2008) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

π - π stacking interactions with a centroid-to-centroid distance of 3.615 (2) Å and a distance between the mean planes of these rings of 3.340 (3) Å. Besides van der Waals forces, weak C—H...Cl interactions within and between the layers consolidate the crystal packing. The stacking direction of the layers is along [100].

4. Synthesis and crystallization

All starting materials were used as obtained without further purification. Methyl-2-imidazole and methylammonium chloride were mixed in water with CoCl₂·6H₂O in an 1:2:1 ratio. Blue crystals suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction studies were obtained after slow solvent evaporation at room temperature.

5. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 3. All H atoms were located from difference Fourier maps and were fully refined, except those that are part of the methyl group of the 2-methylimidazolium cations which were placed at calculated positions [C—H = 0.98 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$].

Acknowledgements

The authors acknowledge the Cheikh Anta Diop University of Dakar (Sénégal), the Canada Foundation for Innovation and the Université de Montréal for financial support.

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2015). E71, 1064-1066 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989015014127]

Crystal structure of bis(2-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium) tetrachloridocobaltate(II)

Mouhamadou Birame Diop, Libasse Diop and Thierry Maris

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2014); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2014); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2014); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Bis(2-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-3-ium) tetrachloridocobaltate(II)

Crystal data

(C₄H₇N₂)₂[CoCl₄]
M_r = 366.96
 Monoclinic, *C2/c*
a = 26.847 (3) Å
b = 7.9029 (8) Å
c = 15.0938 (14) Å
 β = 111.184 (6)°
V = 2986.0 (5) Å³
Z = 8

F(000) = 1480
D_x = 1.633 Mg m⁻³
 Ga *K*α radiation, λ = 1.34139 Å
 Cell parameters from 9758 reflections
 θ = 5.1–61.0°
 μ = 10.45 mm⁻¹
T = 100 K
 Block, clear light blue
 0.23 × 0.12 × 0.06 mm

Data collection

Bruker Venture Metaljet
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: Metal Jet, Gallium Liquid
 Metal Jet Source
 Helios MX Mirror Optics monochromator
 Detector resolution: 10.24 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω and φ scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Krause *et al.*, 2015)

T_{min} = 0.392, *T_{max}* = 0.752
 27212 measured reflections
 3435 independent reflections
 3037 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)
R_{int} = 0.063
 θ_{\max} = 60.9°, θ_{\min} = 3.1°
 $h = -34 \rightarrow 34$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 10$
 $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on *F*²
 Least-squares matrix: full
R [*F*² > 2σ(*F*²)] = 0.042
wR(*F*²) = 0.102
S = 1.10
 3435 reflections
 188 parameters
 0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Hydrogen site location: mixed
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0316P)^2 + 16.8591P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.61 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.54 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. X-ray crystallographic data for I were collected from a single-crystal sample, which was mounted on a loop fiber. Data were collected using a Bruker Venture diffractometer equipped with a Photon 100 CMOS Detector, a Helios MX optics and a Kappa goniometer. The crystal-to-detector distance was 4.0 cm, and the data collection was carried out in 1024 \times 1024 pixel mode.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N3	0.55652 (11)	0.8138 (4)	0.22412 (19)	0.0239 (6)
N4	0.55734 (11)	0.8201 (4)	0.08322 (19)	0.0233 (6)
C5	0.55675 (14)	0.5281 (4)	0.1500 (3)	0.0280 (7)
H5A	0.5891	0.4842	0.1993	0.042*
H5B	0.5555	0.4895	0.0876	0.042*
H5C	0.5252	0.4865	0.1614	0.042*
C6	0.55747 (12)	0.7154 (4)	0.1528 (2)	0.0221 (6)
C7	0.55565 (14)	0.9825 (5)	0.1998 (2)	0.0252 (7)
C8	0.55618 (14)	0.9864 (5)	0.1105 (2)	0.0263 (7)
N1	0.68727 (11)	0.1769 (4)	0.2752 (2)	0.0250 (6)
N2	0.68983 (11)	−0.0922 (4)	0.2666 (2)	0.0247 (6)
C1	0.68961 (15)	0.0217 (5)	0.4219 (3)	0.0331 (8)
H1A	0.6906	0.1353	0.4485	0.050*
H1B	0.7215	−0.0415	0.4606	0.050*
H1C	0.6576	−0.0376	0.4219	0.050*
C2	0.68836 (12)	0.0349 (4)	0.3234 (2)	0.0246 (7)
C3	0.68876 (14)	0.1398 (5)	0.1869 (3)	0.0282 (7)
C4	0.69070 (14)	−0.0300 (5)	0.1817 (3)	0.0275 (7)
Co1	0.62832 (2)	0.50011 (6)	0.45110 (3)	0.01829 (13)
Cl1	0.57795 (3)	0.73678 (10)	0.44067 (5)	0.02206 (17)
Cl2	0.56998 (3)	0.28410 (10)	0.38769 (5)	0.02368 (17)
Cl3	0.67944 (3)	0.43980 (10)	0.60249 (5)	0.02279 (17)
Cl4	0.68208 (3)	0.54327 (10)	0.36494 (5)	0.02248 (17)
H8	0.5553 (17)	1.078 (6)	0.068 (3)	0.039 (12)*
H4A	0.6916 (16)	−0.099 (6)	0.132 (3)	0.036 (11)*
H7	0.5553 (16)	1.071 (5)	0.241 (3)	0.031 (10)*
H3A	0.6871 (17)	0.228 (6)	0.145 (3)	0.043 (12)*
H3	0.5586 (16)	0.778 (5)	0.275 (3)	0.029 (11)*
H4	0.5609 (16)	0.789 (5)	0.037 (3)	0.033 (11)*
H2	0.6908 (17)	−0.186 (6)	0.281 (3)	0.037 (13)*
H1	0.6852 (19)	0.264 (6)	0.295 (3)	0.043 (14)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N3	0.0226 (13)	0.0358 (17)	0.0158 (12)	−0.0017 (12)	0.0099 (10)	0.0007 (12)

N4	0.0237 (13)	0.0321 (16)	0.0172 (13)	-0.0005 (11)	0.0110 (11)	-0.0005 (11)
C5	0.0249 (16)	0.0278 (19)	0.0326 (18)	-0.0001 (14)	0.0119 (14)	0.0006 (14)
C6	0.0162 (14)	0.0306 (18)	0.0204 (14)	-0.0001 (12)	0.0075 (11)	0.0014 (13)
C7	0.0256 (16)	0.0278 (18)	0.0238 (16)	-0.0006 (13)	0.0107 (13)	-0.0034 (14)
C8	0.0245 (16)	0.0314 (19)	0.0240 (16)	0.0008 (13)	0.0100 (13)	0.0030 (14)
N1	0.0223 (14)	0.0212 (16)	0.0307 (15)	0.0002 (11)	0.0086 (11)	-0.0024 (12)
N2	0.0255 (14)	0.0171 (15)	0.0333 (15)	-0.0001 (11)	0.0129 (12)	0.0035 (12)
C1	0.0303 (18)	0.041 (2)	0.0306 (19)	0.0018 (16)	0.0141 (15)	0.0032 (16)
C2	0.0164 (14)	0.0280 (18)	0.0293 (17)	-0.0002 (12)	0.0082 (12)	0.0008 (14)
C3	0.0257 (17)	0.0275 (19)	0.0316 (18)	-0.0033 (14)	0.0106 (14)	0.0015 (15)
C4	0.0289 (17)	0.0282 (19)	0.0275 (17)	-0.0011 (14)	0.0128 (14)	-0.0025 (14)
Co1	0.0212 (2)	0.0198 (2)	0.0161 (2)	0.00038 (17)	0.00940 (17)	0.00017 (16)
Cl1	0.0257 (4)	0.0242 (4)	0.0185 (3)	0.0057 (3)	0.0107 (3)	0.0011 (3)
Cl2	0.0286 (4)	0.0248 (4)	0.0202 (3)	-0.0047 (3)	0.0118 (3)	-0.0035 (3)
Cl3	0.0228 (4)	0.0257 (4)	0.0190 (3)	0.0007 (3)	0.0066 (3)	0.0031 (3)
Cl4	0.0280 (4)	0.0224 (4)	0.0228 (3)	0.0000 (3)	0.0160 (3)	0.0008 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N3—C6	1.336 (4)	N1—H1	0.76 (5)
N3—C7	1.381 (5)	N2—C2	1.330 (5)
N3—H3	0.79 (4)	N2—C4	1.381 (4)
N4—C6	1.336 (4)	N2—H2	0.77 (5)
N4—C8	1.381 (5)	C1—H1A	0.9800
N4—H4	0.78 (4)	C1—H1B	0.9800
C5—H5A	0.9800	C1—H1C	0.9800
C5—H5B	0.9800	C1—C2	1.479 (5)
C5—H5C	0.9800	C3—C4	1.346 (5)
C5—C6	1.481 (5)	C3—H3A	0.93 (5)
C7—C8	1.354 (5)	C4—H4A	0.94 (4)
C7—H7	0.94 (4)	Co1—Cl1	2.2799 (9)
C8—H8	0.96 (5)	Co1—Cl2	2.2803 (9)
N1—C2	1.332 (5)	Co1—Cl3	2.2506 (8)
N1—C3	1.380 (5)	Co1—Cl4	2.2907 (8)
C6—N3—C7	110.6 (3)	C2—N2—C4	110.1 (3)
C6—N3—H3	124 (3)	C2—N2—H2	123 (3)
C7—N3—H3	126 (3)	C4—N2—H2	127 (3)
C6—N4—C8	110.4 (3)	H1A—C1—H1B	109.5
C6—N4—H4	123 (3)	H1A—C1—H1C	109.5
C8—N4—H4	126 (3)	H1B—C1—H1C	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	109.5	C2—C1—H1A	109.5
H5A—C5—H5C	109.5	C2—C1—H1B	109.5
H5B—C5—H5C	109.5	C2—C1—H1C	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	109.5	N1—C2—C1	126.6 (3)
C6—C5—H5B	109.5	N2—C2—N1	106.6 (3)
C6—C5—H5C	109.5	N2—C2—C1	126.8 (3)
N3—C6—N4	106.1 (3)	N1—C3—H3A	119 (3)

N3—C6—C5	126.9 (3)	C4—C3—N1	106.4 (3)
N4—C6—C5	126.9 (3)	C4—C3—H3A	134 (3)
N3—C7—H7	123 (3)	N2—C4—H4A	124 (3)
C8—C7—N3	106.3 (3)	C3—C4—N2	106.7 (3)
C8—C7—H7	130 (3)	C3—C4—H4A	130 (3)
N4—C8—H8	121 (3)	Cl1—Co1—Cl2	106.55 (3)
C7—C8—N4	106.6 (3)	Cl1—Co1—Cl4	108.56 (3)
C7—C8—H8	132 (3)	Cl2—Co1—Cl4	110.57 (3)
C2—N1—C3	110.2 (3)	Cl3—Co1—Cl1	111.89 (3)
C2—N1—H1	123 (4)	Cl3—Co1—Cl2	110.00 (3)
C3—N1—H1	127 (4)	Cl3—Co1—Cl4	109.25 (3)
N3—C7—C8—N4	0.0 (4)	N1—C3—C4—N2	0.6 (4)
C6—N3—C7—C8	-0.1 (4)	C2—N1—C3—C4	0.1 (4)
C6—N4—C8—C7	0.1 (4)	C2—N2—C4—C3	-1.1 (4)
C7—N3—C6—N4	0.1 (4)	C3—N1—C2—N2	-0.8 (4)
C7—N3—C6—C5	-177.8 (3)	C3—N1—C2—C1	177.3 (3)
C8—N4—C6—N3	-0.1 (4)	C4—N2—C2—N1	1.1 (4)
C8—N4—C6—C5	177.8 (3)	C4—N2—C2—C1	-176.9 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1...Cl4	0.76 (5)	2.46 (5)	3.220 (3)	177 (5)
N2—H2...Cl4 ⁱ	0.77 (5)	2.54 (5)	3.282 (3)	163 (4)
N3—H3...Cl1	0.79 (4)	2.39 (4)	3.166 (3)	165 (4)
N4—H4...Cl2 ⁱⁱ	0.78 (4)	2.42 (5)	3.198 (3)	175 (4)
C4—H4A...Cl3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.94 (4)	2.73 (4)	3.428 (4)	132 (3)
C3—H3A...Cl3 ⁱⁱ	0.93 (5)	2.70 (5)	3.535 (4)	151 (4)
C8—H8...Cl1 ^{iv}	0.96 (5)	2.65 (5)	3.575 (4)	160 (3)
C7—H7...Cl2 ^v	0.94 (4)	2.69 (4)	3.617 (4)	168 (3)
C5—H5A...Cl4	0.98	2.86	3.738 (4)	149
C5—H5C...Cl2 ^{vi}	0.98	2.88	3.771 (4)	152
C1—H1B...Cl4 ^{vii}	0.98	2.95	3.804 (4)	146
C1—H1C...Cl1 ⁱ	0.98	2.87	3.840 (4)	169

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (ii) $x, -y+1, z-1/2$; (iii) $x, -y, z-1/2$; (iv) $x, -y+2, z-1/2$; (v) $x, y+1, z$; (vi) $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$; (vii) $-x+3/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$.