

 $\mu = 0.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.23 \times 0.18 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$

T = 173 K



Crystal structure of 2-methylsulfanyl-1-(thiomorpholin-4-yl)ethanone

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In the title compound, $C_7H_{13}NOS_2$, the thiomorpholine ring adopts a chair conformation and the bond-angle sum at the N atom is 360°. The dihedral angle between the amide group and the thiomorpholine ring (all atoms) is $36.48 (12)^{\circ}$. In the crystal, $C-H \cdots O$ and $C-H \cdots S$ hydrogen bonds link adjacent molecules, forming two-dimensional networks extending parellel to the (011) plane.

Keywords: crystal structure; thiomorpholine; hydrogen bonding.

CCDC reference: 1419333

1. Related literature

For further information on the synthesis, see: Kim et al. (2008). For related crystal structures, see: Kim et al. (2006); Ujam et al. (2010).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

C7H13NOS2 $M_r = 191.30$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 15.0461 (15) Åb = 6.1525 (6) Å c = 10.4751 (10) Å

 $\beta = 107.581 \ (6)^{\circ}$ OPEN a ACCESS V = 924.40 (16) Å³ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

2.2. Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD	8512 measured reflections
diffractometer	2111 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	1865 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2013)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.026$
$T_{\min} = 0.890, \ T_{\max} = 0.959$	

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$	101 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.078$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.05	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2111 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.27 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$C1-H1B\cdotsO1^{i}$	0.99	2.46	3.3490 (19)	150
$C6-H6B\cdotsO1^{i}$	0.99	2.59	3.4427 (18)	144
$C7 - H7B \cdot \cdot \cdot O1^{ii}$	0.98	2.45	3.3237 (19)	148
$C3-H3A\cdots S2^{iii}$	0.99	2.88	3.8201 (15)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) x, y + 1, z; (iii) x, y - 1, z.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2013); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2013 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2010); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7480).

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Crystal structure of 2-methylsulfanyl-1-(thiomorpholin-4-yl)ethanone

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S1. Comment

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S2. Experimental

Thionyl chloride (2.38 g, 20.0 mmol) was added dropwise to 2-methylthioacetic acid (2.12 g, 20.0 mmol) in the pesence of triethylamine (2.02 g, 20.0 mmol) in chloroform. The mixture was refluxed for 2 h and cooled down to room temperature. Then, thiomorpholine (2.38 g, 20.0 mmol) and triethylamine (2.02 g, 20.0 mmol) in chloroform were added dropwise to the resulting acid chloride solution, cooled by salt and ice water. The solution was stirred for 2 h, and then water was added. Organic layer was collected and water layer was extracted with chloroform. The combined organic layers dried with anhydrous sodium sulfate were evaporated to give crude oil. Column chromatography (silica gel, ethyl acetate/hexane = 20/80 (v/v), $R_f 0.1$) gave pure title compound (3.42 g, 89%) (Kim *et al.*, 2008). Slow evaporation of a solution in acetone/ethyl acetate gave colourless blocks.

S3. Refinement

All H-atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with d(C-H) = 0.99 Å, $U_{iso} = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ for CH₂ groups and d(C-H) = 0.98 Å, $U_{iso} = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ for CH₃ group.



Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2

Crystal packing viewed along the b axis. The intermolecular C—H···O and C—H···S hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

2-Methylsulfanyl-1-(thiomorpholin-4-yl)ethanone

Crystal data

$C_{7}H_{13}NOS_{2}$ $M_{r} = 191.30$ Monoclinic, $P2_{1}/c$ $a = 15.0461 (15) Å$ $b = 6.1525 (6) Å$ $c = 10.4751 (10) Å$ $\beta = 107.581 (6)^{\circ}$ $V = 924.40 (16) Å^{3}$ $Z = 4$	F(000) = 408 $D_x = 1.375 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo <i>Ka</i> radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4186 reflections $\theta = 2.8-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 173 K Block, colourless $0.23 \times 0.18 \times 0.08 \text{ mm}$
Data collection Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2013) $T_{\min} = 0.890, T_{\max} = 0.959$ 8512 measured reflections	2111 independent reflections 1865 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.026$ $\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.8^{\circ}$ $h = -19 \rightarrow 19$ $k = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ $wR(F^2) = 0.078$ S = 1.05 2111 reflections 101 percentations	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0406P)^2 + 0.2667P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta c_{max} = 0.22 \text{ c}^{-3}$
101 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
S1	0.57059 (2)	0.35556 (6)	0.41078 (4)	0.03060 (12)
S2	0.87043 (3)	1.06954 (6)	0.40092 (4)	0.03528 (13)
01	0.82963 (8)	0.59419 (17)	0.21785 (11)	0.0333 (2)
N1	0.72025 (8)	0.62668 (19)	0.32412 (12)	0.0264 (3)
C1	0.68637 (10)	0.7095 (2)	0.43112 (15)	0.0315 (3)
H1A	0.6300	0.7989	0.3920	0.038*
H1B	0.7346	0.8037	0.4909	0.038*
C2	0.66298 (11)	0.5254 (3)	0.51228 (15)	0.0325 (3)
H2A	0.6437	0.5870	0.5871	0.039*
H2B	0.7193	0.4357	0.5510	0.039*
C3	0.62268 (10)	0.2963 (2)	0.28028 (15)	0.0280 (3)
H3A	0.6779	0.2023	0.3172	0.034*
H3B	0.5774	0.2148	0.2078	0.034*
C4	0.65213 (10)	0.5000 (2)	0.22214 (14)	0.0296 (3)
H4A	0.6795	0.4586	0.1507	0.036*
H4B	0.5965	0.5909	0.1812	0.036*
C5	0.80749 (9)	0.6585 (2)	0.31488 (14)	0.0243 (3)
C6	0.87815 (10)	0.7787 (2)	0.42581 (15)	0.0297 (3)
H6A	0.9416	0.7294	0.4300	0.036*
H6B	0.8679	0.7434	0.5125	0.036*
C7	0.91981 (12)	1.0968 (3)	0.26585 (18)	0.0385 (4)
H7A	0.9862	1.0593	0.2975	0.058*
H7B	0.9127	1.2471	0.2334	0.058*
H7C	0.8876	0.9988	0.1928	0.058*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S 1	0.0255 (2)	0.0330 (2)	0.0357 (2)	-0.00719 (13)	0.01283 (16)	-0.00026 (15)
S2	0.0262 (2)	0.0305 (2)	0.0515 (3)	-0.00455 (14)	0.01529 (18)	-0.01097 (16)

supporting information

01	0.0347 (6)	0.0363 (5)	0.0344 (6)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0187 (5)	-0.0022 (4)	
N1	0.0262 (6)	0.0290 (6)	0.0263 (6)	-0.0077 (5)	0.0115 (5)	-0.0052 (5)	
C1	0.0313 (8)	0.0309 (7)	0.0369 (8)	-0.0085 (6)	0.0173 (7)	-0.0101 (6)	
C2	0.0323 (8)	0.0403 (8)	0.0279 (8)	-0.0093 (6)	0.0134 (6)	-0.0064 (6)	
C3	0.0251 (7)	0.0268 (7)	0.0325 (8)	-0.0050 (5)	0.0092 (6)	-0.0058 (6)	
C4	0.0288 (7)	0.0341 (7)	0.0248 (7)	-0.0081 (6)	0.0065 (6)	-0.0028 (6)	
C5	0.0251 (7)	0.0212 (6)	0.0278 (7)	0.0011 (5)	0.0099 (6)	0.0051 (5)	
C6	0.0229 (7)	0.0349 (7)	0.0300 (8)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0059 (6)	0.0037 (6)	
C7	0.0374 (9)	0.0309 (8)	0.0490 (10)	-0.0021 (6)	0.0157 (8)	0.0058 (7)	

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C2	1.8061 (15)	C2—H2B	0.9900	
S1—C3	1.8065 (14)	C3—C4	1.517 (2)	
S2—C7	1.7935 (17)	С3—НЗА	0.9900	
S2—C6	1.8067 (16)	C3—H3B	0.9900	
O1—C5	1.2267 (17)	C4—H4A	0.9900	
N1—C5	1.3592 (17)	C4—H4B	0.9900	
N1-C1	1.4563 (17)	C5—C6	1.511 (2)	
N1C4	1.4622 (18)	C6—H6A	0.9900	
C1—C2	1.520 (2)	C6—H6B	0.9900	
C1—H1A	0.9900	C7—H7A	0.9800	
C1—H1B	0.9900	С7—Н7В	0.9800	
C2—H2A	0.9900	С7—Н7С	0.9800	
C^2 S1 C^2	07 45 (6)		107.8	
$C_2 = S_1 = C_3$	97.45 (0)	N1 C4 C3	107.8	
$C_{1} = S_{2} = C_{0}$	100.31(7) 125.07(12)	N1 = C4 = C3	100.2	
C_{5} N1 C_{4}	123.07(12) 120.24(11)	N1 - C4 - H4A	109.2	
$C_3 = N_1 = C_4$	120.24 (11)	$C_3 - C_4 - H_4 R$	109.2	
N1 C1 C2	114.00(11) 111.34(12)	$C_3 C_4 H_4 B_1$	109.2	
N1 - C1 - C2 N1 - C1 - H1A	100 /	$H_{4A} = C_{4} = H_{4B}$	107.2	
NI = CI = IIIA	109.4	01 C5 N1	107.9	
NI CI HIB	109.4	01 - 05 - 06	121.49(13) 110/42(12)	
C_{1} C_{1} $H_{1}B$	109.4	N1 C5 C6	119.42(12) 110.00(12)	
$H_1 A = C_1 = H_1 B$	109.4	C_{5}	119.09 (12)	
C1 - C2 - S1	111 64 (11)	$C_{5} - C_{6} - H_{6}$	109.2	
C1 - C2 - 51 C1 - C2 - H2A	109 3	S2-C6-H6A	109.2	
S1 - C2 - H2A	109.3	C5 - C6 - H6B	109.2	
C1 - C2 - H2B	109.3	S2-C6-H6B	109.2	
S1 - C2 - H2B	109.3	H6A—C6—H6B	107.9	
$H_2A - C_2 - H_2B$	108.0	S2—C7—H7A	109.5	
C4-C3-S1	112.52 (10)	S2—C7—H7B	109.5	
C4—C3—H3A	109.1	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	
S1—C3—H3A	109.1	S2—C7—H7C	109.5	
С4—С3—Н3В	109.1	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	
S1—C3—H3B	109.1	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	

supporting information

C5—N1—C1—C2	-115.63 (15)	C1—N1—C5—O1	-175.84 (13)	
C4—N1—C1—C2	64.06 (16)	C4—N1—C5—O1	4.5 (2)	
N1—C1—C2—S1	-62.22 (15)	C1—N1—C5—C6	3.2 (2)	
C3—S1—C2—C1	53.57 (12)	C4—N1—C5—C6	-176.45 (12)	
C2—S1—C3—C4	-52.50 (12)	O1—C5—C6—S2	92.67 (14)	
C5—N1—C4—C3	117.12 (14)	N1—C5—C6—S2	-86.42 (13)	
C1—N1—C4—C3	-62.59 (16)	C7—S2—C6—C5	-73.01 (11)	
S1—C3—C4—N1	59.54 (14)			

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
C1—H1B···O1 ⁱ	0.99	2.46	3.3490 (19)	150
C6—H6B···O1 ⁱ	0.99	2.59	3.4427 (18)	144
C7—H7 <i>B</i> ···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.98	2.45	3.3237 (19)	148
C3—H3A···S2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.88	3.8201 (15)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, -*y*+3/2, *z*+1/2; (ii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (iii) *x*, *y*-1, *z*.