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Crystal structure of *N*-{*N*-acetyl-(*S*)-leucyl}-(*S*-leucyl)norleucinal (ALLN), an inhibitor of proteasome

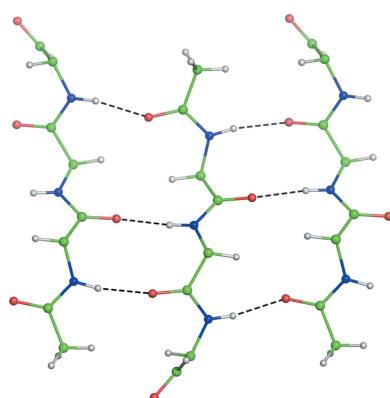
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The title compound, $C_{20}H_{37}N_3O_4$, also known by the acronym ALLN, is a tripeptidic inhibitor of the proteolytic activity of the proteasomes, enzyme complexes implicated in several neurodegenerative diseases and other disorders, including cancer. The crystal structure of ALLN, solved from synchrotron radiation diffraction data, revealed the molecules in extended conformation of the backbone and engaging all peptide N and O atoms in intermolecular hydrogen bonds forming an infinite antiparallel β -sheet.

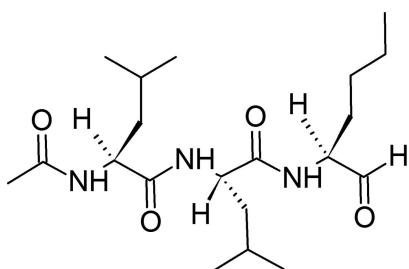
1. Chemical context

Proteasomes are high-molecular-mass multicatalytic enzyme complexes localized in the nucleus and cytosol of all eukaryotic cells. As a part of the ubiquitin–proteasome pathway, the complex executes a remarkable set of functions, ranging from the complete destruction of abnormal and misfolded proteins to the specific proteolytic activation of crucial signaling molecules (Adams, 2003; Groll & Potts, 2011). The ubiquitin–proteasome pathway has been implicated in several forms of malignancy, in the pathogenesis of some autoimmune disorders, the aging process related cardiac dysfunction, diabetic complications, and neurodegenerative diseases (*e.g.* Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, Huntington's) (Dahlmann, 2007; Paul, 2008; Jankowska *et al.*, 2013). Therefore, study of proteasome functions and the design and development of proteasome inhibitors is being pursued in many laboratories (Bennett & Kirk, 2008). A great amount of effort has been expended to explore proteasome inhibition as a novel targeted approach in cancer therapy. The first success came with FDA approval of Bortezomib for the treatment of multiple myeloma (Kane *et al.*, 2006; Goldberg, 2012). Since then, numerous compounds have been reported to inhibit the components of the ubiquitin–proteasome system, and several new drug candidates undergoing clinical trials have emerged (Genin *et al.*, 2010; Tsukamoto & Yokosawa, 2010; Frankland-Searby & Bhaumik, 2012; Jankowska *et al.*, 2013). Peptide aldehydes were the first inhibitors designed to target the proteasome, and are still the most commonly used and best characterized group of such inhibitors (Kisselev *et al.*, 2012). A notable one among them, Ac-Leu-Leu-Nle-H (ALLN, MG101), is also a potent inhibitor of nonproteasomal cysteine protease calpain I (Pietsch *et al.*, 2010). ALLN, a cell-permeable tripeptide aldehyde reversible inhibitor of chymotrypsin-like proteolytic activity of the proteasomes, was the first to be crystallized in a



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complex with an eukaryotic proteasome (Groll *et al.*, 1997). Crystallographic analysis of the complex at 2.4 Å resolution revealed a structural organization of the proteasome and how the inhibitor binds to its active site. ALLN, as well as other peptide aldehydes, do it *via* reversible hemiacetal formation with the involvement of N-terminal threonine hydroxy group in the proteasome β -subunits (Borissenko & Groll, 2007). The aldehyde structure derived from the crystal complex coordinates was used in molecular modeling of inhibitor-proteasome interactions (Zhang *et al.*, 2009). High resolution structural data from this study may provide better accuracy in future modeling of the inhibitor interactions with proteasome and other potential intracellular targets.



2. Structural commentary

We report here the crystal structure of ALLN refined against 0.65 Å resolution diffraction data measured with synchrotron radiation. The molecule adopts an extended conformation of the backbone chain (Fig. 1) with the φ,ψ -torsion angles residing in the β region of the Ramachandran plot (Ramakrishnan & Ramachandran, 1965). All three consecutive peptide residues are in *trans* conformation and their ω angles are $-179.42(9)$, $173.77(8)$, and $177.72(10)^\circ$. The side chains of the two leucine and one norleucine residues have unstrained conformations, and do not deviate by more than 7° .

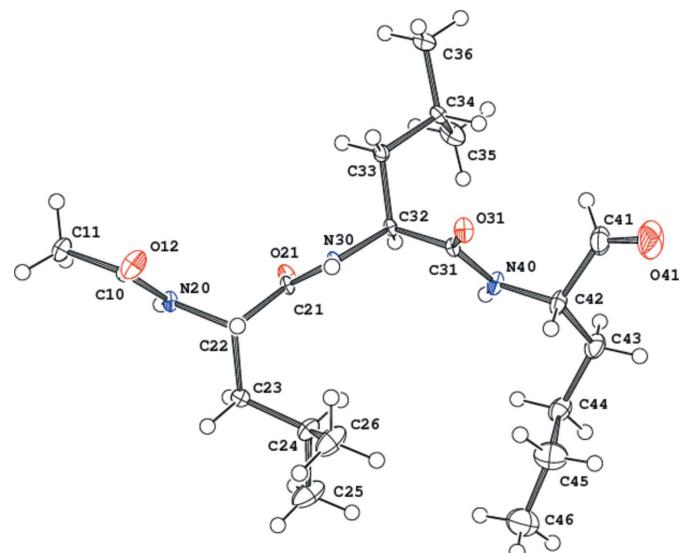


Figure 1

The molecule of ALLN, showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D\cdots H\cdots A$	$D\cdots H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\cdots H\cdots A$
N20—H201···O31 ⁱ	0.88	2.05	2.897 (3)	161
N30—H301···O21 ⁱⁱ	0.88	1.99	2.863 (3)	171
N40—H401···O12 ⁱ	0.88	1.96	2.827 (3)	169

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.

from either *trans* or *gauche* rotamers along the consecutive C—C bonds.

3. Supramolecular features

All of the peptide ALLN N and O atoms are engaged in intermolecular hydrogen bonds (Table 1) between molecules related by the crystallographic 2_1 axis, forming an infinite antiparallel β -sheet throughout the crystal (Fig. 2). The interactions between the sheets are mainly by the hydrophobic contacts of the aliphatic amino acid side chains. The arrangement of ALLN molecules in the *ac* plane, interacting through their aliphatic side chains, is illustrated in Fig. 3.

4. Synthesis and crystallization

The title aldehyde was prepared according to the general synthetic procedure reported by Schaschke *et al.* (1996), and a 45% overall yield was obtained. The product was crystallized from acetonitrile.

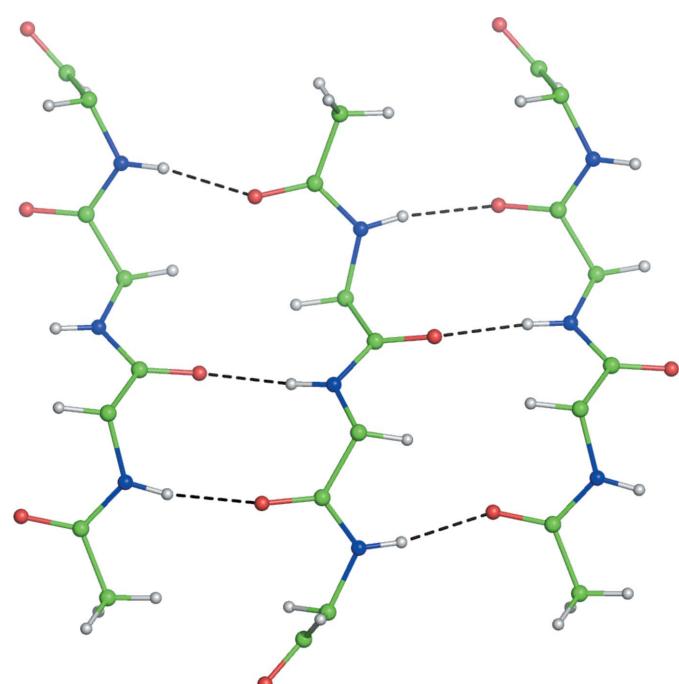
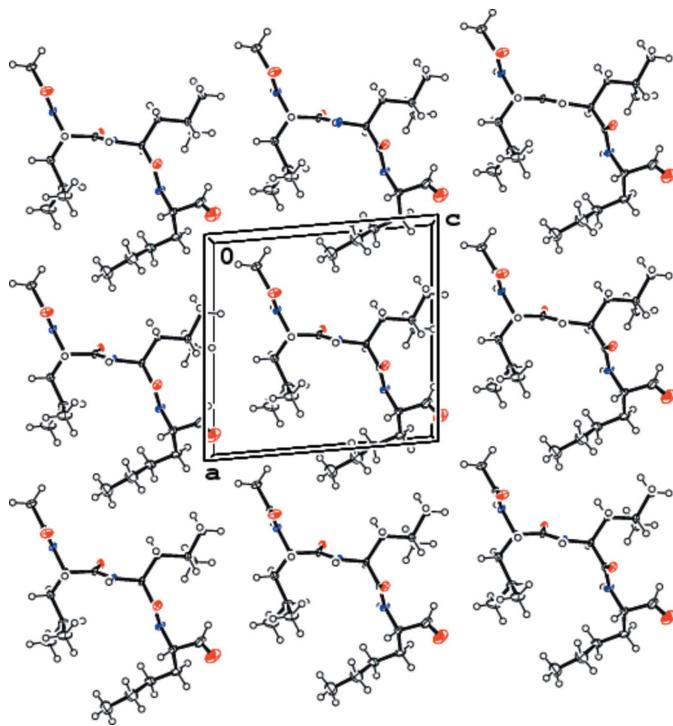


Figure 2

Backbones of three neighboring molecules of ALLN, forming a fragment of an antiparallel β -sheet extending through the crystal. The amino acid side chains are not shown for clarity.

**Figure 3**

Arrangement of ALLN molecules in the *ac* plane of the crystal, interacting through their aliphatic side chains.

5. Refinement details

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. A needle-like crystal elongated in the *a* direction was selected, picked up in the rayon loop and then quickly cryo-cooled in a stream of cold nitrogen gas at the single-axis goniostat of the SER-CAT synchrotron station ID19 at the Advanced Photon Source, Argonne National Laboratory, USA. Diffraction images were collected with the use of MAR300 CCD detector in two passes differing in the effective exposure and resolution limits in order to adequately measure the weakest high-resolution reflections, as well as the strongest low-angle reflections without overloading detector pixels. All 38117 measured intensities from both passes were integrated, scaled and merged by *HKL-2000* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) into the set of 4561 unique reflections with the overall R_{merge} factor of 0.049. The data set is rather strong, with the $I/\sigma(I)$ ratio equal to 25 at the highest resolution of 0.65 Å. H atoms were located in a difference synthesis and refined as riding on their parent atoms in geometrically idealized positions. Because of the short wavelength of synchrotron radiation, all Friedel mates were averaged during data processing. The chirality of the molecule was deduced from the known chiral centres in the substrates used in chemical synthesis.

Acknowledgements

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Table 2
Experimental details.

Crystal data	$C_{20}H_{37}N_3O_4$
Chemical formula	383.59
M_r	Monoclinic, $P2_1$
Crystal system, space group	100
Temperature (K)	10.85 (1), 9.510 (9), 11.200 (11)
a, b, c (Å)	94.85 (2)
β (°)	1152 (2)
V (Å ³)	2
Z	Radiation type
	Synchrotron, $\lambda = 0.6199$ Å
	μ (mm ⁻¹)
	0.09
	Crystal size (mm)
	0.30 × 0.05 × 0.02
Data collection	
Diffractometer	MAR300 CCD
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>SCALEPACK</i> ; Otwinowski <i>et al.</i> , 2003)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.974, 0.999
No. of measured, independent and observed [$I > 2\sigma(I)$] reflections	4561, 4561, 4492
R_{int}	0.049
(sin θ/λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.767
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.041, 0.115, 1.07
No. of reflections	4561
No. of parameters	244
No. of restraints	1
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}, \Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ (e Å ⁻³)	0.44, -0.29

Computer programs: *HKL-2000* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997), *SHELXD* and *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008), *ORTEP-3* for Windows (Farrugia, 2012) and *pyMOL* (DeLano, 2002).

HHSN261200800E. X-ray data were collected at the SERCAT 19ID beamline of the Advanced Photon Source, Argonne National Laboratory. Use of the APS was supported by the US Department of Energy under contract No. W-31-109-Eng-38.

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Crystal structure of *N*-{*N*-[*N*-acetyl-(*S*)-leucyl]-(*S*)-leucyl}norleucinal (ALLN), an inhibitor of proteasome

Andrzej Czerwinski, Channa Basava, Miroslawa Dauter and Zbigniew Dauter

Computing details

Data collection: sergui, SER-CAT APS beamline software; cell refinement: *HKL-2000* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *HKL-2000* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXD* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* for Windwows (Farrugia, 2012) and *pyMOL* (DeLano, 2002); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008).

N-{*N*-[*N*-Acetyl-(*S*)-leucyl]-(*S*)-leucyl}norleucinal

Crystal data

$C_{20}H_{37}N_3O_4$
 $M_r = 383.59$
Monoclinic, $P2_1$
 $a = 10.85$ (1) Å
 $b = 9.510$ (9) Å
 $c = 11.200$ (11) Å
 $\beta = 94.85$ (2)°
 $V = 1152$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 2$

$F(000) = 460$
 $D_x = 1.110 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Synchrotron radiation, $\lambda = 0.6199$ Å
 $\theta = 1.5\text{--}28.4^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 100$ K
Needle, colourless
 $0.30 \times 0.05 \times 0.02$ mm

Data collection

MAR300 CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: SER-CAT 22ID synchrotron
beamline, APS, USA
Si111 double crystal monochromator
 ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SCALEPACK*; Otwinowski *et al.*, 2003)
 $T_{\min} = 0.974$, $T_{\max} = 0.999$

4561 measured reflections
4561 independent reflections
4492 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.049$
 $\theta_{\max} = 28.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.5^\circ$
 $h = 0 \rightarrow 16$
 $k = 0 \rightarrow 14$
 $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.115$
 $S = 1.07$
4561 reflections
244 parameters
1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.081P)^2 + 0.1533P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Experimental. diffraction data were measured at the station 22ID of the APS synchrotron by rotation method a in three sweeps of different exposure and all data were scaled and merged into one data set

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against all reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on all data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C10	0.26159 (10)	0.47871 (12)	0.27033 (9)	0.01223 (18)
C11	0.14253 (11)	0.53384 (15)	0.20793 (12)	0.0195 (2)
H101	0.1486	0.6359	0.1981	0.029*
H102	0.0737	0.5120	0.2562	0.029*
H103	0.1280	0.4893	0.1291	0.029*
O12	0.27570 (9)	0.35222 (10)	0.29248 (11)	0.02159 (19)
N20	0.34966 (8)	0.57472 (10)	0.29951 (8)	0.01103 (15)
H201	0.3336	0.6633	0.2818	0.013*
C21	0.48033 (9)	0.60494 (11)	0.48414 (8)	0.00972 (16)
O21	0.46004 (9)	0.73127 (9)	0.49827 (7)	0.01513 (16)
C22	0.47046 (9)	0.54014 (11)	0.35897 (8)	0.00941 (16)
H221	0.4804	0.4358	0.3648	0.011*
C23	0.57151 (10)	0.60292 (12)	0.28663 (10)	0.01324 (18)
H231	0.5686	0.5542	0.2083	0.016*
H232	0.5515	0.7031	0.2705	0.016*
C24	0.70443 (11)	0.59414 (15)	0.34574 (12)	0.0197 (2)
H241	0.7063	0.6398	0.4263	0.024*
C25	0.79082 (15)	0.6765 (2)	0.2697 (2)	0.0362 (4)
H251	0.7606	0.7731	0.2589	0.054*
H252	0.7927	0.6312	0.1913	0.054*
H253	0.8744	0.6777	0.3103	0.054*
C26	0.75042 (14)	0.44426 (18)	0.36297 (19)	0.0322 (3)
H261	0.6947	0.3922	0.4114	0.048*
H262	0.8339	0.4450	0.4040	0.048*
H263	0.7524	0.3987	0.2847	0.048*
N30	0.51541 (8)	0.51775 (10)	0.57466 (8)	0.01027 (15)
H301	0.5237	0.4274	0.5606	0.012*
C31	0.65117 (9)	0.49218 (11)	0.75420 (9)	0.01002 (17)
O31	0.64628 (8)	0.36532 (9)	0.77767 (8)	0.01517 (16)
C32	0.53994 (9)	0.57155 (11)	0.69646 (8)	0.00945 (16)

H321	0.5607	0.6738	0.6928	0.011*
C33	0.42768 (10)	0.55287 (12)	0.76899 (9)	0.01255 (18)
H331	0.4034	0.4525	0.7665	0.015*
H332	0.3578	0.6075	0.7299	0.015*
C34	0.44800 (10)	0.59874 (13)	0.90039 (9)	0.01353 (18)
H341	0.5167	0.5408	0.9400	0.016*
C35	0.48372 (15)	0.75302 (16)	0.91469 (12)	0.0239 (3)
H351	0.4956	0.7765	1.0001	0.036*
H352	0.4178	0.8118	0.8759	0.036*
H353	0.5608	0.7701	0.8773	0.036*
C36	0.33127 (12)	0.56946 (18)	0.96323 (11)	0.0233 (3)
H361	0.3442	0.5988	1.0472	0.035*
H362	0.3128	0.4686	0.9594	0.035*
H363	0.2618	0.6221	0.9235	0.035*
N40	0.75393 (9)	0.56824 (11)	0.77879 (9)	0.01460 (17)
H401	0.7556	0.6578	0.7593	0.018*
C41	0.83380 (14)	0.45232 (19)	0.96234 (14)	0.0283 (3)
H411	0.7627	0.4898	0.9949	0.034*
O41	0.89574 (15)	0.3697 (2)	1.02126 (16)	0.0518 (5)
C42	0.86236 (11)	0.50104 (14)	0.83793 (12)	0.0187 (2)
H421	0.8849	0.4177	0.7898	0.022*
C43	0.97094 (12)	0.60363 (17)	0.84929 (13)	0.0235 (2)
H431	1.0416	0.5583	0.8960	0.028*
H432	0.9471	0.6874	0.8945	0.028*
C44	1.01242 (12)	0.65110 (17)	0.72874 (14)	0.0244 (3)
H441	0.9426	0.6996	0.6833	0.029*
H442	1.0805	0.7200	0.7432	0.029*
C45	1.05617 (19)	0.5319 (2)	0.65273 (18)	0.0373 (4)
H451	0.9855	0.4686	0.6307	0.045*
H452	1.1196	0.4770	0.7013	0.045*
C46	1.1102 (2)	0.5807 (3)	0.53884 (19)	0.0458 (5)
H461	1.1363	0.4987	0.4943	0.069*
H462	1.1818	0.6414	0.5597	0.069*
H463	1.0474	0.6333	0.4891	0.069*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C10	0.0124 (4)	0.0105 (4)	0.0138 (4)	0.0002 (3)	0.0009 (3)	-0.0023 (3)
C11	0.0134 (4)	0.0200 (6)	0.0243 (5)	0.0018 (4)	-0.0028 (4)	0.0005 (4)
O12	0.0181 (4)	0.0080 (4)	0.0378 (5)	-0.0016 (3)	-0.0023 (3)	-0.0013 (4)
N20	0.0141 (3)	0.0063 (3)	0.0121 (3)	0.0006 (3)	-0.0030 (3)	0.0008 (3)
C21	0.0143 (4)	0.0062 (4)	0.0083 (4)	0.0003 (3)	-0.0016 (3)	-0.0008 (3)
O21	0.0277 (4)	0.0051 (3)	0.0119 (3)	0.0031 (3)	-0.0024 (3)	-0.0008 (3)
C22	0.0135 (4)	0.0060 (4)	0.0082 (3)	0.0008 (3)	-0.0019 (3)	-0.0008 (3)
C23	0.0150 (4)	0.0110 (4)	0.0139 (4)	0.0012 (3)	0.0020 (3)	-0.0001 (3)
C24	0.0141 (4)	0.0181 (5)	0.0267 (5)	0.0019 (4)	0.0008 (4)	-0.0001 (4)
C25	0.0208 (6)	0.0296 (8)	0.0591 (11)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0089 (6)	0.0118 (8)

C26	0.0195 (5)	0.0219 (7)	0.0548 (10)	0.0055 (5)	0.0012 (6)	0.0079 (7)
N30	0.0172 (4)	0.0056 (3)	0.0075 (3)	0.0006 (3)	-0.0020 (3)	-0.0005 (3)
C31	0.0132 (4)	0.0072 (4)	0.0092 (3)	0.0003 (3)	-0.0015 (3)	-0.0003 (3)
O31	0.0204 (4)	0.0062 (3)	0.0180 (3)	-0.0007 (3)	-0.0035 (3)	0.0011 (3)
C32	0.0137 (4)	0.0065 (4)	0.0077 (3)	0.0000 (3)	-0.0015 (3)	-0.0008 (3)
C33	0.0133 (4)	0.0132 (4)	0.0109 (4)	-0.0011 (3)	-0.0002 (3)	-0.0013 (3)
C34	0.0167 (4)	0.0143 (5)	0.0096 (4)	0.0008 (4)	0.0013 (3)	-0.0005 (3)
C35	0.0375 (7)	0.0162 (6)	0.0185 (5)	-0.0037 (5)	0.0052 (5)	-0.0075 (4)
C36	0.0211 (5)	0.0331 (7)	0.0164 (5)	0.0007 (5)	0.0065 (4)	0.0021 (5)
N40	0.0135 (4)	0.0083 (4)	0.0209 (4)	-0.0013 (3)	-0.0051 (3)	0.0030 (3)
C41	0.0235 (6)	0.0324 (8)	0.0273 (6)	-0.0049 (5)	-0.0078 (5)	0.0109 (6)
O41	0.0423 (7)	0.0570 (11)	0.0533 (9)	0.0014 (7)	-0.0120 (6)	0.0360 (8)
C42	0.0142 (4)	0.0163 (5)	0.0242 (5)	-0.0006 (4)	-0.0061 (4)	0.0056 (4)
C43	0.0170 (5)	0.0249 (6)	0.0276 (6)	-0.0069 (5)	-0.0039 (4)	0.0006 (5)
C44	0.0181 (5)	0.0226 (6)	0.0323 (6)	-0.0030 (5)	0.0002 (4)	0.0042 (5)
C45	0.0417 (9)	0.0321 (9)	0.0394 (8)	-0.0022 (7)	0.0114 (7)	-0.0022 (7)
C46	0.0419 (9)	0.0611 (15)	0.0356 (8)	-0.0080 (10)	0.0094 (7)	-0.0023 (9)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

C10—O12	1.2351 (19)	C33—C34	1.533 (2)
C10—N20	1.3420 (17)	C33—H331	0.9900
C10—C11	1.5097 (19)	C33—H332	0.9900
C11—H101	0.9800	C34—C35	1.522 (2)
C11—H102	0.9800	C34—C36	1.526 (2)
C11—H103	0.9800	C34—H341	1.0000
N20—C22	1.4567 (17)	C35—H351	0.9800
N20—H201	0.8800	C35—H352	0.9800
C21—O21	1.2340 (18)	C35—H353	0.9800
C21—N30	1.3398 (16)	C36—H361	0.9800
C21—C22	1.5268 (19)	C36—H362	0.9800
C22—C23	1.5380 (18)	C36—H363	0.9800
C22—H221	1.0000	N40—C42	1.4489 (17)
C23—C24	1.537 (2)	N40—H401	0.8800
C23—H231	0.9900	C41—O41	1.196 (2)
C23—H232	0.9900	C41—C42	1.525 (2)
C24—C26	1.517 (3)	C41—H411	0.9500
C24—C25	1.534 (2)	C42—C43	1.527 (2)
C24—H241	1.0000	C42—H421	1.0000
C25—H251	0.9800	C43—C44	1.527 (2)
C25—H252	0.9800	C43—H431	0.9900
C25—H253	0.9800	C43—H432	0.9900
C26—H261	0.9800	C44—C45	1.517 (3)
C26—H262	0.9800	C44—H441	0.9900
C26—H263	0.9800	C44—H442	0.9900
N30—C32	1.4602 (18)	C45—C46	1.521 (3)
N30—H301	0.8800	C45—H451	0.9900
C31—O31	1.2369 (18)	C45—H452	0.9900

C31—N40	1.3380 (16)	C46—H461	0.9800
C31—C32	1.5207 (17)	C46—H462	0.9800
C32—C33	1.5305 (18)	C46—H463	0.9800
C32—H321	1.0000		
O12—C10—N20	122.69 (12)	C34—C33—H331	108.6
O12—C10—C11	121.19 (11)	C32—C33—H332	108.6
N20—C10—C11	116.12 (12)	C34—C33—H332	108.6
C10—C11—H101	109.5	H331—C33—H332	107.5
C10—C11—H102	109.5	C35—C34—C36	109.95 (11)
H101—C11—H102	109.5	C35—C34—C33	112.95 (10)
C10—C11—H103	109.5	C36—C34—C33	109.47 (10)
H101—C11—H103	109.5	C35—C34—H341	108.1
H102—C11—H103	109.5	C36—C34—H341	108.1
C10—N20—C22	123.53 (11)	C33—C34—H341	108.1
C10—N20—H201	118.2	C34—C35—H351	109.5
C22—N20—H201	118.2	C34—C35—H352	109.5
O21—C21—N30	123.22 (11)	H351—C35—H352	109.5
O21—C21—C22	120.75 (9)	C34—C35—H353	109.5
N30—C21—C22	116.00 (11)	H351—C35—H353	109.5
N20—C22—C21	108.61 (9)	H352—C35—H353	109.5
N20—C22—C23	108.99 (10)	C34—C36—H361	109.5
C21—C22—C23	109.22 (10)	C34—C36—H362	109.5
N20—C22—H221	110.0	H361—C36—H362	109.5
C21—C22—H221	110.0	C34—C36—H363	109.5
C23—C22—H221	110.0	H361—C36—H363	109.5
C24—C23—C22	115.88 (11)	H362—C36—H363	109.5
C24—C23—H231	108.3	C31—N40—C42	119.07 (12)
C22—C23—H231	108.3	C31—N40—H401	120.5
C24—C23—H232	108.3	C42—N40—H401	120.5
C22—C23—H232	108.3	O41—C41—C42	123.77 (18)
H231—C23—H232	107.4	O41—C41—H411	118.1
C26—C24—C25	109.90 (13)	C42—C41—H411	118.1
C26—C24—C23	113.10 (11)	N40—C42—C41	109.39 (12)
C25—C24—C23	109.16 (13)	N40—C42—C43	110.32 (13)
C26—C24—H241	108.2	C41—C42—C43	109.45 (11)
C25—C24—H241	108.2	N40—C42—H421	109.2
C23—C24—H241	108.2	C41—C42—H421	109.2
C24—C25—H251	109.5	C43—C42—H421	109.2
C24—C25—H252	109.5	C42—C43—C44	113.48 (12)
H251—C25—H252	109.5	C42—C43—H431	108.9
C24—C25—H253	109.5	C44—C43—H431	108.9
H251—C25—H253	109.5	C42—C43—H432	108.9
H252—C25—H253	109.5	C44—C43—H432	108.9
C24—C26—H261	109.5	H431—C43—H432	107.7
C24—C26—H262	109.5	C45—C44—C43	113.88 (15)
H261—C26—H262	109.5	C45—C44—H441	108.8
C24—C26—H263	109.5	C43—C44—H441	108.8

H261—C26—H263	109.5	C45—C44—H442	108.8
H262—C26—H263	109.5	C43—C44—H442	108.8
C21—N30—C32	120.51 (11)	H441—C44—H442	107.7
C21—N30—H301	119.7	C44—C45—C46	113.8 (2)
C32—N30—H301	119.7	C44—C45—H451	108.8
O31—C31—N40	122.24 (11)	C46—C45—H451	108.8
O31—C31—C32	121.86 (10)	C44—C45—H452	108.8
N40—C31—C32	115.90 (11)	C46—C45—H452	108.8
N30—C32—C31	107.38 (9)	H451—C45—H452	107.7
N30—C32—C33	111.39 (9)	C45—C46—H461	109.5
C31—C32—C33	110.81 (10)	C45—C46—H462	109.5
N30—C32—H321	109.1	H461—C46—H462	109.5
C31—C32—H321	109.1	C45—C46—H463	109.5
C33—C32—H321	109.1	H461—C46—H463	109.5
C32—C33—C34	114.85 (10)	H462—C46—H463	109.5
C32—C33—H331	108.6		
O12—C10—N20—C22	0.51 (17)	N40—C31—C32—N30	112.91 (11)
C11—C10—N20—C22	-179.42 (9)	O31—C31—C32—C33	54.24 (13)
C10—N20—C22—C21	-113.52 (11)	N40—C31—C32—C33	-125.23 (10)
C10—N20—C22—C23	127.58 (11)	N30—C32—C33—C34	176.58 (9)
O21—C21—C22—N20	-53.20 (13)	C31—C32—C33—C34	57.10 (13)
N30—C21—C22—N20	128.72 (9)	C32—C33—C34—C35	59.28 (13)
O21—C21—C22—C23	65.55 (14)	C32—C33—C34—C36	-177.85 (10)
N30—C21—C22—C23	-112.52 (11)	O31—C31—N40—C42	-1.75 (17)
N20—C22—C23—C24	171.82 (10)	C32—C31—N40—C42	177.72 (10)
C21—C22—C23—C24	53.30 (13)	C31—N40—C42—C41	-63.52 (15)
C22—C23—C24—C26	64.09 (15)	C31—N40—C42—C43	176.03 (11)
C22—C23—C24—C25	-173.23 (12)	O41—C41—C42—N40	164.16 (18)
O21—C21—N30—C32	-4.26 (16)	O41—C41—C42—C43	-74.9 (2)
C22—C21—N30—C32	173.77 (9)	N40—C42—C43—C44	-63.46 (16)
C21—N30—C32—C31	-141.31 (10)	C41—C42—C43—C44	176.13 (13)
C21—N30—C32—C33	97.19 (12)	C42—C43—C44—C45	-60.78 (18)
O31—C31—C32—N30	-67.62 (13)	C43—C44—C45—C46	-173.82 (15)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
N20—H201…O31 ⁱ	0.88	2.05	2.897 (3)	161
N30—H301…O21 ⁱⁱ	0.88	1.99	2.863 (3)	171
N40—H401…O12 ⁱ	0.88	1.96	2.827 (3)	169

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1$.