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(1*S*,2*R*,3*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-3,7,11,11-Tetramethyl-6,7-epoxybicyclo[5.4.0]undecane-2-ol

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.131; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.7.

The title compound, $C_{15}H_{26}O_2$, was synthesized from β himachalene (3,5,5,9-tetramethyl-2,4a,5,6,7,8-hexahydro-1*H*benzocycloheptene), which was isolated from the Atlas cedar (*cedrus atlantica*). The molecule is built up from a sevenmembered ring to which a six- and a three-membered ring are fused. The seven- and six-membered rings each have a twistboat conformation. In the crystal, $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into zigzag chains running along the *b*-axis direction.

Related literature

For background to β -himachalene, see: El Haib *et al.*;(2011). For the reactivity of this sesquiterpene and its derivatives, see: El Jamili *et al.* (2002); Benharref *et al.* (2013); Ourhriss *et al.* (2013). For their potential antifungal activity against the phytopathogen *Botrytis cinerea*, see: Daoubi *et al.* (2004). For puckering parameters, see: Cremer & Pople (1975).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{26}O_2$	$V = 686.48 (19) \text{ Å}^3$
$M_r = 238.36$	Z = 2
Monoclinic, P2 ₁	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
a = 5.9617 (10) Å	$\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 12.068 (2) Å	$T = 298 { m K}$
c = 9.5909 (15) Å	$0.38 \times 0.11 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 95.789 \ (8)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEX diffractometer 11541 measured reflections 3036 independent reflections

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.131$	independent and constrained
S = 1.06	refinement
3036 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.34 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
162 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $D-H\cdots A$ D-H $H\cdots A$ $D\cdots A$ $D-H\cdots A$
 $O1-H11\cdots O2^i$ 0.72 (3)
 2.11 (3)
 2.820 (2)
 171 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) -x, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, -z.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT6976).

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2698 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.031$

supporting information

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(1*S*,2*R*,3*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-3,7,11,11-Tetramethyl-6,7-epoxybicyclo[5.4.0]undecane-2-ol

Mohamed Loubidi, Ahmed Benharref, Lahcen El Ammari, Mohamed Saadi and Moha Berraho

S1. Comment

This work is a part of our ongoing program concerning the valorization of the most abundant essential oils in Morocco, such as Cedrus atlantica. This oil is made up mainly (75%) of bicyclic sesquiterpene hydrocarbons, among which is found the compound β -himachalene (El Haib *et al.*, 2011). The reactivity of this sesquiterpene and its derivatives has been studied extensively by our team in order to prepare new products having biological properties (El Jamili *et al.*, 2002; Benharref *et al.*, 2013; Ourhriss *et al.*, 2013). Indeed, these compounds were tested, using the food poisoning technique, for their potential antifungal activity against phytopathogen Botrytis cinerea (Daoubi *et al.*, 2004). The molecule of the title compound (Fig.1) is built up from two fused six- and seven-membered rings, both rings have a twist-boat conformation as indicated by the total puckering amplitude QT = 0.7821 (19) Å and spherical polar angle θ = 92.53 (15)° with φ = 272.91 (14)°, for the six-membered ring, and QT = 1.1479 (21), θ = 87.76 (10), φ 2 = -148.25 (21), φ 3 = 27.36 (3) for the seven-membered ring (Cremer & Pople, 1975). In the crystal, O—H…O hydrogen bonds links the molecules into zigzag chains running along the *b* axis (Table 1, Fig. 1).

S2. Experimental

Diborane is prepared by addition at 0 °C of 2.5 g (17 mmol) of boron trifluoride etherate in 0.5 g (12.6 mmol) of sodium borohydride in 30 ml of diglyme. Diborane formed is driven by a stream of dry nitrogen in 2 g (10 mmol) of β -himachalene dissolved in 20 ml of tetrahydrofuran at 273K. This takes about 4 h. 2 ml of sodium hydroxide 3 N is then added carefully between 263K and 273K in 15 minutes and then 2 ml of 30% hydrogen peroxide in the vicinity of 298K. The reaction mixture was then extracted with diethyl ether, the organic phase is washed to neutrality and the solvent was evaporated under vacuum. The residue obtained is chromatographed on a column of silica gel with hexane-ethyl acetate (95:5), which allowed the isolation of pure (1*S*, 2*R*, 3S, 6S, 7*R*)-6,7-epoxy-3,7,11,11- tetramethylbicyclo[5.4.0] undecane-2-ol with a yield of 25% (600 mg 2.5 mmol). The title compound was recrystallized from its cyclohexane solution.

S3. Refinement

Except H11, which was freely refined, all H atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H = 0.96 Å (methyl),0.97 Å (methylene), 0.98 Å (methine) with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}$ (methylene, methine) or $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}$ (methyl). The methyl groups were allowed to rotate, but not to tip. In the absence of significant anomalous scattering, the absolute configuration could not be reliably determined and any references to the Flack parameter were removed. The absolute configuration of the chiral centres was arbitrarily set.



Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound with the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability. level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.



Figure 2

Packing view showing the O–H…O hydrogen bonds as dashed lines. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

(1*S*,2*R*,3*S*,6*S*,7*R*)-3,7,11,11-Tetramethyl-6,7-epoxybicyclo[5.4.0]undecane-2-ol

Crystal data	
$C_{15}H_{26}O_2$ $M_r = 238.36$ Monoclinic, $P2_1$ Hall symbol: P 2yb $a = 5.9617 (10) \text{ Å}$ $b = 12.068 (2) \text{ Å}$ $c = 9.5909 (15) \text{ Å}$ $\beta = 95.789 (8)^{\circ}$ $V = 686.48 (19) \text{ Å}^3$ $Z = 2$	F(000) = 264 $D_x = 1.153 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 3036 reflections $\theta = 2.7-27.1^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 298 K Needle, colourless $0.38 \times 0.11 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker X8 APEX diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator	φ and ω scans 11541 measured reflections 3036 independent reflections 2698 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\rm int} = 0.031$	$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
$\theta_{\rm max} = 27.1^{\circ}, \theta_{\rm min} = 2.7^{\circ}$	$l = -11 \rightarrow 12$
$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$	

Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.131$	neighbouring sites
<i>S</i> = 1.06	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
3036 reflections	and constrained refinement
162 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0862P)^2 + 0.0329P]$
1 restraint	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
direct methods	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.34 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	X	<i>y</i>	Z	$U_{\rm iso}^*/U_{\rm eq}$	
C2	0.0588 (3)	0.50820 (14)	0.02419 (18)	0.0314 (4)	
H2	0.1734	0.5611	0.0000	0.038*	
C4	0.2591 (3)	0.37310 (19)	-0.11371 (19)	0.0453 (5)	
H4A	0.3279	0.4210	-0.1786	0.054*	
H4B	0.2399	0.3005	-0.1567	0.054*	
C9	0.3831 (5)	0.3909 (3)	0.4739 (2)	0.0657 (7)	
H9A	0.5201	0.3606	0.5226	0.079*	
H9B	0.2942	0.4216	0.5439	0.079*	
H11	-0.153 (4)	0.608 (2)	-0.012 (3)	0.051 (8)*	
C1	0.1382 (3)	0.45493 (13)	0.16735 (17)	0.0289 (3)	
H1	0.0019	0.4272	0.2047	0.035*	
C3	0.0279 (3)	0.41938 (15)	-0.09006 (19)	0.0372 (4)	
H3	-0.0630	0.3592	-0.0565	0.045*	
C5	0.4180 (3)	0.36301 (17)	0.02114 (19)	0.0395 (4)	
H5A	0.5132	0.2982	0.0162	0.047*	
H5B	0.5143	0.4279	0.0323	0.047*	
C6	0.2821 (3)	0.35300 (14)	0.14433 (17)	0.0304 (3)	
C7	0.3361 (3)	0.27224 (16)	0.2586 (2)	0.0412 (4)	
C8	0.2506 (4)	0.2968 (2)	0.3985 (2)	0.0545 (6)	
H8A	0.2637	0.2308	0.4564	0.065*	
H8B	0.0925	0.3170	0.3840	0.065*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

C10	0.4472 (4)	0.4851 (2)	0.3774 (2)	0.0531 (6)	
H10A	0.5572	0.4567	0.3186	0.064*	
H10B	0.5204	0.5431	0.4355	0.064*	
C11	0.2506 (3)	0.53852 (15)	0.28073 (19)	0.0372 (4)	
C12	0.5456 (4)	0.2016 (2)	0.2643 (3)	0.0612 (6)	
H12A	0.5204	0.1334	0.3119	0.092*	
H12B	0.6694	0.2405	0.3140	0.092*	
H12C	0.5803	0.1859	0.1708	0.092*	
C13	-0.0927 (4)	0.4641 (2)	-0.2266 (2)	0.0575 (6)	
H13A	-0.0141	0.5281	-0.2558	0.086*	
H13B	-0.2443	0.4842	-0.2120	0.086*	
H13C	-0.0954	0.4080	-0.2977	0.086*	
C14	0.3584 (4)	0.64005 (19)	0.2140 (3)	0.0574 (6)	
H14A	0.2429	0.6824	0.1611	0.086*	
H14B	0.4661	0.6150	0.1529	0.086*	
H14C	0.4329	0.6856	0.2865	0.086*	
C15	0.0719 (4)	0.5824 (2)	0.3696 (3)	0.0636 (7)	
H15A	0.1416	0.6300	0.4416	0.095*	
H15B	0.0005	0.5214	0.4118	0.095*	
H15C	-0.0391	0.6235	0.3113	0.095*	
01	-0.1435 (2)	0.56718 (13)	0.04280 (17)	0.0465 (4)	
O2	0.1605 (2)	0.24617 (10)	0.14695 (15)	0.0414 (3)	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C2	0.0338 (8)	0.0274 (8)	0.0338 (9)	-0.0005 (7)	0.0068 (6)	0.0023 (7)
C4	0.0540 (11)	0.0512 (12)	0.0321 (9)	0.0069 (9)	0.0119 (8)	-0.0066 (8)
C9	0.0770 (16)	0.0825 (18)	0.0347 (11)	0.0019 (14)	-0.0090 (10)	0.0007 (12)
C1	0.0297 (7)	0.0277 (7)	0.0300 (8)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0062 (6)	-0.0001 (6)
C3	0.0429 (10)	0.0379 (9)	0.0304 (9)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0020 (7)	-0.0009 (7)
C5	0.0379 (9)	0.0398 (9)	0.0419 (10)	0.0050 (8)	0.0100 (7)	-0.0051 (8)
C6	0.0321 (7)	0.0265 (7)	0.0317 (8)	-0.0036 (6)	-0.0003 (6)	-0.0027 (7)
C7	0.0462 (10)	0.0351 (10)	0.0403 (10)	-0.0033 (8)	-0.0060 (8)	0.0039 (8)
C8	0.0599 (13)	0.0623 (14)	0.0407 (11)	-0.0036 (11)	0.0022 (9)	0.0197 (10)
C10	0.0487 (11)	0.0572 (14)	0.0514 (13)	-0.0088 (9)	-0.0045 (9)	-0.0138 (10)
C11	0.0398 (9)	0.0374 (9)	0.0347 (9)	-0.0056 (7)	0.0052 (7)	-0.0098 (7)
C12	0.0595 (14)	0.0520 (13)	0.0681 (15)	0.0150 (11)	-0.0130 (11)	0.0080 (11)
C13	0.0698 (14)	0.0646 (14)	0.0352 (11)	0.0089 (12)	-0.0088 (9)	-0.0009 (10)
C14	0.0689 (14)	0.0398 (11)	0.0640 (14)	-0.0125 (11)	0.0086 (11)	-0.0075 (10)
C15	0.0596 (13)	0.0766 (17)	0.0561 (14)	0.0007 (12)	0.0141 (11)	-0.0262 (13)
O1	0.0504 (8)	0.0417 (8)	0.0490 (9)	0.0166 (6)	0.0121 (6)	0.0105 (7)
02	0.0490 (8)	0.0270 (6)	0.0459 (7)	-0.0068 (5)	-0.0067 (6)	0.0019 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C2—01	1.427 (2)	C7—C12	1.508 (3)
C2—C3	1.531 (2)	С7—С8	1.512 (3)

C2—C1	1.546 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9800	C8—H8B	0.9700
C4—C3	1.526 (3)	C10—C11	1.558 (3)
C4—C5	1.529 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C4—H4A	0.9700	С10—Н10В	0.9700
C4—H4B	0.9700	C11—C15	1.525 (3)
C9—C8	1.523 (4)	C11—C14	1.552 (3)
C9—C10	1.539 (4)	C12—H12A	0.9600
C9—H9A	0.9700	C12—H12B	0.9600
C9—H9B	0.9700	C12—H12C	0.9600
C1—C6	1.528 (2)	С13—Н13А	0.9600
C1—C11	1.582 (2)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C1—H1	0.9800	C13—H13C	0.9600
C3—C13	1.527 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9800	C14—H14B	0.9600
C5—C6	1 503 (2)	C14 - H14C	0.9600
C5—H5A	0.9700	C15—H15A	0.9600
C5—H5B	0.9700	C15—H15B	0.9600
C6—C7	1 478 (3)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C6-02	1 481 (2)	01—H11	0.72(3)
C7—O2	1 455 (2)		0.72 (3)
0, 02	(1)		
O1—C2—C3	113.36 (15)	C6—C7—C8	117.44 (17)
O1—C2—C1	106.45 (14)	C12—C7—C8	115.52 (19)
C3—C2—C1	110.40 (13)	C7—C8—C9	111.26 (19)
O1—C2—H2	108.8	С7—С8—Н8А	109.4
С3—С2—Н2	108.8	С9—С8—Н8А	109.4
C1—C2—H2	108.8	C7—C8—H8B	109.4
C3—C4—C5	113.30 (14)	С9—С8—Н8В	109.4
C3—C4—H4A	108.9	H8A—C8—H8B	108.0
C5—C4—H4A	108.9	C9—C10—C11	116.50 (19)
C3—C4—H4B	108.9	C9-C10-H10A	108.2
C5—C4—H4B	108.9	C11—C10—H10A	108.2
H4A—C4—H4B	107.7	C9-C10-H10B	108.2
C8—C9—C10	114.41 (18)	C11—C10—H10B	108.2
С8—С9—Н9А	108.7	H10A—C10—H10B	107.3
С10—С9—Н9А	108.7	C15—C11—C14	107.35 (18)
С8—С9—Н9В	108.7	C15—C11—C10	109.69 (18)
С10—С9—Н9В	108.7	C14—C11—C10	104.72 (17)
H9A—C9—H9B	107.6	C15—C11—C1	109.53 (15)
C6—C1—C2	109.41 (13)	C14—C11—C1	112.59 (15)
C6-C1-C11	114.05 (14)	C10-C11-C1	112.74 (15)
C2—C1—C11	114.57 (14)	C7—C12—H12A	109.5
C6—C1—H1	106.0	C7—C12—H12B	109.5
C2—C1—H1	106.0	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C11—C1—H1	106.0	C7—C12—H12C	109.5
C4—C3—C13	110.86 (16)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	108.51 (15)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5

C13—C3—C2	112.26 (17)	C3—C13—H13A	109.5
С4—С3—Н3	108.4	С3—С13—Н13В	109.5
С13—С3—Н3	108.4	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
С2—С3—Н3	108.4	C3—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	109.51 (14)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
С6—С5—Н5А	109.8	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
С4—С5—Н5А	109.8	C11—C14—H14A	109.5
С6—С5—Н5В	109.8	C11—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—H5B	109.8	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	108.2	C11—C14—H14C	109.5
C7—C6—O2	58.92 (11)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C7—C6—C5	122.77 (16)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
O2—C6—C5	112.77 (14)	C11—C15—H15A	109.5
C7—C6—C1	120.48 (15)	C11—C15—H15B	109.5
O2—C6—C1	114.54 (12)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—C1	113.81 (14)	C11—C15—H15C	109.5
O2—C7—C6	60.64 (11)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
O2—C7—C12	115.87 (18)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C7—C12	121.17 (19)	C2-O1-H11	105 (2)
O2—C7—C8	114.42 (17)	С7—О2—С6	60.45 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
01—H11…O2 ⁱ	0.72 (3)	2.11 (3)	2.820 (2)	171 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) -x, y+1/2, -z.