

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5(4H)-one

## Pramod P. Kattimani,<sup>a</sup> Ravindra R. Kamble,<sup>a</sup>\* Mahadev N. Kumbar,<sup>a</sup> H. K. Arunkashi<sup>b</sup> and H. C. Devarajegowda<sup>c\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Studies in Chemistry, Karnataka University, Dharwad 580 003, Karnataka, India, <sup>b</sup>Department of Physics, Moodlakatte Institute of Technology, Kundapura 576 217, Karnataka, India, and CDepartment of Physics, Yuvaraja's College (Constituent College), University of Mysore, Mysore 570 005, Karnataka, India

Correspondence e-mail: ravichem@kud.ac.in, devarajegowda@yahoo.com

Received 18 March 2014; accepted 23 March 2014

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.034; wR factor = 0.094; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.2.

In the title compound,  $C_8H_6ClN_3O$ , the dihedral angle between the 1,2,4-triazole and benzene rings is  $4.60 (9)^{\circ}$  and an intramolecular C-H···O interaction closes an S(6) ring. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of  $N-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds generate  $R_2^2(8)$  loops and C-H···O interactions link the dimers into [100] chains. Weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.644(1)Å] are also observed.

### **Related literature**

For a related structure and background to 1,2,4-triazoles, see: Devarajegowda et al.(2012).

**Experimental** 

Crystal data C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>6</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O  $M_r = 195.61$ 

Triclinic,  $P\overline{1}$ 

a = 6.5791 (4) Å



b = 7.2663 (4) Å	<i>Z</i> = 2
c = 9.3342 (5) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$\alpha = 80.121 \ (4)^{\circ}$	$\mu = 0.42 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 85.042 \ (4)^{\circ}$	T = 296  K
$\gamma = 70.235 \ (4)^{\circ}$	$0.24 \times 0.20 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$
V = 413.52 (4) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Data collection	
Bruker SMART CCD	5938 measured reflections
diffractometer	1438 independent reflections
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan	1270 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.025$
$T_{\rm min} = 0.770, T_{\rm max} = 1.000$	

Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$	118 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.094$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.06	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.17 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
1438 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.15 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N5 - H5 \cdots O2^{i}$ $C6 - H6 \cdots O2^{ii}$	0.86 0.93	1.95 2.53	2.7924 (18) 3 360 (3)	166 149
$C9 - H9 \cdot \cdot O2$	0.93	2.29	2.933 (2)	126

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y + 2, -z + 1; (ii) x + 1, y, z.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The authors acknowledge the University Scientific Instrumentation Centre (USIC), Karnatak University, Dharwad, for providing the XRD data. PPK thanks the University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi, for financial assistance under the RFSMS scheme. The authors are grateful to the University Grants Commission, New Delhi [F. No. 14-3/2012 (NS/PE) Dated: 14-03-2012] for providing financial support under Antitumor activity an integrated approach, a focused area of the UPE programme.

Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7211).

#### References

Farrugia, L. J. (2012). J. Appl. Cryst. 45, 849-854.

- Sheldrick, G. M. (2007). SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

CI

Bruker (2001). SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Devarajegowda, H. C., Jeyaseelan, S., Sathishkumar, R., D'souza, A. S. & D'souza, A. (2012). Acta Cryst. E68, 01607.

# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2014). E70, o499 [doi:10.1107/S1600536814006412]

# 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5(4H)-one

# Pramod P. Kattimani, Ravindra R. Kamble, Mahadev N. Kumbar, H. K. Arunkashi and H. C. Devarajegowda

# S1. Comment

As part of our onging studies of 1,2,4-triazoles (Devarajegowda *et al.*, 2012), we now describe the synthesis and structure of the title compound.

The asymmetric unit of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol- 3-one is shown in Fig. 1. The dihedral angle between the 1,2,4-triazol ring (N3/N4/N5/C6/C7) and the benzene ring (C8–C13) is 4.60 (9)°. In the crystal, inversion related N5—H5····O2 interactions generate an  $R_2^2(8)$  ring pattern and link pairs of independent molecules into dimers and C6—H6···O interactions generate  $R_2^2(10)$  ring motifs.  $C_g(1)\pi-\pi C_g(2)$  interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.644 (1) Å] between 1,2,4 triazole (N3/N4/N5/C6/C7) and benzene (C8–C13) rings are also observed.

# S2. Experimental

2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-one was refluxed with formamide at 453 K. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was poured into ice cold water to recover the title compound, which was recrystallized from ethanol solution as colourless plates (m.p. 528 K).

# S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically, with N—H = 0.86 Å, and C—H = 0.93 Å for aromatic H and refined using a riding model with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C, N)$  for aromatic and amide H.



# Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.



# Figure 2

The packing of the title compound.

# 1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1H-1,2,4-triazol-5(4H)-one

Crystal data

C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>6</sub>ClN<sub>3</sub>O  $M_r = 195.61$ Triclinic, *P*1 Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 6.5791 (4) Å b = 7.2663 (4) Å c = 9.3342 (5) Å  $\alpha = 80.121$  (4)°  $\beta = 85.042$  (4)°  $\gamma = 70.235$  (4)° V = 413.52 (4) Å<sup>3</sup>

### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator  $\omega$  and  $\varphi$  scans Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2007)  $T_{\min} = 0.770, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 

# Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$  $wR(F^2) = 0.094$ S = 1.061438 reflections 118 parameters

# Z = 2

F(000) = 200  $D_x = 1.571 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 528 K Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 Å Cell parameters from 1438 reflections  $\theta = 2.2-25.0^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.42 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 296 KPlate, colourless  $0.24 \times 0.20 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$ 

5938 measured reflections 1438 independent reflections 1270 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.025$  $\theta_{max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.2^{\circ}$  $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$  $k = -8 \rightarrow 8$  $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$ 

0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0473P)^2 + 0.1038P]$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.17 \text{ e } { m \AA}^{-3}$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Experimental.** IR (KBr): 1686 (C=O), 3433 (NH); <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$  p.p.m.): 7.46–7.50 (d, 2H, ArH, J = 16 Hz), 7.90–7.94 (d, 2H, ArH, J = 16 Hz), 8.12 (s, 1H, C5H), 12.00 (s, 1H, NH); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>,  $\delta$  p.p.m.): 119.26, 128.77, 128.84, 136.66, 136.72, 152.17; MS (m/z, 70 eV): 197 ( $M^{2+}$ ), 195 ( $M^{+}$ ), 127, 125, 113, 111. **Geometry.** All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	X	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Cl1	-0.31296 (10)	0.62029 (8)	1.39673 (5)	0.0705 (2)
O2	-0.1420 (2)	0.9297 (2)	0.66886 (13)	0.0595 (4)
N3	0.1322 (2)	0.79679 (19)	0.83947 (14)	0.0385 (3)
N4	0.3528 (2)	0.7607 (2)	0.83651 (15)	0.0488 (4)
N5	0.2213 (2)	0.8940 (2)	0.62018 (15)	0.0457 (4)
Н5	0.2196	0.9413	0.5291	0.055*
C11	-0.1807 (3)	0.6731 (2)	1.23269 (18)	0.0462 (4)
C10	-0.2983 (3)	0.7604 (3)	1.1128 (2)	0.0600 (5)
H10	-0.4479	0.7927	1.1186	0.072*
C9	-0.1960 (3)	0.8017 (3)	0.9812 (2)	0.0557 (5)
H9	-0.2767	0.8615	0.8986	0.067*
C8	0.0241 (2)	0.7544 (2)	0.97287 (16)	0.0369 (3)
C7	0.0477 (3)	0.8791 (2)	0.70550 (17)	0.0414 (4)
C12	0.0388 (3)	0.6240 (3)	1.2260 (2)	0.0600 (5)
H12	0.1183	0.5645	1.3092	0.072*
C13	0.1426 (3)	0.6632 (3)	1.0949 (2)	0.0563 (5)
H13	0.2924	0.6278	1.0894	0.068*
C6	0.3967 (3)	0.8216 (3)	0.70340 (19)	0.0500 (4)
H6	0.5350	0.8162	0.6684	0.060*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0853 (4)	0.0835 (4)	0.0407 (3)	-0.0336 (3)	0.0192 (2)	-0.0029 (2)
O2	0.0439 (7)	0.0937 (10)	0.0378 (6)	-0.0286 (7)	-0.0083 (5)	0.0143 (6)
N3	0.0342 (7)	0.0481 (7)	0.0320 (7)	-0.0137 (5)	-0.0030 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
N4	0.0351 (8)	0.0675 (9)	0.0393 (8)	-0.0140 (6)	-0.0019 (6)	-0.0020 (6)
N5	0.0429 (8)	0.0615 (8)	0.0319 (7)	-0.0210 (6)	0.0008 (6)	0.0018 (6)
C11	0.0586 (11)	0.0470 (9)	0.0333 (8)	-0.0202 (8)	0.0072 (7)	-0.0046 (7)
C10	0.0396 (9)	0.0893 (14)	0.0466 (10)	-0.0202 (9)	0.0037 (8)	-0.0030 (9)

# supporting information

C9	0.0403 (9)	0.0861 (13)	0.0344 (9)	-0.0181 (9)	-0.0046 (7)	0.0041 (8)
C8	0.0399 (8)	0.0389 (8)	0.0313 (8)	-0.0132 (6)	-0.0013 (6)	-0.0029 (6)
C7	0.0411 (9)	0.0499 (9)	0.0337 (8)	-0.0187 (7)	-0.0030 (7)	0.0011 (6)
C12	0.0579 (12)	0.0775 (13)	0.0346 (9)	-0.0167 (10)	-0.0070 (8)	0.0096 (8)
C13	0.0399 (9)	0.0786 (12)	0.0412 (10)	-0.0149 (8)	-0.0072 (8)	0.0087 (8)
C6	0.0377 (9)	0.0696 (11)	0.0405 (9)	-0.0180 (8)	0.0025 (7)	-0.0041 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C11	1.7444 (16)	C11—C12	1.364 (3)	
O2—C7	1.237 (2)	C10—C9	1.385 (3)	
N3—C7	1.367 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300	
N3—N4	1.3833 (19)	C9—C8	1.369 (2)	
N3—C8	1.419 (2)	С9—Н9	0.9300	
N4—C6	1.288 (2)	C8—C13	1.375 (2)	
N5—C6	1.348 (2)	C12—C13	1.383 (3)	
N5—C7	1.359 (2)	C12—H12	0.9300	
N5—H5	0.8600	C13—H13	0.9300	
C11—C10	1.352 (3)	С6—Н6	0.9300	
C7—N3—N4	111.34 (13)	C9—C8—C13	119.67 (15)	
C7—N3—C8	128.99 (13)	C9—C8—N3	120.90 (14)	
N4—N3—C8	119.63 (12)	C13—C8—N3	119.43 (15)	
C6—N4—N3	103.86 (13)	O2—C7—N5	127.42 (15)	
C6—N5—C7	107.98 (14)	O2—C7—N3	128.69 (15)	
C6—N5—H5	126.0	N5—C7—N3	103.89 (13)	
C7—N5—H5	126.0	C11—C12—C13	119.63 (17)	
C10-C11-C12	120.83 (16)	C11—C12—H12	120.2	
C10-C11-C11	119.12 (14)	C13—C12—H12	120.2	
C12—C11—C11	120.04 (14)	C8—C13—C12	119.95 (17)	
C11—C10—C9	119.95 (17)	C8—C13—H13	120.0	
C11—C10—H10	120.0	C12—C13—H13	120.0	
C9—C10—H10	120.0	N4C6N5	112.93 (15)	
C8—C9—C10	119.94 (17)	N4—C6—H6	123.5	
С8—С9—Н9	120.0	N5—C6—H6	123.5	
С10—С9—Н9	120.0			
C7N3N4C6	0.28 (18)	C6N5C7N3	0.31 (18)	
$C_{1}^{8}$ N3 N4 C6	-17750(14)	N4 $N3$ $C7$ $O2$	170 03 (18)	
$C_{0} = N_{0} = N_{0} = C_{0}$	-0.3(3)	$C_{8} = N_{3} = C_{7} = O_{2}$	-26(3)	
$C_{11} = C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{9}$	-179.35(16)	N4 N3 C7 N5	-0.37(18)	
$C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{9} = C_{9}$	-0.1(3)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	177 14 (14)	
$C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{2} = C_{3}$	0.1(3)	$C_{0} = N_{0} = C_{1} = N_{0}$	-0.2(2)	
C10 - C9 - C8 - C13	1.1(3) 170.50(17)	$C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13}$	-0.3(3)	
C10-C9-C8-N3	-1/9.30(17)	$C_{11} = C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13}$	1/6.62(10)	
1 - 13 - 13 - 19	-2.1(3)	$V_{2} = V_{0} = V_{13} = V_{12}$	-1.0(3)	
$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	1/3.20(13)	$N_{3} = C_{3} = C_{13} = C_{12} = C_{12}$	1/8.9/(1/)	
$U = N_3 = U_8 = U_{13}$	1//.3/(16)	$\bigcup_{i=1}^{i=1} \bigcup_{j=1}^{i=1} \bigcup_{i=1}^{i=1} \bigcup_{j=1}^{i=1} $	1.2 (3)	
N4—N3—C8—C13	-5.3(2)	N3-N4-C6-N5	-0.1(2)	

# supporting information

C6—N5—C7—O2	-179.98 (18)	C7—N5—C6—N4	-0.2 (2)	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)				
D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N5—H5…O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	1.95	2.7924 (18)	166
С6—Н6…О2 <sup>іі</sup>	0.93	2.53	3.360 (3)	149
С9—Н9…О2	0.93	2.29	2.933 (2)	126

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*+2, -*z*+1; (ii) *x*+1, *y*, *z*.