organic compounds

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Ethyl 6-(4-cyclopropyl-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.137; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.4.

In the title compound, C₁₃H₁₄N₄O₂, which has approximate mirror symmetry, the dihedral angles between the triazole ring and the cyclopropane and pyridine rings are 87.1 (2) and 7.60 $(9)^{\circ}$, respectively. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of both $C-H\cdots N$ and $C-H\cdots O$ interactions generate $R_2^2(6)$ and $R_2^2(18)$ loops, respectively. Further C-H···N interactions form $R_2^2(10)$ loops and link the dimers into [110] chains.

Related literature

For background to triazoles, see: Kiselyova et al. (2009). For the synthesis, see: Zhang et al. (2012).



Experimental

Crystal data	
$C_{13}H_{14}N_4O_2$ $M_r = 258.28$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	a = 7.1565 (6) Å b = 9.3521 (8) Å c = 9.8747 (9) Å

$\alpha = 85.722 \ (4)^{\circ}$	
$\beta = 81.422 \ (4)^{\circ}$	
$\gamma = 86.941 \ (4)^{\circ}$	
$V = 651.09 (10) \text{ Å}^3$	
Z = 2	

Data collection TZ A DEVILOOD

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD	8987 measured reflections
diffractometer	2484 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	1756 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.029$
$T_{\min} = 0.964, \ T_{\max} = 0.975$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	173 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.137$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.04	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.12 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2484 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C5-H5\cdots N1^{i}$ $C7-H7\cdots N3^{ii}$ $C9-H9\cdots O2^{i}$	0.93	2.60	3.375 (2)	141
	0.93	2.42	3.245 (2)	147
	0.93	2.54	3.422 (2)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1; (ii) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 2012) and PLATON.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7179).

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Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-3}$

 $0.42 \times 0.30 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$

T = 296 K

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Ethyl 6-(4-cyclopropyl-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate

Muhammad Naeem Ahmed, Khawaja Ansar Yasin, M. Nawaz Tahir, Asma Bibi and Hina Andleeb

S1. Comment

There are many derivatives of 1-(pyridine-2yl)-1,2,3-triazole that have been used as an intermediates in organic synthesis, or as ligands in coordination chemistry which have shown biologically important properties (Kiselyova *et al.*, 2009; Zhang *et al.*, 2012). As part of our studies in this area, we report here the structure of the title compound (I), (Fig. 1).

In (I) the pyridine ring A (C4–C8/N1) and 1, 2,3-triazol ring B (C9/C10/N2/N3/N4) are almost planar with r.m.s. deviations of 0.0004 Å and 0.0014 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between A/B is 7.61 (12)°. The ethyl acetate moiety attached with pyridine ring is also close to planar with r.m.s. deviation of 0.0088 Å and is oriented at a dihedral angle of 4.21 (15)° with ring A. The cyclopropyl moiety is of course planar and makes adihedral angle of 87.12 (12)° with the triazole ring. The molecules form dimers due to inversion and R_2^2 (6) an R_2^2 (10) loops are formed due to H-bondings of C—H····N and C—H····O types (Table 1, Fig. 2). The dimers are linked into [110] chains forming R_2^2 (10) ring motif due to C—H····N type of H-bonding.

S2. Experimental

To a suspension of ethyl tetrazolo [1,5-a]pyridine-6-carboxylate (0.25 g, 1 mmol), copper acetate (0.018 g, 0.1 mmol) in THF (2 ml) was stirred for 10 min, to give a deep red color suspension. Ethynylcyclopropane (0.072 g, 1.1 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 40 min. The residue was purified by column chromatography to give 84% of product as white solid. Colourless prisms of (I) were grown by slow evaporation of an ethanol: ethyl acetate solution at room temperature (m.p. 394 K).

S3. Refinement

The H-atoms were positioned geometrically (C–H = 0.93–0.97 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C)$, where x = 1.5 for methyl and x = 1.2 for other H-atoms.



Figure 1

View of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2

Partial packing diagram of the title compound showing that molecules form dimers and various ring motifs as parts of chains.

Z = 2

F(000) = 272

 $\theta = 2.1 - 26.0^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 296 K

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.317 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1756 reflections

Ethyl 6-(4-cyclopropyl-1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-yl)pyridine-3-carboxylate

Crystal data

C₁₃H₁₄N₄O₂ $M_r = 258.28$ Triclinic, *P*1 a = 7.1565 (6) Å b = 9.3521 (8) Å c = 9.8747 (9) Å a = 85.722 (4)° $\beta = 81.422$ (4)° $\gamma = 86.941$ (4)° V = 651.09 (10) Å³

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 8.00 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005) $T_{min} = 0.964, T_{max} = 0.975$

Prism, colourless $0.42 \times 0.30 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$ 8987 measured reflections 2484 independent reflections 1756 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.029$ $\theta_{max} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.1^{\circ}$ $h = -7 \rightarrow 9$

 $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.137$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.04	H-atom parameters constrained
2484 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0667P)^2 + 0.1169P]$
173 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.12 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
C1	0.2414 (3)	0.6459 (2)	0.0441 (2)	0.0859 (7)
H1A	0.2315	0.7147	0.1125	0.129*
H1B	0.1520	0.6722	-0.0179	0.129*
H1C	0.3671	0.6441	-0.0061	0.129*
C2	0.2005 (3)	0.5009 (2)	0.1119 (2)	0.0751 (6)
H2A	0.0739	0.5012	0.1633	0.090*
H2B	0.2098	0.4302	0.0439	0.090*
C3	0.3330 (3)	0.33974 (18)	0.27255 (18)	0.0522 (5)
C4	0.4902 (2)	0.31531 (17)	0.35605 (16)	0.0458 (4)
C5	0.5060 (3)	0.18591 (18)	0.43204 (18)	0.0521 (5)
Н5	0.4154	0.1186	0.4303	0.062*
C6	0.7698 (2)	0.25016 (17)	0.50747 (16)	0.0434 (4)
C7	0.7690 (3)	0.38274 (18)	0.43583 (19)	0.0556 (5)
H7	0.8617	0.4477	0.4394	0.067*
C8	0.6251 (3)	0.41465 (18)	0.35887 (19)	0.0545 (5)
H8	0.6188	0.5027	0.3090	0.065*
C9	0.9478 (2)	0.08458 (17)	0.66058 (16)	0.0470 (4)
H9	0.8839	0.0002	0.6628	0.056*
C10	1.0960 (2)	0.10746 (18)	0.72627 (17)	0.0480 (4)
C11	1.1936 (3)	0.0111 (2)	0.82036 (18)	0.0589 (5)
H11	1.1577	-0.0892	0.8280	0.071*
C12	1.2412 (3)	0.0654 (3)	0.9484 (2)	0.0734 (6)
H12A	1.2100	0.1655	0.9646	0.088*
H12B	1.2292	0.0006	1.0304	0.088*
C13	1.3932 (3)	0.0332 (3)	0.8366 (2)	0.0763 (6)

H13A	1.4747	-0.0514	0.8498	0.092*	
H13B	1.4554	0.1135	0.7840	0.092*	
N3	1.0348 (2)	0.30912 (16)	0.61267 (17)	0.0650 (5)	
N4	1.1459 (2)	0.24626 (17)	0.69538 (17)	0.0640 (5)	
N1	0.6440 (2)	0.15211 (14)	0.50782 (15)	0.0502 (4)	
N2	0.9131 (2)	0.21107 (14)	0.59114 (13)	0.0466 (4)	
01	0.34012 (19)	0.46736 (13)	0.20353 (14)	0.0657 (4)	
O2	0.2151 (2)	0.25401 (15)	0.26590 (15)	0.0774 (5)	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0925 (17)	0.0819 (16)	0.0814 (16)	0.0190 (13)	-0.0276 (13)	0.0204 (12)
C2	0.0823 (15)	0.0681 (13)	0.0825 (15)	0.0107 (11)	-0.0465 (12)	0.0050 (11)
C3	0.0573 (11)	0.0432 (9)	0.0584 (11)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0188 (9)	0.0008 (8)
C4	0.0487 (10)	0.0421 (9)	0.0483 (10)	-0.0026 (7)	-0.0144 (8)	0.0011 (7)
C5	0.0559 (11)	0.0437 (9)	0.0606 (11)	-0.0134 (8)	-0.0224 (9)	0.0066 (8)
C6	0.0462 (9)	0.0407 (9)	0.0449 (9)	-0.0068 (7)	-0.0137 (7)	0.0048 (7)
C7	0.0581 (11)	0.0443 (9)	0.0680 (12)	-0.0169 (8)	-0.0240 (9)	0.0123 (8)
C8	0.0631 (11)	0.0400 (9)	0.0621 (11)	-0.0085 (8)	-0.0213 (9)	0.0140 (8)
C9	0.0543 (10)	0.0389 (9)	0.0490 (10)	-0.0059 (7)	-0.0149 (8)	0.0059 (7)
C10	0.0457 (10)	0.0507 (10)	0.0493 (10)	-0.0040 (8)	-0.0143 (8)	0.0019 (7)
C11	0.0604 (12)	0.0581 (11)	0.0621 (12)	-0.0009 (9)	-0.0283 (9)	0.0072 (9)
C12	0.0744 (14)	0.0934 (16)	0.0558 (12)	0.0060 (12)	-0.0259 (11)	-0.0001 (11)
C13	0.0583 (13)	0.1031 (17)	0.0695 (14)	0.0069 (11)	-0.0248 (11)	0.0038 (12)
N3	0.0659 (10)	0.0523 (9)	0.0836 (11)	-0.0223 (8)	-0.0369 (9)	0.0176 (8)
N4	0.0615 (10)	0.0589 (10)	0.0776 (11)	-0.0153 (8)	-0.0344 (8)	0.0137 (8)
N1	0.0543 (9)	0.0429 (8)	0.0570 (9)	-0.0127 (6)	-0.0219 (7)	0.0092 (6)
N2	0.0496 (8)	0.0417 (8)	0.0513 (8)	-0.0122 (6)	-0.0183 (6)	0.0073 (6)
01	0.0711 (9)	0.0536 (8)	0.0781 (9)	-0.0014 (6)	-0.0386 (7)	0.0135 (6)
O2	0.0769 (10)	0.0619 (9)	0.1036 (11)	-0.0156 (8)	-0.0500 (9)	0.0114 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.490 (3)	С7—Н7	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9600	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—H1B	0.9600	C9—N2	1.353 (2)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C9—C10	1.357 (2)
C2—O1	1.453 (2)	С9—Н9	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9700	C10—N4	1.365 (2)
C2—H2B	0.9700	C10—C11	1.471 (2)
С3—О2	1.206 (2)	C11—C13	1.488 (3)
C3—O1	1.329 (2)	C11—C12	1.489 (3)
C3—C4	1.490 (2)	C11—H11	0.9800
C4—C8	1.380 (2)	C12—C13	1.466 (3)
C4—C5	1.384 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9700
C5—N1	1.337 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9700
С5—Н5	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9700

C6—N1	1.318 (2)	C13—H13B	0.9700
C6—C7	1.381 (2)	N3—N4	1.310 (2)
C6—N2	1.427 (2)	N3—N2	1.347 (2)
С7—С8	1.376 (2)		
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	N2—C9—H9	127.5
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	С10—С9—Н9	127.5
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C9—C10—N4	108.25 (15)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C9—C10—C11	130.37 (16)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	N4—C10—C11	121.34 (16)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C10—C11—C13	120.71 (18)
01—C2—C1	106.77 (18)	C10—C11—C12	119.78 (17)
01—C2—H2A	110.4	C13—C11—C12	58.99 (13)
C1—C2—H2A	110.4	C10—C11—H11	115.3
O1—C2—H2B	110.4	C13—C11—H11	115.3
C1—C2—H2B	110.4	C12—C11—H11	115.3
H2A—C2—H2B	108.6	C13—C12—C11	60.47 (14)
02	123.76 (17)	C13—C12—H12A	117.7
02-03-04	124.61 (16)	C11—C12—H12A	117.7
01 - C3 - C4	111 62 (15)	C13 - C12 - H12B	117.7
C8-C4-C5	117.89 (16)	C11—C12—H12B	117.7
C8-C4-C3	123 04 (15)	H12A— $C12$ — $H12B$	114.8
C_{5} C_{4} C_{3}	119.04 (15)	C12-C13-C11	60 54 (14)
N1-C5-C4	123 74 (16)	C_{12} C_{13} H_{13A}	117 7
N1-C5-H5	118.1	C11 - C13 - H13A	117.7
C4-C5-H5	118.1	C12— $C13$ — $H13B$	117.7
N1-C6-C7	125 18 (15)	C11_C13_H13B	117.7
N1-C6-N2	114 66 (14)	$H_{13}A - C_{13} - H_{13}B$	117.7
C7-C6-N2	120.14(15)	N4_N3_N2	107.00(14)
$C_{1}^{2} = C_{1}^{2} = C_{1}^{2}$	117.21(16)	$N_{3} N_{4} C_{10}$	107.00(14) 109.09(14)
C8-C7-H7	121 4	C6-N1-C5	109.09(14) 116.32(14)
C6 $C7$ $H7$	121.4	N3 N2 C9	110.52(14)
$C_{7} C_{8} C_{4}$	121.4	N3 N2 C6	110.01(14) 110.87(13)
$C_7 = C_8 = C_4$	119.05 (15)	$C_0 N_2 C_6$	119.87(13) 120.50(14)
$C_{1} = C_{2} = H_{2}$	120.2	$C_{3} = 01 = C_{2}$	129.30(14) 116.07(15)
$N_{2} = C_{0} = C_{10}$	120.2 105 05 (14)	01-02	110.97 (13)
N2-C3-C10	105.05 (14)		
O2—C3—C4—C8	178.53 (18)	C10-C11-C13-C12	108.5 (2)
O1—C3—C4—C8	-0.3 (2)	N2—N3—N4—C10	0.3 (2)
O2—C3—C4—C5	0.2 (3)	C9—C10—N4—N3	-0.4 (2)
O1—C3—C4—C5	-178.58 (15)	C11—C10—N4—N3	-178.48 (16)
C8—C4—C5—N1	0.1 (3)	C7—C6—N1—C5	0.1 (3)
C3—C4—C5—N1	178.47 (16)	N2-C6-N1-C5	179.08 (14)
N1—C6—C7—C8	0.0 (3)	C4—C5—N1—C6	-0.1 (3)
N2—C6—C7—C8	-178.94 (15)	N4—N3—N2—C9	-0.2 (2)
C6—C7—C8—C4	-0.1 (3)	N4—N3—N2—C6	178.13 (15)
C5—C4—C8—C7	0.0 (3)	C10—C9—N2—N3	-0.04 (19)
C3—C4—C8—C7	-178.31 (16)	C10-C9-N2-C6	-178.15 (16)

N2-C9-C10-N4	0.24 (19)	N1—C6—N2—N3	-171.57 (14)
N2-C9-C10-C11	178.12 (17)	C7—C6—N2—N3	7.5 (2)
C9—C10—C11—C13	155.10 (19)	N1—C6—N2—C9	6.4 (3)
N4—C10—C11—C13	-27.3 (3)	C7—C6—N2—C9	-174.54 (16)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-135.4 (2)	O2—C3—O1—C2	-2.2 (3)
N4—C10—C11—C12	42.2 (3)	C4—C3—O1—C2	176.58 (15)
C10-C11-C12-C13	-110.0 (2)	C1—C2—O1—C3	-178.22 (16)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C5—H5…N1 ⁱ	0.93	2.60	3.375 (2)	141
C7—H7···N3 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.42	3.245 (2)	147
C9—H9…O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.54	3.422 (2)	159

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1, -*y*, -*z*+1; (ii) -*x*+2, -*y*+1, -*z*+1.