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# Bis[(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)methanolato- $\kappa^2 N, O$ ]copper(II) monohydrate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.077; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.4.

In the title compound,  $[Cu(C_6H_5BrNO)_2] \cdot H_2O$ , the Cu<sup>II</sup> ion has a square-planer N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> coordination environment. Slipped  $\pi - \pi$  stackings [centroid-centroid distances: 3.625 (3), 3.767 (3), 3.935 (3) and 4.255 (3) Å] between pyridine rings and  $Cu \cdots \pi$  interactions (centroid-to- $Cu^{II}$  distance: 3.56 Å) between Cu<sup>2+</sup> ions and pyridine rings lead to a layered arrangement parallel to (010). Intermolecular Br ··· O interactions [Br...O distances: 2.904 (3) and 3.042 (3) Å] and O- $H \cdots O$  hydrogen bonds form a three-dimensional network structure.

#### **Related literature**

For bis(pyridin-2-ylmethanolato) complexes with four-coordinate Cu<sup>II</sup>, see: Antonioli et al. (2007); Boyle et al. (2010)

B H<sub>2</sub>O

#### **Experimental**

Crystal data [Cu(C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>BrNO)<sub>2</sub>]·H<sub>2</sub>O  $M_r = 455.60$ Triclinic  $P\overline{1}$ 

a = 7.1892 (9) Å b = 7.5438 (9) Å c = 13.2195 (15) Å  $\alpha = 99.338 \ (3)^{\circ}$  $\beta = 103.334 (3)^{\circ}$  $\gamma = 100.400 \ (3)^{\circ}$ V = 670.41 (14) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 2

## Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID	6697 measured reflections
diffractometer	3074 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	2305 reflections with $I > 2\sigma($
(ABSCOR; Rigaku, 1995)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.039$
$T_{\min} = 0.395, T_{\max} = 0.751$	

#### Refinement

 $\begin{array}{l} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028 \\ wR(F^2) = 0.077 \end{array}$ S = 1.203074 reflections 187 parameters 2 restraints

ections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 139

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.24$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta \rho_{\rm min}$  = -1.05 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

#### Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Cu1-O1	1.882 (3)	Cu1-N1	1.970 (3)
Cu1-O2	1.892 (3)	Cu1-N2	1.991 (3)

#### Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	<i>D</i> -H	Н∙∙∙А	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$O3-H11\cdots O1$	0.80 (2)	1.95 (2)	2.740 (4)	170 (6)
$O3-H12\cdots O2^{i}$	0.82 (2)	2.01 (2)	2.825 (4)	171 (5)

Symmetry code: (i) x, y + 1, z.

Data collection: RAPID-AUTO (Rigaku, 2002); cell refinement: RAPID-AUTO; data reduction: RAPID-AUTO; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: Yadokari-XG 2009 (Wakita, 2001; Kabuto et al., 2009), Mercury (Macrae et al., 2006) and ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: Yadokari-XG 2009 and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RU2055).

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Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $0.15 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\mu = 7.60 \text{ mm}^{-3}$ 

T = 100 K

# supporting information

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# Bis[(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)methanolato- $\kappa^2 N, O$ ]copper(II) monohydrate

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## S1. Comment

pyridin-2-ylmethanol is popular bidentate ligand, and many bis(pyridin-2-ylmethanolato) copper complexes are reported. The central copper ions of these complexes are mainly six- or five-coordinated; however, four-coordinated structure is few even in derivatives of pyridin-2-ylmethanol (Antonioli *et al.* (2007); Boyle *et al.* (2010)). Here, we report the crystal structure of  $[Cu^{II}(5\text{-bromo-pyridin-2-ylmethanolato})_2]H_2O$  which has a square planner  $Cu^{II}$  ion. As depicted in Fig. 1, the  $Cu^{II}$  ion is coordinated by two bidentated 5-bromo-pyridin-2-ylmethanolato ligands. A torsion angle of N1—O1—N2—O2 is -12.8 (1) ° and the  $Cu^{II}$  ion is located at -0.013 (2) Å from N1—O1—N2—O2 mean plane; therefore, the  $Cu^{II}$  has a slightly distorted square planer coordination environment. The complexes are connected *via* slipped  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stackings between pyridine ring and pyridine ring [centroid-to-centroid distances: 3.625 (3), 3.767 (3), 3.935 (3) and 4.255 (3) Å; interplanar distances: 3.425 (2), 3.319 (2), 3.303 (2) and 3.594 (2) Å] and Cu··· $\pi$  interaction (centroid-to- $Cu^{II}$  distance: 3.56 Å). These connections make this complex two-dimensional layered structure along with a c plane. (Fig. 2) Intermolecular Br···O halogen interaction [Br···O distances: 2.904 (3) and 3.042 (3) Å] and OH···O hydrogen bondings [O···O distances: 2.740 (4) and 2.825 (4) Å] make this two-dimensional layer to three-dimensional structure. (Fig. 3)

## **S2.** Experimental

A solution of triethylamine (0.125 mmol) in MeOH (0.5 ml) was added to a solution of 5-bromo-pyridin-2-ylmethanol (0.125 mmol) in MeOH (0.5 ml). A solution of  $CuSO_4 \cdot 5H_2O$  (0.0625 mmol) in  $H_2O$  (0.25 ml) was added to the mixture. After several hours, purple crystallized from the purple solution.

#### **S3. Refinement**

H atoms of OH were placed in a difference map and were refined coordinates only with restraints of O—H bond length (0.82 (2) Å) and  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O)$ . Other H atoms were placed at calculated positions and were treated as riding on the parent C atoms, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .



## Figure 1

ORTEP drawing for the title complex with labeling showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.



## Figure 2

Crystal packing of the complex. Pale purple spheres indicate centroids of pyridine rings and green dashed lines indicate  $\pi$ - $\pi$  or Cu<sup>... $\pi$ </sup> interactions. H<sub>2</sub>O molecules are omitted for clarity. (blue: copper; red: oxygen; light blue: nitrogen; gray: carbon; brown: bromine; white: hydrogen)



#### Figure 3

Crystal packing of the complex. Light blue dashed lines indicate Br…O halogen interaction or OH…O hydrogen bonding.

#### Bis[(5-bromopyridin-2-yl)methanolato- $\kappa^2 N$ ,O]copper(II) monohydrate

$[C_{11}(C \sqcup \mathbf{PrNO})] \cdot \mathbf{UO}$
$[Cu(C_6\Pi_5BINO)_2]^{\cdot}\Pi_2O$
$M_r = 455.60$
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
<i>a</i> = 7.1892 (9) Å
<i>b</i> = 7.5438 (9) Å
<i>c</i> = 13.2195 (15) Å
$\alpha = 99.338 \ (3)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 103.334 \ (3)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 100.400 (3)^{\circ}$

#### Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID diffractometer Graphite monochromator  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*ABSCOR*; Rigaku, 1995)  $T_{\min} = 0.395, T_{\max} = 0.751$ 6697 measured reflections

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$  $wR(F^2) = 0.077$ S = 1.20  $V = 670.41 (14) Å^{3}$  Z = 2 F(000) = 442  $D_{x} = 2.257 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71075 Å \mu = 7.60 mm^{-1} T = 100 KNeedle, purple  $0.15 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$ 

3074 independent reflections 2305 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.039$  $\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 3.2^{\circ}$  $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$  $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$  $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$ 

3074 reflections187 parameters2 restraintsPrimary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0208P)^2 + 0.8098P]$
map	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Hydrogen site location: mixed	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
and constrained refinement	$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -1.05 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
Cu1	0.54156 (8)	0.45571 (7)	0.28991 (4)	0.01103 (13)
N1	0.6758 (5)	0.4606 (5)	0.4385 (3)	0.0113 (8)
N2	0.3724 (5)	0.4527 (5)	0.1470 (3)	0.0108 (7)
01	0.6975 (4)	0.6960 (4)	0.3169 (2)	0.0158 (7)
O2	0.4262 (4)	0.2003 (4)	0.2603 (2)	0.0133 (6)
C1	0.7898 (6)	0.7701 (6)	0.4241 (3)	0.0113 (9)
H1	0.7220	0.8632	0.4510	0.014*
H2	0.9269	0.8337	0.4315	0.014*
C2	0.7909 (6)	0.6272 (6)	0.4907 (3)	0.0101 (8)
C3	0.8947 (7)	0.6571 (6)	0.5958 (4)	0.0149 (9)
H3	0.9752	0.7751	0.6315	0.018*
C4	0.8804 (7)	0.5124 (6)	0.6494 (3)	0.0146 (9)
H4	0.9514	0.5299	0.7218	0.017*
C5	0.7603 (6)	0.3425 (6)	0.5946 (3)	0.0128 (9)
C6	0.6600 (6)	0.3186 (6)	0.4895 (3)	0.0115 (9)
Н5	0.5788	0.2016	0.4523	0.014*
C7	0.2809 (6)	0.1401 (6)	0.1650 (3)	0.0133 (9)
H6	0.1520	0.1080	0.1804	0.016*
H7	0.3032	0.0268	0.1249	0.016*
C8	0.2743 (6)	0.2825 (6)	0.0962 (3)	0.0117 (9)
C9	0.1745 (6)	0.2415 (6)	-0.0109 (3)	0.0126 (9)
H8	0.1095	0.1182	-0.0460	0.015*
C10	0.1710 (6)	0.3826 (6)	-0.0657 (4)	0.0149 (9)
H9	0.1049	0.3582	-0.1393	0.018*
C11	0.2666 (6)	0.5611 (6)	-0.0107 (3)	0.0119 (9)
C12	0.3689 (6)	0.5935 (6)	0.0947 (3)	0.0140 (10)
H10	0.4377	0.7152	0.1312	0.017*
Br1	0.72814 (7)	0.13936 (6)	0.66098 (3)	0.01408 (12)
Br2	0.26359 (6)	0.75716 (6)	-0.08331 (3)	0.01288 (12)
O3	0.7243 (5)	1.0111 (4)	0.2380 (3)	0.0190 (7)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

# supporting information

H11	0.709 (8)	0.913 (4)	0.254 (4)	0.029*
H12	0.638 (6)	1.061 (7)	0.250 (4)	0.029*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	Un	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cu1	0.0139 (3)	0.0090 (3)	0.0090 (3)	0.0016 (2)	0.0019 (2)	0.0016 (2)
N1	0.0058 (18)	0.0174 (19)	0.0100 (19)	0.0017 (15)	0.0021 (15)	0.0018 (17)
N2	0.0138 (19)	0.0119 (17)	0.0065 (18)	0.0035 (15)	0.0013 (15)	0.0032 (15)
01	0.0173 (17)	0.0136 (16)	0.0147 (17)	-0.0008 (13)	0.0010 (13)	0.0075 (14)
O2	0.0165 (17)	0.0100 (14)	0.0112 (16)	-0.0008 (12)	0.0018 (13)	0.0036 (13)
C1	0.008 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.013 (2)	-0.0007 (17)	0.0015 (18)	0.0038 (19)
C2	0.009 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.0011 (16)	0.0032 (17)	-0.0027 (18)
C3	0.017 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.0028 (18)	0.0054 (19)	0.000(2)
C4	0.020 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.0040 (19)	0.0053 (19)	0.003 (2)
C5	0.013 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.0045 (18)	0.0074 (19)	0.009 (2)
C6	0.014 (2)	0.009 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.0048 (17)	0.0062 (19)	0.0014 (19)
C7	0.013 (2)	0.012 (2)	0.011 (2)	0.0014 (18)	-0.0016 (18)	0.0031 (19)
C8	0.008 (2)	0.010(2)	0.015 (2)	0.0002 (16)	0.0024 (18)	0.0007 (19)
C9	0.009(2)	0.014 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.0014 (17)	0.0026 (18)	0.0044 (19)
C10	0.013 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.0011 (18)	0.0019 (18)	0.000(2)
C11	0.015 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.0060 (18)	0.0066 (18)	0.0070 (19)
C12	0.016 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0065 (18)	0.008 (2)	0.003 (2)
Br1	0.0183 (2)	0.0142 (2)	0.0112 (2)	0.00372 (17)	0.00498 (18)	0.00535 (19)
Br2	0.0155 (2)	0.0128 (2)	0.0122 (2)	0.00431 (17)	0.00462 (17)	0.00519 (18)
03	0.023 (2)	0.0137 (16)	0.0228 (19)	0.0039 (14)	0.0071 (15)	0.0083 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—O1	1.882 (3)	C4—H4	0.9500
Cu1—O2	1.892 (3)	C5—C6	1.375 (6)
Cu1—N1	1.970 (3)	C5—Br1	1.891 (4)
Cu1—N2	1.991 (3)	С6—Н5	0.9500
N1C2	1.349 (5)	C7—C8	1.516 (5)
N1C6	1.356 (5)	С7—Н6	0.9900
N2—C8	1.331 (5)	С7—Н7	0.9900
N2-C12	1.359 (5)	C8—C9	1.387 (6)
01—C1	1.391 (5)	C9—C10	1.383 (6)
O2—C7	1.385 (5)	С9—Н8	0.9500
C1—C2	1.499 (5)	C10-C11	1.390 (6)
C1—H1	0.9900	С10—Н9	0.9500
C1—H2	0.9900	C11—C12	1.376 (6)
C2—C3	1.378 (6)	C11—Br2	1.890 (4)
C3—C4	1.396 (6)	C12—H10	0.9500
С3—Н3	0.9500	O3—H11	0.797 (19)
C4—C5	1.387 (6)	O3—H12	0.817 (19)
O1—Cu1—O2	169.72 (13)	C6—C5—C4	120.2 (4)

O1—Cu1—N1	84.45 (13)	C6C5Br1	118.3 (3)
O2—Cu1—N1	93.40 (13)	C4—C5—Br1	121.6 (3)
O1—Cu1—N2	98.13 (13)	N1—C6—C5	120.6 (4)
O2—Cu1—N2	85.38 (13)	N1—C6—H5	119.7
N1—Cu1—N2	171.91 (14)	С5—С6—Н5	119.7
C2—N1—C6	120.1 (4)	O2—C7—C8	113.1 (3)
C2—N1—Cu1	113.1 (3)	O2—C7—H6	109.0
C6—N1—Cu1	126.8 (3)	С8—С7—Н6	109.0
C8—N2—C12	119.8 (4)	O2—C7—H7	109.0
C8—N2—Cu1	111.6 (3)	C8—C7—H7	109.0
C12—N2—Cu1	127.9 (3)	Н6—С7—Н7	107.8
C1	113.9 (2)	N2—C8—C9	122.0 (4)
C7-O2-Cu1	113.5 (2)	N2-C8-C7	1145(4)
01-C1-C2	112.8 (3)	C9-C8-C7	123.5(4)
01-C1-H1	109.0	$C_{10}$ $C_{9}$ $C_{8}$	1191(4)
C2-C1-H1	109.0	C10-C9-H8	120.5
01-C1-H2	109.0	C8-C9-H8	120.5
$C_2 - C_1 - H_2$	109.0	C9-C10-C11	118 4 (4)
H1-C1-H2	107.8	C9 - C10 - H9	120.8
N1 - C2 - C3	121 3 (4)	$C_{11}$ $C_{10}$ $H_{9}$	120.8
N1 - C2 - C1	121.5(4) 1136(4)	$C_{12}$ $C_{11}$ $C_{10}$ $C$	120.3 120.2(4)
$C_{3}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{1}$	125.1 (4)	$C12$ $C11$ $Br^2$	120.2(4) 120.4(3)
$C_2 = C_2 = C_1$	123.1(4) 110 A (A)	$C_{12} = C_{11} = B_{12}$	120.4(3)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	119.4 (4)	$N_{2} = C_{12} = C_{11}$	119.4(3)
$C_2 = C_3 = H_3$	120.3	$N_2 - C_{12} - C_{11}$ N2 C12 H10	120.3 (4)
$C_{4} = C_{3} = 115$	120.5 118 5 (4)	$C_{11} C_{12} H_{10}$	119.7
$C_{3}$	110.5 (4)	$H_{11} = 02 = H_{12}$	119.7
$C_3 = C_4 = H_4$	120.8	111-05-1112	109 (3)
05-04-04	120.8		
O1—Cu1—N1—C2	6.8 (3)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.4 (6)
O2—Cu1—N1—C2	176.7 (3)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (6)
N2—Cu1—N1—C2	-102.2 (10)	C3—C4—C5—Br1	-178.9 (3)
O1—Cu1—N1—C6	-174.2 (3)	C2—N1—C6—C5	0.1 (6)
O2—Cu1—N1—C6	-4.3 (3)	Cu1—N1—C6—C5	-178.9 (3)
N2—Cu1—N1—C6	76.8 (11)	C4C5C6N1	-0.5 (6)
O1—Cu1—N2—C8	165.7 (3)	Br1-C5-C6-N1	179.1 (3)
O2—Cu1—N2—C8	-4.6 (3)	Cu1—O2—C7—C8	11.3 (4)
N1—Cu1—N2—C8	-86.3(10)	C12—N2—C8—C9	3.0 (6)
01—Cu1—N2—C12	-5.0 (4)	Cu1—N2—C8—C9	-168.5(3)
O2— $Cu1$ — $N2$ — $C12$	-175.2(3)	C12 - N2 - C8 - C7	-176.8(3)
N1-Cu1-N2-C12	103.1 (10)	Cu1—N2—C8—C7	11.7 (4)
02-Cu1-01-C1	-91.0(7)	02-C7-C8-N2	-15.4(5)
N1-Cu1-O1-C1	-12.7(3)	02-C7-C8-C9	164.8 (4)
N2— $Cu1$ — $O1$ — $C1$	159.6 (3)	N2-C8-C9-C10	-2.3 (6)
01-Cu1-02-C7	-114.6(7)	C7-C8-C9-C10	177.5 (4)
N1-Cu1-O2-C7	167.8 (3)	C8-C9-C10-C11	-0.6(6)
$N_{2}$ —Cu1—Q2—C7	-42(3)	C9-C10-C11-C12	2.8 (6)
$C_{11} = 01 = 01 = 02 = 07$	15 9 (4)	$C9-C10-C11-Br^{2}$	-1798(3)
0	1.5.7 (7)	C) CIV CII—DI2	1, 2.0 (3)

# supporting information

C6—N1—C2—C3	0.2 (6)	C8—N2—C12—C11	-0.7 (6)
Cu1—N1—C2—C3	179.3 (3)	Cu1—N2—C12—C11	169.2 (3)
C6—N1—C2—C1	-178.9 (3)	C10-C11-C12-N2	-2.2 (6)
Cu1—N1—C2—C1	0.2 (4)	Br2—C11—C12—N2	-179.6 (3)
01—C1—C2—N1	-10.3 (5)	N1-01-N2-02	-12.82 (13)
O1—C1—C2—C3	170.6 (4)	O1—N1—O2—N2	-13.32 (14)
N1—C2—C3—C4	0.0 (6)	N1	11.80 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C4	179.0 (4)	O2—N1—O1—N2	11.96 (13)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H····A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O3—H11…O1	0.80 (2)	1.95 (2)	2.740 (4)	170 (6)
O3—H12…O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.82 (2)	2.01 (2)	2.825 (4)	171 (5)

Symmetry code: (i) x, y+1, z.