# organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## (7-Chloro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)methyl pyrrolidine-1-carbodithioate

### O. Kotresh,<sup>a</sup> H. C. Devarajegowda,<sup>b</sup>\* Arunkumar Shirahatti,<sup>a</sup> K. Mahesh Kumar<sup>a</sup> and N. M. Mahabhaleshwaraiah<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Karnatak University's Karnatak Science College, Dharwad, Karnataka 580 001, India, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Physics, Yuvaraja's College (Constituent College), University of Mysore, Mysore 570 005, Karnataka, India Correspondence e-mail: devarajegowda@yahoo.com

Received 7 August 2013; accepted 13 October 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; disorder in main residue; R factor = 0.031; wR factor = 0.102; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.0.

In the title compound,  $C_{15}H_{14}CINO_2S_2$ , the 2*H*-chromene ring system is essentially planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.0133 (10) Å. Three C atoms and their attached H atoms of the pyrrolidine ring are disordered [occupany ratio 0.874 (7):0.126 (7)] with both disorder components adopting a twisted conformation. The dihedral angle between the 2Hchromene ring system and the major occupancy component of the pyrrolidine ring is 89.45 (7)°. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of C-H···S and C-H···O interactions generate  $R_2^2(24)$  and  $R_2^2(10)$  loops, respectively. Further  $C-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds link the dimers into [100] chains.  $C-H\cdots\pi$  interactions also occur and there is very weak  $\pi$ - $\pi$  stacking [interplanar spacing = 3.650 (5) Å; centroid–centroid distance = 4.095(7) Å] between inversionrelated chlorobenzene rings.

### **Related literature**

For biological applications of coumarins and dithiocarbamates, see: Brillon (1992); Burns et al. (2010); Kawaii et al. (2001); Khan et al. (2004); Yu et al. (2003). For details of the synthesis and a related structure with comparison bond lengths, see: Mahabaleshwaraiah et al. (2012).



### **Experimental**

### Crystal data

α β

C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>14</sub> ClNO <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub>	$\gamma = 72.437 (1)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 339.84$	V = 749.52 (3) Å <sup>3</sup>
Triclinic, P1	Z = 2
a = 7.9073 (2) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 9.2891 (2) Å	$\mu = 0.54 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 10.8865 (2) Å	T = 296  K
$\alpha = 84.474 \ (1)^{\circ}$	$0.22 \times 0.18 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 79.798 (1)^{\circ}$	

### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2007)
$T_{\min} = 0.770, T_{\max} = 1.000$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$	
$wR(F^2) = 0.102$	
S = 1.18	
3417 reflections	
201 parameters	

6 maatuainta

16446 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.023$ 

3417 independent reflections 3136 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

01	estraints
H-	atom parameters constrained
$\Delta I$	$o_{\text{max}} = 0.28 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
$\Delta$	$o_{\min} = -0.31 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg4 is the centroid of the C7-C12 ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C9-H9\cdots S3^{i}$ $C21-H21B\cdots O5^{ii}$	0.93	2.87 2.60	3.7910 (16) 3 3434 (19)	170 134
$C16-H16B\cdots Cg4^{ii}$	0.97	2.93	3.761 (1)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (ii) -x, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The authors acknowledge the Universities Sophisticated Instrumental Centre, Karnatak University, Dharwad, for CCD X-ray facilities, single-crystal X-ray diffractometer, GCMS, IR, CHNS and NMR data. NMM is grateful to Karnatak Science College, Dharwad, for providing laboratory facilities. He is also thankful to P. C. Jabin Science College, Hubli and UGC for permission to do research under FIP.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2494).

### References

- Brillon, D. (1992). Sulfur Rep. 12, 297-332.
- Bruker (2001). SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Burns, M., Lloyd-Jones, G. C., Moseley, J. D. & Renny, J. S. (2010). J. Org. Chem. 75 6347-6353.
- Farrugia, L. J. (2012). J. Appl. Cryst. 45, 849-854.
- Kawaii, S., Tomono, Y., Ogawa, K., Sugiura, M., Yano, M. & Yoshizawa, Y. (2001). Anticancer Res. 21, 917-923.

- Khan, K. M., Saify, Z. S., Khan, M. Z., Zia-Ullah, Choudhary, M. I., Atta-Ur-Rahman, Perveen, S., Chohan, Z. H. & Supuran, C. T. (2004). J. Enzyme Inhib. Med. Chem. 19, 373–379.
- Mahabaleshwaraiah, N. M., Kumar, K. M., Kotresh, O., Al-eryani, W. F. A. & Devarajegowda, H. C. (2012). *Acta Cryst.* E68, o1566.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2007). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Yu, D., Suzuki, M., Xie, L., Morris-Natschke, S. L. & Lee, K. H. (2003). Med. Res. Rev. 23, 322–345.

# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o1684-o1685 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813028080]

# (7-Chloro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)methyl pyrrolidine-1-carbodithioate

# O. Kotresh, H. C. Devarajegowda, Arunkumar Shirahatti, K. Mahesh Kumar and N. M. Mahabhaleshwaraiah

### S1. Comment

Coumarin derivatives are an interesting class of heterocyclic systems, since the coumarin ring is an essential core moiety for a variety of natural and synthetic biologically active compounds. The biological activities include anticoagulation, antibiotic, antifungal, antipsoriasis, antitumor, anti-HIV, anti-inflammatory properties (Khan *et al.*, 2004; Kawaii *et al.*, 2001; Yu *et al.*, 2003). For a number of years, due to their important biological, biomedical and laser dye properties, coumarins have been the subject of a number of investigations, particularly on their photophysical characteristics, solvent effects on electronic absorption, structural properties and fluorescence spectra. The molecular manipulation of promising lead compounds is still a major line of approach to develop new drugs. It involves an effort to combine the separate pharmacophoric groups of similar activity into one compound, thereby affecting biological activity. The functionalization of the carbamate moiety is an effective technique for preparation of derivatives, which may have important therapeutic and biological properties (Brillon, 1992). In this regard, the introduction of new strategies to prepare dithiocarbamate derivatives with different substitution patterns at the thiol group has become a field of increasing interest in synthetic organic chemistry. There are several publications illustrating intramolecular or intermolecular oxygen sulfur exchange (Burns *et al.*, 2010).

The asymmetric unit of (7-chloro-2-oxo-2*H*-chromen-4-yl)methyl pyrrolidine-1-carbodithioate is shown in Fig. 1. The 2*H*- chromene (O4/C7–C15) ring system is planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.0133 (10) Å for atom C10, and the pyrrolidine ring adopts a twisted conformation. The dihedral angle between the 2*H*-chromene ring (O4/C7–C15) and the pyrrolidine ring (N6/C18–C21) is 89.45 (7)°. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of C13—H13···S2 and C9—H9···O5 interactions generate  $R^2_2(24)$  and  $R^2_2(10)$  loops, respectively. Further C9—H9···O5 hydrogen bonds link the dimers into [100] chains. C16—H16B··· $\pi$  Cg4(C7–C12) (Table 1) interactions also occur and there is  $\pi$ - $\pi$  Cg4 (C7–C12) stacking of inversion-related molecules, with interplanar spacings of 3.650 (5) Å and chlorobenzene ring centroid–centroid distances of 4.095 (7) Å. The packing of the molecules is depicted in Fig. 2. Disorder is observed at the pyrrolidine flap carbon (C20, C20') atom [occupancy ratio 0.876 (5):0.124 (5)].

### **S2. Experimental**

All the chemicals used were of analytical reagent grade and were used directly without further purification. The title compound was synthesized according to the reported method (Mahabaleshwaraiah *et al.*, 2012). The compound is recrystallized by ethanol-chloroform mixture. Colourless needles of the title compound were grown from a mixed solution of Ethanol/Chloroform (V/V = 2/1) by slow evaporation at room temperature. Yield = 74%, m.p. 445–447 K.



### Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius. Only the major conformation of disorder at atom C20 is shown.



### Figure 2

A packing diagram of the title compound.

### (7-Chloro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)methyl pyrrolidine-1-carbodithioate

Crystal data
$C_{15}H_{14}ClNO_2S_2$
$M_r = 339.84$
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
<i>a</i> = 7.9073 (2) Å
<i>b</i> = 9.2891 (2) Å
c = 10.8865 (2) Å
$\alpha = 84.474 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$\beta = 79.798 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$\gamma = 72.437 (1)^{\circ}$
V = 749.52 (3) Å <sup>3</sup>

Z = 2 F(000) = 352  $D_x = 1.506 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 447 K Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 Å Cell parameters from 3417 reflections  $\theta = 1.9-27.5^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.54 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 296 KPlate, colourless  $0.22 \times 0.18 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$  Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator $\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 2007) $T_{\min} = 0.770, T_{\max} = 1.000$ Refinement	16446 measured reflections 3417 independent reflections 3136 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.023$ $\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 1.9^{\circ}$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$
Refinement on $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$ $wR(F^2) = 0.102$ S = 1.18 3417 reflections 201 parameters 6 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0617P)^2 + 0.0857P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.004$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.28 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.31 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4} Extinction coefficient: 0.049 (5)

### Special details

**Experimental**. IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>): 1731 (C=O), 1374 (C=S), 866(C—N). GCMS: m/e:339. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, \?, p.p.m): 1.89 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.00 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.63(m, 2H, N—CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.77 (m, 2H, N—CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.81 (s,2*H*, C4—CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.60 (s,1*H*, C3—H, Ar—H), 7.46 (m, H, Ar—H), 7.62 (m, 1H, Ar—H), 7.91 (s, 1H, Ar—H). Mol. Formula:  $C_{15}H_{14}Cl N O_2S_2$ . Elemental analysis: C, 53.01; H, 4.15; N, 4.12 (calculated); C, 52.98; H, 4.10; N, 4.09 (found).

**Geometry**. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic	r equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^2$ )
---	--

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	Occ. (<1)
Cl1	-0.28700 (7)	1.07931 (5)	-0.14180 (5)	0.06885 (16)	
S2	0.38730 (4)	0.30580 (4)	0.21169 (3)	0.04235 (13)	
S3	0.54060 (5)	0.56231 (4)	0.24009 (4)	0.04455 (13)	
O4	-0.19899 (13)	0.79324 (11)	0.26803 (9)	0.0409 (2)	
O5	-0.17968 (15)	0.68451 (13)	0.45600 (9)	0.0526 (3)	
N6	0.61026 (14)	0.29726 (11)	0.36235 (10)	0.0338 (2)	
C7	-0.1734 (2)	0.92725 (17)	-0.05374 (14)	0.0459 (3)	
C8	-0.0243 (2)	0.8208 (2)	-0.11117 (14)	0.0520 (4)	
H8	0.0130	0.8294	-0.1968	0.062*	
C9	0.06851 (19)	0.70194 (18)	-0.04044 (13)	0.0461 (3)	
H9	0.1686	0.6303	-0.0791	0.055*	

C10	0.01464 (16)	0.68708 (14)	0.08890 (11)	0.0334 (3)	
C11	-0.13752 (16)	0.79680 (14)	0.14228 (12)	0.0345 (3)	
C12	-0.23300 (19)	0.91664 (16)	0.07278 (14)	0.0427 (3)	
H12	-0.3345	0.9880	0.1103	0.051*	
C13	0.10823 (15)	0.56837 (14)	0.17036 (11)	0.0324 (2)	
C14	0.04298 (16)	0.56563 (14)	0.29272 (12)	0.0354 (3)	
H14	0.1019	0.4881	0.3444	0.043*	
C15	-0.11598 (17)	0.67905 (15)	0.34721 (12)	0.0370 (3)	
C16	0.27739 (18)	0.45665 (17)	0.11144 (13)	0.0425 (3)	
H16A	0.3621	0.5117	0.0751	0.051*	
H16B	0.2488	0.4124	0.0435	0.051*	
C17	0.52248 (15)	0.38901 (13)	0.27966 (11)	0.0327 (2)	
C18	0.73425 (19)	0.33810 (16)	0.42944 (14)	0.0418 (3)	
H18A	0.6702	0.4194	0.4850	0.050*	
H18B	0.8263	0.3692	0.3714	0.050*	
C19	0.8152 (2)	0.1946 (2)	0.50227 (18)	0.0558 (4)	0.874 (7)
H19A	0.8384	0.2173	0.5817	0.067*	0.874 (7)
H19B	0.9270	0.1359	0.4555	0.067*	0.874 (7)
C20	0.6762 (3)	0.1094 (2)	0.5219 (2)	0.0480 (6)	0.874 (7)
H20A	0.7317	0.0016	0.5335	0.058*	0.874 (7)
H20B	0.5860	0.1442	0.5941	0.058*	0.874 (7)
C21	0.59481 (19)	0.14500 (14)	0.40330 (14)	0.0413 (3)	0.874 (7)
H21A	0.6606	0.0722	0.3409	0.050*	0.874 (7)
H21B	0.4702	0.1451	0.4192	0.050*	0.874 (7)
C19′	0.8152 (2)	0.1946 (2)	0.50227 (18)	0.0558 (4)	0.126 (7)
H19C	0.9449	0.1723	0.4892	0.067*	0.126 (7)
H19D	0.7715	0.2069	0.5908	0.067*	0.126 (7)
C20′	0.765 (2)	0.0709 (13)	0.4603 (17)	0.052 (4)	0.126 (7)
H20C	0.7430	0.0024	0.5301	0.062*	0.126 (7)
H20D	0.8604	0.0147	0.3986	0.062*	0.126 (7)
C21′	0.59481 (19)	0.14500 (14)	0.40330 (14)	0.0413 (3)	0.126 (7)
H21C	0.5907	0.0899	0.3331	0.050*	0.126 (7)
H21D	0.4883	0.1506	0.4648	0.050*	0.126 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0754 (3)	0.0589 (3)	0.0702 (3)	-0.0126 (2)	-0.0342 (2)	0.0265 (2)
S2	0.0401 (2)	0.0358 (2)	0.0502 (2)	-0.00229 (14)	-0.01778 (15)	-0.00600 (14)
S3	0.0498 (2)	0.03124 (19)	0.0489 (2)	-0.00884 (14)	-0.00686 (15)	0.00535 (14)
O4	0.0416 (5)	0.0369 (5)	0.0365 (5)	-0.0022 (4)	-0.0011 (4)	-0.0042 (4)
O5	0.0544 (6)	0.0595 (7)	0.0336 (5)	-0.0059 (5)	0.0024 (4)	-0.0043 (5)
N6	0.0334 (5)	0.0290 (5)	0.0396 (5)	-0.0082 (4)	-0.0089 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C7	0.0503 (8)	0.0430 (7)	0.0463 (8)	-0.0135 (6)	-0.0197 (6)	0.0118 (6)
C8	0.0541 (8)	0.0620 (10)	0.0353 (7)	-0.0124 (7)	-0.0084 (6)	0.0084 (6)
C9	0.0411 (7)	0.0555 (8)	0.0344 (7)	-0.0050 (6)	-0.0044 (5)	0.0005 (6)
C10	0.0314 (6)	0.0366 (6)	0.0319 (6)	-0.0091 (5)	-0.0064 (4)	-0.0009(5)
C11	0.0342 (6)	0.0342 (6)	0.0348 (6)	-0.0092 (5)	-0.0062 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
CII	0.0342 (6)	0.0342 (6)	0.0348 (6)	-0.0092 (5)	-0.0062(5)	-0.0012 (5)

C12	0.0413 (7)	0.0355 (6)	0.0483 (8)	-0.0050 (5)	-0.0109 (6)	0.0000 (5)
C13	0.0281 (5)	0.0350 (6)	0.0337 (6)	-0.0069 (4)	-0.0074 (4)	-0.0023 (5)
C14	0.0336 (6)	0.0368 (6)	0.0343 (6)	-0.0070 (5)	-0.0074 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
C15	0.0373 (6)	0.0393 (6)	0.0329 (6)	-0.0100 (5)	-0.0036 (5)	-0.0027 (5)
C16	0.0351 (6)	0.0494 (8)	0.0343 (6)	0.0026 (5)	-0.0071 (5)	-0.0051 (5)
C17	0.0295 (5)	0.0298 (6)	0.0342 (6)	-0.0028 (4)	-0.0015 (4)	-0.0042 (4)
C18	0.0424 (7)	0.0397 (7)	0.0484 (7)	-0.0152 (5)	-0.0158 (6)	0.0004 (6)
C19	0.0535 (9)	0.0533 (9)	0.0678 (10)	-0.0193 (7)	-0.0311 (8)	0.0153 (8)
C20	0.0510 (12)	0.0429 (10)	0.0519 (12)	-0.0158 (9)	-0.0173 (10)	0.0130 (8)
C21	0.0450 (7)	0.0286 (6)	0.0521 (8)	-0.0107 (5)	-0.0153 (6)	0.0037 (5)
C19′	0.0535 (9)	0.0533 (9)	0.0678 (10)	-0.0193 (7)	-0.0311 (8)	0.0153 (8)
C20′	0.045 (8)	0.042 (6)	0.062 (10)	-0.002 (5)	-0.018 (7)	0.011 (6)
C21′	0.0450 (7)	0.0286 (6)	0.0521 (8)	-0.0107 (5)	-0.0153 (6)	0.0037 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C7	1.7320 (14)	C13—C14	1.3413 (17)	
S2—C17	1.7822 (13)	C13—C16	1.5047 (17)	
S2—C16	1.7934 (14)	C14—C15	1.4487 (17)	
S3—C17	1.6678 (12)	C14—H14	0.9300	
O4—C11	1.3699 (15)	C16—H16A	0.9700	
O4—C15	1.3796 (16)	C16—H16B	0.9700	
O5—C15	1.2015 (16)	C18—C19	1.509 (2)	
N6—C17	1.3172 (16)	C18—H18A	0.9700	
N6-C18	1.4731 (16)	C18—H18B	0.9700	
N6-C21	1.4757 (16)	C19—C20	1.513 (2)	
C7—C12	1.379 (2)	C19—H19A	0.9700	
С7—С8	1.383 (2)	C19—H19B	0.9700	
С8—С9	1.377 (2)	C20—C21	1.508 (2)	
С8—Н8	0.9300	C20—H20A	0.9700	
C9—C10	1.4031 (18)	C20—H20B	0.9700	
С9—Н9	0.9300	C21—H21A	0.9700	
C10-C11	1.3966 (17)	C21—H21B	0.9700	
C10—C13	1.4498 (16)	C20′—H20C	0.9700	
C11—C12	1.3837 (18)	C20'—H20D	0.9700	
С12—Н12	0.9300			
C17—S2—C16	102.76 (7)	C13—C16—H16A	108.1	
C11—O4—C15	121.50 (10)	S2-C16-H16A	108.1	
C17—N6—C18	123.15 (11)	C13—C16—H16B	108.1	
C17—N6—C21	125.66 (11)	S2-C16-H16B	108.1	
C18—N6—C21	111.16 (10)	H16A—C16—H16B	107.3	
С12—С7—С8	121.59 (13)	N6-C17-S3	123.58 (10)	
C12—C7—Cl1	118.87 (12)	N6-C17-S2	112.65 (9)	
C8—C7—C11	119.53 (12)	S3—C17—S2	123.75 (7)	
С9—С8—С7	119.44 (13)	N6-C18-C19	103.94 (11)	
С9—С8—Н8	120.3	N6-C18-H18A	111.0	
С7—С8—Н8	120.3	C19—C18—H18A	111.0	

C9 C0 C10	121.17(14)	NG C19 U19D	111.0
$C_{0} = C_{0} = C_{0}$	121.17 (14)		111.0
C10 C0 H9	119.4	C19-C18-H18B	111.0
С10—С9—Н9	119.4	H18A—C18—H18B	109.0
C11—C10—C9	117.20 (12)	C18—C19—C20	105.04 (12)
C11—C10—C13	118.25 (11)	С18—С19—Н19А	110.7
C9—C10—C13	124.53 (12)	С20—С19—Н19А	110.7
O4—C11—C12	115.98 (11)	C18—C19—H19B	110.7
O4—C11—C10	121.51 (11)	C20—C19—H19B	110.7
C12—C11—C10	122.50 (12)	H19A—C19—H19B	108.8
C7—C12—C11	118.08 (13)	C21—C20—C19	103.84 (14)
С7—С12—Н12	121.0	C21—C20—H20A	111.0
C11—C12—H12	121.0	С19—С20—Н20А	111.0
C14—C13—C10	119.02 (11)	C21—C20—H20B	111.0
C14—C13—C16	123.85 (11)	С19—С20—Н20В	111.0
C10-C13-C16	117.11 (11)	H20A—C20—H20B	109.0
C13—C14—C15	122.38 (12)	N6-C21-C20	103.91 (11)
C13—C14—H14	118.8	N6—C21—H21A	111.0
C15—C14—H14	118.8	C20—C21—H21A	111.0
O5—C15—O4	116.97 (12)	N6—C21—H21B	111.0
O5—C15—C14	125.72 (13)	C20—C21—H21B	111.0
O4—C15—C14	117.28 (11)	H21A—C21—H21B	109.0
C13—C16—S2	116.78 (9)	H20C—C20′—H20D	108.7
C12—C7—C8—C9	-0.7(2)	C11-04-C15-05	-17957(12)
C11 - C7 - C8 - C9	178 41 (13)	$C_{11} = 04 = C_{15} = C_{14}$	2 14 (17)
C7-C8-C9-C10	-0.1(3)	$C_{13}$ $C_{14}$ $C_{15}$ $C$	-17877(14)
$C_{8}$ $C_{9}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{11}$	0.1(3)	$C_{13}$ $C_{14}$ $C_{15}$ $C_{04}$	-0.64(19)
$C_{8}$ $C_{9}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{13}$	-177.89(13)	$C_{14}$ $C_{13}$ $C_{16}$ $S_{2}$	3 91 (18)
$C_{15} = 04 = C_{11} = C_{12}$	179 60 (12)	C10-C13-C16-S2	-17756(9)
$C_{15} = 04 = C_{11} = C_{10}$	-1.62(18)	$C_{17}$ $S_{2}$ $C_{16}$ $C_{13}$	-84.97(11)
$C_{0}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{11}$ $C_{10}$	-170.01.(12)	$C_{18}$ N6 $C_{17}$ S3	0.16(17)
$C_{13}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{11}$ $O_{4}$	-0.43(18)	$C_{10} = N_0 = C_{17} = S_3$	178.05(10)
$C_{10}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{11}$ $C_{12}$	-0.31(10)	$C_{18} = N6 = C_{17} = S_{23}$	178.03(10) 178.53(10)
$C_{12} = C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{12}$	(13)	$C_{10} = 10 = C_{17} = S_2$	-3.57(16)
$C_{13}^{} C_{10}^{} C_{11}^{} C_{12}^{} C_{11}^{} C_{12}^{} C_{11}^{} C_{12}^{} C_{11}^{} C_{12}^{} C_{12}^{} C_{11}^{} C_{12}^{} C_{1$	1/0.2/(12)	$C_{21} = N_0 = C_{17} = S_2$	3.37(10)
$C_{0} = C_{12} = C_{11}$	-178 15 (10)	$C_{10} = S_2 = C_{17} = N_0$	-1.14(9)
04  C11  C12  C7	178.31(10)	C17 = N6 = C18 = C19	-174 43 (12)
$C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{7}$	1/6.31(12)	$C_{1} = N_{0} = C_{10} = C_{10}$	74.43(12)
C10-C11-C12-C7	-0.3(2)	$C_{21} = N_0 = C_{10} = C_{10}$	7.40(10)
C11 - C10 - C13 - C14	1.87(18)	$N_0 = C_{18} = C_{19} = C_{20}$	-26.24(19)
$C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{12} = C_{14}$	-1/9.00(13)	10 - 19 - 120 - 121	33.3(2)
$C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{12} = C_{16}$	-1/0./3(11)	$C_1 / - N_0 - C_2 I - C_2 U$	-103.79(13)
C9 - C10 - C13 - C16	1.74 (19)	C18 - N6 - C21 - C20	14.32 (17)
C10-C13-C14-C15	-1.34(18)	C19—C20—C21—N6	-30.1 (2)
C16—C13—C14—C15	177.16 (12)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg4 is the centroid of the C7–C12 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C9—H9…S3 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.87	3.7910 (16)	170
C21—H21 <i>B</i> ···O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.60	3.3434 (19)	134
C16—H16 <i>B</i> ··· <i>Cg</i> 4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.97	2.93	3.761 (1)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (ii) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*+1.