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## Structure Reports

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# 5,6-Dimethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-3-ium nitrate

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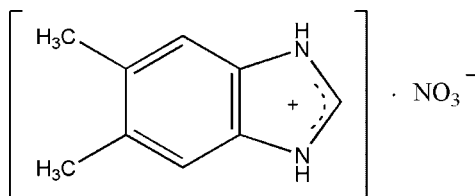
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.045;  $wR$  factor = 0.136; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

 The title salt,  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_2^+\cdot\text{NO}_3^-$ , features a planar cation (r.m.s. for 11 non-H atoms = 0.016 Å). In the crystal,  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link nitrate and benzimidazole ions into a three-dimensional network.

## Related literature

 For background to benzimidazole, see: Roderick *et al.* (1972). For related crystal structures, see: Lee & Scheidt (1986), Liu (2012), Cui *et al.* (2009).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_2^+\cdot\text{NO}_3^-$   
 $M_r = 209.21$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 6.938$  (4) Å  
 $b = 14.694$  (8) Å

 $c = 10.379$  (6) Å  
 $\beta = 108.598$  (9)°  
 $V = 1002.8$  (10) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K

 $0.29 \times 0.27 \times 0.22$  mm

## Data collection

 Rigaku R-Axis Spider diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.970$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.977$ 

 5401 measured reflections  
 1973 independent reflections  
 1617 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$ 

## Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.136$   
 $S = 1.05$   
 1973 reflections  
 145 parameters

 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.96 (3)	2.31 (3)	3.043 (3)	133.0 (15)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.96 (3)	1.86 (3)	2.797 (3)	165 (2)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.90 (3)	2.60 (2)	3.191 (3)	123.8 (17)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.90 (3)	1.89 (2)	2.797 (3)	178 (2)

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x - 1, y, z - 1$ .

 Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 2004); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *RAPID-AUTO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5349).

## References

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## supporting information

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**5,6-Dimethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-3-ium nitrate**

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**S1. Comment**

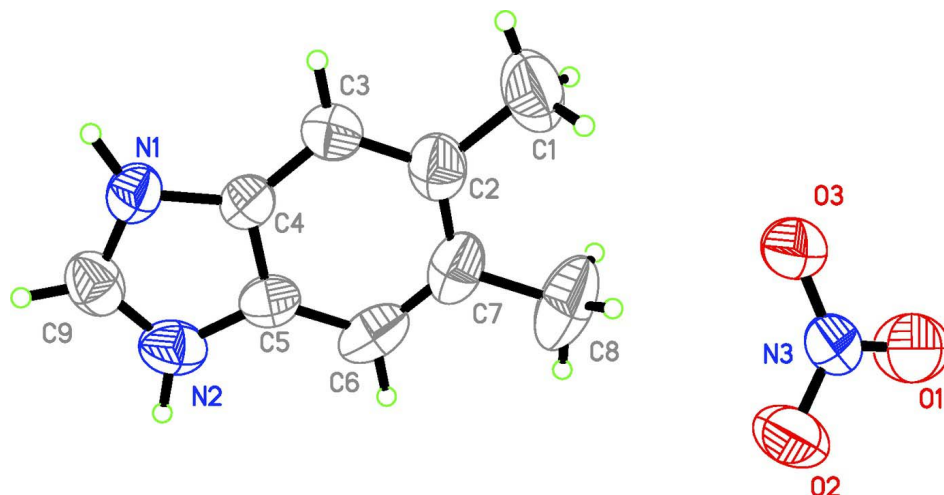
Benzimidazole and its derivatives have attracted increased interest, not only because of their biological activity, but their abilities to bind to different metal ions (Roderick *et al.*, 1972). In this paper, we describe the synthesis and structure of the title compound  $C_9H_{11}N_3O_3$ . In the title compound the molecules are linked by N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds between nitrate and benzimidazole ions into a three-dimensional network structure. Some 5,6-dimethylbenzimidazole derivatives with similar structures have been reported, which include 5,6-Dimethylbenzimidazole (Lee & Scheidt, 1986), 5,6-dimethyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-3-ium 2-(4-chlorophenoxy)acetate (Liu, 2012), and Bis(5,6-dicarboxybenzimidazolium) sulfate monohydrate (Cui *et al.*, 2009).

**S2. Experimental**

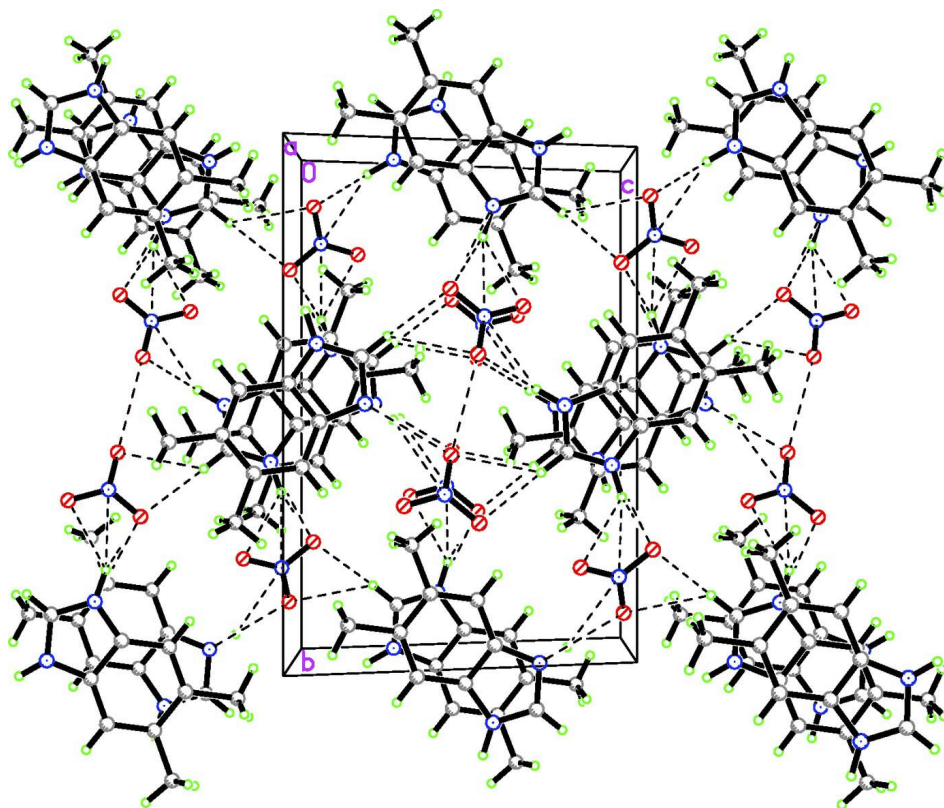
A mixture of 5,6-Dimethylbenzimidazole (2.86 mg, 0.02 mmol) and  $Co(NO_3)_2 \cdot 6H_2O$  (5.82 mg, 0.02 mmol) was added to  $H_2O$  (20 ml). The mixture was refluxed for half an hour then filtered. The resulting solution was allowed to stand at room temperature to give yellow block crystals suitable for structural determination after 3 weeks. Analysis, calculated for  $C_9H_{11}N_3O_3$ : C 51.67, H 5.30, N 20.09%; Found: C 51.61, H 5.25, N 20.19%.

**S3. Refinement**

H atoms on N1 and N2 atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with N—H = 0.90 or 0.96 Å. H atoms of the methyl groups were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.96 Å) and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5$  times  $U_{eq}(C)$ . All the other H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93 Å) and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2$  times  $U_{eq}(C)$ .

**Figure 1**

The structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

**Figure 2**

The crystal packing diagram viewed down the *a* axis.

### 5,6-Dimethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-3-ium nitrate

#### *Crystal data*

$C_9H_{11}N_2^+NO_3^-$

$M_r = 209.21$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 6.938$  (4) Å  
 $b = 14.694$  (8) Å  
 $c = 10.379$  (6) Å  
 $\beta = 108.598$  (9)°  
 $V = 1002.8$  (10) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 $F(000) = 440$   
 $D_x = 1.386$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
 Cell parameters from 3271 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.5$ – $26.6$ °  
 $\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 Block, yellow  
 $0.29 \times 0.27 \times 0.22$  mm

*Data collection*

Rigaku R-AXIS Spider  
 diffractometer  
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
 Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega$  scans  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (ABSCOR; Higashi 1995)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.970$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.977$   
 5401 measured reflections

1973 independent reflections  
 1617 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.0$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.5$ °  
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$   
 $k = -17 \rightarrow 18$   
 $l = -8 \rightarrow 12$   
 13 standard reflections every 0 reflections  
 intensity decay: none

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.136$   
 $S = 1.05$   
 1973 reflections  
 145 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods  
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0764P)^2 + 0.1519P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.18$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick,  
 2008),  $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001x Fc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
 Extinction coefficient: 0.102 (10)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C6	0.3017 (3)	0.52774 (14)	0.13819 (18)	0.0638 (5)
H6A	0.3096	0.5767	0.1965	0.077*
C3	0.2734 (3)	0.38091 (11)	-0.03709 (17)	0.0545 (4)
H3A	0.2625	0.3319	-0.0956	0.065*
N3	0.9477 (2)	0.33163 (9)	0.55623 (14)	0.0615 (4)
C4	0.2174 (2)	0.46728 (10)	-0.08774 (14)	0.0451 (4)

C1	0.4099 (4)	0.27501 (17)	0.1557 (2)	0.0936 (8)
H1A	0.3917	0.2333	0.0816	0.140*
H1B	0.3287	0.2558	0.2102	0.140*
H1C	0.5506	0.2761	0.2104	0.140*
C2	0.3452 (3)	0.36885 (13)	0.10052 (19)	0.0613 (5)
C8	0.4308 (4)	0.4293 (2)	0.3399 (2)	0.1049 (9)
H8A	0.4287	0.4865	0.3839	0.157*
H8B	0.5670	0.4058	0.3678	0.157*
H8C	0.3432	0.3870	0.3647	0.157*
C7	0.3576 (3)	0.44249 (15)	0.18821 (18)	0.0645 (5)
C5	0.2327 (2)	0.53977 (10)	-0.00159 (17)	0.0493 (4)
N2	0.1683 (2)	0.61491 (10)	-0.08221 (17)	0.0609 (4)
C9	0.1169 (3)	0.58998 (12)	-0.20846 (19)	0.0602 (5)
H9A	0.0678	0.6289	-0.2824	0.072*
N1	0.1439 (2)	0.50169 (10)	-0.21736 (13)	0.0519 (4)
O1	0.9388 (3)	0.31136 (10)	0.66814 (13)	0.0858 (5)
O2	1.0253 (3)	0.40438 (9)	0.53833 (14)	0.0857 (5)
O3	0.8828 (3)	0.27846 (9)	0.45932 (13)	0.0829 (5)
H1	0.108 (3)	0.4713 (15)	-0.297 (2)	0.082 (7)*
H2	0.156 (4)	0.6760 (18)	-0.053 (2)	0.097 (7)*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C6	0.0503 (9)	0.0868 (13)	0.0550 (10)	-0.0109 (9)	0.0176 (7)	-0.0263 (9)
C3	0.0557 (9)	0.0498 (9)	0.0583 (9)	-0.0039 (7)	0.0187 (7)	-0.0015 (7)
N3	0.0792 (10)	0.0433 (7)	0.0533 (8)	0.0036 (7)	0.0090 (7)	0.0041 (6)
C4	0.0417 (8)	0.0517 (8)	0.0436 (7)	-0.0050 (6)	0.0161 (6)	-0.0024 (6)
C1	0.0874 (16)	0.0854 (15)	0.0949 (16)	-0.0108 (12)	0.0109 (12)	0.0373 (12)
C2	0.0511 (9)	0.0712 (11)	0.0599 (10)	-0.0090 (8)	0.0155 (7)	0.0135 (8)
C8	0.0874 (16)	0.175 (3)	0.0469 (11)	-0.0045 (17)	0.0142 (10)	0.0111 (14)
C7	0.0479 (9)	0.0968 (14)	0.0472 (9)	-0.0077 (9)	0.0128 (7)	0.0073 (9)
C5	0.0413 (8)	0.0518 (9)	0.0559 (9)	-0.0042 (6)	0.0172 (6)	-0.0079 (7)
N2	0.0529 (8)	0.0488 (8)	0.0779 (10)	0.0012 (6)	0.0163 (7)	-0.0064 (7)
C9	0.0499 (9)	0.0584 (10)	0.0699 (11)	0.0022 (7)	0.0156 (8)	0.0138 (8)
N1	0.0517 (8)	0.0601 (9)	0.0442 (7)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0157 (6)	-0.0004 (6)
O1	0.1216 (13)	0.0780 (9)	0.0593 (8)	-0.0232 (8)	0.0309 (8)	-0.0002 (7)
O2	0.1434 (14)	0.0470 (7)	0.0653 (9)	-0.0202 (7)	0.0315 (9)	0.0006 (6)
O3	0.1287 (13)	0.0498 (7)	0.0549 (7)	-0.0080 (7)	0.0078 (7)	-0.0012 (6)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C6—C7	1.364 (3)	C1—H1B	0.9600
C6—C5	1.386 (3)	C1—H1C	0.9600
C6—H6A	0.9300	C2—C7	1.399 (3)
C3—C2	1.366 (3)	C8—C7	1.505 (3)
C3—C4	1.381 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9300	C8—H8B	0.9600

N3—O1	1.2197 (19)	C8—H8C	0.9600
N3—O2	1.237 (2)	C5—N2	1.371 (2)
N3—O3	1.2393 (19)	N2—C9	1.296 (2)
C4—C5	1.373 (2)	N2—H2	0.96 (3)
C4—N1	1.374 (2)	C9—N1	1.318 (2)
C1—C2	1.505 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9600	N1—H1	0.90 (2)
C7—C6—C5	118.47 (16)	C7—C8—H8A	109.5
C7—C6—H6A	120.8	C7—C8—H8B	109.5
C5—C6—H6A	120.8	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C2—C3—C4	118.80 (16)	C7—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	120.6	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	120.6	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
O1—N3—O2	120.70 (15)	C6—C7—C2	120.78 (17)
O1—N3—O3	120.23 (15)	C6—C7—C8	118.5 (2)
O2—N3—O3	119.06 (15)	C2—C7—C8	120.7 (2)
C5—C4—N1	106.25 (15)	N2—C5—C4	106.54 (15)
C5—C4—C3	120.73 (15)	N2—C5—C6	132.67 (16)
N1—C4—C3	133.01 (14)	C4—C5—C6	120.79 (16)
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	C9—N2—C5	108.69 (15)
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	C9—N2—H2	124.2 (14)
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	C5—N2—H2	127.1 (14)
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	N2—C9—N1	110.46 (16)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	N2—C9—H9A	124.8
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	N1—C9—H9A	124.8
C3—C2—C7	120.41 (18)	C9—N1—C4	108.06 (14)
C3—C2—C1	118.79 (19)	C9—N1—H1	123.2 (14)
C7—C2—C1	120.80 (18)	C4—N1—H1	128.6 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (2)	C3—C4—C5—N2	179.37 (14)
C2—C3—C4—N1	179.02 (15)	N1—C4—C5—C6	179.55 (13)
C4—C3—C2—C7	1.3 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.0 (2)
C4—C3—C2—C1	-178.89 (16)	C7—C6—C5—N2	-179.34 (16)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.1 (3)	C7—C6—C5—C4	1.2 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-179.48 (16)	C4—C5—N2—C9	0.16 (18)
C3—C2—C7—C6	-1.1 (3)	C6—C5—N2—C9	-179.36 (17)
C1—C2—C7—C6	179.06 (18)	C5—N2—C9—N1	-0.22 (19)
C3—C2—C7—C8	178.23 (17)	N2—C9—N1—C4	0.19 (18)
C1—C2—C7—C8	-1.6 (3)	C5—C4—N1—C9	-0.09 (16)
N1—C4—C5—N2	-0.04 (16)	C3—C4—N1—C9	-179.40 (17)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
N2—H2 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.96 (3)	2.31 (3)	3.043 (3)	133.0 (15)
N2—H2 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.96 (3)	1.86 (3)	2.797 (3)	165 (2)

## supporting information

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N1—H1···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90 (3)	2.60 (2)	3.191 (3)	123.8 (17)
N1—H1···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.90 (3)	1.89 (2)	2.797 (3)	178 (2)

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Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ ; (ii)  $x-1, y, z-1$ .