

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

Pimobendan B from powder diffraction data

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Received 15 September 2013; accepted 15 October 2013

Key indicators: powder X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.019; wR factor = 0.026; data-to-parameter ratio = 49.6.

The title molecule, $C_{19}H_{18}N_4O_2$ {systematic name: (*RS*)-6-[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-5-yl]-5-methyl-4,5-dihydropyridazin-3(2*H*)-one}, adopts an extended conformation. The dihedral angles between the central benzimidazole ring sytem and the pendant methoxyphenyl and pyridazinone residues are 1.41 (18) and 9.7 (3)°, respectively. In the crystal, N-H···N hydrogen bonds link the imadazole groups into [001] chains, and pairs of N-H···O hydrogen bonds link the pyridazinone groups into dimers. Together, these generate a two-dimensional supramolecular structure parallel to (010). The layers are linked by C-H··· π interactions.

Related literature

For general information about pimobendan, see: Gordon *et al.* (2006). For related crystalline forms, see: Boeren *et al.* (2011). Semi-empirical calculations were carried out with *HYPERCHEM Professional* (Hypercube, 2010). Refinement of lattice parameters and peak profile determination were performed by Le Bail profile fitting (Le Bail *et al.*, 1988)



Experimental

Crystal data $C_{19}H_{18}N_4O_2$ $M_r = 334.37$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 18.891 (5) Å b = 9.9619 (5) Åc = 9.5029 (8) Å $\beta = 90.799 (13)^{\circ}$ $V = 1788.2 (5) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker D8 diffractometer	Scan method: step
Specimen mounting: capillary	$2\theta_{\min} = 3.5^\circ, 2\theta_{\max} = 70.00^\circ, 2\theta_{step} =$
Data collection mode: transmission	0.01°
Refinement	

$R_{\rm p} = 0.019$	6651 data points
$R_{\rm wp} = 0.026$	134 parameters
$R_{\rm exp} = 0.020$	56 restraints
$R_{\rm Bragg} = 0.015$	H-atom parameters not refined
$\chi^2 = 1.690$	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C12/C20/C15/C24/C22/C21 ring.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N3-H42\cdots O9^{i}$	0.97	1.85	2.817 (3)	174
$N11-H43\cdots N1^{ii}$	0.95	2.27	3.2039 (19)	168
$C18-H26\cdots Cg1^{iii}$	0.97	2.43	3.369 (2)	161

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (ii) x, $-y + \frac{3}{2}$, $z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) -x, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *Dicvol* (Boultif & Louër, 2004); cell refinement: *FOX* (Favre-Nicolin & Černý, 2002); data reduction: *FOX*; program(s) used to solve structure: *FOX*; program(s) used to refine structure: *FULLPROF* (Rodriguez-Carvajal, 1993), *CRYSTALS* (Betteridge *et al.*, 2003) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinPlotr* (Roisnel & Rodriguez-Carvajal, 2000) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

This work was supported by the European Regional Development Fund (No. 2011/0014/2DP/2.1.1.1.0/10/APIA/VIAA/092).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7139).

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Cu $K\alpha$ radiation

cylinder, $16 \times 0.5 \text{ mm}$

 $\lambda = 1.54184$ Å

 $\mu = 0.68 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 293 K

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, o1677 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813028353]

Pimobendan B from powder diffraction data

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S1. Experimental

Indexing of patterns was performed with *WinPlotr* (Roisnel & Rodriguez-Carvajal, 2000) and *Dicvol* (Boultif & Louër, 2004) using reflections in the 2θ range of $3.00 - 30.00^{\circ}$. Space groups for all polymorphs were determined using *FOX 1.9.7.0* (Favre-Nicolin & Černý, 2002). The correct space group was selected based on possible systematic extinctions. The compositions of unit cell and the values of Z were determined in all cases from the unit cell volume.

Refinement of lattice parameters and peak profile determination were performed by Le Bail profile fitting (Le Bail *et al.*, 1988) using *FOX*. Structures were determined with *FOX* by parallel tempering algorithm. The best cost function values were reached by using automatic temperature schedule and Cauchy-type displacement amplitude schedule.

The input model of pimobendan molecule was obtained from semiempirical calculations by *HYPERCHEM Professional* (Hypercube, 2010) for both - R and S enentiomer. The molecules were described in terms of Fenske-Hall Z-matrix format ans structure solutions The dihedral angles C21—C22—O7—C25; N11—C8—C20—C15 and C2—C6—C14—N4 were defined as intramolecular degrees of freedom and were varied during the structure determinations.

S1.1. Synthesis and crystallization

Pimobendan form B was prepared in three steps. At the first step, its dioxane solvate was held in a thermostat at 100°C for one day. At the second step obtained powder were suspended in methanol and suspension were hold in a dry box while all methanol evaporates. At the end obtained methanol solvate were desolvatated at 100°C.

S1.2. Refinement

Rietveld refinement for the final structure was performed by *Fullprof*. Hydrogen atoms were added with *Crystals* according to the molecular geometry and their positions were not refined. Since the bond lengths and angles departed to unacceptable values, atomic parameters for (N3, N4, C5, O9, C14, C16, C17,C23), (N1, N11, C2, C6, C8, C10, C13, C18, C19) and (O7, C12, C15, C20, C21, C22, C24, C25) were refined as rigid bodies.

S2. Results and discussion

Several crysitalline forms of pimobendan and its preparation are patented (Boeren *et al.*, 2011) but there are no crystal data for these polymorphs or pseudopolymorhs. This article is focused on the structure determination from powder data and description of the pimobendan B form.

Lowest value of cost function were obtained by using molecular model of R enantiomer in structure determination process. The final structure of pimobendane B form shows that pimobendane molecule is almost linear because the dihedral angle value of N11—C8—C20—C15 = 9.7 (3)° and C13—C6—C14—N4 = 1.41 (18)°. The crystal structure of title compound consist of molecules that are conected via hydrogen bonds that are formed between two imidazole groups (N11—H43…N1ⁱⁱ) and two dihydropyradazinone groups (N3—H42…O9ⁱ and N3ⁱ—H42…O9). There are T-shaped C— $H \cdots \pi$ stacking interactions between benzol in methoxyphenyl and benzimidazol groups.

Modeling with PLATON (Spek, 2009) showed that the crystal structure contain voids (69Å³) accessible to solvent molecules. Since pimobendan B form are obtained from its methanol solvate by desolvation at 100°C, these voids may be result of desolvation at temperature that is almost twice as large as boiling point this solvent. Pimobendan B form at ambient conditions tends to form monohydrate. Unstability of pimobendane B form at ambient conditions may be explained by penetration of water molecules into voids of crystal structure.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound showing 50% probability ellipsoids and hydrogen atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.



Figure 2

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed along the *b* axis. Blue lines indicate hydrogen bonds.



Figure 3

Stacking interactions in the crystal structure of title compound



Figure 4

Scattered X-ray intensities of title compound at ambient conditions as a function of diffraction angle 2θ . The observed pattern (red dots), the best Rietveld fit profiles (line) and the difference curve between the observed and calculated profiles (below) are shown.

(RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - one (RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - one (RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - one (RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - one (RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - one (RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - one (RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - one (RS) - 6 - [2 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - 0 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - 0 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - 0 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 1 H - benzimidazol - 5 - yl] - 5 - methyl - 4, 5 - dihydropyridazin - 3(2H) - 0 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 3(2H) - 0 - (4 - Methoxy phenyl) - 3(2H) - 3(2

Crystal data	
$C_{19}H_{18}N_4O_2$	c = 9.5029 (8) Å
$M_r = 334.37$	$\beta = 90.799 \ (13)^{\circ}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	V = 1788.2 (5) Å ³
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Z = 4
a = 18.891 (5) Å	$D_{\rm x} = 1.24 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
b = 9.9619(5) Å	Cu <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184$ Å

 $\mu = 0.68 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K

Data collection

Bruker D8 diffractometer Radiation source: sealed X-ray tube None monochromator

Refinement

Refinement on I_{net} Least-squares matrix: full $R_p = 0.019$ $R_{wp} = 0.026$ $R_{exp} = 0.020$ $R_{Bragg} = 0.015$ $\chi^2 = 1.690$ 6651 data points Profile function: Pseudo Voigt white cylinder, 16×0.5 mm

Specimen mounting: capillary Data collection mode: transmission Scan method: step $2\theta_{\min} = 3.5^\circ, 2\theta_{\max} = 70.00^\circ, 2\theta_{step} = 0.01^\circ$

134 parameters56 restraints75 constraintsHydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sitesH-atom parameters not refined

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.01$ Background function: linear extrapolation

Special details

Refinement. Rietveld refinement for the final structure was performed by *Fullprof*. Hydrogen atoms were added with *Crystals* according to the molecular geometry and their positions were not refined, but final refinement was performed with hydrogen atoms. Since the bond lengths and angles departed to unacceptable values, atomic parameters for (N3, N4, C5, O9, C14, C16, C17,C23), (N1, N11, C2, C6, C8, C10, C13, C18, C19) and (O7, C12, C15, C20, C21, C22, C24, C25) were refined as rigid bodies.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
N1	0.01915 (12)	0.62643 (12)	-0.14418 (12)	0.01267*
C2	0.17167 (12)	0.65440 (12)	0.07706 (12)	0.01267*
N3	0.41366 (13)	0.52345 (13)	0.03230 (13)	0.01267*
N4	0.34263 (13)	0.53781 (13)	-0.01834 (13)	0.01267*
C5	0.43319 (13)	0.53662 (13)	0.17085 (13)	0.01267*
C6	0.22286 (12)	0.58183 (12)	0.01645 (12)	0.01267*
07	-0.27870 (17)	0.93069 (17)	0.00050 (17)	0.01267*
C8	-0.00564 (12)	0.70860 (12)	-0.04114 (12)	0.01267*
O9	0.49920 (13)	0.54750 (13)	0.19404 (13)	0.01267*
C10	0.10535 (12)	0.66256 (12)	0.01531 (12)	0.01267*
N11	0.04376 (12)	0.73283 (12)	0.05732 (12)	0.01267*
C12	-0.13383 (17)	0.70975 (17)	-0.11682 (17)	0.01267*
C13	0.20788 (12)	0.51835 (12)	-0.11605 (12)	0.01267*
C14	0.29607 (13)	0.58849 (13)	0.06534 (13)	0.01267*
C15	-0.09123 (17)	0.88148 (17)	0.04048 (17)	0.01267*
C16	0.31636 (13)	0.63793 (13)	0.21183 (13)	0.01267*
C17	0.37363 (13)	0.54600 (13)	0.27154 (13)	0.01267*
C18	0.14285 (12)	0.52292 (12)	-0.18095 (12)	0.01267*
C19	0.09089 (12)	0.59914 (12)	-0.11154 (12)	0.01267*
C20	-0.07552 (17)	0.77153 (17)	-0.04901 (17)	0.01267*
C21	-0.20225 (17)	0.76004 (17)	-0.10811 (17)	0.01267*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

C22	-0.21504 (17)	0.87352 (17)	-0.02608 (17)	0.01267*
C23	0.34340 (13)	0.78483 (13)	0.19844 (13)	0.01267*
C24	-0.15891 (17)	0.93136 (17)	0.05152 (17)	0.01267*
C25	-0.33907 (17)	0.86902 (17)	-0.06608 (17)	0.01267*
H26	0.13416	0.47697	-0.26987	0.0152*
H27	0.24355	0.46651	-0.16258	0.0152*
H28	0.18217	0.69913	0.16336	0.0152*
H29	-0.05380	0.92376	0.09189	0.0152*
H30	-0.16806	1.00299	0.11652	0.0152*
H31	-0.24066	0.72624	-0.16210	0.0152*
H32	-0.12618	0.63253	-0.17586	0.0152*
H33	-0.38045	0.92304	-0.04037	0.0152*
H34	-0.34437	0.78145	-0.02928	0.0152*
H35	-0.33452	0.86891	-0.16468	0.0152*
H36	0.27557	0.63704	0.27202	0.0152*
H37	0.35319	0.45789	0.28346	0.0152*
H38	0.39052	0.57826	0.36071	0.0152*
H39	0.35524	0.82003	0.29000	0.0152*
H40	0.30710	0.84168	0.15603	0.0152*
H41	0.38474	0.78628	0.14061	0.0152*
H42	0.44322	0.50470	-0.04847	0.0152*
H43	0.03860	0.78640	0.13920	0.0152*

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

07—C22	1.358 (4)	C16—C23	1.556 (2)	_
O7—C25	1.435 (4)	C16—C17	1.521 (3)	
O9—C5	1.268 (3)	C18—C19	1.412 (3)	
N1	1.3642 (19)	C21—C22	1.396 (2)	
N1-C19	1.413 (3)	C22—C24	1.407 (4)	
N3—N4	1.426 (3)	C2—H28	0.95	
N3—C5	1.3687 (19)	N3—H42	0.97	
N4C14	1.296 (3)	N11—H43	0.95	
N11—C8	1.334 (3)	C12—H32	0.96	
N11—C10	1.420 (3)	С13—Н27	0.96	
C2—C6	1.344 (3)	С15—Н29	0.95	
C2—C10	1.378 (3)	С16—Н36	0.97	
C5—C17	1.490 (3)	С17—Н37	0.97	
C6—C14	1.454 (3)	С17—Н38	0.96	
C6—C13	1.4337 (17)	C18—H26	0.97	
C8—C20	1.462 (4)	C21—H31	0.94	
C10-C19	1.3848 (17)	С23—Н39	0.96	
C12—C20	1.410 (4)	C23—H40	0.97	
C12—C21	1.390 (4)	C23—H41	0.96	
C13—C18	1.368 (3)	C24—H30	0.96	
C14—C16	1.5207 (19)	С25—Н33	0.98	
C15—C24	1.377 (4)	С25—Н34	0.95	
C15—C20	1.421 (3)	С25—Н35	0.94	

C22—O7—C25	116.05 (17)	C14—C16—C17	108.38 (13)
C8—N1—C19	107.21 (14)	C14—C16—C23	107.98 (10)
N4—N3—C5	123.69 (18)	C17—C16—C23	111.36 (18)
N3—N4—C14	118.38 (14)	C5—C17—C16	109.74 (12)
C8—N11—C10	106.35 (12)	C13—C18—C19	115.67 (12)
N4—N3—H42	107.00	N1-C19-C18	132.23 (13)
C5—N3—H42	129.00	C10-C19-C18	121.47 (19)
C10—N11—H43	127.00	N1-C19-C10	106.28 (15)
C8—N11—H43	127.00	C8—C20—C12	122.36 (16)
C6—C2—C10	120.30 (13)	C8—C20—C15	119.7 (2)
O9—C5—C17	129.25 (14)	O7—C22—C21	127.2 (3)
N3—C5—C17	115.3 (2)	C10—C2—H28	121.00
O9—C5—N3	115.26 (18)	C6—C13—H27	121.00
C13—C6—C14	118.42 (17)	C15—C24—C22	120.41 (18)
C2—C6—C13	118.65 (19)	C12—C21—C22	119.6 (2)
C2—C6—C14	121.70 (13)	C21—C22—C24	119.3 (3)
N11—C8—C20	125.48 (14)	C6—C2—H28	119.00
N1-C8-C20	122.63 (16)	С20—С12—Н32	119.00
N1—C8—N11	111.60 (19)	С20—С15—Н29	119.00
N11—C10—C19	108.49 (17)	С24—С15—Н29	119.00
C2-C10-C19	120.71 (17)	С21—С12—Н32	118.00
N11—C10—C2	130.76 (12)	C12—C20—C15	116.2 (3)
C20—C12—C21	122.47 (18)	C18—C13—H27	116.00
C6-C13-C18	123.12 (17)	O7—C22—C24	113.20 (18)
N4—C14—C6	115.89 (14)	C14—C16—H36	110.00
C6—C14—C16	122.25 (17)	C17—C16—H36	110.00
N4—C14—C16	121.6 (2)	С23—С16—Н36	109.00
C20—C15—C24	121.7 (2)	С5—С17—Н37	109.00

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C12/C20/C15/C24/C22/C21 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H…A
N3—H42…O9 ⁱ	0.97	1.85	2.817 (3)	174
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C18—H26··· $Cg1^{iii}$	0.97	2.43	3.369 (2)	161

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