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# Dimethyl 4,4'-(diazenediyl)dibenzoate at 100 K

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.147; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.3.

In the asymmetric part of the unit cell of the title compound,  $C_{16}H_{14}N_2O_4$ , there are two chemically equivalent but crystallographic independent half molecules. The geometric centre of each complete molecule lies on a crystallographic inversion centre. Both molecules are almost planar [mean deviations of atoms in the two molecules are 0.032 (2) and 0.044 (2) Å] and their geometries are similar. In the crystal, molecules are arranged in columns along the *a* axis. There are no intermolecular donor–acceptor distances shorter than 3.4 Å.

#### **Related literature**

For general background to the use of azo compounds as dyes, pigments and advanced materials, see: Allmann (1997); Scott *et al.*, (2002); Maniam *et al.* (2008); Zeitouny *et al.*, (2009). For a related structure, see: Yu & Liu (2009); Niu *et al.* (2011). For related literature, see: Onto *et al.* (1998). For the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



#### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{14}N_2O_4$ $M_r = 298.29$	$\gamma = 84.468 (16)^{\circ}$ V = 687.6 (2) Å <sup>3</sup>
Triclinic, P1	Z = 2
a = 3.8146 (8) A	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 11.25/1 (18) A	$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 16.904 (3) A	T = 100  K
$\alpha = 72.456 \ (16)^{\circ}$	$0.35 \times 0.17 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 85.030 \ (18)^{\circ}$	
Data collection	
Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer	2405 independent reflections 1652 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
4264 measured reflections	$R_{\rm int} = 0.025$
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	213 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.147$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.05	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.32 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
2405 reflections	$\Delta \rho = -0.25 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2008); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2008); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FK2074).

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# supporting information

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#### S1. Comment

Azo compounds and its derivatives represent the dominant class of coloured compounds and are used as dyes and pigments (Allmann, 1997). Azobenzenes, due to its efficient and fully reversible photoisomerization and photoinduced anisotropy have widely been investigated as a component in photoresponsive materials (Zeitouny *et al.*, 2009).

There are two chemically equivalent but crystallographic independent molecules in the unit cell (Figure 1), both lie on crystallographic inversion centres. The molecules are almost planar and their geometries are similar; differences do not exceed 0.2 Å for bond lengths,  $2^{\circ}$  for valence angles and  $3^{\circ}$  for torsion angles.

All bond distances and angles lie in expected ranges and are in good agreement with the geometry of other *para*-substituted azobenzene derivatives (Yu & Liu, 2009; Niu *et al.*, 2011 and Allen, 2002).

The crystal packing is shown in Fig. 2. The molecules form columns along the *a* axis, the distance between stacked molecules is equal to 3.8146 (8) Å. There are no intermolecular C–H···O/N distances shorter than 3.4 Å.

#### **S2. Experimental**

The compound was prepared according to literature procedure, (Onto *et al.*, 1998). Crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray crystal structure analysis was grown from benzene–n-heptane mixture (1:1).

#### **S3. Refinement**

Apart from methyl hydrogens all H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C-H = 0.93 Å and  $U_{iso}$  (H) =  $1.2U_{eq}(C)$ , methyl H atoms were derived from difference Fourier maps and refined as idealized groups with with C-H = 0.96 Å and  $U_{iso}$  (H) =  $1.5U_{eq}(C)$ . All methyl-H atoms were allowed to rotate but not to tip.



#### Figure 1

The molecular structure showing 50% displacement ellipsoids (arbitrary spheres for the H atoms). Symmetry code: A = -x, -y, -z.



#### Figure 2

The packing diagram viewed along a-axis.

#### Dimethyl 4,4'-(diazenediyl)dibenzoate

Crystal data C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>  $M_r = 298.29$ Triclinic, *P*I Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 3.8146 (8) Å b = 11.2571 (18) Å c = 16.904 (3) Å a = 72.456 (16)°  $\beta = 85.030$  (18)°  $\gamma = 84.468$  (16)° V = 687.6 (2) Å<sup>3</sup>

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Z = 2 F(000) = 312  $D_x = 1.441 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4264 reflections  $\theta = 3.6-25.0^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 K Prism, red  $0.35 \times 0.17 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$ 

Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 1024 x 1024 with blocks 2 x 2 pixels  $mm^{-1}$ 

ω–scan	$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.0^{\circ},  \theta_{\rm min} = 3.6^{\circ}$
4264 measured reflections	$h = -4 \rightarrow 2$
2405 independent reflections	$k = -13 \rightarrow 13$
1652 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$
$R_{\rm int} = 0.025$	
Refinement	
$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{C}$	

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.147$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.05	H-atom parameters constrained
2405 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0791P)^2 + 0.205P]$
213 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.32 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.25 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
011	0.3301 (4)	0.15744 (14)	0.33935 (9)	0.0251 (4)	
012	0.1772 (4)	-0.04021 (15)	0.39802 (10)	0.0296 (4)	
N11	0.0393 (5)	0.05005 (17)	0.00495 (12)	0.0216 (5)	
C11	0.0777 (6)	0.0436 (2)	0.08962 (14)	0.0191 (5)	
C12	0.2050 (6)	0.1480 (2)	0.10194 (14)	0.0196 (5)	
H12	0.2585	0.2160	0.0565	0.020 (6)*	
C13	0.2522 (5)	0.1511 (2)	0.18173 (14)	0.0191 (5)	
H13	0.3387	0.2208	0.1898	0.025 (6)*	
C14	0.1695 (5)	0.0493 (2)	0.25002 (14)	0.0194 (5)	
C15	0.0372 (6)	-0.0548 (2)	0.23750 (14)	0.0204 (5)	
H15	-0.0194	-0.1222	0.2830	0.020 (6)*	
C16	-0.0101 (6)	-0.0585 (2)	0.15834 (14)	0.0200 (5)	
H16	-0.0992	-0.1278	0.1504	0.028 (7)*	
C17	0.2225 (6)	0.0484 (2)	0.33681 (14)	0.0209 (5)	
C18	0.3974 (7)	0.1652 (2)	0.42107 (14)	0.0272 (6)	
H18A	0.4725	0.2464	0.4158	0.037 (7)*	
H18B	0.5788	0.1025	0.4448	0.031 (7)*	
H18C	0.1852	0.1519	0.4565	0.038 (8)*	
O21	0.6465 (4)	0.65469 (14)	0.35059 (10)	0.0248 (4)	
O22	0.8894 (4)	0.45639 (15)	0.38736 (10)	0.0308 (5)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

N21	0.4726 (5)	0.55083 (17)	0.00854 (12)	0.0206 (4)	
C21	0.5457 (6)	0.5432 (2)	0.09183 (14)	0.0184 (5)	
C22	0.4325 (6)	0.6478 (2)	0.11755 (14)	0.0193 (5)	
H22	0.3167	0.7168	0.0815	0.034 (7)*	
C23	0.4932 (5)	0.6485 (2)	0.19724 (13)	0.0188 (5)	
H23	0.4175	0.7183	0.2145	0.027 (7)*	
C24	0.6678 (6)	0.5450 (2)	0.25183 (14)	0.0194 (5)	
C25	0.7813 (5)	0.4400 (2)	0.22548 (14)	0.0196 (5)	
H25	0.8971	0.3710	0.2616	0.023 (6)*	
C26	0.7222 (6)	0.4383 (2)	0.14616 (14)	0.0193 (5)	
H26	0.7983	0.3686	0.1288	0.027 (7)*	
C27	0.7478 (6)	0.5448 (2)	0.33667 (14)	0.0212 (5)	
C28	0.7220 (7)	0.6663 (2)	0.43076 (14)	0.0279 (6)	
H28A	0.6386	0.7481	0.4340	0.046 (8)*	
H28B	0.9720	0.6542	0.4368	0.031 (7)*	
H28C	0.6053	0.6044	0.4744	0.039 (8)*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	U <sup>33</sup>	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
011	0.0366 (10)	0.0189 (9)	0.0242 (9)	-0.0057 (7)	-0.0049 (7)	-0.0110 (7)
O12	0.0411 (11)	0.0227 (10)	0.0250 (9)	-0.0081 (8)	-0.0030 (8)	-0.0052 (7)
N11	0.0227 (10)	0.0171 (10)	0.0270 (11)	-0.0007 (8)	-0.0018 (8)	-0.0096 (8)
C11	0.0183 (11)	0.0165 (12)	0.0233 (12)	0.0047 (9)	-0.0021 (9)	-0.0089 (9)
C12	0.0205 (11)	0.0136 (12)	0.0239 (13)	-0.0017 (9)	-0.0001 (9)	-0.0047 (9)
C13	0.0184 (11)	0.0133 (11)	0.0289 (13)	-0.0003 (9)	-0.0020 (9)	-0.0114 (10)
C14	0.0163 (11)	0.0185 (12)	0.0253 (13)	0.0014 (9)	-0.0019 (9)	-0.0100 (10)
C15	0.0232 (12)	0.0140 (11)	0.0228 (12)	-0.0005 (9)	-0.0017 (10)	-0.0039 (9)
C16	0.0198 (11)	0.0150 (12)	0.0274 (13)	-0.0027 (9)	-0.0005 (10)	-0.0094 (10)
C17	0.0203 (12)	0.0174 (12)	0.0272 (13)	-0.0014 (9)	-0.0013 (9)	-0.0101 (10)
C18	0.0355 (14)	0.0250 (14)	0.0268 (14)	-0.0061 (11)	-0.0062 (11)	-0.0141 (11)
O21	0.0352 (10)	0.0200 (9)	0.0231 (9)	-0.0018 (7)	-0.0041 (7)	-0.0115 (7)
O22	0.0428 (11)	0.0240 (10)	0.0263 (10)	0.0044 (8)	-0.0080(8)	-0.0092 (8)
N21	0.0230 (10)	0.0177 (10)	0.0229 (10)	-0.0029 (8)	-0.0008(8)	-0.0085 (8)
C21	0.0180 (11)	0.0156 (12)	0.0226 (12)	-0.0046 (9)	0.0015 (9)	-0.0069 (9)
C22	0.0188 (11)	0.0143 (11)	0.0245 (13)	-0.0006 (9)	-0.0020 (9)	-0.0055 (9)
C23	0.0189 (11)	0.0141 (11)	0.0255 (13)	-0.0034 (9)	0.0011 (9)	-0.0091 (9)
C24	0.0189 (11)	0.0177 (12)	0.0232 (12)	-0.0057 (9)	0.0017 (9)	-0.0079 (9)
C25	0.0182 (11)	0.0145 (12)	0.0258 (13)	-0.0012 (9)	-0.0017 (9)	-0.0055 (9)
C26	0.0201 (11)	0.0132 (11)	0.0270 (13)	-0.0021 (9)	-0.0003 (9)	-0.0093 (9)
C27	0.0217 (12)	0.0173 (12)	0.0263 (13)	-0.0045 (9)	0.0017 (10)	-0.0088 (10)
C28	0.0368 (14)	0.0263 (14)	0.0264 (14)	-0.0043 (11)	-0.0040 (11)	-0.0153 (11)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

011—C17	1.345 (3)	O21—C27	1.342 (3)
O11—C18	1.456 (3)	O21—C28	1.456 (3)
O12—C17	1.215 (3)	O22—C27	1.216 (3)

N11—N11 <sup>i</sup>	1.255 (3)	N21—N21 <sup>ii</sup>	1.257 (4)
N11—C11	1.431 (3)	N21—C21	1.434 (3)
C11—C12	1.391 (3)	C21—C22	1.393 (3)
C11—C16	1.409 (3)	C21—C26	1.411 (3)
C12—C13	1.387 (3)	C22—C23	1.389 (3)
C12—H12	0.9300	С22—Н22	0.9300
C13—C14	1.398 (3)	C23—C24	1.401 (3)
С13—Н13	0.9300	С23—Н23	0.9300
C14—C15	1,398 (3)	C24—C25	1.403 (3)
C14—C17	1,495 (3)	$C_{24}$ $C_{27}$	1.491 (3)
C15-C16	1 379 (3)	$C_{25}$ $C_{26}$	1.191(3) 1.385(3)
C15—H15	0.9300	C25—H25	0.9300
C16 H16	0.9300	C26 H26	0.9300
	0.9500	C28 H28A	0.9500
	0.9000	$C_{20}$ $H_{20}$	0.9000
	0.9000	С20—П20В	0.9600
C18—H18C	0.9600	C28—H28C	0.9600
C17 011 C19	11(22(17)	C27 C21 C28	11( 50 (10)
	116.32 (17)	$C_2/-O_2I-C_28$	116.58 (18)
	114.3 (2)	N21 $-N21$ $-C21$	114.3 (2)
C12—C11—C16	120.0 (2)	C22—C21—C26	120.4 (2)
C12—C11—N11	115.69 (19)	C22—C21—N21	115.86 (19)
C16—C11—N11	124.25 (19)	C26—C21—N21	123.76 (19)
C13—C12—C11	120.2 (2)	C23—C22—C21	119.7 (2)
C13—C12—H12	119.9	C23—C22—H22	120.2
C11—C12—H12	119.9	C21—C22—H22	120.2
C12—C13—C14	119.88 (19)	C22—C23—C24	120.5 (2)
C12—C13—H13	120.1	С22—С23—Н23	119.8
C14—C13—H13	120.1	С24—С23—Н23	119.8
C15—C14—C13	119.8 (2)	C23—C24—C25	119.5 (2)
C15—C14—C17	118.83 (19)	C23—C24—C27	121.7 (2)
C13—C14—C17	121.41 (19)	C25—C24—C27	118.8 (2)
C16—C15—C14	120.7 (2)	C26—C25—C24	120.5 (2)
C16—C15—H15	119.7	C26—C25—H25	119.8
C14—C15—H15	119.7	C24—C25—H25	119.8
$C_{15}$ $C_{16}$ $C_{11}$	119.42 (19)	$C_{25} = C_{26} = C_{21}$	119.4 (2)
C15—C16—H16	120.3	$C_{25} = C_{26} = H_{26}$	120.3
$C_{11} - C_{16} - H_{16}$	120.3	$C_{21}$ $C_{26}$ $H_{26}$	120.3
012 $017$ $011$	120.5 123.6(2)	$022  020  021 \\ 021  021  021  021  021 \\ 021  021  021  021  021 \\ 021 $	120.5 123.7(2)
012 - 017 - 011	123.0(2) 124.4(2)	022 - 027 - 021	123.7(2) 124.4(2)
012 - 017 - 014	124.4(2) 111.06(18)	022 - 027 - 024	124.4(2)
OII = CI / = CI4	111.90 (18)	021 - 027 - 024	111.90 (19)
$\bigcup_{i=1}^{i=1} \bigcup_{i=1}^{i=1} $	109.5	$U_2 I = U_2 \delta = H_2 \delta A$	109.5
	109.5	$U_2 I - U_2 \delta - H_2 \delta B$	109.5
H18A - C18 - H18B	109.5	$H_{28}A - C_{28} - H_{28}B$	109.5
UII—CI8—HI8C	109.5	021—C28—H28C	109.5
H18A—C18—H18C	109.5	H28A—C28—H28C	109.5
H18B—C18—H18C	109.5	H28B—C28—H28C	109.5
N11 <sup>i</sup> —N11—C11—C12	172.7 (2)	N21 <sup>ii</sup> —N21—C21—C22	-169.5 (2)

N11 <sup>i</sup> —N11—C11—C16	-8.4(3)	N21 <sup>ii</sup> —N21—C21—C26	10.9 (3)
C16—C11—C12—C13	1.2 (3)	C26—C21—C22—C23	-0.2 (3)
N11—C11—C12—C13	-179.92 (18)	N21—C21—C22—C23	-179.82 (18)
C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.4 (3)	C21—C22—C23—C24	0.1 (3)
C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.4 (3)	C22—C23—C24—C25	0.0 (3)
C12—C13—C14—C17	178.97 (19)	C22—C23—C24—C27	177.82 (19)
C13—C14—C15—C16	0.5 (3)	C23—C24—C25—C26	0.1 (3)
C17—C14—C15—C16	-178.93 (19)	C27—C24—C25—C26	-177.85 (19)
C14—C15—C16—C11	0.3 (3)	C24—C25—C26—C21	-0.1 (3)
C12-C11-C16-C15	-1.1 (3)	C22—C21—C26—C25	0.2 (3)
N11—C11—C16—C15	-179.91 (19)	N21—C21—C26—C25	179.82 (19)
C18—O11—C17—O12	0.8 (3)	C28—O21—C27—O22	1.5 (3)
C18—O11—C17—C14	-178.63 (18)	C28—O21—C27—C24	-178.16 (17)
C15—C14—C17—O12	4.4 (3)	C23—C24—C27—O22	177.8 (2)
C13—C14—C17—O12	-175.0 (2)	C25—C24—C27—O22	-4.3 (3)
C15—C14—C17—O11	-176.20 (18)	C23—C24—C27—O21	-2.5 (3)
C13—C14—C17—O11	4.4 (3)	C25—C24—C27—O21	175.33 (19)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y, -z; (ii) -x+1, -y+1, -z.