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2,4,6-Trinitrophenyl 3-chlorobenzoate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 295 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.162; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

In the title benzoate derivative, $C_{13}H_6CIN_3O_8$, the planes of the benzene rings form a dihedral angle of 73.59 (7)°. The central ester unit forms an angle of 20.38 (12)° with the chloro-substituted benzene ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak $C-H\cdots O$ interactions, forming helical chains along [101] and [100].

Related literature

For investigations on reaction kinetics, see: Kirkien-Konasiewicz & Maccoll (1964); Belousova *et al.* (2000). For spectroscopic and theoretical studies, see: Ibrahim *et al.* (2011). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For similar structures, see: Moreno-Fuquen *et al.* (2012*a,b,c*, 2013). For hydrogen bonding, see: Nardelli (1995) and for hydrogenbond motifs, see: Etter *et al.* (1990). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{13}H_6{\rm ClN}_3{\rm O}_8\\ M_r=367.66\\ {\rm Monoclinic,}\ P2_1/c\\ a=11.0633\ (4)\ {\rm \AA}\\ b=9.6560\ (4)\ {\rm \AA}\\ c=14.0251\ (6)\ {\rm \AA}\\ \beta=94.009\ (2)^\circ\end{array}$

$V = 1494.60 (10) \text{ A}^3$
Z = 4
Mo Ka radiation
$\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 295 K
$0.24 \times 0.24 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer 16939 measured reflections 3383 independent reflections

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$ 227 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.162$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.00 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.32$ e Å⁻³3383 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.27$ e Å⁻³

2015 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.069$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
C3-H3···O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.50	3.167 (3)	128
C11-H11···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.46	3.263 (3)	145
C13−H13···O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.41	3.312 (3)	165
$C10-H10\cdots O2^{iv}$	0.93	2.60	3.278 (3)	131
$C5-H5\cdots O8^{v}$	0.93	2.48	3.404 (3)	174

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 2, -y, -z + 2; (ii) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1; (iii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iv) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (v) $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and *SCALEPACK*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 2012).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5316).

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2,4,6-Trinitrophenyl 3-chlorobenzoate

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S1. Comment

The title compound, $C_{13}H_6ClN_3O_8$ [2,4,6-trinitrophenyl 3-chlorobenzoate] (I), belongs to a group of molecules known as picryl substituted-benzoates (or 2.4.6-trinitrofenil substituted-benzoates). Our research group has been lately investigating about this type of compound, in order to complete the crystallographic information around picryl substituted-benzoates. Also, the structural information can be linked or be useful to explain the results found at investigations of reaction kinetics (Kirkien-Konasiewicz & Maccoll, 1964; Belousova et al., 2000), spectroscopic behavior and theoretical studies (Ibrahim et al., 2011) underwent over this same group of compounds. The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1, with a numbering scheme similar to that for TNP4ClBA (Moreno-Fuquen et al., 2013), TNP3MeBA (Moreno-Fuquen et al., 2012a), TNP4MeBA(Moreno-Fuquen et al., 2012b) and TNPBA (Moreno-Fuquen et al., 2012c) in order to simplify structural comparisons. As a general fact, described deeply in previous papers (Moreno-Fuquen et al., 2012c and 2013), the structural parameters of substituted picryl benzoates, including (I), show significant differences in the bond distances C1-O7 and C7-O7 if they are compared with analogous distances in other phenyl benzoates reported in the literature (Allen, 2002, Version 5.33). The benzene rings of (I) form a dihedral angle of 73.59 (7)°. The central ester moiety forms an angle of $20.38 (12)^{\circ}$ with the chloro-substituted benzene ring to which it is attached and an angle of $86.03 (7)^{\circ}$ with the picryl ring. The nitro groups form dihedral angles with the adjacent benzene ring of $59.14 (9)^{\circ}$, $3.6 (2)^{\circ}$ and $21.48 (14)^{\circ}$ for O1-N1-O2, O3-N2-O4 and O5-N3-O6, respectively. The molecules are packed in a three dimensional network, through weak interactions C-H···O (see Table 1; Nardelli, 1995). Weak C3-H3···O3 and C11-H11···O1 contacts which reinforced each other, allow the molecules to propagate, forming one-dimensional helical chains, along [101]. Both weak contacts form dimers within the structure, as is shown in Fig. 2, and allow the formation of $R_2^2(10)$ and $R_2^2(22)$ rings respectively (Etter, 1990). In addition to the mentioned interactions other weak C-H…O interactions are observed. Indeed, the C13-H13...O4 and C10-H10...O2 weak contacts, form C(9) and C(12) chains of molecules allowing the crystal to grow also along [100] (see Fig. 3).

S2. Experimental

The reagents and solvents for the synthesis were obtained from the Aldrich Chemical Co., and were used without additional purification. The title molecule was obtained through a two-step reaction. First the 3-chlorobenzoic acid (0.20g, 0.554 mmol) was refluxed in an excess of thionyl chloride (10 ml) during an hour. Then thionyl chloride was distilled off under reduced pressure to purify the 3-chorobenzoyl chloride obtained as a pale yellow traslucent liquid. The same reaction flask was rearranged and a solution of picric acid (0.12 g, 0.554 mmol) in acetonitrile was added dropwise with constant stirring. The reaction mixture was left to reflux for about an hour. A pale yellow solid was obtained after leaving the solvent to evaporate. The solid was washed with distilled water and cold methanol to eliminate impurities. Crystals of good quality and suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction were grown from acetonitrile. IR spectra were recorded on a FT—IR SHIMADZU IR-Affinity-1 spectrophotometer. Pale Yellow crystals; yield 65%; m.p 408 (1)K. IR

(KBr) 3092.32 cm⁻¹ (aromatic C—H); 1763.27 cm⁻¹ (ester C=O); 1615.65 cm⁻¹ (C=C); 1546.61 cm⁻¹, 1340.90 cm⁻¹ (-NO₂); 1216.82 cm⁻¹ (C(=O)—O).

S3. Refinement

All the hydrogen atoms attached to C atoms were positioned at geometrically idealized positions and treated as riding with C-H= 0.93 Å with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$.



Figure 1

Molecular conformation and atom numbering scheme for the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.



Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure of (I), forming one-dimensional helical chains, along [101]. Symmetry code: (i) -x+2,-y,-z+2; (ii) -x+1,-y,-z+1.



Figure 3

Part of the crystal structure of (I), showing the formation of chains which running along along [100]. Symmetry code: (iii) -x+2,+y-1/2,-z+3/2; (iv) -x+1,+y+1/2,-z+3/2.

2,4,6-Trinitrophenyl 3-chlorobenzoate

Crystal data

C₁₃H₆ClN₃O₈ $M_r = 367.66$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc *a* = 11.0633 (4) Å b = 9.6560 (4) Åc = 14.0251 (6) Å $\beta = 94.009 \ (2)^{\circ}$ $V = 1494.60 (10) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator CCD rotation images, thick slices scans 16939 measured reflections 3383 independent reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full map $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$ Hydrogen site location: inferred from $wR(F^2) = 0.162$ neighbouring sites S = 1.00H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0973P)^2]$ 3383 reflections 227 parameters where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 0 restraints $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.27 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ direct methods

F(000) = 744 $D_{\rm x} = 1.634 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 408(1) K Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å Cell parameters from 6920 reflections $\theta = 2.6 - 27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.31 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 295 KBlock, pale-yellow $0.24 \times 0.24 \times 0.17$ mm

2015 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.069$ $\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.6^{\circ}$ $h = -13 \rightarrow 14$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 12$ $l = -17 \rightarrow 18$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Cl	0.56852 (7)	-0.00919 (7)	0.28977 (5)	0.0682 (3)
07	0.71179 (13)	0.23513 (17)	0.69696 (10)	0.0502 (4)
08	0.84485 (15)	0.14324 (18)	0.60062 (12)	0.0578 (5)
C13	0.6511 (2)	0.0995 (2)	0.45876 (16)	0.0471 (5)
H13	0.7174	0.0411	0.4550	0.057*
C3	0.8964 (2)	0.1510(2)	0.91560 (16)	0.0465 (5)
Н3	0.9003	0.0823	0.9622	0.056*
C1	0.80334 (19)	0.2457 (2)	0.76791 (15)	0.0440 (5)
N2	1.0634 (2)	0.2709 (2)	1.00374 (16)	0.0597 (6)
C8	0.6420 (2)	0.1866 (2)	0.53711 (16)	0.0464 (5)
C5	0.9641 (2)	0.3704 (2)	0.85707 (17)	0.0499 (6)
Н5	1.0150	0.4469	0.8641	0.060*
N1	0.7383 (2)	0.0189 (2)	0.82752 (16)	0.0566 (5)
C7	0.7442 (2)	0.1841 (2)	0.61029 (16)	0.0474 (5)
C2	0.81502 (19)	0.1428 (2)	0.83739 (16)	0.0441 (5)
C6	0.8789 (2)	0.3605 (2)	0.78057 (16)	0.0470 (5)
O3	1.07187 (19)	0.17305 (19)	1.05824 (15)	0.0776 (6)
C12	0.5594 (2)	0.1017 (2)	0.38669 (16)	0.0503 (6)
O6	0.8224 (2)	0.4610 (2)	0.63360 (14)	0.0802 (6)
C4	0.9719 (2)	0.2641 (2)	0.92272 (16)	0.0469 (5)
N3	0.8689 (2)	0.4788 (2)	0.71367 (16)	0.0587 (6)
01	0.7462 (2)	-0.0505 (2)	0.75600 (16)	0.0866 (7)
05	0.9087 (2)	0.5889 (2)	0.74352 (17)	0.0942 (8)
C9	0.5427 (2)	0.2730 (3)	0.54277 (18)	0.0579 (6)
Н9	0.5360	0.3292	0.5960	0.069*
O2	0.6754 (2)	-0.0070(2)	0.89145 (18)	0.0891 (7)
O4	1.1242 (2)	0.3733 (2)	1.01268 (17)	0.1025 (8)
C11	0.4618 (2)	0.1893 (3)	0.3903 (2)	0.0652 (7)
H11	0.4016	0.1910	0.3406	0.078*
C10	0.4542 (3)	0.2748 (3)	0.4686 (2)	0.0697 (8)
H10	0.3884	0.3343	0.4713	0.084*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl	0.0769 (5)	0.0784 (5)	0.0485 (4)	-0.0108 (3)	-0.0009 (3)	-0.0157 (3)

07	0.0480 (9)	0.0652 (10)	0.0368 (9)	0.0050 (7)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0033 (7)
08	0.0538 (10)	0.0734 (11)	0.0453 (10)	0.0105 (8)	-0.0036 (8)	-0.0074 (8)
C13	0.0495 (12)	0.0508 (13)	0.0408 (12)	0.0009 (10)	0.0008 (10)	0.0015 (10)
C3	0.0558 (13)	0.0431 (12)	0.0403 (12)	-0.0014 (10)	0.0003 (10)	0.0003 (9)
C1	0.0440 (12)	0.0551 (13)	0.0326 (11)	0.0029 (10)	0.0007 (9)	-0.0035 (9)
N2	0.0611 (13)	0.0580 (13)	0.0574 (14)	-0.0079 (10)	-0.0132 (10)	-0.0038 (10)
C8	0.0477 (13)	0.0512 (13)	0.0396 (12)	-0.0023 (10)	-0.0010 (10)	0.0024 (10)
C5	0.0533 (13)	0.0472 (12)	0.0491 (14)	-0.0072 (10)	0.0042 (11)	-0.0023 (10)
N1	0.0571 (12)	0.0555 (12)	0.0553 (13)	-0.0098 (9)	-0.0103 (10)	0.0040 (10)
C7	0.0533 (14)	0.0499 (13)	0.0385 (12)	0.0029 (10)	-0.0002 (10)	-0.0027 (10)
C2	0.0453 (12)	0.0461 (12)	0.0405 (12)	-0.0057 (9)	0.0004 (10)	-0.0036 (9)
C6	0.0522 (13)	0.0498 (13)	0.0393 (12)	-0.0007 (10)	0.0053 (10)	0.0013 (9)
03	0.0935 (15)	0.0600 (12)	0.0733 (14)	-0.0002 (10)	-0.0353 (11)	0.0072 (10)
C12	0.0537 (14)	0.0548 (14)	0.0418 (13)	-0.0087 (10)	-0.0004 (10)	-0.0006 (10)
O6	0.1168 (18)	0.0773 (13)	0.0449 (11)	0.0013 (11)	-0.0049 (11)	0.0127 (9)
C4	0.0481 (12)	0.0509 (13)	0.0408 (12)	-0.0020 (10)	-0.0044 (10)	-0.0060 (10)
N3	0.0681 (14)	0.0589 (14)	0.0496 (13)	-0.0026 (10)	0.0087 (11)	0.0087 (10)
01	0.1140 (18)	0.0723 (13)	0.0715 (15)	-0.0338 (12)	-0.0082 (13)	-0.0195 (11)
05	0.130 (2)	0.0646 (13)	0.0845 (16)	-0.0310 (13)	-0.0140 (14)	0.0210 (12)
С9	0.0560 (14)	0.0650 (15)	0.0510 (15)	0.0085 (12)	-0.0076 (12)	-0.0121 (12)
O2	0.0872 (15)	0.0940 (16)	0.0878 (17)	-0.0358 (12)	0.0189 (13)	0.0113 (12)
O4	0.1119 (18)	0.0926 (16)	0.0960 (18)	-0.0533 (14)	-0.0425 (14)	0.0164 (13)
C11	0.0568 (15)	0.0773 (18)	0.0582 (17)	0.0004 (13)	-0.0189 (12)	-0.0063 (14)
C10	0.0617 (16)	0.0768 (18)	0.0680 (19)	0.0194 (14)	-0.0144 (14)	-0.0113 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl—C12	1.739 (2)	C8—C7	1.473 (3)
O7—C1	1.373 (3)	C5—C4	1.377 (3)
O7—C7	1.382 (3)	C5—C6	1.381 (3)
O8—C7	1.198 (3)	С5—Н5	0.9300
C13—C12	1.382 (3)	N1—O2	1.199 (3)
C13—C8	1.393 (3)	N1—O1	1.215 (3)
С13—Н13	0.9300	N1—C2	1.468 (3)
C3—C2	1.372 (3)	C6—N3	1.478 (3)
C3—C4	1.375 (3)	C12—C11	1.375 (3)
С3—Н3	0.9300	O6—N3	1.214 (3)
C1—C2	1.392 (3)	N3—O5	1.213 (3)
C1—C6	1.392 (3)	C9—C10	1.379 (4)
N204	1.198 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
N2—O3	1.215 (3)	C11—C10	1.380 (4)
N2—C4	1.469 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C8—C9	1.386 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1-07-C7	116 14 (17)	$C_{3}-C_{2}-C_{1}$	122 9 (2)
C12—C13—C8	118.5 (2)	C3 - C2 - N1	117.73 (19)
C12—C13—H13	120.7	C1 - C2 - N1	119.42 (19)
C8—C13—H13	120.7	C5—C6—C1	121.7 (2)

C_{2} C_{3} C_{4}	1177(2)	C5_C6_N3	1172(2)
$C_2 = C_3 = H_3$	121.1	C1 - C6 - N3	117.2(2) 1211(2)
$C_4 - C_3 - H_3$	121.1	$C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13}$	121.1(2) 121.4(2)
07 - C1 - C2	118 82 (19)	$C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13}$	121.1(2) 119 78 (18)
07 - C1 - C6	123.9(2)	C_{13} C_{12} C_{13}	118.81 (19)
$C_{1}^{2} = C_{1}^{2} = C_{0}^{2}$	125.9(2) 117.0(2)	$C_{13} = C_{12} = C_{13}$	110.01(1)
04 - N2 - 03	117.0(2) 123.9(2)	C_{3} C_{4} N_{2}	122.3(2) 1183(2)
$O_4 = N_2 = O_3$	125.9(2) 118.0(2)	$C_5 = C_4 = N_2$	110.3(2)
$O_4 = N_2 = C_4$ $O_3 = N_2 = C_4$	118.0(2)	$C_{3} = C_{4} = N_{2}$	119.4(2) 124.3(2)
$C_{9} = C_{8} = C_{13}$	110.1(2) 120.7(2)	05 N3 C6	124.3(2) 1167(2)
$C_{2} = C_{3} = C_{13}$	120.7(2) 122.8(2)	06 N3 C6	110.7(2)
$C_{2} = C_{3} = C_{1}$	122.0(2)	$C_{10} = C_{0} = C_{0}$	119.0(2)
$C_{13} = C_{0} = C_{1}$	110.3(2)	$C_{10} = C_{9} = C_{8}$	119.2 (2)
C4 = C5 = U5	110.4 (2)	$C_{10} C_{9} H_{9}$	120.4
C4 - C5 - H5	120.8	C_{0}	120.4
	120.8	C12 - C11 - C10	119.5 (2)
02-NI-OI	125.6 (2)		120.4
02-N1-C2	117.5(2)	CIO-CIO-HII	120.4
01 - N1 - C2	116.9 (2)		120.9 (2)
08-07-07	121.1 (2)	C9—C10—H10	119.6
08-07-08	126.9 (2)	C11—C10—H10	119.6
0/	111.96 (19)		
C7 C1 C1	00.7(2)		1.0.(2)
$C_{1} = 0_{1} = 0_{1} = 0_{2}$	-99.7(2)	$C_2 = C_1 = C_6 = C_5$	1.8 (3)
C = 0 = 0	86.9 (3)	0/C1C0N3	-3.1(3)
C12 - C13 - C8 - C9	0.3 (3)	$C_2 = C_1 = C_0 = N_3$	-1/6.59 (19)
C12 - C13 - C8 - C7	-1//.8(2)		1.2 (3)
CI_0/_C/_08	4.8 (3)	C8-C13-C12-C1	-1/8./3 (16)
C1 = O' = C' = C8	-175.72 (18)	$C_2 - C_3 - C_4 - C_5$	3.1 (3)
C9—C8—C7—O8	-158.6 (3)	C2—C3—C4—N2	-177.1 (2)
C13—C8—C7—O8	19.5 (4)	C6—C5—C4—C3	-1.4 (3)
C9—C8—C7—O7	21.9 (3)	C6—C5—C4—N2	178.8 (2)
C13—C8—C7—O7	-159.95 (19)	O4—N2—C4—C3	-175.8 (3)
C4—C3—C2—C1	-2.4 (3)	O3—N2—C4—C3	3.4 (3)
C4—C3—C2—N1	177.2 (2)	O4—N2—C4—C5	4.0 (4)
O7—C1—C2—C3	-173.9 (2)	O3—N2—C4—C5	-176.8 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (3)	C5—C6—N3—O5	-20.4 (3)
07—C1—C2—N1	6.5 (3)	C1—C6—N3—O5	158.0 (2)
C6—C1—C2—N1	-179.6 (2)	C5—C6—N3—O6	159.5 (2)
O2—N1—C2—C3	57.8 (3)	C1—C6—N3—O6	-22.1 (3)
O1—N1—C2—C3	-120.5 (2)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-1.8 (4)
O2—N1—C2—C1	-122.5 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	176.3 (2)
O1—N1—C2—C1	59.2 (3)	C13—C12—C11—C10	-1.3 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.1 (3)	Cl-C12-C11-C10	178.6 (2)
C4—C5—C6—N3	177.3 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.6 (4)
O7—C1—C6—C5	175.3 (2)	C12—C11—C10—C9	-0.1 (4)

Hydrogen-bond	geometry	(Å,	9
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D—H···A	D—H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A	
C3—H3…O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.50	3.167 (3)	128	
C11—H11···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.46	3.263 (3)	145	
C13—H13…O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.41	3.312 (3)	165	
C10—H10…O2 ^{iv}	0.93	2.60	3.278 (3)	131	
С5—Н5…О8 ^v	0.93	2.48	3.404 (3)	174	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+2, -y, -z+2; (ii) -x+1, -y, -z+1; (iii) -x+2, y-1/2, -z+3/2; (iv) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2; (v) -x+2, y+1/2, -z+3/2.