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Tetrakis[µ-2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoato- $\kappa^2 O^1: O^{1'}$ bis[(acetonitrile- κN)copper(II)](Cu—Cu)

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.105; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.8.

In the binuclear copper(II) title complex, $[Cu_2(C_9H_7O_4)_4 (C_2H_3N)_2$], an inversion centre is situated at the mid-point of the Cu-Cu bond. The Cu^{II} atom together with its four coordinated O atoms are in a distorted planar square arrangement while the nitrogen and the other Cu^{II} atom are located in apical positions. The whole molecule looks like a paddle-wheel. In the crystal, chains are assembled along the b axis through C-H···O hydrogen bonds and slipped π - π interactions between the benzene rings of neighbouring molecules [centroid–centroid distance = 3.6929 (3) Å and slippage = 0.641(1) Å].

Related literature

For a review on related binuclear Cu^{II} carboxylato compounds with subnormal magnetic moments, see: Kato et al. (1964). For the electrochemical behavior of related compounds, see: Reinhard et al. (2003). For the synthesis of related compounds, see: Liu et al. (2008).



5143 measured reflections 3466 independent reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.022$

2906 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Experimental

Crystal data

$[Cu_2(C_9H_7O_4)_4(C_2H_3N)_2]$	$\gamma = 91.152 \ (1)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 925.77$	V = 1007.8 (2) Å ³
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Z = 1
a = 8.2332 (10) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 10.5730 (13) Å	$\mu = 1.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 12.6673 (15) Å	$T = 298 { m K}$
$\alpha = 104.774 \ (1)^{\circ}$	$0.41 \times 0.30 \times 0.27 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 108.061 \ (2)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)
$T_{\min} = 0.654, T_{\max} = 0.750$

Refinement

$vR(F^2) = 0.105$ H-atom parameters constrai	ned
$S = 1.07 \qquad \qquad \Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.55 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$	
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.32 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C5-H5\cdots O5^i$	0.93	2.51	3.379 (4)	156

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1999); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1999); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LR2089).

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Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m19 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812049410] Tetrakis[μ -2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoato- $\kappa^2 O^1:O^1'$]bis[(acetonitrile- κN)copper(II)](Cu—Cu)

Jing-lin Wang, Cai-rong Wang, Zhi-jun Wang and Bin-sheng Yang

S1. Comment

A large number of binuclear Cu^{II} carboxylato compounds are an attractive target of chemical research due to their magnetism (Kato *et al.*, 1964) and electrochemical behavior (Reinhard *et al.*, 2003). In general, binuclear copper (II) carboxylates consist of four three-atom bridges, uniting two contiguous copper(II) ions and exhibit a paddle-wheel cage structure.

Herein we report synthesis and crystal structure of binuclear copper(II) carboxylato compound with 2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoic acid acting as a bidentate chelating ligand. Each copper(II) is coordinated by four carboxylate O donor atoms from four ligands, and by N donor atoms from the solvent molecule, The Cu—O distances and related angles are all within expected ranges (Kato *et al.*, 1964) and Cu—N distance is 2.186 (3) Å. A binuclear copper carboxylate unit is formed by four (HL) ligands and two Cu centres with a Cu—Cu separation of 2.6662 (7) Å.

In the crystal structure, weak C—H···O hydrogen bonds (H···O distance of 2.5087 (22) Å) and π - π interactions (centroid–centroid distance of 3.6929 (3) Å) link the molecules into an infinite one-dimensional chain extending along the *b* axis.

S2. Experimental

The title complex was prepared by adapting a reported procedure (Liu *et al.*, 2008) by stirring a methanolic solutions of 2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoic acid (180.0 mg, 1.0 mmol) and NaOH (40.0 mg, 1.0 mmol) for 30 min at room temperature. Then, 10 ml of a methanol solution containing Cu(NO₃)₂.3H₂O (121 mg, 0.5 mmol) was added to the mixture, the blue precipitate obtained was separated by filtration, washed with methanol and dried. The blue powder was dissolved in acetonitrile, and single crystals of the title complex suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained after slow evaporation at room temperature for several weeks.

S3. Refinement

H atoms attached to C atoms are placed in geometrically idealized position, with C–H=0.93 and 0.96 Å, for CH and CH₃ groups, respectively, and with U_{iso} (H)=1.2 U_{eq} (C_{sp3}) or 1.5 U_{eq} (C_{sp3}).



Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level. The H atoms attached to C atoms were omitted for clarity. Atoms with the A label are generated by the (1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z) symmetry operation.



Figure 2

View of the crystal packing along the *a* axis. Hydrogen-bonding and π - π interactions are represented by black dashed lines and pink dashed lines, respectively (all distances in Å). For the sake of clarity, H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted.

Tetrakis[μ -2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzoato- $\kappa^2 O^1:O^1$]bis[(acetonitrile- κN)copper(II)](Cu—Cu)

Z = 1

F(000) = 474

 $\theta = 2.3 - 27.6^{\circ}$ $\mu = 1.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 298 K

Block, blue

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.022$

 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$ $l = -11 \rightarrow 15$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.525 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

 $0.41 \times 0.30 \times 0.27 \text{ mm}$

5143 measured reflections 3466 independent reflections 2906 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.8^{\circ}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2861 reflections

Crystal data

 $\begin{bmatrix} Cu_2(C_9H_7O_4)_4(C_2H_3N)_2 \end{bmatrix}$ $M_r = 925.77$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 8.2332 (10) Å b = 10.5730 (13) Å c = 12.6673 (15) Å a = 104.774 (1)° $\beta = 108.061$ (2)° $\gamma = 91.152$ (1)° V = 1007.8 (2) Å³

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
phi and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)
$T_{\min} = 0.654, \ T_{\max} = 0.750$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.105$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.07	H-atom parameters constrained
3466 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0576P)^2 + 0.2799P]$
271 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.55 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	r	11	7	IT */IT	
	л	<u>J</u>	2	U _{iso} / U _{eq}	
Cu1	0.66718 (4)	0.48669 (3)	0.52396 (3)	0.02864 (14)	
N1	0.9334 (4)	0.4460 (3)	0.5907 (3)	0.0511 (7)	
01	0.5939 (3)	0.33112 (19)	0.56430 (17)	0.0356 (5)	

02	0.3117 (3)	0.3521 (2)	0.52217 (19)	0.0407 (5)
03	0.6624 (3)	0.3323 (2)	0.8074 (2)	0.0519 (6)
O4	0.8468 (4)	0.1920 (3)	0.7599 (3)	0.0758 (9)
05	0.6016 (3)	0.3852 (2)	0.36022 (17)	0.0370 (5)
O6	0.3193 (3)	0.4033 (2)	0.32214 (17)	0.0373 (5)
07	0.1070 (3)	0.1505 (2)	0.2080 (2)	0.0489 (6)
08	-0.0269 (3)	0.2908 (3)	0.1135 (2)	0.0591 (7)
C1	0.4421 (4)	0.2953 (3)	0.5562 (2)	0.0320 (7)
C2	0.4171 (4)	0.1705 (3)	0.5883 (3)	0.0341 (7)
C3	0.2681 (4)	0.0870 (3)	0.5272 (3)	0.0481 (9)
Н3	0.1831	0.1115	0.4703	0.058*
C4	0.2426 (5)	-0.0317 (3)	0.5485 (3)	0.0531 (9)
H4	0.1406	-0.0861	0.5072	0.064*
C5	0.3681 (5)	-0.0695 (3)	0.6311 (3)	0.0497 (9)
Н5	0.3519	-0.1502	0.6451	0.060*
C6	0.5178 (5)	0.0117 (3)	0.6930 (3)	0.0475 (8)
H6	0.6026	-0.0142	0.7490	0.057*
C7	0.5432 (4)	0.1324 (3)	0.6725 (3)	0.0366 (7)
C8	0.7035 (5)	0.2203 (4)	0.7487 (3)	0.0466 (8)
C9	0.8041 (6)	0.4269 (4)	0.8868 (3)	0.0730 (13)
H9A	0.8914	0.3821	0.9281	0.109*
H9B	0.7641	0.4889	0.9405	0.109*
H9C	0.8510	0.4726	0.8446	0.109*
C10	0.4473 (4)	0.3629 (3)	0.2946 (2)	0.0314 (7)
C11	0.4130 (4)	0.2844 (3)	0.1715 (2)	0.0340 (7)
C12	0.5451 (4)	0.2722 (3)	0.1247 (3)	0.0458 (8)
H12	0.6562	0.3065	0.1721	0.055*
C13	0.5161 (5)	0.2104 (4)	0.0094 (3)	0.0612 (10)
H13	0.6066	0.2032	-0.0202	0.073*
C14	0.3510 (5)	0.1593 (4)	-0.0613 (3)	0.0667 (11)
H14	0.3299	0.1182	-0.1392	0.080*
C15	0.2173 (5)	0.1693 (4)	-0.0162 (3)	0.0549 (10)
H15	0.1066	0.1344	-0.0643	0.066*
C16	0.2458 (4)	0.2306 (3)	0.0994 (3)	0.0380(7)
C17	0.0956 (4)	0.2320 (3)	0.1417 (3)	0.0413 (8)
C18	-0.0319 (5)	0.1442 (4)	0.2536 (3)	0.0629 (11)
H18A	-0.0247	0.2246	0.3119	0.094*
H18B	-0.0240	0.0716	0.2869	0.094*
H18C	-0.1396	0.1323	0.1925	0.094*
C19	1.0408 (4)	0.4208 (4)	0.6578 (3)	0.0467 (8)
C20	1.1799 (5)	0.3891 (5)	0.7485 (4)	0.0714 (12)
H20A	1.1928	0.4511	0.8214	0.107*
H20B	1.2852	0.3933	0.7313	0.107*
H20C	1.1531	0.3019	0.7524	0.107*
=				

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cul	0.0319 (2)	0.0312 (2)	0.0265 (2)	0.00672 (14)	0.01079 (15)	0.01251 (15)
N1	0.0412 (16)	0.062 (2)	0.0581 (19)	0.0198 (14)	0.0169 (14)	0.0284 (16)
01	0.0416 (12)	0.0331 (11)	0.0384 (12)	0.0063 (9)	0.0153 (9)	0.0181 (9)
O2	0.0420 (12)	0.0384 (12)	0.0496 (13)	0.0073 (10)	0.0158 (10)	0.0245 (10)
O3	0.0625 (15)	0.0520 (15)	0.0372 (13)	0.0001 (12)	0.0093 (11)	0.0144 (11)
O4	0.0478 (16)	0.082 (2)	0.093 (2)	0.0159 (15)	0.0066 (15)	0.0341 (18)
O5	0.0397 (12)	0.0452 (13)	0.0268 (11)	0.0078 (10)	0.0105 (9)	0.0111 (9)
O6	0.0379 (12)	0.0428 (13)	0.0302 (11)	0.0077 (10)	0.0123 (9)	0.0067 (9)
O7	0.0455 (13)	0.0544 (15)	0.0515 (14)	0.0058 (11)	0.0150 (11)	0.0236 (12)
08	0.0462 (14)	0.0785 (19)	0.0617 (17)	0.0205 (13)	0.0176 (12)	0.0339 (14)
C1	0.0418 (18)	0.0336 (16)	0.0242 (14)	0.0047 (14)	0.0140 (13)	0.0099 (12)
C2	0.0412 (17)	0.0319 (16)	0.0350 (16)	0.0061 (13)	0.0179 (13)	0.0123 (13)
C3	0.050(2)	0.045 (2)	0.048 (2)	-0.0028 (16)	0.0097 (16)	0.0195 (16)
C4	0.059 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.061 (2)	-0.0027 (17)	0.0232 (18)	0.0148 (17)
C5	0.071 (2)	0.0314 (18)	0.065 (2)	0.0131 (17)	0.041 (2)	0.0215 (17)
C6	0.061 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0211 (17)	0.0298 (18)	0.0284 (17)
C7	0.0462 (18)	0.0360 (17)	0.0393 (17)	0.0120 (14)	0.0237 (14)	0.0176 (14)
C8	0.049 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.0102 (17)	0.0129 (16)	0.0299 (17)
C9	0.084 (3)	0.063 (3)	0.051 (2)	-0.009 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.020 (2)
C10	0.0415 (17)	0.0281 (15)	0.0292 (15)	0.0069 (13)	0.0129 (14)	0.0142 (12)
C11	0.0412 (17)	0.0329 (16)	0.0287 (15)	0.0074 (13)	0.0118 (13)	0.0089 (12)
C12	0.0457 (19)	0.055 (2)	0.0348 (18)	0.0047 (16)	0.0144 (15)	0.0086 (15)
C13	0.063 (2)	0.081 (3)	0.042 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.0296 (19)	0.0068 (19)
C14	0.072 (3)	0.086 (3)	0.0330 (19)	0.011 (2)	0.0174 (19)	-0.0013 (19)
C15	0.051 (2)	0.065 (2)	0.0349 (19)	0.0045 (18)	0.0053 (16)	0.0020 (17)
C16	0.0424 (17)	0.0359 (17)	0.0335 (17)	0.0065 (14)	0.0110 (14)	0.0076 (13)
C17	0.0405 (18)	0.0426 (19)	0.0361 (17)	0.0053 (15)	0.0070 (14)	0.0094 (14)
C18	0.054 (2)	0.081 (3)	0.061 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.0207 (19)	0.030 (2)
C19	0.0412 (19)	0.057 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.0121 (16)	0.0240 (17)	0.0224 (18)
C20	0.059 (2)	0.107 (4)	0.061 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.045 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—O2 ⁱ	1.959 (2)	С5—Н5	0.9300
Cu1—O6 ⁱ	1.967 (2)	C6—C7	1.390 (4)
Cu1—O5	1.973 (2)	С6—Н6	0.9300
Cu1—O1	1.9775 (19)	C7—C8	1.497 (5)
Cu1—N1	2.186 (3)	С9—Н9А	0.9600
Cu1—Cu1 ⁱ	2.6662 (7)	С9—Н9В	0.9600
N1—C19	1.111 (4)	С9—Н9С	0.9600
01—C1	1.264 (4)	C10—C11	1.503 (4)
O2—C1	1.253 (4)	C11—C12	1.385 (5)
O2—Cu1 ⁱ	1.9590 (19)	C11—C16	1.405 (4)
O3—C8	1.338 (4)	C12—C13	1.380 (5)
О3—С9	1.445 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300

O4—C8	1.197 (4)	C13—C14	1.382 (6)
O5—C10	1.263 (3)	С13—Н13	0.9300
O6—C10	1.259 (4)	C14—C15	1.383 (5)
O6—Cu1 ⁱ	1.967 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
O7—C17	1.335 (4)	C15—C16	1.385 (4)
O7—C18	1.439 (4)	С15—Н15	0.9300
08—C17	1.202 (4)	C16—C17	1.492 (5)
C1-C2	1 505 (4)	C18—H18A	0.9600
$C^2 - C^3$	1 380 (4)	C18—H18B	0.9600
$C_2 = C_7$	1 388 (4)	C18—H18C	0.9600
$C_2 C_1$	1.375 (5)	C_{10} C_{20}	1.464(5)
$C_3 = U_4$	0.0300	$C_{10} = C_{20}$	0.0600
C3—115 C4 C5	0.9300	C20—1120A	0.9000
C4 - C3	1.3/1(3)	C20—H20B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C20—H20C	0.9600
05-06	1.373 (5)		
	00.57(0)	02 00 07	100 7 (2)
02 ⁱ —Cu1—O6 ⁱ	88.57 (9)	03-08-07	109.7 (3)
O2 ⁱ —Cu1—O5	89.00 (9)	03—C9—H9A	109.5
O6 ¹ —Cu1—O5	167.59 (8)	O3—C9—H9B	109.5
O2 ¹ —Cu1—O1	167.74 (9)	Н9А—С9—Н9В	109.5
O6 ¹ —Cu1—O1	89.31 (9)	O3—C9—H9C	109.5
05—Cu1—O1	90.49 (9)	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5
O2 ⁱ —Cu1—N1	103.49 (10)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
O6 ⁱ —Cu1—N1	90.66 (10)	O6—C10—O5	125.9 (3)
O5—Cu1—N1	101.74 (10)	O6—C10—C11	116.7 (2)
01—Cu1—N1	88.60 (10)	O5—C10—C11	117.3 (3)
O2 ⁱ —Cu1—Cu1 ⁱ	86.83 (6)	C12—C11—C16	118.7 (3)
$O6^{i}$ —Cu1—Cu1 ⁱ	83.15 (6)	C12—C11—C10	120.0 (3)
O5—Cu1—Cu1 ⁱ	84.57 (6)	C16—C11—C10	121.2 (3)
O1—Cu1—Cu1 ⁱ	80.93 (6)	C13—C12—C11	121.7 (3)
N1—Cu1—Cu1 ⁱ	167.87 (8)	С13—С12—Н12	119.1
C19—N1—Cu1	151.4 (3)	C11—C12—H12	119.1
C1	125.83 (19)	C12—C13—C14	119.3 (4)
$C1-O2-Cu1^{i}$	120.03 (19)	С12—С13—Н13	120.3
$C_{8} = C_{3} = C_{9}$	1164(3)	C14-C13-H13	120.3
C10-05-Cu1	1221(2)	C_{13} C_{14} C_{15}	120.0(3)
$C10 - 06 - Cu1^{i}$	122.1(2) 124.20(19)	C_{13} C_{14} H_{14}	120.0 (5)
$C_{10} = 00 - C_{11}$	124.20(1)) 115.0(3)	C_{15} C_{14} H_{14}	120.0
0^{2} 0^{1} 0^{1}	115.9(3) 126 4 (3)	$C_{13} - C_{14} - C_{15} - C_{16}$	120.0
02 - 01 - 01	120.4(3) 117.5(2)	$C_{14} = C_{15} = C_{10}$	120.9 (3)
02 - C1 - C2	117.5 (5)	С14—С15—Н15	119.5
01 - 01 - 02	116.1 (3)	C16—C15—H15	119.5
$C_3 - C_2 - C_7$	118.7 (3)		119.4 (3)
C_{3} C_{2} C_{1}	118.9 (3)	C15—C16—C17	117.3 (3)
C/C2C1	122.3 (3)	C11—C16—C17	123.3 (3)
C4—C3—C2	121.3 (3)	08-017-07	123.6 (3)
C4—C3—H3	119.3	08—C17—C16	124.9 (3)
С2—С3—Н3	119.3	O7—C17—C16	111.3 (3)
C5—C4—C3	119.7 (3)	O7—C18—H18A	109.5

C5—C4—H4	120.1	O7—C18—H18B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	120.1	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.1 (3)	O7—C18—H18C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.0	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
С6—С5—Н5	120.0	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	120.3 (3)	N1—C19—C20	178.4 (4)
С5—С6—Н6	119.8	C19—C20—H20A	109.5
С7—С6—Н6	119.8	C19—C20—H20B	109.5
C2—C7—C6	119.8 (3)	H20A—C20—H20B	109.5
C2—C7—C8	122.5 (3)	C19—C20—H20C	109.5
C6—C7—C8	117.6 (3)	H20A—C20—H20C	109.5
04-C8-03	125.1 (4)	H20B—C20—H20C	109.5
O4—C8—C7	125.1 (4)		
$O2^{i}$ —Cu1—N1—C19	131.8 (6)	C5-C6-C7-C8	175.7 (3)
06^{i} —Cu1—N1—C19	43.1 (7)	C9-03-C8-04	2.5 (5)
05-Cu1-N1-C19	-1364(7)	C9-O3-C8-C7	1788(3)
01-Cu1-N1-C19	-46.2(7)	$C^{2}-C^{7}-C^{8}-O^{4}$	-1251(4)
$Cu1^{i}$ — $Cu1$ — $N1$ — $C19$	-15.9(10)	C6-C7-C8-O4	58 7 (5)
02^{i} Cu1 -01 C1	40(5)	$C^2 - C^7 - C^8 - O^3$	58 5 (4)
06^{i} Cu1 01 01	84 0 (2)	C6-C7-C8-O3	-1177(3)
05-Cu1-01-C1	-83.6(2)	$Cu1^{i}$ $O6$ $C10$ $O5$	0.6(4)
N1-Cu1-O1-C1	1747(2)	$Cu1^{i} - 06 - C10 - C11$	-17757(17)
$Cu1^{i}$ $-Cu1$ $-O1$ $-C1$	0.8(2)	$C_{11} = 05 = C_{10} = 06$	19(4)
$\Omega^{2^{i}}$ Ω^{1} Ω^{1} $\Omega^{2^{i}}$ Ω^{1} $\Omega^{2^{i}}$ Ω^{2	-89.3(2)	$C_{11} = 05 = C_{10} = C_{11}$	-179.96(17)
02^{-} Cul 05^{-} Cl0	-10.6(5)	06-C10-C11-C12	159.6 (3)
01 - Cu1 - 05 - C10	78.5(2)	05 - C10 - C11 - C12	-18.8(4)
N1 - Cu1 - 05 - C10	167.1(2)	05 - C10 - C11 - C16	-15.6(4)
Cu^{1i} Cu^{1} $O5$ $C10$	-2 A (2)	00 - 010 - 011 - 010	15.0(4)
$Cu^{1i} = 02 = 01 = 01$	-0.4(2)	$C_{16} = C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{10}$	100.0(3)
$Cul^i = 02 = Cl = 01$	-178 87 (18)	$C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13}$	-1745(3)
Cu1 - 02 - C1 - C2	-0.5(4)	C11 - C12 - C13 - C14	1/4.5(5)
Cu1 = 01 = C1 = 02	177.95(18)	C_{12} C_{13} C_{14} C_{15}	-0.6(7)
$C_{11} = 01 = C_{11} = C_{22}$	177.95(10) 34.7(4)	$C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{14} = C_{15}$	0.0(7)
02 - C1 - C2 - C3	-1/3 9 (3)	C13 - C14 - C15 - C16	0.5(0)
01 - 01 - 02 - 03	-140.2(3)	C14 - C15 - C16 - C17	-177.5(4)
02 - C1 - C2 - C7	-149.3(3)	C12 - C11 - C16 - C17	-1/7.3(4)
C_{1}^{-} C_{2}^{-} C_{3}^{-} C_{4}^{-}	32.1(4)	C_{12} C_{11} C_{10} C_{15}	1.1(3) 1741(3)
$C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{3} = C_{4}$	0.5(3)	C10-C11-C10-C13	1/4.1(3) 176.8(2)
$C_1 - C_2 - C_3 - C_4$	1/0.4(3)	C_{12} $-C_{11}$ $-C_{16}$ $-C_{17}$	-70(4)
12 - 13 - 14 - 13	-0.9 (6)	C10 - C11 - C10 - C17	-/.9 (4)
$C_{4} = C_{5} = C_{6} = C_{7}$	0.8(0)	C18 - 07 - C17 - 08	-5.2(5)
$C_4 - C_5 - C_6 - C_7$	-0.1(5)	C15 - C1 - C1 - C10	180.0(3)
$C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{1} = C_{0}$	0.4(5)	C15 - C16 - C17 - O8	-00.9(3)
C1 - C2 - C7 - C6	-1/5.5(3)	C11-C16-C17-O8	115.1 (4)
$C_{3} - C_{2} - C_{1} - C_{8}$	-1/5.7(3)	C15-C16-C17-O7	107.8 (3)

C1—C2—C7—C8	8.4 (5)	C11—C16—C17—O7	-70.2 (4)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.5 (5)	Cu1—N1—C19—C20	-23 (16)

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z+1.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H…A
С5—Н5…О5 ^{іі}	0.93	2.51	3.379 (4)	156

Symmetry code: (ii) -x+1, -y, -z+1.