organic compounds

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Bis(2,4-dinitrophenyl)sulfane

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.110; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.0.

In the title compound, $C_{12}H_6N_4O_8S$, the dinitrophenyl rings subtend an angle of 78.46 (13) °. In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak $C-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds leading to the formation of a two-dimensional network lying parallel to the bc plane.

Related literature

For applications of bis(2,4-dinitrophenyl)sulfane, see: Nakadate et al. (1964); Alekhina et al. (1978); Parihar et al. (1971); Evans & Kinnard (1983); Andricopulo et al. (2006). For related syntheses, see: Pesin et al. (1963); Joshi & Mathur (1963); Obata et al. (1966); Stepanov et al. (1974); Davydov & Beletskaya (2003). For our previous work to synthesize new substituted barbiturates, see: Manickkam & Kalaivani (2011); Rajamani & Kalaivani (2012).



Experimental

Crystal data

C12H6N4O8S $M_r = 366.27$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 9.9428 (12) Å b = 7.3693 (9) Å c = 19.743 (2) Å $\beta = 95.525 \ (8)^{\circ}$

V = 1439.9 (3) Å³ Z = 4Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.28 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K $0.15 \times 0.06 \times 0.03~\text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2004) $T_{\rm min} = 0.958, T_{\rm max} = 0.991$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	226 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.110$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 0.99	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2949 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

15342 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.070$

2949 independent reflections

1651 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$C3 - H3 \cdot \cdot \cdot O8^{i}$	0.93	2.54	3.080 (3)	117
C6−H6· · ·O7 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.49	3.364 (3)	156
$C11 - H11 \cdots O2^{iii}$	0.93	2.57	3.489 (3)	168
Symmetry codes:	(i) $-x + 1, y$	$z + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$	(ii) $-x + 1, -y$	z + 1, -z; (iii)

 $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR92 (Altomare et al., 1993); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 2012) and Mercury (Macrae et al., 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 2012).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2502).

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Bis(2,4-dinitrophenyl)sulfane

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S1. Comment

The title sulfur containing organic compound is a biologically active molecule (Andricopulo *et al.*, 2006). It has been utilized in many clinical trials (Nakadate *et al.*, 1964; Alekhina *et al.*, 1978) and also employed in the synthesis of a number of other important organic molecules (Parihar *et al.*, 1971; Evans & Kinnard, 1983). Several methods have been reported for the synthesis of the title molecule (Pesin *et al.*, 1963; Joshi & Mathur, 1963; Obata *et al.*, 1966; Stepanov *et al.*, 1974; Davydov & Beletskaya, 2003). In continuation of our previous work to synthesize new substituted barbiturates when 2-thiobarbituric acid is used (Manickkam & Kalaivani, 2011; Rajamani & Kalaivani, 2012) , the title molecule was obtained crystallizing out as the product through a new synthetic route.

In the title molecule (Fig. 1) the two phenyl rings are inclined to one another by 78.46 (13) °.

In the crystal, there are a number of weak C—H···O hydrogen bonds linking the molecules to form a two-dimensional network lying parallel to the bc plane (Table 1 and Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

Analytical grade 1-chloro-2,4-dinitrobenzene (2.02 g, 0.01 mol) dissolved in ethanol (20 ml) and 2-thiobarbituricacid (1.44 g, 0.01 mol) dissolved in ethanol (20 ml) were mixed. Triethylamine (5 g,0.05 mol) was then added and the mixture was shaken well for 5–6 hrs. On standing yellow crystals came out from the solution after 5 days. The crystals were filtered and washed well with ether to remove the unreacted reactants and then with a small amount of absolute alcohol. The crystals were recrystallized from ethanol (M.pt: 467 K; yield: 70%). Good quality single crystals for X-ray diffraction studies were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution in ethanol at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All the H atoms were included in calculated positions and treated as riding: C-H = 0.93 Å with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$.



Figure 1

A view of the molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom numbering. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



Figure 2

A view along the b axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. The C-H…O hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed cyan lines (H atoms not involved in these interactions have been omitted for clarity; see Table 1 for details).

Bis(2,4-dinitrophenyl)sulfane

Crystal data	
$C_{12}H_6N_4O_8S$	F(000) = 744
$M_r = 366.27$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.690 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 687 reflections
a = 9.9428 (12) Å	$\theta = 2.5 - 26.0^{\circ}$
b = 7.3693 (9) Å	$\mu=0.28~\mathrm{mm^{-1}}$
c = 19.743 (2) Å	T = 296 K
$\beta = 95.525 \ (8)^{\circ}$	Needle, yellow
V = 1439.9 (3) Å ³	$0.15 \times 0.06 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$
<i>Z</i> = 4	
Data collection	
Bruker SMART APEX CCD	ω scans
diffractometer	Absorption correction: multi-scan
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	(SADABS; Bruker, 2004)
Graphite monochromator	$T_{\min} = 0.958, T_{\max} = 0.991$

15342 measured reflections	$\theta_{\rm max} = 26.4^{\circ}, \theta_{\rm min} = 2.1^{\circ}$
2949 independent reflections	$h = -10 \rightarrow 12$
1651 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
$R_{\rm int}=0.070$	$l = -24 \rightarrow 24$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.110$	neighbouring sites
<i>S</i> = 0.99	H-atom parameters constrained
2949 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0462P)^2]$
226 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.21 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
S1	0.45894 (8)	0.54204 (10)	0.14730 (4)	0.0467 (3)
01	0.3487 (3)	0.3356 (3)	0.26264 (12)	0.0808 (10)
O2	0.4165 (2)	0.4985 (3)	0.35003 (11)	0.0765 (10)
O3	0.0912 (3)	1.0117 (4)	0.35223 (14)	0.0914 (11)
O4	0.0607 (3)	1.1747 (4)	0.26196 (14)	0.0947 (11)
05	-0.0437 (3)	0.1541 (3)	-0.05028 (11)	0.0740 (10)
O6	0.1255 (3)	0.0405 (4)	-0.09656 (12)	0.0925 (11)
O7	0.5752 (2)	0.1785 (3)	-0.00808 (11)	0.0684 (9)
08	0.6174 (2)	0.3770 (3)	0.07036 (11)	0.0624 (8)
N1	0.3628 (3)	0.4798 (3)	0.29238 (13)	0.0520 (10)
N2	0.1077 (3)	1.0440 (4)	0.29312 (16)	0.0599 (11)
N3	0.0775 (3)	0.1350 (4)	-0.05396 (13)	0.0611 (10)
N4	0.5382 (3)	0.2847 (3)	0.03373 (12)	0.0459 (9)
C1	0.3436 (3)	0.6771 (3)	0.18964 (13)	0.0367 (9)
C2	0.3140 (3)	0.6456 (3)	0.25585 (13)	0.0368 (9)
C3	0.2394 (3)	0.7630 (4)	0.29087 (13)	0.0423 (10)
C4	0.1913 (3)	0.9165 (4)	0.25738 (14)	0.0401 (10)
C5	0.2169 (3)	0.9557 (4)	0.19209 (14)	0.0449 (10)
C6	0.2941 (3)	0.8364 (4)	0.15892 (13)	0.0440 (10)
C7	0.3467 (3)	0.4152 (3)	0.09096 (12)	0.0371 (9)
C8	0.2065 (3)	0.4231 (3)	0.09266 (13)	0.0441 (10)
C9	0.1189 (3)	0.3318 (4)	0.04641 (14)	0.0477 (10)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

supporting information

C10	0.1710 (3)	0.2295 (4)	-0.00390 (13)	0.0447 (10)	
C11	0.3068 (3)	0.2136 (3)	-0.00716 (13)	0.0465 (10)	
C12	0.3938 (3)	0.3044 (3)	0.04037 (12)	0.0382 (9)	
H3	0.22210	0.73970	0.33550	0.0510*	
H5	0.18280	1.06060	0.17070	0.0540*	
H6	0.31380	0.86290	0.11490	0.0530*	
H8	0.17140	0.49230	0.12620	0.0530*	
H9	0.02610	0.33860	0.04880	0.0570*	
H11	0.34050	0.14300	-0.04070	0.0560*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U ²³
S 1	0.0398 (5)	0.0482 (4)	0.0514 (5)	0.0035 (4)	0.0003 (4)	-0.0120 (3)
01	0.103 (2)	0.0390 (13)	0.0968 (18)	-0.0003 (13)	-0.0090 (15)	0.0069 (12)
O2	0.0911 (19)	0.0906 (18)	0.0463 (14)	0.0343 (15)	-0.0016 (13)	0.0164 (12)
O3	0.099 (2)	0.103 (2)	0.0792 (18)	0.0258 (16)	0.0441 (16)	-0.0093 (15)
O4	0.088 (2)	0.0925 (19)	0.103 (2)	0.0568 (17)	0.0064 (16)	-0.0047 (16)
05	0.0647 (18)	0.0820 (17)	0.0701 (16)	-0.0079 (15)	-0.0199 (14)	-0.0082 (12)
O6	0.101 (2)	0.0974 (19)	0.0755 (17)	0.0002 (17)	-0.0092 (15)	-0.0459 (15)
O7	0.0732 (17)	0.0770 (15)	0.0579 (14)	0.0166 (13)	0.0215 (12)	-0.0157 (12)
08	0.0480 (14)	0.0682 (14)	0.0712 (15)	0.0035 (12)	0.0067 (12)	-0.0111 (12)
N1	0.0514 (17)	0.0513 (17)	0.0532 (17)	0.0087 (13)	0.0042 (14)	0.0107 (13)
N2	0.0426 (17)	0.0652 (18)	0.072 (2)	0.0118 (15)	0.0060 (15)	-0.0144 (16)
N3	0.072 (2)	0.0569 (17)	0.0512 (17)	-0.0049 (17)	-0.0103 (17)	-0.0068 (13)
N4	0.0543 (18)	0.0448 (14)	0.0394 (14)	0.0080 (13)	0.0084 (13)	0.0055 (11)
C1	0.0345 (17)	0.0352 (15)	0.0391 (16)	0.0006 (13)	-0.0030 (13)	-0.0044 (12)
C2	0.0331 (17)	0.0365 (14)	0.0396 (16)	-0.0003 (13)	-0.0033 (13)	0.0030 (12)
C3	0.0343 (17)	0.0539 (17)	0.0385 (16)	-0.0014 (14)	0.0031 (13)	-0.0004 (13)
C4	0.0292 (17)	0.0413 (16)	0.0493 (18)	0.0016 (13)	0.0019 (13)	-0.0092 (13)
C5	0.0441 (18)	0.0392 (15)	0.0500 (18)	0.0066 (15)	-0.0022 (14)	0.0027 (14)
C6	0.0494 (19)	0.0464 (16)	0.0365 (15)	0.0015 (15)	0.0064 (14)	0.0037 (13)
C7	0.0417 (18)	0.0343 (14)	0.0351 (15)	0.0016 (13)	0.0030 (13)	0.0008 (11)
C8	0.046 (2)	0.0450 (17)	0.0411 (16)	0.0004 (14)	0.0040 (14)	-0.0065 (13)
C9	0.0437 (19)	0.0457 (17)	0.0527 (18)	0.0012 (15)	-0.0007 (15)	-0.0013 (14)
C10	0.055 (2)	0.0404 (16)	0.0364 (16)	-0.0002 (15)	-0.0079 (15)	-0.0013 (13)
C11	0.063 (2)	0.0386 (16)	0.0371 (16)	0.0079 (16)	0.0003 (15)	-0.0010 (13)
C12	0.0444 (19)	0.0350 (14)	0.0353 (15)	0.0048 (13)	0.0047 (14)	0.0047 (12)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1-C1	1.786 (3)	C2—C3	1.370 (4)
S1—C7	1.766 (3)	C3—C4	1.373 (4)
01—N1	1.216 (3)	C4—C5	1.369 (4)
O2—N1	1.218 (3)	C5—C6	1.374 (4)
O3—N2	1.218 (4)	C7—C8	1.399 (4)
O4—N2	1.212 (4)	C7—C12	1.405 (3)
O5—N3	1.222 (4)	C8—C9	1.376 (4)

06—N3	1.224 (4)	C9—C10	1.387 (4)
07—N4	1 220 (3)	C10—C11	1 363 (4)
08—N4	1.223(3)	C11-C12	1 386 (4)
N1—C2	1.223(3) 1 477(3)	C3—H3	0.9300
N2-C4	1.177(3) 1 478(4)	C5—H5	0.9300
N3C10	1.466 (4)	С6—Н6	0.9300
N4_C12	1.462 (4)	C8H8	0.9300
C1 - C2	1.402(4) 1 387(4)	С9—Н9	0.9300
C1 C6	1.307 (4)	C11 H11	0.9300
01-00	1.590 (4)		0.9500
C1—S1—C7	101.22 (13)	S1—C7—C8	122.26 (19)
O1—N1—O2	124.8 (3)	S1—C7—C12	121.5 (2)
01—N1—C2	118.0 (2)	C8—C7—C12	116.3 (2)
02—N1—C2	117.2 (2)	C7—C8—C9	122.2 (2)
O3—N2—O4	124.1 (3)	C8—C9—C10	119.0 (3)
03—N2—C4	117.9 (3)	N3—C10—C9	119.0(3)
04—N2—C4	118.0 (3)	N3-C10-C11	119.6 (2)
05—N3—06	123.9 (3)	C9-C10-C11	121.4(3)
O5—N3—C10	118.0 (3)	C10-C11-C12	118.9 (2)
06—N3—C10	118.0 (3)	N4—C12—C7	121.3(2)
07—N4—08	122.6 (3)	N4—C12—C11	116.5(2)
07—N4—C12	119.2 (2)	C7—C12—C11	122.2(3)
08-N4-C12	1183(2)	С2—С3—Н3	121.00
\$1-C1-C2	123 51 (19)	C4—C3—H3	121.00
<u>\$1</u> — <u>C1</u> — <u>C6</u>	118.9 (2)	C4—C5—H5	121.00
$C_2 - C_1 - C_6$	117.0 (2)	С6—С5—Н5	121.00
N1-C2-C1	120.6 (2)	C1—C6—H6	119.00
N1-C2-C3	1164(2)	C5-C6-H6	119.00
C1-C2-C3	123.0(2)	C7—C8—H8	119.00
C2-C3-C4	117.3 (2)	C9—C8—H8	119.00
N2-C4-C3	118.7 (3)	С8—С9—Н9	121.00
N2-C4-C5	118.7 (3)	C10—C9—H9	120.00
C3—C4—C5	122.7(3)	C10—C11—H11	121.00
C4-C5-C6	1185(3)	C12—C11—H11	121.00
C1—C6—C5	121.6 (2)		121100
	(1)		
C7—S1—C1—C2	105.6 (2)	C6—C1—C2—C3	0.1 (4)
C7—S1—C1—C6	-83.5 (2)	S1—C1—C6—C5	-172.9 (2)
C1—S1—C7—C8	-6.2 (2)	C2-C1-C6-C5	-1.3 (4)
C1—S1—C7—C12	171.83 (19)	N1—C2—C3—C4	-179.0 (3)
O1—N1—C2—C1	-46.5 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (4)
O1—N1—C2—C3	133.5 (3)	C2—C3—C4—N2	178.6 (3)
O2—N1—C2—C1	132.4 (3)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.0 (4)
O2—N1—C2—C3	-47.7 (4)	N2—C4—C5—C6	-179.7 (3)
O3—N2—C4—C3	3.8 (4)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (5)
O3—N2—C4—C5	-176.6 (3)	C4—C5—C6—C1	1.3 (4)
O4—N2—C4—C3	-176.7 (3)	S1—C7—C8—C9	176.4 (2)
O4—N2—C4—C5	2.9 (4)	C12—C7—C8—C9	-1.7 (4)
			· /

O5—N3—C10—C9	1.8 (4)	S1—C7—C12—N4	2.1 (3)
O5—N3—C10—C11	-179.0 (3)	S1—C7—C12—C11	-175.55 (18)
O6—N3—C10—C9	-177.6 (3)	C8—C7—C12—N4	-179.7 (2)
O6-N3-C10-C11	1.7 (4)	C8—C7—C12—C11	2.6 (3)
O7—N4—C12—C7	175.5 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.5 (4)
O7—N4—C12—C11	-6.8 (3)	C8—C9—C10—N3	-178.9 (3)
O8—N4—C12—C7	-5.0 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	1.9 (4)
O8—N4—C12—C11	172.8 (2)	N3-C10-C11-C12	179.7 (2)
S1—C1—C2—N1	-8.8 (4)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.0 (4)
S1—C1—C2—C3	171.3 (2)	C10-C11-C12-N4	-179.1 (2)
C6—C1—C2—N1	-179.9 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C7	-1.3 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C3—H3…O8 ⁱ	0.93	2.54	3.080 (3)	117
С6—Н6…О7 ^{іі}	0.93	2.49	3.364 (3)	156
C11—H11…O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.489 (3)	168

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) -x+1, -y+1, -z; (iii) x, -y+1/2, z-1/2.