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1,3-Dicyclohexylimidazolidine-2,4,5trione: a second polymorph

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 150 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.104; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.4.

The title compound, $C_{15}H_{22}N_2O_3$, was obtained as a byproduct of oxidative cleavage of 1,3-dicyclohexyl-(3-oxo-2,3dihydrobenzofuran-2-yl)imidazolidine-2,4-dione. Herein, we report the crystal structure of a second polymorph, which was obtained by crystallization from an ethanol solution at 253 K, instead of slow evaporation of the same solvent at room temperature. While the first polymorph [Talhi *et al.* (2011). *Acta Cryst.* E67, o3243] crystallized in the non-centrosymmetric space group $P2_12_12_1$, this second polymorph crystallizes in the centrosymmetric space group $P2_1/n$. Compared to the first polymorph, in the crystal no C=O···C=O interactions were found (C···O intermolecular distance longer than 3.15 Å) and instead, close packing of individual molecular units is mediated by C-H··· π and weak C-H···O interactions.

Related literature

For the structure of the orthorhombic polymorph and further background information to the study, see: Talhi *et al.* (2011). For general background on crystallographic studies by our research group of related compounds having biological activity, see: Fernandes *et al.* (2011); Loughzail *et al.* (2011). For determination of the melting point, see: Ulrichan & Sayigh (1965).



organic compounds

 $V = 1446.88 (11) \text{ Å}^3$

 $0.13 \times 0.06 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

38115 measured reflections

3876 independent reflections

2999 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^-$

T = 150 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.049$

Z = 4

Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{15}H_{22}N_2O_3$ $M_r = 278.35$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 5.1980 (2) Å b = 21.7123 (10) Å c = 13.0244 (6) Å $\beta = 100.163$ (2)°

Data collection

Bruker X8 Kappa CCD APEXII diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1998) $T_{min} = 0.989, T_{max} = 0.995$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	181 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.104$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.04	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
3876 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Short intermolecular interactions (Å, $^{\circ}$).

Cg is the centroid of the N1/N2/C1-C3 ring.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C7 - H7B \cdots Cg^{i}$ $C11 - H11B \cdots O2^{ii}$	0.99 0.99	2.78 2.51	3.5511 (14) 3.2065 (18)	135 127
	1 . 3	1 (**)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) x + 1, y, z.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NK2188).

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supporting information

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1,3-Dicyclohexylimidazolidine-2,4,5-trione: a second polymorph

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S1. Comment

In a previous publication (Talhi *et al.*, 2011) we described the crystal structure (polymorph I) of 1,3-dicyclohexylparabanic acid (see chemical diagram and Figure 1) obtained as a by-product of the oxidative cleavage of the C2'-C5 single bond of 1,3-dicyclohexyl-(3-oxo-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran-2-yl)imidazolidine-2,4-dione, using catalytic I₂/DMSO system at 463 K. Following our interest on the structural features of compounds having biological activity (Fernandes *et al.*, 2011; Loughzail *et al.* 2011; Talhi *et al.*, 2011), particularly in our quest for novel polymorphic forms of pharmaceutic products, we wish to report the structure of a second crystalline polymorph of the title compound (polymorph II) obtained when applying a different crystallization procedure from that previously reported by us: while polymorph I was obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanolic solution at room temperature, polymorph II was obtained instead by cooling overnight the same solution at 253 K.

The asymmetric unit comprises a whole molecular unit of the title compound, $C_{15}H_{22}N_2O_3$ (Scheme and Figure 1). The central parabanic acid residue and the attached carbon atoms are coplanar with the largest deviation from the medium plane being 0.075 (1) Å for C4. The two cyclohexyl substituent groups appear exhibiting the chair typical conformation and their medium planes subtend slightly different angles with the aforementioned central plane, being one almost perpendicular [88.73 (5)°] and the other of 74.15 (6)°. We note that the observed angles for these two planes are larger than those registered for polymorph I in which the analogous values are *ca* 81 and 87° (Talhi *et al.*, 2011). Remarkably the four possible N—C—C groups involving three adjacent carbon atoms of the cyclohexyl moieties are also very near the planarity [largest deviation of 0.019 (1) Å for C10 in N1—C10—C11—C12].

The crystal packing is mainly governed by the need to fill the available space. A handful of weak supramolecular interactions are also observed, namely C—H··· π and C—H···O (See Table 1 and Figure 2). While in the crystal structure of polymorph I a strong C=O···C=O interaction with a C···O distance smaller than 2.871 Å was observed, in the present polymorph II the shortest C···O intermolecular distance is 3.1519 (15) Å, which, in comparison to the case of polymorph I, may be considered as negligible.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared following the procedure described previously (Talhi *et al.*, 2011), except for the crystallization process in which the raw compound was dissolved in ethanol and crystallized at 253 K overnight.

The melting point was measured on a Buchi B-540 equipment. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 300 spectrometer (300.13 for ¹H and 75.47 MHz for ¹³C), with CDCl₃ used as solvent. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in p.p.m. and coupling constants (*J*) in Hz. The internal standard was TMS.

Unequivocal ¹³C assignments have been performed with the aid of bidimensional experiments (HSQC and HMBC). Both ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra show bilateral symmetry of the compound in solution. The HSQC spectrum allowed to deduce the electronegative effect of the nitrogen atom on the cyclohexyl proton and carbon resonances. However, it was found that the anisotropic effects of the carbonyl groups influence greatly the chemical shift values of the cyclohexyl proton resonances. Both of the highlighted effects of the parabanic nucleus heteroatoms are spread throughout the cyclohexyl chair skeleton decreasing gradually from C-1' to C-4'. Important features are recorded in the HMBC experiment concerning the carbon neighboring of the tertiary proton H-1' which correlates with the carbonyl groups C-2 and C-5, and further with C-2' and C-3' of the cyclohexyl radical.

Elemental Analysis: Calculated (in %): C, 64.73; H, 7.97; N, 10.06; Found: C, 64.47; H, 7.96; N, 10.05.

Melting point: 175 °C (Lit [Ulrichan & Sayigh, 1965] 174–175 °C).

HRMS(ESI+): m/z Calcd for $[C_{15}H_{22}N_2O_3 + Na]^+$: 301.1528; found 301.1523.

¹H NMR (300.13 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* = 1.14–1.26 and 1.63–1.71 (2 m, 4 H, H-4'), 1.26–1.43 and 1.80–1.91 (2 m, 4 H, H-3'), 1.73–1.77 and 1.97–2.19 (2 m, 4 H, H-2'), 4.00 (tt, *J*= 12.0 and 3.7 Hz, 2 H, H-1') p.p.m..

¹³C NMR (75.47 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* = 24.7 (C-4'), 25.6 (C-3'), 29.5 (C-2'), 52.4 (C-1'), 153.4 (C-2), 156.4 (C-4,5) p.p.m..

S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms bound to carbon were placed in idealized positions with C—H = 1.00 (for the tertiary carbons) and 0.99 Å (for the —CH₂— moieties). These atoms were included in the final structural model in riding-motion approximation with the isotropic thermal displacement parameters fixed at $1.2 \times U_{eq}$ of the carbon atom to which they are attached.



Figure 1

Schematic representation of the asymmetric unit of the title compound which comprises a whole molecule. Nonhydrogen atoms are represented as thermal ellipsoids drawn at the 70% probability level and hydrogen atoms as small spheres with arbitrary radii.



Figure 2

Crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the [100] direction of the unit cell. C—H $\cdots\pi$ interactions are represented as dashed green lines, and C—H \cdots O weak hydrogen bonding interactions are represented as dashed pink lines. See Table 1 for geometrical details on the represented supramolecular interactions.

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Crystal data

C₁₅H₂₂N₂O₃ $M_r = 278.35$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 5.1980 (2) Å b = 21.7123 (10) Å c = 13.0244 (6) Å $\beta = 100.163$ (2)° V = 1446.88 (11) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker X8 Kappa CCD APEXII diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator ω and φ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1998) $T_{\min} = 0.989, T_{\max} = 0.995$ F(000) = 600 $D_x = 1.278 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 175 K Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 3876 reflections $\theta = 3.7-29.1^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 150 KBlock, yellow $0.13 \times 0.06 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

38115 measured reflections 3876 independent reflections 2999 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.049$ $\theta_{max} = 29.1^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 3.7^{\circ}$ $h = -6 \rightarrow 7$ $k = -29 \rightarrow 29$ $l = -17 \rightarrow 17$ Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.104$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.04	H-atom parameters constrained
3876 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0374P)^2 + 0.6588P]$
181 parameters	where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.37 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.18 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
C1	0.9734 (2)	0.59882 (5)	0.12018 (9)	0.0179 (2)
C2	0.7011 (2)	0.59707 (6)	0.23971 (10)	0.0187 (2)
C3	0.6479 (2)	0.65531 (6)	0.17166 (10)	0.0189 (2)
C4	0.8265 (2)	0.69411 (5)	0.01391 (9)	0.0182 (2)
H4	0.9641	0.6788	-0.0245	0.022*
C5	0.9020 (3)	0.75914 (6)	0.05202 (10)	0.0225 (3)
H5A	1.0763	0.7585	0.0973	0.027*
H5B	0.7740	0.7748	0.0937	0.027*
C6	0.9077 (3)	0.80176 (6)	-0.04117 (11)	0.0246 (3)
H6A	0.9480	0.8442	-0.0157	0.030*
H6B	1.0482	0.7883	-0.0785	0.030*
C7	0.6476 (3)	0.80154 (6)	-0.11652 (10)	0.0224 (3)
H7A	0.5098	0.8190	-0.0815	0.027*
H7B	0.6613	0.8278	-0.1775	0.027*
C8	0.5724 (3)	0.73639 (6)	-0.15326 (10)	0.0255 (3)
H8A	0.7001	0.7208	-0.1951	0.031*
H8B	0.3982	0.7371	-0.1986	0.031*
C9	0.5654 (3)	0.69293 (6)	-0.06145 (10)	0.0235 (3)
H9A	0.4236	0.7056	-0.0242	0.028*
H9B	0.5282	0.6505	-0.0877	0.028*
C10	1.0256 (2)	0.50852 (5)	0.24346 (10)	0.0185 (2)
H10	1.1926	0.5048	0.2158	0.022*
C11	1.0949 (3)	0.50699 (6)	0.36255 (10)	0.0227 (3)
H11A	0.9339	0.5107	0.3929	0.027*
H11B	1.2105	0.5421	0.3876	0.027*

C12	1.2335 (3)	0.44639 (6)	0.39731 (11)	0.0257 (3)
H12A	1.4008	0.4443	0.3711	0.031*
H12B	1.2733	0.4448	0.4744	0.031*
C13	1.0635 (3)	0.39147 (6)	0.35622 (13)	0.0334 (3)
H13A	0.9026	0.3916	0.3871	0.040*
H13B	1.1593	0.3528	0.3773	0.040*
C14	0.9900 (3)	0.39390 (6)	0.23745 (13)	0.0351 (4)
H14A	0.8732	0.3589	0.2129	0.042*
H14B	1.1499	0.3897	0.2065	0.042*
C15	0.8525 (3)	0.45432 (6)	0.20050 (11)	0.0263 (3)
H15A	0.8176	0.4558	0.1233	0.032*
H15B	0.6832	0.4569	0.2251	0.032*
N1	0.9031 (2)	0.56747 (5)	0.20531 (8)	0.0185 (2)
N2	0.8172 (2)	0.65170 (5)	0.10196 (8)	0.0182 (2)
01	1.13883 (18)	0.58316 (4)	0.07174 (7)	0.0244 (2)
O2	0.58424 (18)	0.58220 (4)	0.30792 (7)	0.0260 (2)
O3	0.49016 (18)	0.69488 (4)	0.18021 (8)	0.0259 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0198 (6)	0.0174 (5)	0.0157 (6)	-0.0008 (4)	0.0015 (5)	0.0002 (4)
C2	0.0183 (6)	0.0194 (5)	0.0182 (6)	-0.0008(4)	0.0023 (5)	-0.0007 (4)
C3	0.0186 (6)	0.0201 (6)	0.0178 (6)	-0.0009(5)	0.0025 (5)	0.0005 (5)
C4	0.0201 (6)	0.0183 (5)	0.0160 (6)	0.0007 (4)	0.0031 (5)	0.0049 (4)
C5	0.0232 (7)	0.0206 (6)	0.0215 (6)	-0.0030 (5)	-0.0022 (5)	0.0030 (5)
C6	0.0228 (7)	0.0216 (6)	0.0283 (7)	-0.0030 (5)	0.0012 (5)	0.0060 (5)
C7	0.0218 (6)	0.0223 (6)	0.0227 (6)	0.0025 (5)	0.0030 (5)	0.0060 (5)
C8	0.0282 (7)	0.0262 (6)	0.0198 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0037 (5)
C9	0.0244 (7)	0.0227 (6)	0.0213 (6)	-0.0048 (5)	-0.0022 (5)	0.0024 (5)
C10	0.0209 (6)	0.0165 (5)	0.0182 (6)	0.0023 (4)	0.0041 (5)	0.0021 (4)
C11	0.0272 (7)	0.0213 (6)	0.0189 (6)	0.0027 (5)	0.0023 (5)	0.0016 (5)
C12	0.0277 (7)	0.0278 (6)	0.0210 (6)	0.0061 (5)	0.0026 (5)	0.0055 (5)
C13	0.0327 (8)	0.0228 (7)	0.0434 (9)	0.0033 (6)	0.0036 (7)	0.0134 (6)
C14	0.0391 (8)	0.0171 (6)	0.0442 (9)	0.0011 (6)	-0.0062 (7)	-0.0031 (6)
C15	0.0297 (7)	0.0187 (6)	0.0279 (7)	0.0001 (5)	-0.0025 (6)	-0.0008(5)
N1	0.0214 (5)	0.0175 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0015 (4)	0.0059 (4)	0.0019 (4)
N2	0.0196 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0178 (5)	0.0020 (4)	0.0044 (4)	0.0027 (4)
01	0.0287 (5)	0.0242 (4)	0.0225 (5)	0.0060 (4)	0.0105 (4)	0.0031 (4)
O2	0.0259 (5)	0.0288 (5)	0.0255 (5)	0.0017 (4)	0.0110 (4)	0.0057 (4)
03	0.0251 (5)	0.0254 (5)	0.0284 (5)	0.0074 (4)	0.0079 (4)	0.0030 (4)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—01	1.2017 (15)	C8—H8A	0.9900	
C1—N2	1.4022 (15)	C8—H8B	0.9900	
C1—N1	1.4033 (15)	С9—Н9А	0.9900	
C2—O2	1.2052 (15)	С9—Н9В	0.9900	

C2—N1	1.3723 (16)	C10—N1	1.4760 (15)
C2—C3	1.5409 (17)	C10—C15	1.5262 (17)
C3—O3	1.2062 (15)	C10—C11	1.5296 (17)
C3—N2	1.3734 (16)	C10—H10	1.0000
C4—N2	1.4781 (15)	C11—C12	1.5297 (18)
C4—C5	1.5250 (17)	C11—H11A	0.9900
C4—C9	1.5284 (18)	C11—H11B	0.9900
C4—H4	1.0000	C12—C13	1.524 (2)
C5—C6	1 5307 (18)	C12—H12A	0.9900
C5—H5A	0.9900	C12—H12B	0.9900
C5—H5B	0.9900	C13 - C14	1.527(2)
C6C7	1 5239 (18)	C13_H13A	0.9900
C6 H6A	0.0000	C13 H13R	0.9900
C6 H6P	0.9900	C_{13} $ C_{15}$ C_{14} C_{15}	0.3300 1 5302 (10)
C_{0}	0.3300	C14 - C15	1.5302(19)
$C_7 = U_7$	1.5220 (16)	C14—II14A	0.9900
	0.9900	C14—H14B	0.9900
C / - H / B	0.9900	CI5—HI5A	0.9900
C8—C9	1.5288 (18)	С15—Н15В	0.9900
	10(10(11)		100.1
OI—CI—N2	126.12 (11)	H9A—C9—H9B	108.1
OI—CI—NI	126.00 (11)	NI-C10-C15	110.74 (10)
N2—C1—N1	107.88 (10)	N1-C10-C11	111.77 (10)
O2—C2—N1	129.00 (12)	C15—C10—C11	111.92 (10)
O2—C2—C3	125.55 (11)	N1—C10—H10	107.4
N1—C2—C3	105.45 (10)	C15—C10—H10	107.4
O3—C3—N2	128.81 (12)	C11—C10—H10	107.4
O3—C3—C2	125.96 (11)	C10-C11-C12	109.47 (10)
N2—C3—C2	105.22 (10)	C10-C11-H11A	109.8
N2—C4—C5	111.47 (10)	C12—C11—H11A	109.8
N2—C4—C9	109.93 (10)	C10-C11-H11B	109.8
C5—C4—C9	111.89 (10)	C12—C11—H11B	109.8
N2—C4—H4	107.8	H11A—C11—H11B	108.2
С5—С4—Н4	107.8	C13—C12—C11	110.82 (11)
С9—С4—Н4	107.8	C13—C12—H12A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	109.97 (10)	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
С4—С5—Н5А	109.7	C13—C12—H12B	109.5
С6—С5—Н5А	109.7	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
C4—C5—H5B	109.7	H12A—C12—H12B	108.1
C6—C5—H5B	109.7	C12-C13-C14	110.77(12)
H5A-C5-H5B	108.2	C12-C13-H13A	109 5
C7 - C6 - C5	111 69 (11)	C12 $C13$ $H13A$	109.5
C7—C6—H6A	109 3	C12_C13_H13B	109.5
C5-C6-H6A	109.3	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C7 C6 H6B	109.3	H_{13} C_{13} H_{12}	109.5
C5 C6 HAP	109.5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	111 56 (12)
	107.5	$C_{13} = C_{14} = C_{13}$	111.30(12)
10A - CU - RUD	107.7	C_{13} $-C_{14}$ $$	109.5
$C_{0} = C_{1} = C_{0}$	100.79(11)	$C_{13} - C_{14} - 1114A$ $C_{13} - C_{14} - 1114A$	109.5
U - U - U / - U / A	107.5	UIJ-UI4-1114D	107.3

С6—С7—Н7А	109.5	C15—C14—H14B	109.3
С8—С7—Н7В	109.5	H14A—C14—H14B	108.0
С6—С7—Н7В	109.5	C10-C15-C14	109.49 (11)
H7A—C7—H7B	108.1	C10-C15-H15A	109.8
C7—C8—C9	111.59 (11)	C14—C15—H15A	109.8
С7—С8—Н8А	109.3	C10-C15-H15B	109.8
С9—С8—Н8А	109.3	C14—C15—H15B	109.8
С7—С8—Н8В	109.3	H15A—C15—H15B	108.2
С9—С8—Н8В	109.3	C2—N1—C1	110.60 (10)
H8A—C8—H8B	108.0	C2-N1-C10	127.27 (10)
C4—C9—C8	110.55 (11)	C1—N1—C10	121.98 (10)
С4—С9—Н9А	109.5	C3—N2—C1	110.76 (10)
С8—С9—Н9А	109.5	C3—N2—C4	126.14 (10)
С4—С9—Н9В	109.5	C1—N2—C4	122.96 (10)
С8—С9—Н9В	109.5		
O2—C2—C3—O3	3.1 (2)	O2-C2-N1-C10	1.1 (2)
N1-C2-C3-O3	-177.10 (12)	C3-C2-N1-C10	-178.71 (11)
O2—C2—C3—N2	-177.10 (12)	O1—C1—N1—C2	-177.91 (12)
N1—C2—C3—N2	2.67 (13)	N2-C1-N1-C2	2.28 (14)
N2—C4—C5—C6	-179.59 (10)	O1-C1-N1-C10	-1.95 (19)
C9—C4—C5—C6	-56.03 (14)	N2-C1-N1-C10	178.24 (10)
C4—C5—C6—C7	56.11 (15)	C15-C10-N1-C2	76.87 (15)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-56.18 (15)	C11—C10—N1—C2	-48.64 (16)
C6—C7—C8—C9	55.57 (15)	C15—C10—N1—C1	-98.38 (13)
N2-C4-C9-C8	-179.76 (10)	C11—C10—N1—C1	136.10 (12)
C5—C4—C9—C8	55.82 (14)	O3—C3—N2—C1	178.39 (13)
C7—C8—C9—C4	-55.24 (15)	C2-C3-N2-C1	-1.36 (13)
N1-C10-C11-C12	-177.09 (10)	O3—C3—N2—C4	-5.9 (2)
C15—C10—C11—C12	58.05 (14)	C2-C3-N2-C4	174.36 (11)
C10-C11-C12-C13	-57.32 (15)	O1—C1—N2—C3	179.78 (12)
C11—C12—C13—C14	57.00 (16)	N1-C1-N2-C3	-0.41 (14)
C12—C13—C14—C15	-56.42 (17)	O1—C1—N2—C4	3.89 (19)
N1-C10-C15-C14	177.51 (12)	N1-C1-N2-C4	-176.29 (10)
C11—C10—C15—C14	-57.06 (15)	C5—C4—N2—C3	64.30 (16)
C13—C14—C15—C10	55.77 (17)	C9—C4—N2—C3	-60.36 (15)
O2—C2—N1—C1	176.75 (13)	C5—C4—N2—C1	-120.46 (12)
C3—C2—N1—C1	-3.01 (13)	C9—C4—N2—C1	114.87 (13)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg is the centroid of the N1, N2, C1–C3 ring. <[C–H…(ring plane)] is ca. 43°.

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C7—H7 <i>B</i> ···Cg ⁱ	0.99	2.78	3.5511 (14)	135
C11—H11 <i>B</i> ····O2 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.51	3.2065 (18)	127

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*-1/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2; (ii) *x*+1, *y*, *z*.