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N-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide

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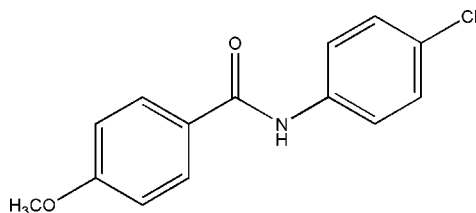
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.100; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}_2$, the mean plane through the amide group $[-\text{N}-\text{C}=\text{O}-]$ forms dihedral angles of $27.55(8)$ and $31.94(7)^\circ$ with the methoxy- and chloro-substituted benzene rings, respectively. The dihedral angle between the benzene rings is $59.24(4)^\circ$. In the crystal, $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains along the a axis.

Related literature

For the biological activity of amides, see: Chen *et al.* (2011); El Rayes *et al.* (2008); Regiec *et al.* (2006); Kuroda *et al.* (2006). For related structures, see: Gowda *et al.* (2008); Saeed *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClNO}_2$
 $M_r = 261.70$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 5.4394(2)$ Å
 $b = 7.7754(3)$ Å

$c = 14.9262(6)$ Å
 $\alpha = 78.759(3)^\circ$
 $\beta = 80.712(3)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 88.821(3)^\circ$
 $V = 611.01(4)$ Å³

$Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.31$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K
 $0.3 \times 0.2 \times 0.2$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur
Sapphire3 diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford
Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.952$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

14438 measured reflections
2407 independent reflections
1997 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.100$
 $S = 1.03$
2407 reflections
168 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}^1$	0.83 (4)	2.47 (2)	3.222 (2)	151 (2)
$\text{C14}-\text{H14}\cdots\text{O1}^1$	0.93	2.56	3.251 (2)	131

 Symmetry code: (i) $x + 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

RK acknowledges the Department of Science & Technology for access to the single-crystal X-ray diffractometer sanctioned as a National Facility under project No. SR/S2/CMP-47/2003.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5539).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o3077 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812041384]

***N*-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide**

Rajni Kant, Seema Sahi, Vivek K. Gupta, Kamini Kapoor and Satya Paul

S1. Comment

Aromatic amides have been utilized as versatile fragments to construct frameworks that have numerous functions such as molecular recognition, conformational switching, and biological activities which include *in vitro* xanthine oxidase (XO), tyrosinase and melanin production inhibitory activity. Further, benzanilides and their metal complexes have also been known for their marked biological activities such as antifungal, antibacterial and genotoxic effect (Chen *et al.*, 2011). Globally, multidrug-resistant bacteria are a major health problem leading to severe consequences; anilides have shown antimycobacterial activity against classical mycobacterium tuberculosis (El Rayes *et al.*, 2008), thiobenzanilides also belong to a group of biologically active compounds possessing antimycobacterial activities. In addition, *N*-substituted carboxamide isothiazoles (Regiec *et al.*, 2006) produced a remarkable immunotropic, antiviral and anti-inflammatory activities, *N*-acylamino benzamides (Kuroda *et al.*, 2006), constitute an important class of potent insecticides.

The molecular structure of the title compound (I) is shown in Fig. 1. All bond lengths and angles are normal and correspond to those observed in the related structures (Gowda *et al.*, 2008; Saeed *et al.*, 2008). The amide group [—N—C=O—] forms dihedral angles of 27.55 (8) and 31.94 (7)° with methoxy-substituted benzene [C1–C6] and chloro-substituted benzene [C9–C14] rings, respectively. The two benzene rings are twisted by 59.24 (4)° with respect to each other. In the crystal, N1—H1⋯O1ⁱ and C14—H14A⋯O1ⁱ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains along the *a* axis (Fig. 2) (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

To a mixture of 4-chloroaniline (0.127 g, 1 mmol) and aq. sodium hydroxide solution (10%, 20 ml) in a round bottom flask (50 ml), 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride (0.170 g, 1 mmol) was added in portions during stirring at room temperature. After the complete addition of 4-methoxybenzoyl chloride, the reaction mixture was further stirred for 30 minutes and then poured into ice-cold water (25 ml). It was further stirred for 10 min. and filtered. Finally, the product was obtained after drying followed by crystallization from ethanol (0.224 g, 86%) to give X-ray quality crystals.

S3. Refinement

The H atom bonded to the N atom was located in a difference map and refined independently with an isotropic displacement parameter. Other H atoms were positioned geometrically and were treated as riding on their parent C atoms, with C—H distances of 0.93–0.96 Å and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{methyl C})$.

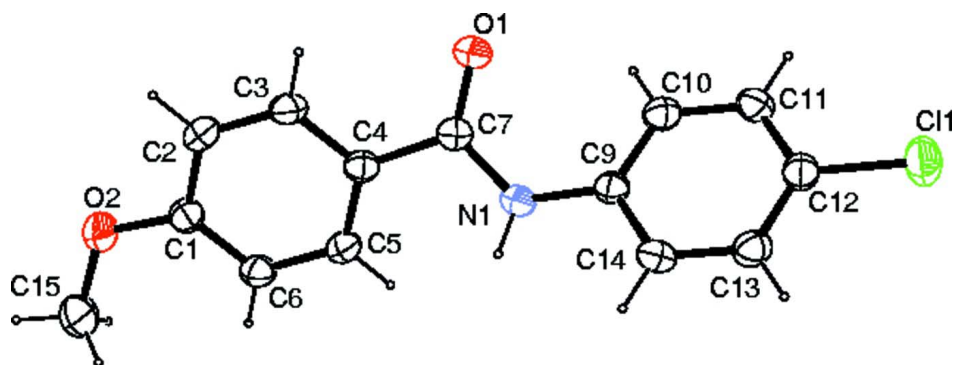


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I) shown with 40% probability ellipsoids. H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

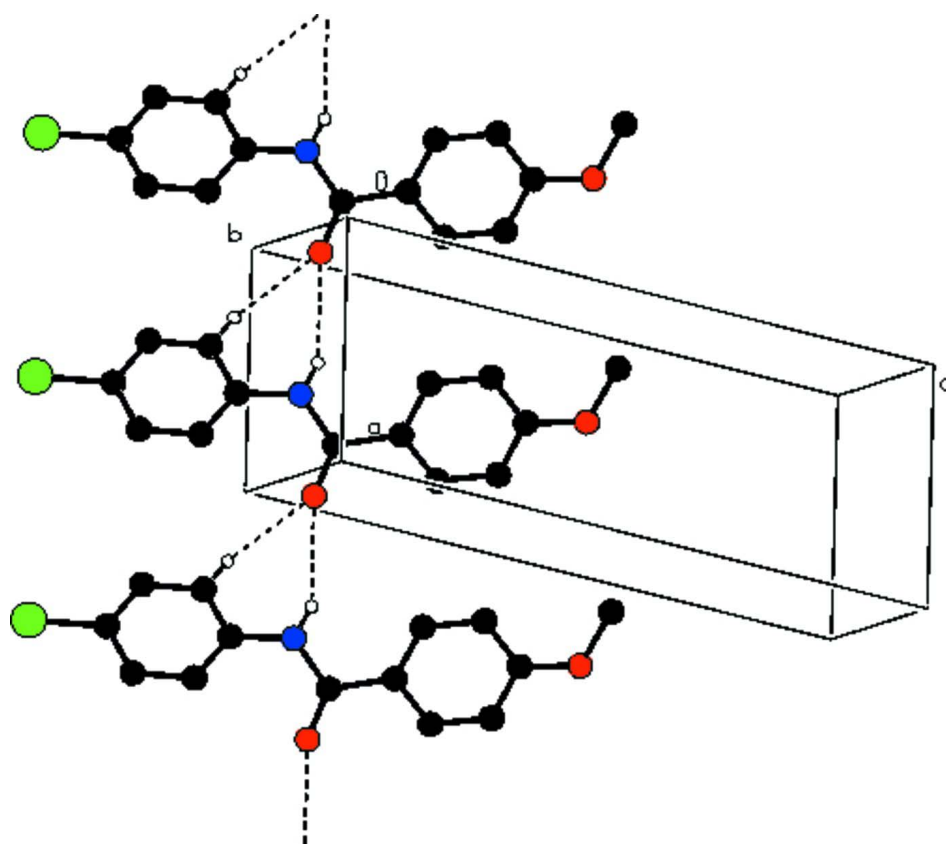


Figure 2

The packing arrangement of molecules with dashed lines to show intermolecular N—H \cdots O and weak C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds. Only H atoms involved in hydrogen bonds are shown.

***N*-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4-methoxybenzamide**

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{12}ClNO_2$

$M_r = 261.70$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$

$a = 5.4394\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.7754\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 14.9262$ (6) Å
 $\alpha = 78.759$ (3)°
 $\beta = 80.712$ (3)°
 $\gamma = 88.821$ (3)°
 $V = 611.01$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 272$
 $D_x = 1.422$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
 Cell parameters from 6498 reflections
 $\theta = 3.5$ – 29.0 °
 $\mu = 0.31$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 Rectangular, white
 $0.3 \times 0.2 \times 0.2$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Sapphire3
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 16.1049 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω scan
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.952$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

14438 measured reflections
 2407 independent reflections
 1997 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 3.5$ °
 $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.100$
 $S = 1.03$
 2407 reflections
 168 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0427P)^2 + 0.2321P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Experimental. *CrysAlis PRO*, Oxford Diffraction Ltd., Version 1.171.34.40 (release 27–08-2010 CrysAlis171.NET) (compiled Aug 27 2010, 11:50:40) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.17726 (10)	0.35695 (7)	0.41886 (3)	0.05640 (19)
O1	-0.1117 (2)	0.74773 (19)	0.00401 (9)	0.0527 (4)
O2	0.3921 (2)	1.08846 (18)	-0.40006 (8)	0.0512 (4)
N1	0.2890 (3)	0.73483 (19)	0.02965 (10)	0.0361 (3)
C1	0.3419 (3)	1.0184 (2)	-0.30831 (11)	0.0352 (4)

C2	0.1256 (3)	0.9169 (2)	-0.27999 (12)	0.0389 (4)
H2	0.0280	0.9000	-0.3234	0.047*
C3	0.0551 (3)	0.8416 (2)	-0.18864 (12)	0.0364 (4)
H3	-0.0911	0.7753	-0.1706	0.044*
C4	0.1999 (3)	0.8631 (2)	-0.12239 (11)	0.0319 (4)
C5	0.4163 (3)	0.9639 (2)	-0.15134 (11)	0.0343 (4)
H5	0.5157	0.9788	-0.1082	0.041*
C6	0.4869 (3)	1.0425 (2)	-0.24313 (12)	0.0361 (4)
H6	0.6309	1.1113	-0.2611	0.043*
C7	0.1095 (3)	0.7782 (2)	-0.02462 (12)	0.0350 (4)
C9	0.2519 (3)	0.6449 (2)	0.12294 (11)	0.0311 (3)
C10	0.0413 (3)	0.6671 (2)	0.18553 (12)	0.0381 (4)
H10	-0.0846	0.7411	0.1663	0.046*
C11	0.0182 (3)	0.5794 (2)	0.27654 (12)	0.0391 (4)
H11	-0.1230	0.5940	0.3186	0.047*
C12	0.2064 (3)	0.4700 (2)	0.30466 (12)	0.0366 (4)
C13	0.4176 (3)	0.4487 (2)	0.24347 (12)	0.0381 (4)
H13	0.5441	0.3758	0.2632	0.046*
C14	0.4404 (3)	0.5361 (2)	0.15282 (12)	0.0362 (4)
H14	0.5830	0.5222	0.1113	0.043*
C15	0.6246 (4)	1.1737 (3)	-0.43646 (14)	0.0596 (6)
H15A	0.6329	1.2787	-0.4122	0.089*
H15B	0.6418	1.2033	-0.5027	0.089*
H15C	0.7567	1.0970	-0.4192	0.089*
H1	0.435 (4)	0.741 (2)	0.0024 (12)	0.040 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0657 (4)	0.0623 (3)	0.0364 (3)	-0.0082 (2)	-0.0090 (2)	0.0036 (2)
O1	0.0295 (7)	0.0825 (10)	0.0405 (7)	-0.0090 (6)	-0.0035 (5)	0.0011 (7)
O2	0.0480 (8)	0.0676 (9)	0.0339 (7)	-0.0103 (6)	-0.0082 (6)	0.0022 (6)
N1	0.0262 (7)	0.0446 (8)	0.0345 (8)	-0.0009 (6)	-0.0015 (6)	-0.0026 (6)
C1	0.0342 (9)	0.0362 (9)	0.0347 (9)	0.0031 (7)	-0.0061 (7)	-0.0054 (7)
C2	0.0340 (9)	0.0461 (10)	0.0394 (9)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0140 (7)	-0.0084 (8)
C3	0.0272 (8)	0.0396 (9)	0.0428 (10)	-0.0034 (7)	-0.0074 (7)	-0.0068 (7)
C4	0.0284 (8)	0.0315 (8)	0.0357 (9)	0.0027 (6)	-0.0049 (7)	-0.0067 (6)
C5	0.0306 (8)	0.0380 (9)	0.0359 (9)	-0.0012 (7)	-0.0096 (7)	-0.0077 (7)
C6	0.0303 (8)	0.0378 (9)	0.0391 (9)	-0.0056 (7)	-0.0052 (7)	-0.0047 (7)
C7	0.0297 (9)	0.0390 (9)	0.0361 (9)	-0.0016 (7)	-0.0046 (7)	-0.0070 (7)
C9	0.0283 (8)	0.0317 (8)	0.0331 (8)	-0.0041 (6)	-0.0052 (6)	-0.0051 (6)
C10	0.0299 (9)	0.0446 (10)	0.0400 (9)	0.0065 (7)	-0.0066 (7)	-0.0089 (7)
C11	0.0303 (8)	0.0501 (10)	0.0364 (9)	0.0006 (7)	0.0002 (7)	-0.0118 (8)
C12	0.0389 (9)	0.0373 (9)	0.0338 (9)	-0.0088 (7)	-0.0075 (7)	-0.0047 (7)
C13	0.0341 (9)	0.0357 (9)	0.0433 (10)	0.0025 (7)	-0.0093 (7)	-0.0026 (7)
C14	0.0271 (8)	0.0382 (9)	0.0413 (9)	-0.0002 (7)	-0.0006 (7)	-0.0072 (7)
C15	0.0558 (13)	0.0737 (14)	0.0414 (11)	-0.0162 (11)	-0.0041 (9)	0.0068 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C12	1.7430 (17)	C5—H5	0.9300
O1—C7	1.222 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
O2—C1	1.357 (2)	C9—C10	1.387 (2)
O2—C15	1.417 (2)	C9—C14	1.390 (2)
N1—C7	1.363 (2)	C10—C11	1.383 (2)
N1—C9	1.416 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
N1—H1	0.831 (19)	C11—C12	1.383 (2)
C1—C6	1.388 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C2	1.391 (2)	C12—C13	1.376 (2)
C2—C3	1.370 (2)	C13—C14	1.378 (2)
C2—H2	0.9300	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—C4	1.395 (2)	C14—H14	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.389 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C4—C7	1.488 (2)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.383 (2)		
C1—O2—C15	118.93 (14)	C10—C9—C14	119.44 (15)
C7—N1—C9	126.38 (14)	C10—C9—N1	122.65 (14)
C7—N1—H1	116.3 (13)	C14—C9—N1	117.86 (14)
C9—N1—H1	115.8 (13)	C11—C10—C9	120.10 (15)
O2—C1—C6	125.11 (15)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
O2—C1—C2	115.52 (14)	C9—C10—H10	120.0
C6—C1—C2	119.37 (15)	C12—C11—C10	119.59 (16)
C3—C2—C1	120.48 (15)	C12—C11—H11	120.2
C3—C2—H2	119.8	C10—C11—H11	120.2
C1—C2—H2	119.8	C13—C12—C11	120.83 (16)
C2—C3—C4	120.88 (15)	C13—C12—C11	119.26 (13)
C2—C3—H3	119.6	C11—C12—C11	119.91 (14)
C4—C3—H3	119.6	C12—C13—C14	119.51 (15)
C5—C4—C3	118.26 (15)	C12—C13—H13	120.2
C5—C4—C7	124.18 (14)	C14—C13—H13	120.2
C3—C4—C7	117.56 (14)	C13—C14—C9	120.52 (15)
C6—C5—C4	121.25 (15)	C13—C14—H14	119.7
C6—C5—H5	119.4	C9—C14—H14	119.7
C4—C5—H5	119.4	O2—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—C1	119.75 (15)	O2—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.1	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—H6	120.1	O2—C15—H15C	109.5
O1—C7—N1	122.75 (16)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
O1—C7—C4	121.52 (15)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—C4	115.72 (14)		
C15—O2—C1—C6	9.0 (3)	C3—C4—C7—O1	-26.4 (2)
C15—O2—C1—C2	-171.69 (17)	C5—C4—C7—N1	-28.3 (2)
O2—C1—C2—C3	-179.17 (15)	C3—C4—C7—N1	152.68 (15)

C6—C1—C2—C3	0.2 (3)	C7—N1—C9—C10	-35.0 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (3)	C7—N1—C9—C14	147.70 (17)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (2)	C14—C9—C10—C11	-0.9 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C7	179.57 (15)	N1—C9—C10—C11	-178.21 (15)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.5 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.1 (3)
C7—C4—C5—C6	-178.52 (15)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.7 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.1 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C11	-179.24 (13)
O2—C1—C6—C5	-179.93 (15)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.8 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	179.24 (13)
C9—N1—C7—O1	2.7 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	-0.1 (3)
C9—N1—C7—C4	-176.35 (15)	C10—C9—C14—C13	0.9 (2)
C5—C4—C7—O1	152.67 (17)	N1—C9—C14—C13	178.35 (15)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N1—H1...O1 ⁱ	0.83 (4)	2.47 (2)	3.222 (2)	151 (2)
C14—H14...O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.251 (2)	131

Symmetry code: (i) $x+1, y, z$.