## organic compounds

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## 2-Hydroxyethanaminium 2-methyl-5nitrobenzenesulfonate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.095; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.1.

In the crystal structure of the title salt,  $C_2H_8NO^+ \cdot C_7H_6NO_5S^-$ , the cations and anions are linked together by  $N-H \cdot \cdot \cdot O$  and  $O-H \cdot \cdot \cdot O$  hydrogen bonds, forming layers parallel to (100). The plane of nitro group is skew with respect to the plane of benzene ring, making a dihedral angle of 17.5 (2)°.

### **Related literature**

For the structures of pyridinium derivative, nickel, magnesium and potassium salts of 2-methyl-5-nitrobenzenesulfonate, see, respectively: Gu *et al.* (2007); Xie *et al.* (2007); Xie, Lui & Yuan (2006); Xie, Yang *et al.* (2006).



#### **Experimental**

Crystal data  $C_2H_8NO^+ \cdot C_7H_6NO_5S^ M_r = 278.29$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ a = 14.8130 (5) Å

b = 9.5617 (4) Å

c = 8.6697 (3) Å  $\beta = 103.071 (1)^{\circ}$   $V = 1196.14 (8) \text{ Å}^{3}$  Z = 4Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation



 $0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$ 

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.032$ 

refinement

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.39 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

11263 measured reflections

2739 independent reflections

2620 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

H atoms treated by a mixture of

independent and constrained

 $\mu = 0.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2002) T<sub>min</sub> = 0.873, T<sub>max</sub> = 0.910

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$   $wR(F^2) = 0.095$  S = 1.112739 reflections 181 parameters 1 restraint

# Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N2-H2A\cdots O5^{i}$	0.89 (2)	2.04 (2)	2.872 (2)	156 (2)
$N2 - H2B \cdots O5$	0.85(2)	2.10(2)	2.938 (2)	166 (2)
$N2-H2C\cdots O3^{ii}$	0.92(2)	2.00 (2)	2.914 (1)	172 (2)
$O6-H6' \cdots O4^{iii}$	0.81 (1)	1.97 (1)	2.760 (1)	165 (1)
Symmetry codes:	(i) x, -y -	$+\frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2};$ (ii)	$-x+1, y-\frac{1}{2},$	$-z + \frac{1}{2};$ (iii)
-x + 1, -v + 2, -z +	- 1.	2 2	. 2	2

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IS5129).

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# supporting information

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## 2-Hydroxyethanaminium 2-methyl-5-nitrobenzenesulfonate

### Peng Fei Hu, Ying Zheng and Wen Xi Wang

### S1. Comment

A few crystal structures containing 2-methyl-5-nitrobenzenesulfonate have been reported previously (Gu *et al.*, 2007; Xie *et al.*, 2007; Xie, Lui & Yuan, 2006; Xie, Yang *et al.*, 2006).

In the asymmetric unit of the title compound, the 2-ethanolamine molecule is protonated and the 2-methyl-5-nitrobenzenesulfonic acid molecule loses its acid H atom, then they are linked by an N2—H2B···O5 hydrogen bond (Fig. 1 & Table 1). The plane of nitro group is skew with the plane of benzene ring in a dihedral angle of 17.5 (2)°. The C1—C2 bond [1.4054 (16) Å] is the longest one among the other aromatic C—C bond, this is consistent with the situations observed in the previous cases (1.405 Å, Gu *et al.*, 2007; 1.404 Å, Xie, Lui & Yuan, 2006; 1.407 Å, Xie *et al.*, 2007; 1.408 Å, Xie, Yang *et al.*, 2006).

A few crystal structures containing 2-methyl-5-nitrobenzenesulfonate have been reported previously, they are pyridinium derivative (Gu *et al.*, 2007), nickel (Xie, Yang *et al.*, 2006), magnesium (Xie *et al.*, 2007), and potassium salts (Xie, Lui & Yuan, 2006). In the potassium salt, all of the oxygen atoms of sulfonate and one oxygen atom of the nitro group is coordinated with potassium atom directly. However, there exists no covalent bond between the counter ion pair in the title compound, which is similar with the other three previous cases. In all of these cases, one of C-C bond of benzene rings are slightly abormal.

In the crystal, the 2-hydroxyethanaminium cations and the MNB anions are linked by N—H…O and O—H…O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to form thick layers (Fig. 2) parallel to the (100) plane. The nearest separation between the centroid of MNB benzene rings is of 4.483 (3) Å, suggesting no  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interaction. This situation is similar to that observed in the case containing a large sized organic cation as counter ion for MNB anion (Gu *et al.*, 2007), but is different from those observed in other cases containing metal cations as counter ion for MNB anion (Xie *et al.*, 2007; Xie, Lui & Yuan, 2006; Xie, Yang *et al.*, 2006).

### **S2. Experimental**

2-Methyl-5-nitrobenzenesulfonic acid (12.1 g) and 2-ethanolamine (5.0 g) were mixed and dissolved in sufficient water (25 ml) by heating to 373 K, at which point a clear solution resulted. The solution was then cooled slowly to room temperature. Crystals of the title compound (9.2 g) were formed upon the evaporation of water, then collected and washed with ethanol.

### **S3. Refinement**

All H atoms of hydroxyl and ammonium groups were located in a difference Fourier map. The H atoms of ammonium group were refined freely, but the H atom of hydroxyl group was refined with a distance restraint O—H = 0.82 (1) Å, and with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O)$ . Other H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å) and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .



#### Figure 1

The asymmetric unit of the title compound with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level. One N—H…O hydrogen bond is illustrated as a dashed line.



### Figure 2

The hydrogen bonding layer of the title compound viewed down along the *b* axis. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines. The H atoms not involved in the hydrogen bonds have been omitted for clarity.

### 2-hydroxyethanaminium 2-methyl-5-nitrobenzenesulfonate

#### Crystal data

C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>8</sub>NO<sup>+</sup>·C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>6</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S<sup>-</sup>  $M_r = 278.29$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 14.8130 (5) Å b = 9.5617 (4) Å c = 8.6697 (3) Å  $\beta = 103.071$  (1)° V = 1196.14 (8) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$ H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  $wR(F^2) = 0.095$ and constrained refinement *S* = 1.11  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0532P)^2 + 0.342P]$ 2739 reflections where  $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 181 parameters  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$  $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.28 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$ 1 restraint  $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.39 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariant Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, direct methods 2008),  $Fc^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$ Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier Extinction coefficient: 0.095 (5) map

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

F(000) = 584

 $\theta = 1.6 - 17.6^{\circ}$ 

 $\mu = 0.29 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

Prism, colorless

 $0.32 \times 0.30 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.2^{\circ}$ 

11263 measured reflections 2739 independent reflections 2620 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

T = 293 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.032$ 

 $h = -19 \rightarrow 19$  $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$  $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$ 

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.545 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$ 

Melting point < 424 K

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 1766 reflections

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
<b>S</b> 1	0.320970 (19)	0.93470 (3)	0.27057 (3)	0.02240 (13)	
01	0.16252 (9)	0.44692 (11)	0.12844 (15)	0.0467 (3)	

O2	0.07025 (8)	0.46497 (13)	-0.10098 (15)	0.0484 (3)	
03	0.37472 (7)	1.00898 (11)	0.17553 (11)	0.0346 (2)	
O4	0.28710 (7)	1.02587 (12)	0.37875 (11)	0.0359 (3)	
05	0.37141 (7)	0.81368 (10)	0.35012 (11)	0.0328 (2)	
N1	0.12202 (8)	0.51582 (12)	0.01568 (14)	0.0321 (3)	
C1	0.22210 (8)	0.86643 (13)	0.13486 (13)	0.0217 (2)	
C2	0.15933 (9)	0.95606 (13)	0.03584 (15)	0.0265 (3)	
C3	0.08519 (9)	0.89425 (16)	-0.07087 (16)	0.0339 (3)	
H3	0.0427	0.9514	-0.1376	0.041*	
C4	0.07288 (9)	0.75096 (16)	-0.08063 (16)	0.0328 (3)	
H4	0.0236	0.7118	-0.1537	0.039*	
C5	0.13542 (8)	0.66756 (13)	0.02065 (15)	0.0262 (3)	
C6	0.21014 (8)	0.72276 (13)	0.12945 (14)	0.0243 (3)	
H6	0.2513	0.6646	0.1973	0.029*	
C7	0.16737 (11)	1.11277 (15)	0.04080 (19)	0.0385 (3)	
H7A	0.1641	1.1457	0.1440	0.046*	
H7B	0.1176	1.1527	-0.0372	0.046*	
H7C	0.2256	1.1400	0.0188	0.046*	
O6	0.59657 (8)	0.94383 (12)	0.32575 (13)	0.0407 (3)	
N2	0.49673 (8)	0.71679 (12)	0.15377 (14)	0.0282 (2)	
C8	0.55294 (10)	0.81663 (14)	0.08550 (15)	0.0304 (3)	
H8A	0.5137	0.8929	0.0360	0.037*	
H8B	0.5771	0.7698	0.0040	0.037*	
C9	0.63225 (10)	0.87505 (16)	0.20792 (17)	0.0351 (3)	
H9A	0.6734	0.8001	0.2552	0.042*	
H9B	0.6673	0.9405	0.1589	0.042*	
H6′	0.6382 (11)	0.954 (2)	0.4039 (17)	0.048 (5)*	
H2A	0.4547 (16)	0.683 (2)	0.072 (3)	0.058 (6)*	
H2B	0.4688 (14)	0.753 (2)	0.220 (2)	0.046 (5)*	
H2C	0.5324 (13)	0.646 (2)	0.208 (2)	0.044 (5)*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
<b>S</b> 1	0.01922 (18)	0.02454 (19)	0.02070 (18)	-0.00232 (10)	-0.00124 (12)	-0.00248 (10)
01	0.0523 (7)	0.0270 (5)	0.0529 (7)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0043 (6)	0.0035 (5)
O2	0.0415 (6)	0.0386 (6)	0.0560 (7)	-0.0100 (5)	-0.0078 (5)	-0.0182 (5)
O3	0.0285 (5)	0.0414 (6)	0.0327 (5)	-0.0116 (4)	0.0039 (4)	0.0007 (4)
O4	0.0347 (5)	0.0421 (6)	0.0287 (5)	0.0010 (4)	0.0021 (4)	-0.0130 (4)
O5	0.0274 (5)	0.0326 (5)	0.0316 (5)	0.0020 (4)	-0.0079 (4)	0.0026 (4)
N1	0.0255 (5)	0.0279 (6)	0.0408 (6)	-0.0046 (4)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0070 (5)
C1	0.0180 (5)	0.0247 (6)	0.0207 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0005 (4)	-0.0020 (4)
C2	0.0238 (6)	0.0258 (6)	0.0273 (6)	0.0019 (5)	0.0003 (5)	0.0003 (5)
C3	0.0266 (6)	0.0339 (7)	0.0340 (7)	0.0046 (5)	-0.0082 (5)	0.0023 (5)
C4	0.0245 (6)	0.0359 (7)	0.0319 (6)	-0.0018 (5)	-0.0065 (5)	-0.0061 (5)
C5	0.0224 (5)	0.0250 (6)	0.0292 (6)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0019 (5)	-0.0045 (5)
C6	0.0208 (5)	0.0249 (6)	0.0248 (5)	0.0001 (4)	0.0001 (4)	-0.0008 (4)
C7	0.0369 (7)	0.0250 (7)	0.0477 (8)	0.0030 (6)	-0.0031 (6)	0.0036 (6)

# supporting information

06	0.0391 (6)	0.0446 (6)	0.0330 (6)	0.0013 (5)	-0.0030 (5)	-0.0150 (4)	
N2	0.0305 (6)	0.0258 (5)	0.0254 (5)	0.0002 (4)	0.0003 (5)	-0.0021 (4)	
C8	0.0391 (7)	0.0272 (6)	0.0230 (6)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	
C9	0.0321 (6)	0.0364 (7)	0.0354 (7)	-0.0045 (6)	0.0045 (6)	-0.0058 (6)	

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—O4	1.4506 (10)	С6—Н6	0.9300
S1—O3	1.4540 (10)	С7—Н7А	0.9600
S1—O5	1.4628 (10)	С7—Н7В	0.9600
S1C1	1.7821 (11)	С7—Н7С	0.9600
01—N1	1.2183 (16)	O6—C9	1.4141 (17)
O2—N1	1.2234 (15)	O6—H6′	0.813 (9)
N1C5	1.4638 (16)	N2—C8	1.4757 (17)
C1—C6	1.3846 (17)	N2—H2A	0.89 (2)
C1—C2	1.4054 (16)	N2—H2B	0.85 (2)
С2—С3	1.3971 (18)	N2—H2C	0.92 (2)
С2—С7	1.5030 (18)	C8—C9	1.5016 (18)
C3—C4	1.382 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9700
С3—Н3	0.9300	C8—H8B	0.9700
C4—C5	1.3774 (19)	С9—Н9А	0.9700
C4—H4	0.9300	С9—Н9В	0.9700
C5—C6	1.3860 (16)		
O4—S1—O3	112.75 (7)	С5—С6—Н6	120.7
O4—S1—O5	112.65 (6)	C2—C7—H7A	109.5
O3—S1—O5	111.52 (6)	С2—С7—Н7В	109.5
O4—S1—C1	107.11 (6)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
O3—S1—C1	106.16 (5)	С2—С7—Н7С	109.5
O5—S1—C1	106.10 (6)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
01—N1—02	123.46 (13)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
01—N1—C5	118.26 (11)	С9—О6—Н6′	108.8 (15)
O2—N1—C5	118.28 (12)	C8—N2—H2A	105.8 (14)
C6—C1—C2	121.49 (11)	C8—N2—H2B	114.3 (14)
C6—C1—S1	117.75 (9)	H2A—N2—H2B	108.7 (19)
C2—C1—S1	120.75 (9)	C8—N2—H2C	111.7 (12)
C3—C2—C1	117.32 (12)	H2A—N2—H2C	111.0 (19)
С3—С2—С7	119.08 (12)	H2B—N2—H2C	105.5 (18)
C1—C2—C7	123.59 (11)	N2—C8—C9	112.29 (11)
C4—C3—C2	122.21 (12)	N2—C8—H8A	109.1
С4—С3—Н3	118.9	C9—C8—H8A	109.1
С2—С3—Н3	118.9	N2—C8—H8B	109.1
C5—C4—C3	118.32 (12)	C9—C8—H8B	109.1
C5—C4—H4	120.8	H8A—C8—H8B	107.9
C3—C4—H4	120.8	O6—C9—C8	108.85 (12)
C4—C5—C6	122.13 (12)	О6—С9—Н9А	109.9
C4—C5—N1	119.20 (12)	С8—С9—Н9А	109.9
C6—C5—N1	118.66 (11)	O6—C9—H9B	109.9

# supporting information

C1—C6—C5	118.51 (11)	С8—С9—Н9В	109.9
С1—С6—Н6	120.7	Н9А—С9—Н9В	108.3

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2—H2A····O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.89 (2)	2.04 (2)	2.872 (2)	156 (2)
N2—H2 <i>B</i> ···O5	0.85 (2)	2.10 (2)	2.938 (2)	166 (2)
N2—H2C···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.92 (2)	2.00 (2)	2.914 (1)	172 (2)
O6—H6′···O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.81 (1)	1.97 (1)	2.760 (1)	165 (1)

Symmetry codes: (i) x, -y+3/2, z-1/2; (ii) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2; (iii) -x+1, -y+2, -z+1.