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## Structure Reports

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## 3-Acetyl-1-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)thiourea

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.003 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.037 ; w R$ factor $=0.095$; data-to-parameter ratio $=15.6$.

In the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OS}$, the conformation of one of the $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ bonds is anti to the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{S}$ group and the other is anti to the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ group. Further, the conformations of the amide $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{S}$ and the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ group are anti to each other. The 2,6-dichlorophenyl ring and the 3-acetylthiourea side chain are inclined to one another at a dihedral angle of $83.44(5)^{\circ}$. An intramolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bond occurs. In the crystal, molecules form inversion dimers through pairs of N H..S hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For studies of the effects of substituents on the structures and other aspects of $N$-(aryl)-amides, see: Bhat \& Gowda (2000); Gowda et al. (2003); Shahwar et al. (2012), of N-(aryl)methanesulfonamides, see: Gowda et al. (2007) and of N chloroarylsulfonamides, see: Gowda et al. (2005); Shetty \& Gowda (2004).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OS}$
$M_{r}=263.13$
Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$
$a=7.729$ (1) A

$$
b=8.047 \text { (1) } \AA
$$

$$
c=10.015(1) \AA
$$

$$
\alpha=88.05(1)^{\circ}
$$

$$
\beta=76.39(1)^{\circ}
$$

$\gamma=66.57(1)^{\circ}$
$V=554.24(11) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation

Data collection
Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis RED; Oxford

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.095$
$S=1.09$
2232 reflections
143 parameters
3 restraints

$$
\mu=0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}
$$

$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.44 \times 0.44 \times 0.04 \mathrm{~mm}$

Diffraction, 2009)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.735, T_{\text {max }}=0.971$
3638 measured reflections
2232 independent reflections 1930 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.013$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 N \cdots \mathrm{O} 1$ | $0.84(2)$ | $1.94(2)$ | $2.631(2)$ | $139(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 N \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.85(2)$ | $2.63(2)$ | $3.4252(17)$ | $158(2)$ |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x,-y+2,-z+1$.

Data collection: CrysAlis CCD (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: CrysAlis CCD; data reduction: CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5247).

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## supporting information

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# 3-Acetyl-1-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)thiourea 

Sharatha Kumar, Sabine Foro and B. Thimme Gowda

## S1. Comment

Thiourea and its derivatives exhibit a wide variety of biological activities. As part of our studies of the substituent effects on the structures and other aspects of $N$-(aryl)-amides (Bhat \& Gowda, 2000); Gowda et al., 2003; Shahwar et al., 2012); $N$-(aryl)-methanesulfonamides (Gowda et al., 2007) and $N$-chloroarylsulfonamides (Gowda et al., 2005; Shetty \& Gowda, 2004), in the present work, the crystal structure of 3-acetyl-1-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)thiourea has been determined (Fig. 1).
The conformations of the amide $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{S}$ and the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ are anti to each other, similar to the anti conformation observed in 3-acetyl-1-(2-methylphenyl)thiourea (Shahwar et al., 2012). Further, the conformation of one of the $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ bonds is anti to the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{S}$ and the other is anti to the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$. The conformations of the two $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ bonds are are also anti to each other.
The side chain is tilted with respect to the 2,6-dichlorophenyl ring with torsion angles of $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7=$ $-86.22(26)^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7=96.58(24)^{\circ}$. The dihedral angle between the phenyl ring and the side chain is $83.44(5)^{\circ}$.
The structure shows intramolecular hydrogen bonding between the NH hydrogen atom, attached to the 2,6-dichlorophenyl ring and the amide oxygen. In the crystal, the molecules form inversion type dimers through $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ intermolecular hydrogen bonds (Table 1, Fig.2).

## S2. Experimental

3-Acetyl-1-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-thiourea was synthesized by adding a solution of acetyl chloride ( 0.10 mol ) in acetone $(30 \mathrm{ml})$ dropwise to a suspension of ammonium thiocyanate $(0.10 \mathrm{~mol})$ in acetone $(30 \mathrm{ml})$. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 30 min . After cooling to room temperature, a solution of 2,6-dichloroaniline ( 0.10 mol ) in acetone ( 10 ml ) was added and refluxed for 3 h . The reaction mixture was poured into acidified cold water. The precipitated title compound was recrystallized to constant melting point from acetonitrile. The purity of the compound was checked and characterized by its infrared spectrum.
Plate like dark yellow single crystals used in X-ray diffraction studies were grown in acetonitrile solution by slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature.

## S3. Refinement

H atoms bonded to C were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with the aromatic $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93 \AA$, methyl $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.96 \AA$. The amino H atoms were freely refined with the $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ distances restrained to 0.86 (2) $\AA$. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters set at $1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C}$-aromatic, N$)$ and $1.5 U_{\text {eq }}(C$-methyl) of the parent atom.


Figure 1
Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labelling scheme and with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level. The intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.


Figure 2
Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

## 3-Acetyl-1-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)thiourea

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{OS}$
$M_{r}=263.13$
Triclinic, $P 1$
Hall symbol: -P 1
$a=7.729$ (1) $\AA$
$b=8.047$ (1) $\AA$
$c=10.015$ (1) $\AA$
$\alpha=88.05(1)^{\circ}$
$\beta=76.39(1)^{\circ}$
$\gamma=66.57(1)^{\circ}$
$V=554.24(11) \AA^{3}$

## Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur
diffractometer with a Sapphire CCD detector
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
Rotation method data acquisition using $\omega$ and phi scans.
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2009)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.735, T_{\text {max }}=0.971$

## Refinement

## Refinement on $F^{2}$

Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.095$
$S=1.09$
2232 reflections
143 parameters
3 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& Z=2 \\
& F(000)=268 \\
& D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.577 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3} \\
& \text { Mo } K \alpha \text { radiation, } \lambda=0.71073 \AA \\
& \text { Cell parameters from } 2085 \text { reflections } \\
& \theta=2.8-27.7^{\circ} \\
& \mu=0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=293 \mathrm{~K} \\
& \text { Plate, dark yellow } \\
& 0.44 \times 0.44 \times 0.04 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

3638 measured reflections
2232 independent reflections
1930 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.013$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=26.4^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.8^{\circ}$
$h=-9 \rightarrow 9$
$k=-10 \rightarrow 9$
$l=-7 \rightarrow 12$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}^{2}\right)+(0.0423 P)^{2}+0.2588 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}=0.005$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.30$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.36 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

## Special details

Experimental. Absorption correction: CrysAlis RED (Oxford Diffraction, 2009) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.
Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors (gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.0838(3)$ | $0.5813(3)$ | $0.14414(19)$ | $0.0322(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.2043(3)$ | $0.5857(3)$ | $0.0189(2)$ | $0.0359(5)$ |
| C3 | $0.3407(3)$ | $0.4272(3)$ | $-0.0553(2)$ | $0.0447(6)$ |
| H3 | 0.4218 | 0.4319 | -0.1389 | $0.054^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.3548(3)$ | $0.2629(3)$ | $-0.0042(3)$ | $0.0488(6)$ |
| H4 | 0.4466 | 0.1563 | -0.0537 | $0.059^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.2355(4)$ | $0.2534(3)$ | $0.1192(3)$ | $0.0465(6)$ |
| H5 | 0.2449 | 0.1416 | 0.1525 | $0.056^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.1012(3)$ | $0.4131(3)$ | $0.1927(2)$ | $0.0374(5)$ |
| C7 | $-0.0252(3)$ | $0.8408(3)$ | $0.30587(19)$ | $0.0300(4)$ |
| C8 | $-0.3676(3)$ | $1.0659(3)$ | $0.3506(2)$ | $0.0356(5)$ |
| C9 | $-0.4980(3)$ | $1.2494(3)$ | $0.4221(3)$ | $0.0524(6)$ |
| H9A | -0.4576 | 1.3397 | 0.3769 | $0.079^{*}$ |
| H9B | -0.4901 | 1.2490 | 0.5164 | $0.079^{*}$ |
| H9C | -0.6296 | 1.2768 | 0.4187 | $0.079^{*}$ |
| N1 | $-0.0603(2)$ | $0.7439(2)$ | $0.21891(17)$ | $0.0342(4)$ |
| H1N | $-0.175(3)$ | $0.782(3)$ | $0.210(2)$ | $0.041^{*}$ |
| N2 | $-0.1818(2)$ | $0.9960(2)$ | $0.36945(17)$ | $0.0349(4)$ |
| H2N | $-0.156(3)$ | $1.053(3)$ | $0.426(2)$ | $0.042^{*}$ |
| O1 | $-0.4216(2)$ | $0.9862(2)$ | $0.28007(18)$ | $0.0530(5)$ |
| C11 | $0.18527(10)$ | $0.79226(8)$ | $-0.04530(6)$ | $0.05449(19)$ |
| C12 | $-0.04629(11)$ | $0.40151(9)$ | $0.34891(6)$ | $0.0607(2)$ |
| S1 | $0.19132(8)$ | $0.78798(8)$ | $0.33840(6)$ | $0.04599(18)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\hat{A}^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.0283(9)$ | $0.0309(10)$ | $0.0335(10)$ | $-0.0061(8)$ | $-0.0087(8)$ | $-0.0104(8)$ |
| C2 | $0.0328(10)$ | $0.0362(11)$ | $0.0355(10)$ | $-0.0091(9)$ | $-0.0099(8)$ | $-0.0045(8)$ |
| C3 | $0.0327(11)$ | $0.0510(14)$ | $0.0374(11)$ | $-0.0048(10)$ | $-0.0038(9)$ | $-0.0144(10)$ |
| C4 | $0.0393(12)$ | $0.0385(13)$ | $0.0534(14)$ | $0.0040(10)$ | $-0.0152(11)$ | $-0.0198(11)$ |
| C5 | $0.0501(13)$ | $0.0290(11)$ | $0.0562(14)$ | $-0.0061(10)$ | $-0.0214(11)$ | $-0.0052(10)$ |
| C6 | $0.0375(11)$ | $0.0367(11)$ | $0.0378(11)$ | $-0.0129(9)$ | $-0.0110(9)$ | $-0.0062(9)$ |
| C7 | $0.0291(8)$ | $0.0289(10)$ | $0.0276(9)$ | $-0.0089(8)$ | $-0.0025(7)$ | $-0.0048(8)$ |
| C8 | $0.0324(10)$ | $0.0336(11)$ | $0.0340(10)$ | $-0.0077(9)$ | $-0.0045(8)$ | $-0.0046(8)$ |
| C9 | $0.0411(13)$ | $0.0410(13)$ | $0.0574(15)$ | $0.0012(10)$ | $-0.0084(11)$ | $-0.0153(11)$ |
| N1 | $0.0258(8)$ | $0.0321(9)$ | $0.0393(9)$ | $-0.0054(7)$ | $-0.0070(7)$ | $-0.0125(7)$ |
| N2 | $0.0315(9)$ | $0.0324(9)$ | $0.0353(9)$ | $-0.0067(7)$ | $-0.0066(7)$ | $-0.0131(7)$ |
| O1 | $0.0351(8)$ | $0.0514(10)$ | $0.0654(11)$ | $-0.0058(7)$ | $-0.0162(8)$ | $-0.0201(8)$ |
| C11 | $0.0596(4)$ | $0.0476(4)$ | $0.0521(4)$ | $-0.0206(3)$ | $-0.0080(3)$ | $0.0075(3)$ |
| C12 | $0.0744(5)$ | $0.0573(4)$ | $0.0485(4)$ | $-0.0325(3)$ | $-0.0004(3)$ | $0.0009(3)$ |
| S1 | $0.0299(3)$ | $0.0539(4)$ | $0.0455(3)$ | $-0.0060(2)$ | $-0.0090(2)$ | $-0.0226(3)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Geometric parameters (A, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| C1-C2 | 1.384 (3) | C7-N1 | 1.329 (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1-C6 | 1.388 (3) | C7-N2 | 1.385 (2) |
| C1-N1 | 1.424 (2) | C7-S1 | 1.664 (2) |
| C2-C3 | 1.384 (3) | C8-O1 | 1.211 (2) |
| C2-C11 | 1.725 (2) | C8-N2 | 1.376 (3) |
| C3-C4 | 1.374 (4) | C8-C9 | 1.503 (3) |
| C3-H3 | 0.9300 | C9-H9A | 0.9600 |
| C4-C5 | 1.377 (4) | C9-H9B | 0.9600 |
| C4-H4 | 0.9300 | C9-- 99 C | 0.9600 |
| C5-C6 | 1.384 (3) | N1-H1N | 0.836 (16) |
| C5-H5 | 0.9300 | $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~N}$ | 0.845 (16) |
| C6-C12 | 1.730 (2) |  |  |
| C2-C1-C6 | 118.15 (18) | N1-C7-N2 | 115.94 (17) |
| C2-C1-N1 | 121.29 (19) | N1-C7-S1 | 124.10 (15) |
| C6-C1-N1 | 120.50 (18) | N2-C7-S1 | 119.95 (14) |
| C1-C2-C3 | 121.2 (2) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 122.41 (18) |
| C1-C2-C11 | 119.41 (15) | O1-C8-C9 | 122.4 (2) |
| C3-C2-Cl1 | 119.43 (18) | N2-C8-C9 | 115.21 (18) |
| C4-C3-C2 | 119.3 (2) | C8-C9-H9A | 109.5 |
| C4-C3-H3 | 120.4 | C8-C9-H9B | 109.5 |
| C2-C3-H3 | 120.4 | H9A-C9-H9B | 109.5 |
| C3-C4-C5 | 121.1 (2) | C8-C9-H9C | 109.5 |
| C3-C4-H4 | 119.4 | H9A-C9-H9C | 109.5 |
| C5-C4-H4 | 119.4 | H9B-C9-H9C | 109.5 |
| C4-C5-C6 | 118.8 (2) | C7-N1-C1 | 123.48 (17) |
| C4-C5-H5 | 120.6 | C7-N1-H1N | 116.3 (16) |
| C6-C5-H5 | 120.6 | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~N}$ | 120.3 (16) |
| C5-C6-C1 | 121.4 (2) | C8-N2-C7 | 128.23 (17) |
| C5-C6-Cl2 | 118.92 (18) | C8-N2-H2N | 117.7 (16) |
| C1-C6-Cl2 | 119.64 (15) | C7-N2-H2N | 114.0 (16) |
| C6-C1-C2-C3 | -1.0 (3) | N1-C1-C6-C5 | 177.63 (19) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -178.23 (18) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{Cl} 2$ | 179.87 (15) |
| C6-C1-C2-Cl1 | 179.45 (15) | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{Cl} 2$ | -2.8 (3) |
| N1-C1-C2-C11 | 2.2 (3) | N2-C7-N1-C1 | 179.64 (19) |
| C1-C2-C3-C4 | 0.7 (3) | S1-C7-N1-C1 | 0.7 (3) |
| C11-C2-C3-C4 | -179.70 (17) | C2-C1-N1-C7 | -86.2 (3) |
| C2-C3-C4-C5 | 0.2 (3) | $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 7$ | 96.6 (2) |
| C3-C4-C5-C6 | -0.8 (3) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 7$ | 6.5 (4) |
| C4-C5-C6-C1 | 0.5 (3) | C9-C8-N2-C7 | -172.7 (2) |
| C4-C5-C6-Cl2 | -179.01 (17) | N1-C7-N2-C8 | -2.4 (3) |
| C2- $21-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 0.3 (3) | S1-C7-N2-C8 | 176.56 (17) |

## supporting information

Hydrogen-bond geometry (A, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 N \cdots \mathrm{O} 1$ | $0.84(2)$ | $1.94(2)$ | $2.631(2)$ | $139(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 N \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.85(2)$ | $2.63(2)$ | $3.4252(17)$ | $158(2)$ |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x,-y+2,-z+1$.

