## organic compounds

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## 2-(2-Fluoro-4-hydroxybenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.057; wR factor = 0.141; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

In the title compound,  $C_{15}H_{10}FNO_3$ , the dihedral angle between the isoindoline-1,3-dione and 3-fluoro-4-methylphenol groups is 86.88 (8)°. The isoindoline-1,3-dione fragment is almost planar, with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.0154 Å within the group. Intermolecular  $C-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds generate C(6) chains running parallel to the [010] direction.

#### **Related literature**

For background to indoline-1,3-dione and its derivatives, see: Raza *et al.* (2010). For discussion of the broad spectrum of properties of these compounds, see: Bhattacharya & Chakrabarti (1998). For discussion of their anti-inflammatory properties, see: Sridhar & Ramesh (2001). For discussion of their anxiogenic activities, see: Medvedev *et al.* (1996). For related structures, see: Asad *et al.* (2012); Fu *et al.* (2010). For classification of hydrogen-bonding patterns, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



#### Experimental

Crystal data  $C_{15}H_{10}FNO_3$  $M_r = 271.24$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ a = 12.4362 (7) Å b = 13.8189 (8) Å c = 7.2376 (4) Å  $\beta = 105.784 (6)^{\circ}$   $V = 1196.92 (12) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4

# Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Eos diffractometer	6558 measured reflections
Absorption correction: analytical	2475 independent reflections
[CrysAlis PRO (Agilent, 2012)	1455 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
and Clark & Reid (1995)]	$R_{\rm int} = 0.030$
$T_{\min} = 0.977, T_{\max} = 0.995$	

Refinement

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.057 & 1 \text{ restraint} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.141 & H\text{-atom parameters constrained} \\ S &= 1.04 & \Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.27 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3} \\ 2475 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3} \\ 182 \text{ parameters} \end{split}$$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

 $0.49 \times 0.36 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$ 

T = 296 K

## Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$O1 - H1 \cdot \cdot \cdot F1^{i}$	0.82	2.52	3.267 (2)	152
$C2 - H6 \cdots O2^n$	0.93	2.51	3.303 (3)	144
C12−H12···O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.51	3.403 (3)	161
$C15-H15\cdots O3^{iv}$	0.93	2.47	3.346 (3)	157

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y, z + 1; (ii)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)  $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iv)

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: CrysAlis PRO; data reduction: CrysAlis PRO; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: MW2073).

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# supporting information

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## 2-(2-Fluoro-4-hydroxybenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione

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### S1. Comment

Indoline-2,3-dione and its derivatives are well known for their broad spectrum properties including anticonvulsant (Bhattacharya & Chakrabarti, 1998), anti-inflammatory (Sridhar & Ramesh, 2001) and anxiogenic (Medvedev *et al.*, 1996) activities. On the other hand, dithiocarbamates also show a large range of biological activities for example fungicidal (Ozkirimli *et al.*, 2005) and antitumor activities (Cao *et al.*, 2005; Gaspari *et al.*, 2006).

As an extension of the work on the structural characterization of indoline-2,3-dione derivatives, the crystal structure of the title compound is reported here. The isoindoline-1,3-dione fragment is almost planar with an r.m.s. deviation of 0.0154 Å within the group. This unit makes a dihedral angle of 86.88 (8)° with the benzene ring.

The F1—C4 bond length of 1.349 (3) Å agrees with the corresponding distance in 9-(7-fluoro-4-oxo-4*H*-chromen-3-yl)-3,3,6,6-tetramethyl-2,3,4,5,6, 7,8,9-octahydro-1*H*-xanthene-1,8-dione [1.349 (2) Å (Asad *et al.*, 2012)]. The C=O bond lengths are 1.205 (3) Å for C8=O2 and C11=O3 which are similar to the corresponding values found in 2-(2-oxo-thiolan-3-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione [1.202 (5) Å and 1.207 (5) Å (Raza *et al.*, 2010)].

The molecules are linked into sheets by a combination of C—H···O and O—H···F interactions (Table 1). C(6) chains along [010] are created by pairwise C12—H12···O2 and C15—H15···O3 hydrogen bond interactions. The combination of the C(6) chains generates chain edge-fused  $R_2^2(10)$  rings running along [010]. C(6) chains along [001] are formed by O1 —H1···F1 hydrogen bond interactions (Fig.2).

## **S2.** Experimental

The compound 2-(2-fluoro-4-hydroxybenzyl)-1*H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione was prepared by combining solutions of 2-hydroxy-1*H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione (0.011 g 0.067 mmol) in 20 ml of ethanol and 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)methanamine (0.009 g, 0.067 mmol) in 20 ml of ethanol and refluxing the resulting mixture for 1 h with stirring. Crystals of 2-(2-fluoro-4-hydroxybenzyl)-1*H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained from ethyl alcohol by slow evaporation (yield 72%; m.p. 155–158°C).

## **S3. Refinement**

The H1 atom was located in a difference map and the O—H distance adjusted to 0.82 (2) Å while the other H atoms were placed in calculated positions. All were constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å and  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C,O)$ .



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



#### Figure 2

Crystal packing, viewed along the *b* axis, of the title compound. The C—H…O and O—H…F interactions are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

2-(2-Fluoro-4-hydroxybenzyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione

## Crystal data

C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>10</sub>FNO<sub>3</sub>  $M_r = 271.24$ Monoclinic, P2<sub>1</sub>/c Hall symbol: -P2ybc a = 12.4362 (7) Å b = 13.8189 (8) Å c = 7.2376 (4) Å  $\beta = 105.784$  (6)° V = 1196.92 (12) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4 F(000) = 560  $D_x = 1.505 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 1089 reflections  $\theta = 3.3-29.3^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.12 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 296 KPlate, yellow  $0.49 \times 0.36 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$  Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur Eos diffractometer Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 16.1333 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup> ω scans Absorption correction: analytical [ <i>CrysAlis PRO</i> (Agilent, 2012) and Clark & Reid (1995)] <i>Refinement</i>	$T_{\min} = 0.977, T_{\max} = 0.995$ 6558 measured reflections 2475 independent reflections 1455 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.5^{\circ}, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.3^{\circ}$ $h = -15 \rightarrow 15$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 17$ $l = -9 \rightarrow 9$
Refinement on $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$ $wR(F^2) = 0.141$ S = 1.04 2475 reflections 182 parameters 1 restraint Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0576P)^2 + 0.052P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.27$ e Å <sup>-3</sup> $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.25$ e Å <sup>-3</sup> Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc*=kFc[1+0.001xFc <sup>2</sup> \lambda <sup>3</sup> /sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4} Extinction coefficient: 0.015 (2)

### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
F1	0.51132 (13)	0.39770 (13)	0.2014 (2)	0.0744 (5)	
01	0.62844 (14)	0.34620 (14)	0.8605 (2)	0.0669 (6)	
H1	0.6025	0.3378	0.9521	0.100*	
O2	0.14305 (15)	0.22946 (14)	0.1784 (3)	0.0688 (6)	
03	0.15474 (15)	0.55595 (13)	0.2472 (2)	0.0640 (6)	
C1	0.4371 (2)	0.3540 (2)	0.7088 (4)	0.0587 (7)	
H2	0.4209	0.3437	0.8253	0.070*	
C2	0.3525 (2)	0.36576 (18)	0.5413 (4)	0.0512 (7)	
H6	0.2786	0.3635	0.5460	0.061*	
C3	0.37512 (19)	0.38080 (16)	0.3672 (3)	0.0432 (6)	
C4	0.4864 (2)	0.38324 (18)	0.3694 (3)	0.0489 (6)	
C5	0.5730 (2)	0.37230 (18)	0.5324 (4)	0.0555 (7)	
H3	0.6472	0.3745	0.5292	0.067*	
C6	0.5443 (2)	0.35796 (19)	0.6992 (4)	0.0573 (7)	

# supporting information

C7	0.2863 (2)	0.39461 (19)	0.1803 (3)	0.0513 (7)	
H7A	0.2988	0.4560	0.1244	0.062*	
H7B	0.2934	0.3438	0.0920	0.062*	
C8	0.1105 (2)	0.31010 (19)	0.1968 (4)	0.0486 (7)	
C9	0.00117 (19)	0.34221 (18)	0.2184 (3)	0.0443 (6)	
C10	0.00446 (19)	0.44188 (18)	0.2373 (3)	0.0423 (6)	
C11	0.1162 (2)	0.47537 (19)	0.2301 (3)	0.0464 (6)	
C12	-0.0859 (2)	0.4927 (2)	0.2606 (3)	0.0536 (7)	
H12	-0.0835	0.5596	0.2748	0.064*	
C13	-0.1802 (2)	0.4405 (2)	0.2620 (3)	0.0603 (8)	
H13	-0.2430	0.4731	0.2756	0.072*	
C14	-0.1837 (2)	0.3410 (2)	0.2438 (4)	0.0602 (8)	
H14	-0.2484	0.3079	0.2460	0.072*	
C15	-0.0921 (2)	0.2898 (2)	0.2221 (4)	0.0553 (7)	
H15	-0.0937	0.2228	0.2107	0.066*	
N1	0.17380 (16)	0.39322 (15)	0.2016 (3)	0.0475 (5)	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
F1	0.0609 (10)	0.1071 (14)	0.0657 (9)	-0.0106 (9)	0.0350 (8)	-0.0019 (9)
01	0.0467 (11)	0.0929 (15)	0.0528 (9)	-0.0076 (10)	-0.0006 (7)	0.0201 (10)
O2	0.0605 (13)	0.0456 (12)	0.1070 (15)	0.0039 (10)	0.0341 (11)	-0.0083 (11)
O3	0.0674 (13)	0.0437 (11)	0.0819 (13)	-0.0074 (10)	0.0220 (10)	-0.0014 (10)
C1	0.0578 (18)	0.0648 (18)	0.0557 (16)	-0.0048 (15)	0.0195 (13)	0.0081 (14)
C2	0.0432 (15)	0.0527 (16)	0.0620 (16)	-0.0025 (12)	0.0217 (12)	0.0039 (13)
C3	0.0406 (14)	0.0352 (13)	0.0560 (14)	-0.0028 (11)	0.0168 (11)	-0.0023 (11)
C4	0.0478 (16)	0.0486 (16)	0.0568 (15)	-0.0043 (13)	0.0253 (13)	-0.0021 (12)
C5	0.0404 (15)	0.0561 (18)	0.0729 (18)	-0.0019 (13)	0.0201 (14)	0.0016 (14)
C6	0.0463 (16)	0.0572 (17)	0.0596 (15)	-0.0028 (13)	-0.0008 (10)	0.0059 (14)
C7	0.0428 (14)	0.0555 (16)	0.0582 (14)	-0.0021 (13)	0.0182 (12)	0.0023 (13)
C8	0.0467 (16)	0.0416 (16)	0.0569 (15)	-0.0002 (13)	0.0132 (12)	-0.0039 (12)
C9	0.0415 (15)	0.0431 (15)	0.0461 (13)	0.0022 (12)	0.0084 (11)	-0.0006 (12)
C10	0.0400 (15)	0.0453 (15)	0.0389 (12)	0.0038 (12)	0.0061 (10)	-0.0012 (11)
C11	0.0489 (16)	0.0408 (16)	0.0465 (13)	-0.0005 (13)	0.0078 (11)	0.0014 (12)
C12	0.0541 (17)	0.0522 (16)	0.0524 (14)	0.0086 (14)	0.0108 (12)	-0.0037 (13)
C13	0.0474 (17)	0.075 (2)	0.0585 (15)	0.0138 (16)	0.0148 (13)	-0.0021 (15)
C14	0.0421 (16)	0.076 (2)	0.0631 (16)	-0.0033 (15)	0.0163 (13)	-0.0001 (15)
C15	0.0466 (16)	0.0528 (16)	0.0664 (16)	-0.0080 (14)	0.0153 (13)	-0.0047 (14)
N1	0.0387 (12)	0.0445 (12)	0.0589 (12)	0.0009 (10)	0.0126 (10)	-0.0005 (10)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1—C4	1.349 (3)	С7—Н7А	0.9700	
O1—C6	1.349 (3)	C7—H7B	0.9700	
01—H1	0.8200	C8—N1	1.388 (3)	
O2—C8	1.205 (3)	C8—C9	1.478 (3)	
O3—C11	1.205 (3)	C9—C15	1.374 (3)	

# supporting information

C1—C6	1.354 (4)	C9—C10	1.384 (3)
C1—C2	1.382 (3)	C10—C12	1.373 (3)
C1—H2	0.9300	C10—C11	1.479 (3)
$C^2 - C^3$	1 379 (3)	C11—N1	1 388 (3)
C2—H6	0.9300	C12-C13	1.380(4)
$C_3 - C_4$	1.380(3)	C12 $H12$	0.9300
$C_3 - C_7$	1.500(3)	$C_{12} - C_{14}$	1.380(4)
$C_{3}$	1.308(3) 1.372(3)	C13 H13	0.0300
$C_{4}$	1.372(3) 1.364(4)	$C_{13}^{-1113}$	1.385(4)
C5_U2	0.0200	C14 $U14$	1.385 (4)
С3—П3	0.9300		0.9300
C/—NI	1.449 (3)	C15—H15	0.9300
C6—O1—H1	109.5	02—C8—C9	129.5 (2)
C6—C1—C2	118.4 (2)	N1	106.3 (2)
C6—C1—H2	120.8	C15—C9—C10	121.7 (2)
C2—C1—H2	120.8	C15—C9—C8	130.5 (2)
C3—C2—C1	121.5 (2)	C10—C9—C8	107.8 (2)
С3—С2—Н6	119.2	C12—C10—C9	121.2 (2)
C1-C2-H6	119.2	$C_{12}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{11}$	1307(2)
$C_2 - C_3 - C_4$	116.5 (2)	C9-C10-C11	108.1(2)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_7$	123.9(2)	$O_{3}$ $C_{11}$ $N_{1}$	1243(2)
$C_{4} - C_{3} - C_{7}$	129.9(2) 119.6(2)	03-C11-C10	121.5(2) 1296(2)
$E_1 = C_2 = C_1$	119.0(2) 118.2(2)	N1 C11 C10	129.0(2)
$F_1 = C_4 = C_3$	110.2(2)	$C_{10}$ $C_{12}$ $C_{13}$	100.1(2)
F1 - C4 - C3	110.0(2)	$C_{10}$ $C_{12}$ $U_{12}$	117.5 (5)
$C_{3}$	125.9(2)	C10—C12—H12	121.3
C6C4	116.3 (2)	C13-C12-H12	121.3
C6-C5-H3	121.8	C12-C13-C14	121.6 (3)
C4—C5—H3	121.8	С12—С13—Н13	119.2
01	119.6 (3)	С14—С13—Н13	119.2
O1—C6—C5	117.1 (3)	C13—C14—C15	120.9 (3)
C1—C6—C5	123.3 (2)	C13—C14—H14	119.5
N1—C7—C3	113.3 (2)	C15—C14—H14	119.5
N1—C7—H7A	108.9	C9—C15—C14	117.2 (3)
С3—С7—Н7А	108.9	С9—С15—Н15	121.4
N1—C7—H7B	108.9	C14—C15—H15	121.4
С3—С7—Н7В	108.9	C11—N1—C8	111.6 (2)
H7A—C7—H7B	107.7	C11—N1—C7	123.9 (2)
O2—C8—N1	124.2 (2)	C8—N1—C7	124.5 (2)
C6 C1 C2 C3	0.2(4)	C8 C0 C10 C11	-0.5(2)
$C_{0} - C_{1} - C_{2} - C_{3}$	0.2(4)	$C_{12}$ $C_{10}$ $C_{11}$ $O_{2}$	0.3(2)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	-170.6(2)	$C_{12} = C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{3}$	-1774(2)
$C_1 - C_2 - C_3 - C_1$	1/9.0(2)	$C_{2} = C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{20}$	170.2(2)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = F_1$	1/9.9(2)	$C_{12} = C_{10} = C_{11} = N_1$	-1/9.3(2)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_4 = C_1^2$	-0.3(3)	$C_{2} = C_{10} = C_{12} = C_{12}$	1.0 (2)
12 - 13 - 14 - 15	-0.4(4)	$C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{12} = C_{13}$	-0.7(3)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_4 = C_5$	1/9.4 (2)	C11 - C10 - C12 - C13	-1/9.8 (2)
F1-C4-C5-C6	179.9 (2)	C10—C12—C13—C14	1.0 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.4 (4)

C2-C1-C6-O1 $C2-C1-C6-C5$ $C4-C5-C6-O1$ $C4-C5-C6-C1$ $C2-C3-C7-N1$ $C4-C3-C7-N1$ $O2-C8-C9-C15$ $N1-C8-C9-C15$ $O2-C8-C9-C10$ $N1-C8-C9-C10$ $C15-C9-C10-C12$ $C8-C9-C10-C12$ $C8-C9-C10-C12$	-179.6(2) -0.4(4) 179.4(2) 0.2(4) 1.6(3) -178.2(2) -0.5(4) 179.6(2) 179.2(3) -0.7(2) -0.1(3) -179.79(19)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.7 (3) \\ -179.7 (2) \\ -0.4 (4) \\ 177.0 (2) \\ -2.1 (2) \\ -2.8 (4) \\ 178.11 (18) \\ -178.1 (2) \\ 1.8 (3) \\ 1.7 (4) \\ -178.4 (2) \\ 92.4 (3) \\ 0.7 (4) \end{array}$
C15—C9—C10—C11	179.2 (2)	C3—C7—N1—C8	-87.4 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1—H1…F1 <sup>i</sup>	0.82	2.52	3.267 (2)	152
С2—Н6…О2 <sup>іі</sup>	0.93	2.51	3.303 (3)	144
C12—H12…O2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.93	2.51	3.403 (3)	161
C15—H15…O3 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.47	3.346 (3)	157

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y, z+1; (ii) x, -y+1/2, z+1/2; (iii) -x, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (iv) -x, y-1/2, -z+1/2.