

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ylidene)hydrazinecarbothioamide

Adriano Bof de Oliveira,^a* Cecília Santos Silva,^a Bárbara Regina Santos Feitosa,^a Christian Näther^b and Inke Jess^b

^aDepartamento de Química, Universidade Federal de Sergipe, Av. Marechal Rondon s/n, Campus, 49100-000 São Cristóvão-SE, Brazil, and ^bInstitut für Anorganische Chemie, Christian-Albrechts-Universität zu Kiel, Max-Eyth Strasse 2, D-24118 Kiel, Germany

Correspondence e-mail: adriano@daad-alumni.de

Received 11 June 2012; accepted 23 July 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.126; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.7.

The molecular structure of the title compound, $C_{11}H_{13}N_3S$, is not planar: the maximum deviation from the mean plane of the non-H atoms is 0.521 (2) Å for an aliphatic C atom, which corresponds to an envelope conformation for the nonaromatic ring. The hydrazinecarbothioamide substituent and the benzene ring have maximum deviations from the mean planes through the non-H atoms of 0.0288 (16) and 0.0124 (27) Å, respectively, and the dihedral angle between the two planes is 8.84 (13)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked into chains along $[1\overline{10}]$ by pairs of N-H···S hydrogen bonds between molecules related by centres of symmetry.

Related literature

For the synthesis of the title compound and the pharmacological activity of ketonethiosemicrabazones, see: Thanigaimalai et al. (2011). For crystal structures of other thiosemicarbazone derivatives with pharmacological activity, see: Pederzolli et al. (2011); Bittencourt et al. (2012).



2019 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.043$

Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{13}N_3S$	$V = 2210.6 (3) \text{ Å}^3$
$M_r = 219.30$	Z = 8
Monoclinic, $C2/c_{\circ}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
a = 15.4388 (11) A	$\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 5.5781 (3) A	T = 293 K
c = 26.338 (2) Å	$0.3 \times 0.2 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 102.940 \ (6)^{\circ}$	

Data collection

Stoe IPDS-1 diffractometer 7673 measured reflections 2402 independent reflections

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	136 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.126$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.08	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.19 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2402 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N2-H1N2\cdots S1^{i}$ N3-H1N3\cdots S1^{ii}	0.89 0.89	2.71 2.45	3.5606 (14) 3.3351 (16)	161 171

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1.

Data collection: X-AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2008); cell refinement: X-AREA; data reduction: X-RED32 (Stoe & Cie, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP in SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

We gratefully acknowledge financial support by the State of Schleswig-Holstein, Germany. We thank Professor Dr Wolfgang Bensch for access to his experimental facilities. CSS acknowledges CAPES for the award of a scholarship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FY2063).

References

Bittencourt, V. C. D., Gervini, V. C., Bresolin, L., Locatelli, A. & de Oliveira, A. B. (2012). Acta Cryst. E68, o1187.

Pederzolli, F. R. S., Bresolin, L., Carratu, V. S., Locatelli, A. & de Oliveira, A. B. (2011). Acta Cryst. E67, o1804.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

Stoe & Cie (2008). X-AREA, X-RED32 and X-SHAPE. Stoe & Cie, Darmstadt, Germany.

Thanigaimalai, P., Lee, K.-C., Sharma, V. K., Roh, E., Kim, Y. & Jung, S.-H. (2011). Bioorg. Med. Chem. 21, 3527-3530.

Westrip, S. P. (2010). J. Appl. Cryst. 43, 920-925.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2581 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812033302]

2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ylidene)hydrazinecarbothioamide

Adriano Bof de Oliveira, Cecília Santos Silva, Bárbara Regina Santos Feitosa, Christian Näther and Inke Jess

S1. Comment

Thiosemicarbazone derivatives have a wide range of pharmacological properties. For example, ketonethiosemicarbazones show pharmacological activity against melanogenesis in melanoma B16 cells (Thanigaimalai *et al.*, 2011). As part of our study on the synthesis of thiosemicarbazone derivatives, we report herein the crystal structure of 2-(3,4-dihydro-naphthalen-1(2H)-ylidene)hydrazinecarbothioamide.

In the crystal structure of the title compound the maximum deviation from the least squares plane through all nonhydrogen atoms is 0.5205 (23) Å for C3, which is in agreement with the envelope conformation observed for the nonaromatic ring (Fig. 1).

The molecule shows an *trans* conformation for the atoms about the C1—N1/N1—N2/N2—C11 bonds. The mean deviations from the least squares planes for the N1/N2/C11/N3/S1 and C5/C6/C7/C8/C9/C10 fragments amount to 0.0288 (16) Å for N2 and 0.0124 (27) Å for C7, respectively, and the dihedral angle between the two planes is 8.84 (13)°. The *trans* conformation for the thiosemicarbazone fragment is also observed in other structures (Pederzolli *et al.*, 2011 and Bittencourt *et al.*, 2012).

The molecules are connected *via* centrosymmetric pairs of N—H···S hydrogen bonds, forming a one-dimensional H-bonded polymer along [1 -1 0] (Fig. 2 and Table 1).

S2. Experimental

All starting materials were commercially available and were used without further purification. The synthesis was adapted from a procedure reported previously (Thanigaimalai *et al.*, 2011). The hydrochloric acid catalyzed reaction of 1-tetralone (10 mmol) and thiosemicarbazide (10 mmol) in a 3:1 mixture of ethanol and water (100 ml) was refluxed for 7 h. After cooling and filtering, crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by recrystallization from tetrahydro-furane.

S3. Refinement

All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. C—H H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry and were refined isotropically, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(C)$ using a riding model with C—H = 0.97 Å for aromatic and 0.93 Å for methylene H atoms. N—H H atoms were located in difference map, their bond lengths set to 0.89 Å and finally they were refined isotropically with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}(N)$ using a riding model.



Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound with labeling and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level.



Figure 2

Crystal structure of the title compound with view along the crystallographic c axis, showing the N—H···S hydrogen bonding as dashed lines.

2-(1,2,3,4-Tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ylidene)hydrazinecarbothioamide

Crystal data	
$C_{11}H_{13}N_3S$	Z = 8
$M_r = 219.30$	F(000) = 928
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.318 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc	Mo <i>K</i> α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 15.4388 (11) Å	$\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 5.5781 (3) Å	T = 293 K
c = 26.338 (2) Å	Block, yellow
$\beta = 102.940 \ (6)^{\circ}$	$0.3 \times 0.2 \times 0.2$ mm
$V = 2210.6 (3) \text{ Å}^3$	

Data collection

 Stoe IPDS-1 diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube, Stoe IPDS-1 Graphite monochromator φ scans 7673 measured reflections 	2402 independent reflections 2019 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.043$ $\theta_{max} = 27.0^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 3.4^{\circ}$ $h = -19 \rightarrow 19$ $k = -6 \rightarrow 7$ $l = -29 \rightarrow 33$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.126$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.08	H-atom parameters constrained
2402 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0611P)^2 + 0.6719P]$
136 parameters	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C1	0.29958 (11)	0.7852 (3)	0.39372 (7)	0.0547 (4)	
C2	0.21106 (12)	0.8320 (4)	0.40609 (8)	0.0651 (5)	
H2A	0.2187	0.9398	0.4357	0.078*	
H2B	0.1869	0.6825	0.4157	0.078*	
C3	0.14622 (13)	0.9414 (4)	0.36024 (9)	0.0748 (6)	
H3A	0.1336	0.8271	0.3318	0.090*	
H3B	0.0909	0.9779	0.3702	0.090*	
C4	0.18397 (16)	1.1667 (4)	0.34255 (10)	0.0803 (6)	
H4A	0.1438	1.2255	0.3113	0.096*	
H4B	0.1882	1.2883	0.3693	0.096*	
C5	0.27389 (14)	1.1280 (3)	0.33150 (7)	0.0647 (5)	
C6	0.30605 (19)	1.2810 (4)	0.29776 (9)	0.0837 (6)	
H6	0.2709	1.4078	0.2821	0.100*	
C7	0.3882 (2)	1.2473 (5)	0.28746 (10)	0.0920 (7)	
H7	0.4087	1.3528	0.2654	0.110*	
C8	0.43993 (17)	1.0605 (5)	0.30923 (10)	0.0881 (7)	
H8	0.4950	1.0357	0.3013	0.106*	

С9	0.41110 (15)	0.9082 (4)	0.34300 (9)	0.0761 (6)
H9	0.4472	0.7820	0.3581	0.091*
C10	0.32796 (12)	0.9407 (3)	0.35500 (7)	0.0583 (4)
N1	0.35565 (10)	0.6249 (3)	0.41497 (6)	0.0566 (4)
N2	0.33609 (9)	0.4805 (3)	0.45306 (6)	0.0580 (4)
H1N2	0.2861	0.4818	0.4646	0.070*
C11	0.39552 (11)	0.3092 (3)	0.47378 (7)	0.0540 (4)
N3	0.46628 (10)	0.2886 (3)	0.45383 (7)	0.0680 (5)
H1N3	0.5063	0.1731	0.4636	0.082*
H2N3	0.4719	0.4075	0.4323	0.082*
S 1	0.37784 (3)	0.13624 (10)	0.52278 (2)	0.0675 (2)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0598 (9)	0.0488 (9)	0.0579 (9)	0.0039 (7)	0.0182 (7)	0.0021 (7)
C2	0.0643 (10)	0.0616 (11)	0.0741 (12)	0.0111 (8)	0.0254 (9)	0.0117 (9)
C3	0.0649 (11)	0.0767 (13)	0.0823 (14)	0.0139 (10)	0.0152 (10)	0.0063 (11)
C4	0.0913 (14)	0.0677 (13)	0.0816 (14)	0.0220 (11)	0.0186 (11)	0.0137 (11)
C5	0.0867 (13)	0.0505 (10)	0.0566 (10)	0.0006 (9)	0.0153 (9)	0.0002 (8)
C6	0.1232 (19)	0.0616 (12)	0.0656 (12)	-0.0012 (12)	0.0197 (12)	0.0117 (10)
C7	0.128 (2)	0.0829 (16)	0.0730 (14)	-0.0202 (15)	0.0384 (14)	0.0123 (12)
C8	0.0951 (16)	0.0975 (17)	0.0812 (15)	-0.0122 (14)	0.0396 (13)	0.0123 (13)
C9	0.0788 (13)	0.0780 (14)	0.0779 (13)	0.0020 (10)	0.0310 (11)	0.0133 (11)
C10	0.0706 (10)	0.0515 (9)	0.0546 (9)	-0.0013 (8)	0.0178 (8)	0.0023 (8)
N1	0.0617 (8)	0.0545 (8)	0.0578 (8)	0.0057 (6)	0.0226 (6)	0.0075 (7)
N2	0.0561 (8)	0.0595 (9)	0.0641 (8)	0.0119 (6)	0.0257 (7)	0.0127 (7)
C11	0.0531 (8)	0.0519 (9)	0.0604 (10)	0.0071 (7)	0.0199 (7)	0.0017 (7)
N3	0.0628 (9)	0.0686 (10)	0.0820 (11)	0.0186 (7)	0.0362 (8)	0.0212 (8)
S1	0.0622 (3)	0.0737 (4)	0.0741 (3)	0.0200 (2)	0.0316 (2)	0.0242 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N1	1.282 (2)	С6—Н6	0.9300
C1-C10	1.478 (2)	C7—C8	1.359 (4)
C1—C2	1.497 (2)	C7—H7	0.9300
C2—C3	1.514 (3)	C8—C9	1.374 (3)
C2—H2A	0.9700	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—H2B	0.9700	C9—C10	1.401 (3)
C3—C4	1.503 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
С3—НЗА	0.9700	N1—N2	1.3722 (19)
С3—Н3В	0.9700	N2—C11	1.352 (2)
C4—C5	1.497 (3)	N2—H1N2	0.8899
C4—H4A	0.9700	C11—N3	1.319 (2)
C4—H4B	0.9700	C11—S1	1.6818 (17)
C5-C10	1.393 (3)	N3—H1N3	0.8900
C5—C6	1.401 (3)	N3—H2N3	0.8900
C6—C7	1.368 (4)		

N1-C1-C10	115.77 (15)	С7—С6—Н6	119.4
N1—C1—C2	125.91 (16)	С5—С6—Н6	119.4
C10—C1—C2	118.28 (15)	C8—C7—C6	120.3 (2)
C1—C2—C3	111.69 (16)	С8—С7—Н7	119.8
C1—C2—H2A	109.3	С6—С7—Н7	119.8
C3—C2—H2A	109.3	С7—С8—С9	120.1 (2)
C1—C2—H2B	109.3	С7—С8—Н8	119.9
С3—С2—Н2В	109.3	С9—С8—Н8	119.9
H2A—C2—H2B	107.9	C8—C9—C10	120.8 (2)
C4—C3—C2	110.56 (19)	С8—С9—Н9	119.6
С4—С3—НЗА	109.5	С10—С9—Н9	119.6
С2—С3—НЗА	109.5	C5—C10—C9	119.00 (18)
С4—С3—Н3В	109.5	C5—C10—C1	120.42 (16)
С2—С3—Н3В	109.5	C9—C10—C1	120.53 (17)
НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ	108.1	C1—N1—N2	119.39 (14)
C5—C4—C3	112.39 (17)	C11—N2—N1	118.00 (13)
C5—C4—H4A	109.1	C11—N2—H1N2	115.5
C3—C4—H4A	109.1	N1—N2—H1N2	126.4
C5—C4—H4B	109.1	N3—C11—N2	116.66 (15)
C3—C4—H4B	109.1	N3—C11—S1	123.15 (13)
H4A—C4—H4B	107.9	N2—C11—S1	120.19 (12)
C10—C5—C6	118.5 (2)	C11—N3—H1N3	122.2
C10—C5—C4	120.74 (17)	C11—N3—H2N3	113.4
C6—C5—C4	120.78 (19)	H1N3—N3—H2N3	124.3
C7—C6—C5	121.2 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N2—H1N2…S1 ⁱ	0.89	2.71	3.5606 (14)	161
N3—H1 <i>N</i> 3····S1 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.45	3.3351 (16)	171

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1; (ii) -x+1, -y, -z+1.