

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

2-Hydroxy-2-trifluoromethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-one

 Abdullah M. Asiri,^{a,b}† Hassan M. Faidallah,^b Khalid A. Alamry,^{a,b} Seik Weng Ng^c and Edward R. T. Tiekink^{c*}

^aCenter of Excellence for Advanced Materials Research (CEAMR), King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203, Jeddah 21589, Saudi Arabia, ^bChemistry Department, Faculty of Science, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203, Jeddah 21589, Saudi Arabia, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Correspondence e-mail: edward.tiekink@gmail.com

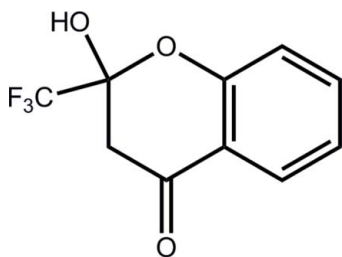
Received 25 June 2012; accepted 27 June 2012

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.051; wR factor = 0.171; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

The heterocyclic ring in the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_7\text{F}_3\text{O}_3$, has a half-boat conformation with the hydroxy-bearing C atom lying 0.595 (3) Å out of the plane of the five remaining atoms (r.m.s. deviation = 0.022 Å) in the direction of the hydroxy O atom. Linear supramolecular chains along the a axis, sustained by $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds between the hydroxy H and ketone O atoms, feature in the crystal packing. These chains are connected into a three-dimensional architecture by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ contacts.

Related literature

For an example of an anticipated product formed between the reaction of bis(ethylidene)ethane-1,2-diamine with an anhydride, see: Asiri *et al.* (2011). For the crystal structure of a related compound, see: Wang *et al.* (1999).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_7\text{F}_3\text{O}_3$	$a = 5.9516$ (5) Å
$M_r = 232.16$	$b = 8.5188$ (7) Å
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$c = 10.2036$ (8) Å

$\alpha = 66.985$ (8)°
 $\beta = 80.380$ (7)°
 $\gamma = 78.311$ (7)°
 $V = 464.05$ (7) Å³
 $Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.16$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.15$ mm

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2012)
 $T_{\min} = 0.528$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

3161 measured reflections
 2126 independent reflections
 1665 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.171$
 $S = 1.06$
 2126 reflections
 149 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.58$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O3}-\text{H3}o\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.86 (3)	1.97 (3)	2.768 (2)	154 (3)
$\text{C2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}^{ii}$	0.95	2.60	3.444 (3)	148
$\text{C3}-\text{H3}\cdots\text{F3}^{iii}$	0.95	2.52	3.338 (3)	144
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}A\cdots\text{F1}^{iv}$	0.99	2.51	3.033 (2)	113
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}B\cdots\text{O3}^v$	0.99	2.56	3.547 (2)	175

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 2, -y, -z + 2$; (iii) $x, y, z + 1$; (iv) $x - 1, y, z$; (v) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2012); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The authors are grateful to King Abdulaziz University for providing research facilities. We also thank the Ministry of Higher Education (Malaysia) for funding structural studies through the High-Impact Research scheme (UM.C/HIR/MOHE/SC/12).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2468).

References

- Agilent (2012). *CrysAlis PRO*. Agilent Technologies, Yarnton, England.
 Asiri, A. M., Al-Youbi, A. O., Faidallah, H. M. & Ng, S. W. (2011). *Acta Cryst. E* **67**, o2659–o2660.
 Brandenburg, K. (2006). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
 Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
 Wang, Q., Terreaux, C., Marston, A., Tan, R. X., Stoeckli-Evans, H. & Hostettmann, K. (1999). *Planta Med.* **65**, 729–731.
 Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.

† Additional correspondence author, e-mail: aasiri2@kau.edu.sa.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2299 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812029170]

2-Hydroxy-2-trifluoromethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-one

Abdullah M. Asiri, Hassan M. Faidallah, Khalid A. Alamry, Seik Weng Ng and Edward R. T. Tiekink

S1. Comment

The title compound, (I), was isolated unexpectedly from a reaction between *N,N'*-bis[1-(*p*-hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene]ethane-1,2-diamine and trifluoroacetic anhydride to yield the anticipated di-substituted ethylenediamine derivative in accord with literature precedents (Asiri *et al.*, 2011).

In (I), Fig. 1, the heterocyclic ring has a half-boat conformation with the hydroxy bearing C9 atom lying 0.595 (3) Å out of the plane of the five remaining atoms [r.m.s. deviation = 0.022 Å] in the direction of the hydroxy O3 atom. A similar conformation was found in a literature precedent with phenyl rather than CF₃ and with OH and two OMe substituents on the benzene ring (Wang *et al.*, 1999).

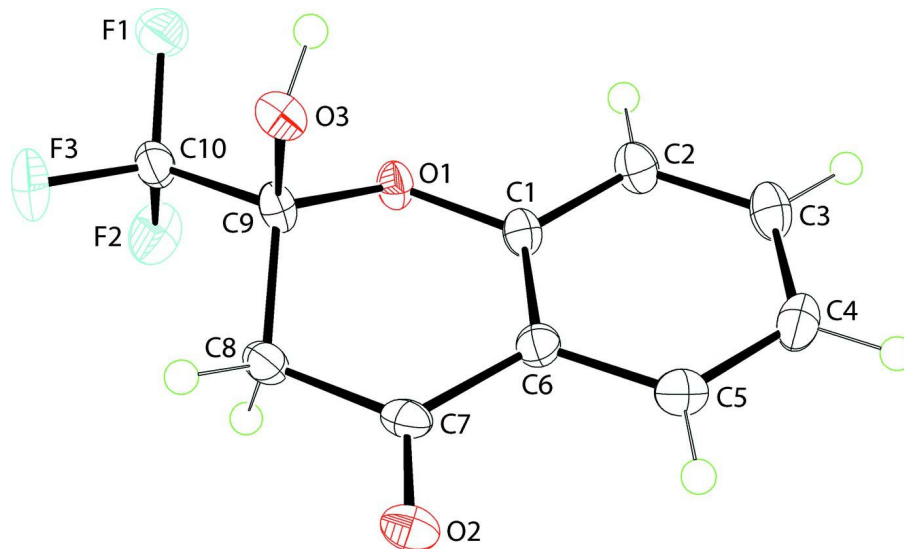
In the crystal, linear supramolecular chains sustained by O—H···O hydrogen bonds between the hydroxy H and ketone-O atoms (Table 1), are formed along the *a* axis (Fig. 2). These are connected into a three-dimensional architecture by C—H···O and C—H···F contacts (Fig. 3 and Table 1).

S2. Experimental

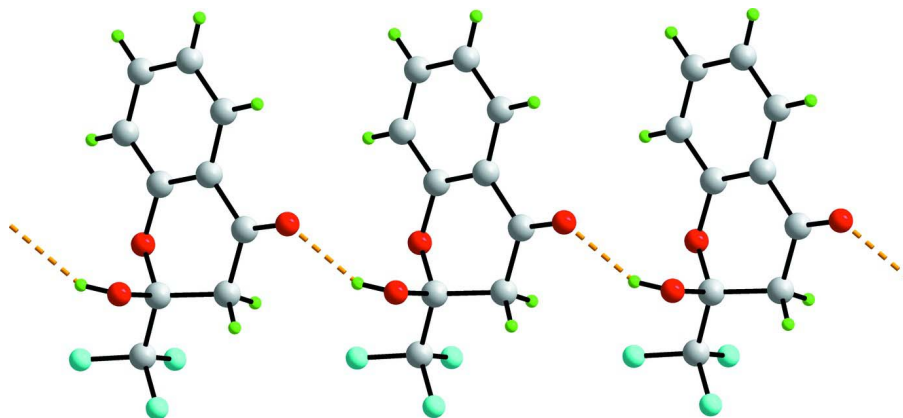
A mixture of *N,N'*-bis[1-(*p*-hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene]ethane-1,2-diamine (0.01 *M*) in THF (30 ml) and trifluoroacetic anhydride (0.025 *M*) was refluxed for 2 h. The solid which separated on cooling was recrystallized from its ethanol solution. *M. pt.*: 477–478 K. Yield: 70%.

S3. Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions [C—H = 0.95–0.99 Å, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$] and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation. The oxygen-bound H-atom was located in a difference Fourier map and was refined freely.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A view of the linear supramolecular chain along the *a* axis in (I) mediated by O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds shown as orange dashed lines.

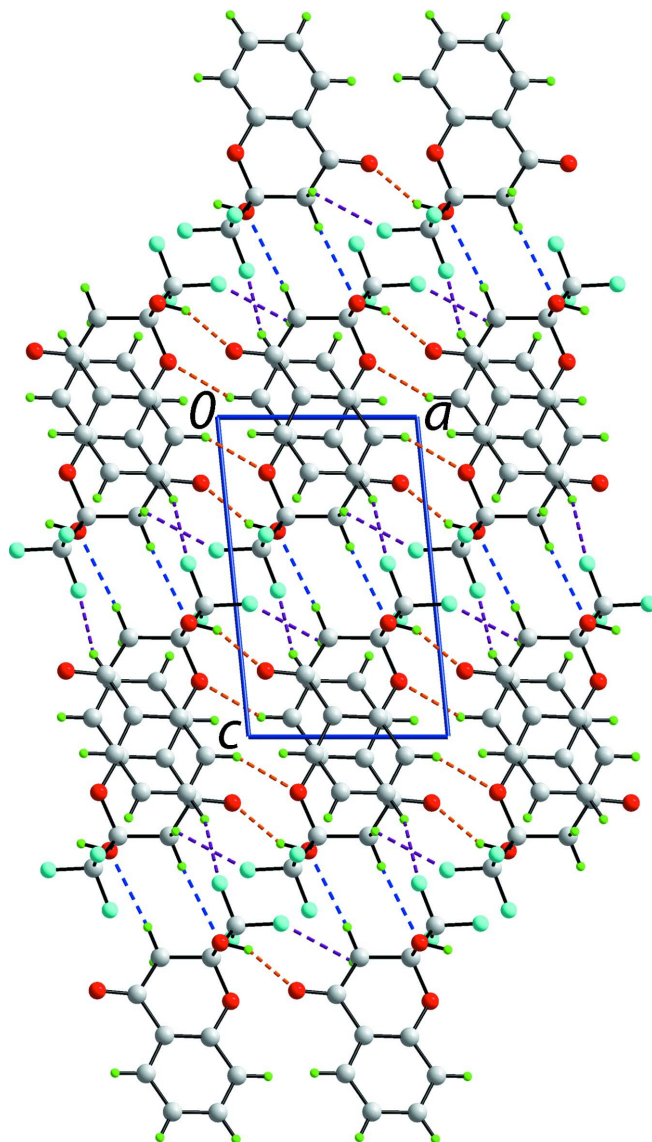


Figure 3

A view in projection along the b axis of the unit-cell contents of (I). The O—H...O, C—H...O and C—H...F interactions are shown as orange, blue and purple dashed lines, respectively.

2-Hydroxy-2-trifluoromethyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-1-benzopyran-4-one

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_7F_3O_3$

$M_r = 232.16$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$

$a = 5.9516$ (5) Å

$b = 8.5188$ (7) Å

$c = 10.2036$ (8) Å

$\alpha = 66.985$ (8)°

$\beta = 80.380$ (7)°

$\gamma = 78.311$ (7)°

$V = 464.05$ (7) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 236$

$D_x = 1.661$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 1358 reflections

$\theta = 2.6$ – 27.5 °

$\mu = 0.16$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K $0.30 \times 0.30 \times 0.15$ mm
 Block, colourless

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector	$T_{\min} = 0.528$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
Radiation source: SuperNova (Mo) X-ray Source	3161 measured reflections
Mirror monochromator	2126 independent reflections
Detector resolution: 10.4041 pixels mm^{-1}	1665 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
ω scan	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Agilent, 2012)	$\theta_{\max} = 27.6^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$
	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
	$k = -8 \rightarrow 11$
	$l = -12 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.171$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2]$
$S = 1.06$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2126 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
149 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.58 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	1.0703 (2)	0.18377 (19)	0.58363 (13)	0.0304 (4)
F2	0.8148 (2)	0.01895 (17)	0.63198 (13)	0.0313 (4)
F3	0.7818 (2)	0.26448 (18)	0.45820 (12)	0.0319 (4)
O1	0.7796 (2)	0.16833 (18)	0.82675 (13)	0.0178 (3)
O2	0.1156 (2)	0.4181 (2)	0.79358 (15)	0.0235 (4)
O3	0.7560 (3)	0.43915 (19)	0.64399 (14)	0.0209 (4)
C1	0.6584 (3)	0.2102 (3)	0.93909 (19)	0.0175 (4)
C2	0.7742 (4)	0.1650 (3)	1.0596 (2)	0.0211 (5)
H2	0.9293	0.1085	1.0621	0.025*
C3	0.6602 (4)	0.2034 (3)	1.1755 (2)	0.0232 (5)
H3	0.7378	0.1719	1.2583	0.028*
C4	0.4331 (4)	0.2877 (3)	1.1729 (2)	0.0237 (5)
H4	0.3574	0.3141	1.2531	0.028*

C5	0.3191 (3)	0.3325 (3)	1.0531 (2)	0.0213 (5)
H5	0.1641	0.3892	1.0514	0.026*
C6	0.4307 (3)	0.2950 (3)	0.93380 (19)	0.0175 (4)
C7	0.3132 (3)	0.3418 (3)	0.8052 (2)	0.0188 (4)
C8	0.4479 (3)	0.2822 (3)	0.6894 (2)	0.0195 (4)
H8A	0.4129	0.1672	0.7043	0.023*
H8B	0.3997	0.3636	0.5950	0.023*
C9	0.7043 (3)	0.2716 (3)	0.68994 (19)	0.0186 (4)
C10	0.8435 (3)	0.1831 (3)	0.59025 (19)	0.0202 (5)
H3o	0.893 (6)	0.430 (5)	0.666 (3)	0.064 (10)*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0218 (7)	0.0439 (9)	0.0346 (7)	-0.0066 (6)	0.0015 (5)	-0.0251 (7)
F2	0.0428 (9)	0.0221 (7)	0.0318 (7)	-0.0061 (6)	0.0050 (6)	-0.0156 (6)
F3	0.0443 (9)	0.0362 (8)	0.0169 (6)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0076 (5)	-0.0135 (6)
O1	0.0193 (7)	0.0196 (8)	0.0144 (6)	0.0026 (6)	-0.0048 (5)	-0.0075 (6)
O2	0.0167 (7)	0.0255 (8)	0.0282 (8)	-0.0012 (6)	-0.0067 (6)	-0.0091 (7)
O3	0.0206 (8)	0.0202 (8)	0.0234 (7)	-0.0026 (6)	-0.0062 (6)	-0.0083 (6)
C1	0.0222 (10)	0.0153 (10)	0.0148 (9)	-0.0017 (8)	-0.0037 (8)	-0.0054 (8)
C2	0.0236 (11)	0.0194 (11)	0.0204 (9)	0.0016 (8)	-0.0070 (8)	-0.0079 (8)
C3	0.0335 (12)	0.0200 (11)	0.0159 (9)	-0.0024 (9)	-0.0064 (8)	-0.0057 (8)
C4	0.0314 (12)	0.0222 (11)	0.0180 (9)	-0.0064 (9)	0.0035 (8)	-0.0094 (9)
C5	0.0189 (10)	0.0193 (11)	0.0256 (10)	-0.0029 (8)	-0.0018 (8)	-0.0085 (9)
C6	0.0182 (10)	0.0172 (10)	0.0169 (9)	-0.0043 (8)	-0.0008 (7)	-0.0057 (8)
C7	0.0161 (10)	0.0187 (10)	0.0221 (9)	-0.0067 (8)	-0.0033 (8)	-0.0055 (8)
C8	0.0181 (10)	0.0224 (11)	0.0195 (9)	-0.0040 (8)	-0.0055 (8)	-0.0073 (8)
C9	0.0218 (10)	0.0198 (10)	0.0156 (9)	0.0005 (8)	-0.0067 (8)	-0.0080 (8)
C10	0.0234 (11)	0.0224 (11)	0.0177 (9)	-0.0044 (8)	-0.0037 (8)	-0.0092 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1—C10	1.341 (2)	C3—C4	1.395 (3)
F2—C10	1.332 (2)	C3—H3	0.9500
F3—C10	1.328 (2)	C4—C5	1.381 (3)
O1—C1	1.379 (2)	C4—H4	0.9500
O1—C9	1.419 (2)	C5—C6	1.405 (3)
O2—C7	1.223 (3)	C5—H5	0.9500
O3—C9	1.400 (2)	C6—C7	1.467 (3)
O3—H3o	0.86 (3)	C7—C8	1.512 (3)
C1—C2	1.393 (2)	C8—C9	1.511 (3)
C1—C6	1.400 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9900
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9900
C2—H2	0.9500	C9—C10	1.534 (3)
C1—O1—C9	115.51 (14)	O2—C7—C8	121.50 (17)
C9—O3—H3o	107 (2)	C6—C7—C8	115.72 (17)

O1—C1—C2	116.74 (17)	C9—C8—C7	111.33 (15)
O1—C1—C6	122.38 (16)	C9—C8—H8A	109.4
C2—C1—C6	120.89 (17)	C7—C8—H8A	109.4
C3—C2—C1	119.07 (19)	C9—C8—H8B	109.4
C3—C2—H2	120.5	C7—C8—H8B	109.4
C1—C2—H2	120.5	H8A—C8—H8B	108.0
C2—C3—C4	121.14 (18)	O3—C9—O1	111.26 (14)
C2—C3—H3	119.4	O3—C9—C8	108.60 (17)
C4—C3—H3	119.4	O1—C9—C8	111.81 (16)
C5—C4—C3	119.62 (18)	O3—C9—C10	108.97 (16)
C5—C4—H4	120.2	O1—C9—C10	104.54 (16)
C3—C4—H4	120.2	C8—C9—C10	111.61 (15)
C4—C5—C6	120.47 (19)	F3—C10—F2	107.65 (15)
C4—C5—H5	119.8	F3—C10—F1	107.39 (16)
C6—C5—H5	119.8	F2—C10—F1	106.72 (17)
C1—C6—C5	118.81 (17)	F3—C10—C9	110.52 (17)
C1—C6—C7	119.75 (17)	F2—C10—C9	112.73 (16)
C5—C6—C7	121.44 (18)	F1—C10—C9	111.56 (15)
O2—C7—C6	122.72 (18)		
C9—O1—C1—C2	-154.98 (17)	O2—C7—C8—C9	152.82 (19)
C9—O1—C1—C6	24.6 (2)	C6—C7—C8—C9	-30.0 (2)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-179.77 (17)	C1—O1—C9—O3	70.0 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.7 (3)	C1—O1—C9—C8	-51.6 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.6 (3)	C1—O1—C9—C10	-172.49 (15)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (3)	C7—C8—C9—O3	-69.3 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.5 (3)	C7—C8—C9—O1	53.8 (2)
O1—C1—C6—C5	179.84 (16)	C7—C8—C9—C10	170.52 (16)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.6 (3)	O3—C9—C10—F3	-63.4 (2)
O1—C1—C6—C7	0.2 (3)	O1—C9—C10—F3	177.59 (14)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.72 (17)	C8—C9—C10—F3	56.6 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.5 (3)	O3—C9—C10—F2	176.10 (15)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.83 (18)	O1—C9—C10—F2	57.1 (2)
C1—C6—C7—O2	-178.94 (18)	C8—C9—C10—F2	-64.0 (2)
C5—C6—C7—O2	1.4 (3)	O3—C9—C10—F1	56.0 (2)
C1—C6—C7—C8	3.9 (3)	O1—C9—C10—F1	-63.0 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-175.77 (17)	C8—C9—C10—F1	175.96 (15)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O3—H3 o —O2 ⁱ	0.86 (3)	1.97 (3)	2.768 (2)	154 (3)
C2—H2—O1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.60	3.444 (3)	148
C3—H3—F3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.52	3.338 (3)	144
C8—H8A—F1 ^{iv}	0.99	2.51	3.033 (2)	113
C8—H8B—O3 ^v	0.99	2.56	3.547 (2)	175

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y, z$; (ii) $-x+2, -y, -z+2$; (iii) $x, y, z+1$; (iv) $x-1, y, z$; (v) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.