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Bis(5-methylpyrazine-2-carboxylato- κ^2N,O)nickel(II)

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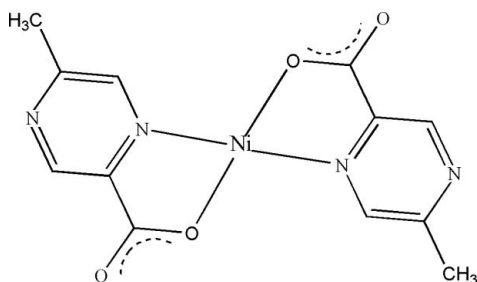
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.008$ Å; R factor = 0.062; wR factor = 0.176; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.4.

In the title complex, $[Ni(C_6H_5O_2N_2)_2]$, the Ni^{II} atom is situated on an inversion centre and is coordinated in a square-planar geometry by four O atoms and two N atoms of the chelating ligands.

Related literature

For applications of complexes derived from 2-methylpyrazine-5-carboxylic acid, see: Chapman *et al.* (2002); Ptasiwicz-Bak & Leciejewicz (2000); Tanase *et al.* (2006); Wang *et al.* (2008) For a related structure, see: Liu *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[Ni(C_6H_5N_2O_2)_2]$
 $M_r = 332.95$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 11.3098$ (19) Å
 $b = 7.6721$ (11) Å
 $c = 7.5467$ (10) Å
 $\beta = 105.647$ (2)°
 $V = 630.56$ (16) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.56$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.42 \times 0.31 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker APEXII CCD
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{min} = 0.560$, $T_{max} = 0.756$

 2875 measured reflections
 1105 independent reflections
 827 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{int} = 0.057$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.062$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.176$
 $S = 1.03$
 1105 reflections

 97 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 1.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.37$ e Å⁻³

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RU2036).

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supporting information

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Bis(5-methylpyrazine-2-carboxylato- κ^2N,O)nickel(II)**Qi-Ying Shi, Guo-Chun Zhang, Chun-Sheng Zhou and Qi Yang****S1. Comment**

Since the mononuclear complex $[\text{Cu}(\text{mpca})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3\text{H}_2\text{O}]$ (Hmpca = 2-methylpyrazine-5-carboxylic acid) was reported by Leciejewicz, many complexes based on the Hmpca have been prepared. The complex of Hmpca have been extensively investigated and have often been considered for practical use as a class of functional materials. In this paper, we report on the synthesis and characterization of $[\text{Ni}(\text{mpca})_2]_n$.

Single-crystal analysis shows the complex crystallizes in monoclinic space group $P2_1/c$ and exists as a two-dimensional geometry. As shown in Figure 1, Ni1 is four-coordinated by two oxygen atoms and two nitrogen atoms from two mpca⁻ ligands, displaying a square planar coordination geometry with Ni1—O1 = 1.947 (3) Å and Ni1—N1 = 1.977 (4) Å. The weak coordination between Ni1 and O2, which from the adjacent mpca⁻ ligand, result in the formation of a distorted octahedral geometry for nickel atom (Ni1—O2 = 2.509 (2) Å). Then the complex is further extended into a two-dimensional layer structure, see Figure 2.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of $\text{NiCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.238 g, 1 mmol), Hmpca (0.304 g, 1 mmol) and distilled H_2O (6 ml) was sealed in a 15 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel vessel, which was heated at 120°C for 3 days and then cooled to room temperature at a rate of 5°C/h. Red crystals were obtained, washed with ethanol (yield 43% based on Ni).

S3. Refinement

The H atoms of C atoms were positioned geometrically and refined with a riding model, with C—H = 0.93 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The water H atoms were located in difference Fourier maps, and were refined with distance restraints of O—H = 0.85±0.02 Å and H···H = 1.39±0.02 Å.

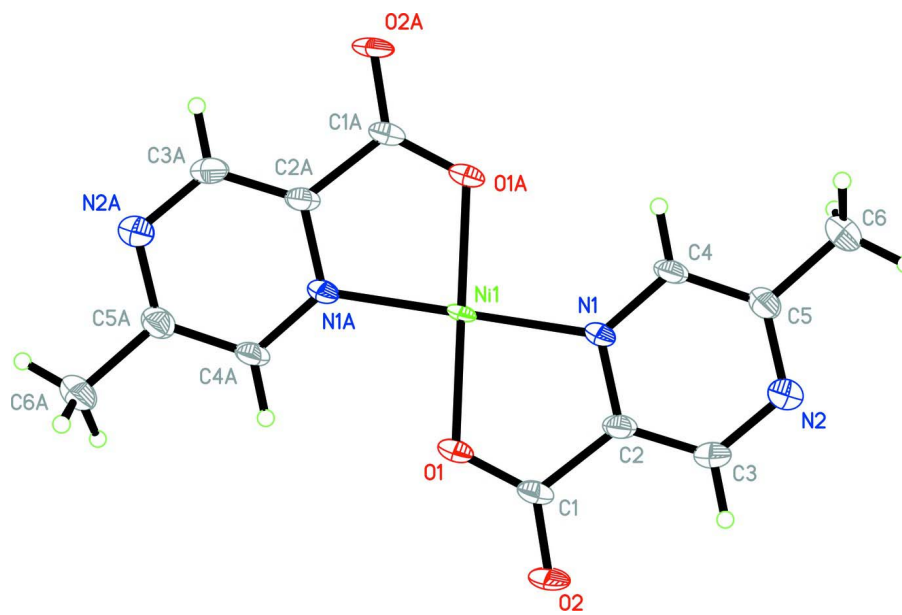


Figure 1

A view of the molecular structure of (I) with the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

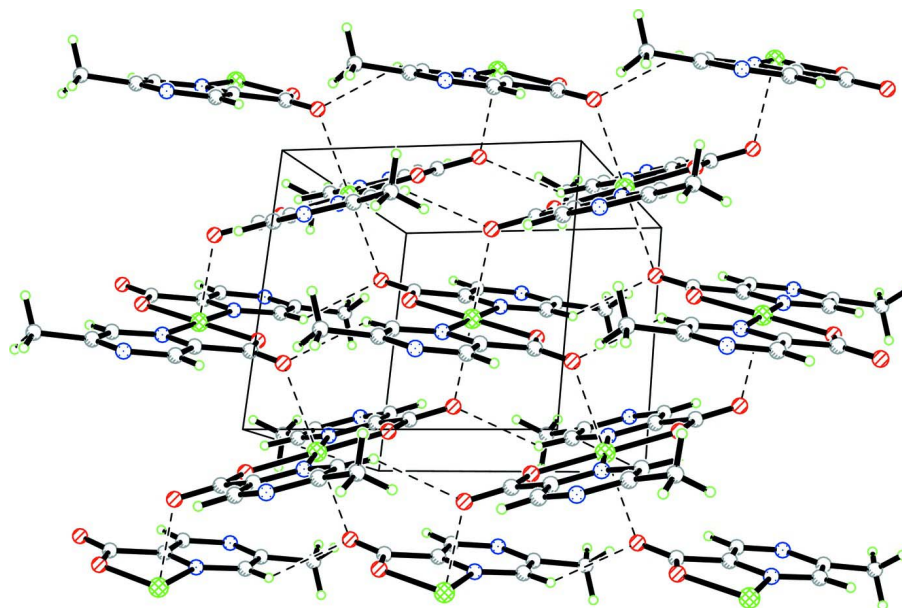


Figure 2

Two dimensional layer structure of (I)

Bis(5-methylpyrazine-2-carboxylato- κ^2N,O)nickel(II)

Crystal data

[Ni(C₆H₅N₂O₂)₂] $M_r = 332.95$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

 $a = 11.3098$ (19) Å $b = 7.6721$ (11) Å $c = 7.5467$ (10) Å $\beta = 105.647$ (2)° $V = 630.56$ (16) Å³ $Z = 2$ $F(000) = 340$ $D_x = 1.754$ Mg m⁻³ $D_m = 1.754$ Mg m⁻³ D_m measured by not measuredMo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2220 reflections

 $\theta = 1.3$ – 24.1 ° $\mu = 1.56$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298$ K

Block, green

 $0.42 \times 0.31 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

 $T_{\min} = 0.560$, $T_{\max} = 0.756$

2875 measured reflections

1105 independent reflections

827 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.057$ $\theta_{\max} = 25.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 1.9$ ° $h = -13$ → 10 $k = -9$ → 6 $l = -8$ → 8

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.062$ $wR(F^2) = 0.176$ $S = 1.03$

1105 reflections

97 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.121P)^2 + 0.167P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 1.34$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -1.37$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Ni1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.0317 (4)
N1	0.3510 (4)	0.4618 (5)	0.5844 (6)	0.0312 (10)
N2	0.1370 (5)	0.4682 (6)	0.6946 (7)	0.0475 (13)

O1	0.4846 (3)	0.7385 (4)	0.5791 (5)	0.0412 (9)
O2	0.3624 (4)	0.9088 (5)	0.6943 (5)	0.0485 (10)
C1	0.3918 (5)	0.7680 (7)	0.6395 (7)	0.0355 (12)
C2	0.3114 (5)	0.6106 (6)	0.6398 (6)	0.0342 (12)
C3	0.2062 (5)	0.6111 (7)	0.6967 (8)	0.0463 (14)
H3	0.1814	0.7151	0.7389	0.056*
C4	0.2869 (4)	0.3151 (7)	0.5865 (7)	0.0360 (12)
H4	0.3148	0.2096	0.5523	0.043*
C5	0.1780 (5)	0.3214 (7)	0.6401 (7)	0.0404 (13)
C6	0.1017 (5)	0.1600 (8)	0.6309 (8)	0.0529 (15)
H6A	0.0434	0.1771	0.7011	0.079*
H6B	0.1541	0.0633	0.6806	0.079*
H6C	0.0588	0.1362	0.5051	0.079*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Ni1	0.0421 (6)	0.0079 (5)	0.0502 (7)	−0.0023 (3)	0.0210 (4)	−0.0035 (3)
N1	0.039 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.040 (2)	−0.0016 (17)	0.0133 (18)	0.0004 (16)
N2	0.052 (3)	0.033 (3)	0.062 (3)	−0.003 (2)	0.023 (2)	−0.005 (2)
O1	0.053 (2)	0.0154 (18)	0.059 (2)	−0.0040 (16)	0.0209 (18)	−0.0051 (17)
O2	0.067 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.068 (3)	0.0046 (18)	0.0242 (19)	−0.0060 (17)
C1	0.048 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.041 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.010 (2)	−0.001 (2)
C2	0.046 (3)	0.019 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.001 (2)	0.013 (2)	−0.004 (2)
C3	0.059 (4)	0.026 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.027 (3)	−0.007 (2)
C4	0.044 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.048 (3)	−0.001 (2)	0.012 (2)	−0.002 (2)
C5	0.050 (3)	0.030 (3)	0.044 (3)	−0.007 (2)	0.018 (2)	0.001 (2)
C6	0.058 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.067 (4)	−0.015 (3)	0.022 (3)	−0.003 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Ni1—O1	1.947 (3)	C1—C2	1.512 (7)
Ni1—O1 ⁱ	1.947 (3)	C2—C3	1.370 (7)
Ni1—N1	1.977 (4)	C3—H3	0.9300
Ni1—N1 ⁱ	1.977 (4)	C4—C5	1.397 (7)
N1—C2	1.335 (6)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C4	1.341 (6)	C5—C6	1.501 (7)
N2—C5	1.325 (7)	C6—H6A	0.9600
N2—C3	1.345 (7)	C6—H6B	0.9600
O1—C1	1.272 (6)	C6—H6C	0.9600
O2—C1	1.233 (6)		
O1—Ni1—O1 ⁱ	180.000 (1)	C3—C2—C1	124.9 (5)
O1—Ni1—N1	83.45 (16)	N2—C3—C2	123.1 (5)
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1	96.55 (16)	N2—C3—H3	118.5
O1—Ni1—N1 ⁱ	96.55 (16)	C2—C3—H3	118.5
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1 ⁱ	83.45 (16)	N1—C4—C5	119.7 (5)
N1—Ni1—N1 ⁱ	180.0	N1—C4—H4	120.1

C2—N1—C4	119.1 (4)	C5—C4—H4	120.1
C2—N1—Ni1	111.2 (3)	N2—C5—C4	122.0 (5)
C4—N1—Ni1	129.7 (4)	N2—C5—C6	118.1 (5)
C5—N2—C3	116.4 (5)	C4—C5—C6	119.9 (5)
C1—O1—Ni1	115.3 (3)	C5—C6—H6A	109.5
O2—C1—O1	126.8 (5)	C5—C6—H6B	109.5
O2—C1—C2	118.9 (4)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
O1—C1—C2	114.4 (4)	C5—C6—H6C	109.5
N1—C2—C3	119.6 (5)	H6A—C6—H6C	109.5
N1—C2—C1	115.5 (4)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
O1—Ni1—N1—C2	3.6 (3)	Ni1—N1—C2—C1	-4.3 (5)
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1—C2	-176.4 (3)	O2—C1—C2—N1	-177.9 (4)
N1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1—C2	-75 (100)	O1—C1—C2—N1	2.7 (6)
O1—Ni1—N1—C4	-178.8 (5)	O2—C1—C2—C3	0.1 (8)
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1—C4	1.2 (5)	O1—C1—C2—C3	-179.3 (5)
N1 ⁱ —Ni1—N1—C4	102 (100)	C5—N2—C3—C2	2.5 (9)
O1 ⁱ —Ni1—O1—C1	-153 (100)	N1—C2—C3—N2	-2.2 (9)
N1—Ni1—O1—C1	-2.3 (3)	C1—C2—C3—N2	179.9 (5)
N1 ⁱ —Ni1—O1—C1	177.7 (3)	C2—N1—C4—C5	2.2 (7)
Ni1—O1—C1—O2	-178.9 (4)	Ni1—N1—C4—C5	-175.2 (3)
Ni1—O1—C1—C2	0.5 (5)	C3—N2—C5—C4	-0.4 (8)
C4—N1—C2—C3	-0.3 (7)	C3—N2—C5—C6	-178.4 (5)
Ni1—N1—C2—C3	177.6 (4)	N1—C4—C5—N2	-1.9 (8)
C4—N1—C2—C1	177.8 (4)	N1—C4—C5—C6	176.0 (5)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.