### organic compounds

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# 2,3,5,6-Tetrafluoro-1,4-bis(trimethyl-silyl)benzene

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 199 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; *R* factor = 0.027; *wR* factor = 0.068; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.0.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound,  $C_{12}H_{18}F_4Si_2$ , contains two independent molecules, both lying on inversion centers. The  $C_{arene}$ —Si distances are significantly longer than in the analogous non-fluorinated compound. The packing of the molecules results in a herringbone motif in the *ac* plane.

#### **Related literature**

For the synthesis and chemistry of  $1,4-(Me_3Si)_2-C_6F_4$ , see: Fearon & Gilman (1967); Tamborski & Soloski (1969); Fields *et al.* (1970); Sartori & Frohn (1974); Bardin *et al.* (1991); Frohn *et al.* (1998); Kashiwabara & Tanaka (2006). For related structures see: Rehm *et al.* (1999); Sekiguchi *et al.* (2000); Haberecht *et al.* (2002, 2004); Krumm *et al.* (2005); Hanamoto *et al.* (2006).



#### Experimental

Crystal data  $C_{12}H_{18}F_4Si_2$  $M_r = 294.44$ 

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ a = 19.8389 (4) Å c = 12.3827 (2) Å  $\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  $\beta = 107.407 \ (2)^{\circ}$ T = 199 KV = 1488.53 (5) Å<sup>3</sup>  $0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.20$  mm Z = 4Data collection Oxford Xcalibur Eos diffractometer 2496 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 8888 measured reflections  $R_{\rm int} = 0.015$ 2626 independent reflections Refinement  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$ 187 parameters  $wR(F^2) = 0.068$ H-atom parameters constrained S = 1.09 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.39 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^-$ 

### Table 1Selected geometric parameters (Å, $^{\circ}$ ).

b = 6.35013 (10) Å

2626 reflections

Si1-C2	1.9101 (15)	Si2-C8	1.9077 (15)

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min}$  = -0.22 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2009); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2011); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: MW2055).

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## supporting information

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### 2,3,5,6-Tetrafluoro-1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)benzene

#### Maik Finze, Guido J. Reiss and Hermann-Josef Frohn

#### S1. Comment

The first synthesis of the title compound 1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)tetrafluorobenzene, 1,4-(Me<sub>3</sub>Si)<sub>2</sub>—C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>4</sub>, was reported in 1967 starting from 1,2,4,5-tetrafluorobenzene, *n*-butyl lithium, and trimethylsilyl chloride (Fearon & Gilman 1967). Later, the compound was observed as a by-product in related reactions, improved methods for its selective synthesis were published and some reactions of 1,4-(Me<sub>3</sub>Si)<sub>2</sub>—C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>4</sub> were described (Tamborski & Soloski, 1969; Fields *et al.* 1970; Sartori & Frohn, 1974; Bardin *et al.* 1991; Frohn *et al.* 1998; Kashiwabara & Tanaka, 2006). The 1,4-(Me<sub>3</sub>Si)<sub>2</sub>—C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>4</sub> employed in the present study was prepared by a different route using poly(cadmium-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorobenzene), [1,4-Cd—C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>4</sub>]<sub>n</sub>, and trimethylsilyl chloride as starting materials.

The title compound 1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)tetrafluorobenzene (Figure 1) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group  $P_{1/c}$  with two independent molecules each of which is located on a center of symmetry. Both crystallographically independent molecules display very similar geometric parameters. The C–C,  $C_{methyl}$ –Si and C–F bond lengths are in the expected range. Both  $C_{arene}$ –Si distances are slightly longer than those found for the non-fluorinated analogue 1,4-(Me<sub>3</sub>Si)<sub>2</sub>—C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> [ $d(C_{arene}$ –Si) = 1.8817 (12) Å] (Haberecht *et al.* 2004) and other non-fluorinated Me<sub>3</sub>Si–C<sub>arene</sub> compounds (Haberecht *et al.* 2004; Rehm *et al.* 1999). In contrast, for related 1-trimethylsilyl-2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro benzene fragments similar values were reported (Sekiguchi *et al.* 2000, Krumm *et al.* 2005). In the closely related compound 1,2,4-(*i*Pr<sub>3</sub>Si)<sub>3</sub>—C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>3</sub> (Hanamoto *et al.* 2006) the  $d(C_{arene}$ –Si) of the *i*Pr<sub>3</sub>Si groups in *ortho* positions [d(C-Si) = 1.937 (2), 1.934 (2)] are significantly longer than those in the title compound whereas the third  $C_{arene}$ –Si distance [d(C-Si) = 1.914 (2) Å], which corresponds to the *i*Pr<sub>3</sub>Si group that has two F atoms in the *ortho* positions, is close to the values determined for 1,4-(Me<sub>3</sub>Si)<sub>2</sub>—C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>4</sub>.

The 1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)tetrafluorobenzene molecules are arranged in the *ac* plane to form a herringbone structure (Figure 2). The trimethylsilyl groups are interlinked by van der Waals interactions with methyl groups of neighboring molecules.

#### **S2. Experimental**

The starting material poly(cadmium-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorobenzene),  $[1,4-Cd-C_6F_4]_n$ , was synthesized by thermolysis of  $Cd(1,4-O_2C-C_6F_4)$  at 270 °C under vacuum according to a literature procedure (Sartori & Frohn, 1974).

7.1 g (27.3 mmol) poly(cadmium-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorobenzene),  $[1,4-Cd-C_6F_4]_n$ , was charged into a Duran-glass Carius tube inside a glove box. 6.55 g (60.3 mmol) freshly distilled (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiCl was added under protection of dry nitrogen. The tube was sealed and shaken and heated inside an oven. The temperature was increased stepwise over 30 h to 222°C without visual change of the reaction components. Further heating from 230 to 250°C over 26 h was accompanied by a reduction of the liquid phase and a change of the color to light grey. The Carius tube was cooled stepwise to -78°C before opening under nitrogen protection. CAUTION: Handling of the sealed Carius tube should proceed behind a large protection screen with long-sleeve leather gloves. At 0°C 3.4 g (31.3 mmol) of (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>SiCl were recovered by

condensation under high-vacuum. The dark grey solid residue, which contained the co-product CdCl<sub>2</sub>, was extracted with boiling petrol ether (60–70°C fraction). After removing the solvent from the extract a slightly brownish oil remained which was sublimed under high vacuum. The colorless crystals were collected on a water cooled sublimation finger. Yield *ca* 80%; mp 46°C [31–32°C isomeric mixture (Fields *et al.*, 1970)]; NMR (20% CCl<sub>4</sub> solution): <sup>1</sup>H -0.39 p.p.m., <sup>19</sup>F -124.2 p.p.m.; MS (EI, 73 eV)  $M^+$  294, the fragment ions 81 (CH<sub>3</sub>SiF<sub>2</sub>), 77 ((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>SiF), and 73 ((CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si) possessed higher intensities than the parent ion; IR (neat): 2946 (*m*), 2889 (*m*), 1575 (w), 1487 (w), 1400 (st, b), 1343 (w), 1334 (w), 1286 (w), 1240 (st), 1214 (st), 1183 (*m*), 1035 (w), 921 (st), 830 (st, b), 748 (st), 684 (*m*), 613 (*m*), 566 (w), 432 (w).

#### **S3. Refinement**

Methyl H atoms were identified in a difference map, idealized and refined using rigid groups allowed to rotate about the Si—C bond (AFIX 137 option of the *SHELXL97* program). All  $U_{iso}(H)$  values were refined unrestrictedly.



Figure 1

The two crystallographically independent molecules of the title compound (H-atoms are drawn with arbitrary radii; ' = -x, 1 - y, -z; '' = 1 - x, 2 - y, 1 - z).



#### Figure 2

Molecular packing of the title compound viewed parallel to the *b* axis, showing the herringbone type motif (ball and stick type model with arbitrary atom radii).

#### 2,3,5,6-Tetrafluoro-1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)benzene

#### Crystal data

C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>18</sub>F<sub>4</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>  $M_r = 294.44$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 19.8389 (4) Å b = 6.35013 (10) Å c = 12.3827 (2) Å  $\beta = 107.407$  (2)° V = 1488.53 (5) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

Oxford Xcalibur Eos diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Equatorial mounted graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 16.2711 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup> ω-scan 8888 measured reflections

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$  $wR(F^2) = 0.068$ S = 1.092626 reflections 187 parameters F(000) = 616  $D_x = 1.314 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 8162 reflections  $\theta = 3.1-28.3^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 199 KBlock, colourless  $0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$ 

2626 independent reflections 2496 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.015$  $\theta_{max} = 25.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 3.2^{\circ}$  $h = -22 \rightarrow 23$  $k = -7 \rightarrow 7$  $l = -14 \rightarrow 12$ 

0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0284P)^2 + 1.0425P]$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.39 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates	and isotropic	or equivalent isotro	opic displacement	parameters	$(Å^2)$	)
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	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Si1	0.12486 (2)	0.23395 (7)	0.19607 (3)	0.01427 (11)	
C1	-0.01679 (8)	0.3116 (2)	0.03692 (12)	0.0145 (3)	
F1	-0.03838 (4)	0.12566 (13)	0.06873 (7)	0.0203 (2)	
C2	0.05291 (8)	0.3765 (2)	0.08187 (12)	0.0139 (3)	
C3	0.06680 (7)	0.5691 (2)	0.04012 (12)	0.0141 (3)	
F3	0.13382 (4)	0.64624 (14)	0.07568 (7)	0.0199 (2)	
C4	0.08544 (8)	0.0143 (3)	0.25580 (13)	0.0224 (3)	
H4A	0.0484	0.0679	0.2834	0.034 (5)*	
H4B	0.1212	-0.0499	0.3170	0.037 (5)*	
H4C	0.0663	-0.0886	0.1979	0.037 (5)*	
C5	0.19335 (8)	0.1412 (3)	0.13233 (13)	0.0190 (3)	
H5A	0.2119	0.2592	0.1019	0.033 (5)*	
H5B	0.1727	0.0427	0.0728	0.030 (5)*	
H5C	0.2309	0.0738	0.1894	0.037 (5)*	
C6	0.16406 (9)	0.4291 (3)	0.30949 (13)	0.0241 (4)	
H6A	0.1858	0.5406	0.2794	0.044 (6)*	
H6B	0.1990	0.3611	0.3703	0.045 (6)*	
H6C	0.1276	0.4864	0.3373	0.042 (6)*	
Si2	0.35988 (2)	0.79571 (7)	0.56124 (3)	0.01519 (11)	
C7	0.50606 (8)	0.8812 (2)	0.59251 (12)	0.0156 (3)	
F7	0.51552 (5)	0.76178 (15)	0.68697 (7)	0.0227 (2)	
C8	0.43772 (8)	0.9180 (2)	0.52347 (12)	0.0147 (3)	
C9	0.43451 (7)	1.0409 (2)	0.42942 (12)	0.0152 (3)	
F9	0.37103 (4)	1.08933 (14)	0.35422 (7)	0.0203 (2)	
C10	0.36292 (9)	0.8818 (3)	0.70638 (13)	0.0235 (4)	
H10A	0.3604	1.0326	0.7086	0.038 (6)*	
H10B	0.4063	0.8348	0.7594	0.032 (5)*	
H10C	0.3237	0.8222	0.7259	0.039 (6)*	
C11	0.27524 (8)	0.8855 (3)	0.46024 (13)	0.0214 (3)	
H11A	0.2727	0.8394	0.3853	0.031 (5)*	
H11B	0.2729	1.0364	0.4617	0.030 (5)*	
H11C	0.2365	0.8269	0.4816	0.034 (5)*	

# supporting information

C12	0.36891 (9)	0.5045 (3)	0.55206 (14)	0.0235 (4)
H12A	0.3661	0.4662	0.4758	0.042 (6)*
H12B	0.3316	0.4365	0.5734	0.049 (6)*
H12C	0.4137	0.4610	0.6022	0.036 (5)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Si1	0.0148 (2)	0.0168 (2)	0.0121 (2)	0.00203 (16)	0.00533 (16)	0.00124 (16)
C1	0.0186 (7)	0.0128 (7)	0.0152 (7)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0099 (6)	0.0001 (6)
F1	0.0192 (5)	0.0163 (5)	0.0258 (5)	-0.0034 (4)	0.0073 (4)	0.0062 (4)
C2	0.0158 (7)	0.0160 (7)	0.0121 (7)	0.0017 (6)	0.0074 (6)	-0.0015 (6)
C3	0.0114 (7)	0.0177 (7)	0.0144 (7)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0057 (6)	-0.0030 (6)
F3	0.0124 (4)	0.0215 (5)	0.0247 (5)	-0.0043 (4)	0.0041 (4)	0.0018 (4)
C4	0.0210 (8)	0.0264 (9)	0.0213 (8)	0.0043 (7)	0.0089 (6)	0.0093 (7)
C5	0.0189 (8)	0.0216 (8)	0.0186 (7)	0.0019 (6)	0.0085 (6)	0.0008 (6)
C6	0.0262 (9)	0.0271 (9)	0.0162 (8)	0.0050 (7)	0.0019 (7)	-0.0033 (7)
Si2	0.0138 (2)	0.0159 (2)	0.0169 (2)	-0.00165 (16)	0.00616 (16)	-0.00042 (16)
C7	0.0187 (8)	0.0144 (7)	0.0135 (7)	0.0006 (6)	0.0045 (6)	0.0025 (6)
F7	0.0190 (5)	0.0288 (5)	0.0191 (5)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0039 (4)	0.0117 (4)
C8	0.0156 (7)	0.0134 (7)	0.0156 (7)	-0.0005 (6)	0.0055 (6)	-0.0020 (6)
C9	0.0122 (7)	0.0159 (7)	0.0153 (7)	0.0020 (6)	0.0006 (6)	-0.0009 (6)
F9	0.0124 (4)	0.0260 (5)	0.0192 (4)	0.0008 (4)	0.0000 (3)	0.0064 (4)
C10	0.0260 (9)	0.0264 (9)	0.0209 (8)	-0.0044 (7)	0.0116 (7)	-0.0012 (7)
C11	0.0157 (8)	0.0254 (9)	0.0240 (8)	-0.0011 (6)	0.0075 (6)	-0.0006 (7)
C12	0.0237 (8)	0.0185 (8)	0.0299 (9)	-0.0019 (7)	0.0105 (7)	0.0003 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Si1—C4	1.8574 (16)	Si2—C11	1.8579 (16)
Sil—C5	1.8595 (15)	Si2—C10	1.8620 (16)
Sil—C6	1.8602 (16)	Si2—C12	1.8644 (17)
Sil—C2	1.9101 (15)	Si2—C8	1.9077 (15)
C1—F1	1.3539 (17)	C7—F7	1.3591 (17)
C1-C3 <sup>i</sup>	1.379 (2)	С7—С9 <sup>іі</sup>	1.378 (2)
C1—C2	1.390 (2)	С7—С8	1.389 (2)
C2—C3	1.387 (2)	C8—C9	1.387 (2)
C3—F3	1.3605 (16)	C9—F9	1.3587 (16)
C3-C1 <sup>i</sup>	1.379 (2)	C9—C7 <sup>ii</sup>	1.378 (2)
C4—H4A	0.9600	C10—H10A	0.9600
C4—H4B	0.9600	C10—H10B	0.9600
C4—H4C	0.9600	C10—H10C	0.9600
С5—Н5А	0.9600	C11—H11A	0.9600
С5—Н5В	0.9600	C11—H11B	0.9600
C5—H5C	0.9600	C11—H11C	0.9600
С6—Н6А	0.9600	C12—H12A	0.9600
С6—Н6В	0.9600	C12—H12B	0.9600
С6—Н6С	0.9600	C12—H12C	0.9600

C4—Si1—C5	112.29 (7)	C11—Si2—C10	108.76 (7)
C4—Si1—C6	109.29 (8)	C11—Si2—C12	110.31 (8)
C5—Si1—C6	109.76 (7)	C10—Si2—C12	111.96 (8)
C4—Si1—C2	109.89 (7)	C11—Si2—C8	110.18 (7)
C5—Si1—C2	108.36 (7)	C10—Si2—C8	108.80 (7)
C6—Si1—C2	107.11 (7)	C12—Si2—C8	106.81 (7)
F1-C1-C3 <sup>i</sup>	117.10 (13)	F7—C7—C9 <sup>ii</sup>	117.62 (13)
F1—C1—C2	120.37 (13)	F7—C7—C8	118.79 (13)
C3 <sup>i</sup> —C1—C2	122.53 (14)	C9 <sup>ii</sup> —C7—C8	123.58 (14)
C3—C2—C1	113.39 (13)	C9—C8—C7	113.74 (13)
C3—C2—Si1	120.39 (11)	C9—C8—Si2	126.70 (11)
C1—C2—Si1	126.13 (11)	C7—C8—Si2	119.55 (11)
F3—C3—C1 <sup>i</sup>	117.22 (13)	F9—C9—C7 <sup>ii</sup>	117.13 (13)
F3—C3—C2	118.72 (13)	F9—C9—C8	120.19 (13)
C1 <sup>i</sup> —C3—C2	124.06 (13)	C7 <sup>ii</sup> —C9—C8	122.68 (13)
Si1—C4—H4A	109.5	Si2—C10—H10A	109.5
Si1—C4—H4B	109.5	Si2—C10—H10B	109.5
H4A—C4—H4B	109.5	H10A-C10-H10B	109.5
Si1—C4—H4C	109.5	Si2—C10—H10C	109.5
H4A—C4—H4C	109.5	H10A-C10-H10C	109.5
H4B—C4—H4C	109.5	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
Si1—C5—H5A	109.5	Si2—C11—H11A	109.5
Si1—C5—H5B	109.5	Si2—C11—H11B	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	109.5	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
Si1—C5—H5C	109.5	Si2—C11—H11C	109.5
H5A—C5—H5C	109.5	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
H5B—C5—H5C	109.5	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
Si1—C6—H6A	109.5	Si2—C12—H12A	109.5
Si1—C6—H6B	109.5	Si2—C12—H12B	109.5
H6A—C6—H6B	109.5	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
Si1—C6—H6C	109.5	Si2—C12—H12C	109.5
H6A—C6—H6C	109.5	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
Н6В—С6—Н6С	109.5	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
F1—C1—C2—C3	179.45 (12)	F7—C7—C8—C9	-179.74 (13)
C3 <sup>i</sup> —C1—C2—C3	-1.0 (2)	C9 <sup>ii</sup> —C7—C8—C9	0.1 (2)
F1—C1—C2—Si1	-3.9 (2)	F7—C7—C8—Si2	-1.36 (19)
C3 <sup>i</sup> —C1—C2—Si1	175.56 (11)	C9 <sup>ii</sup> —C7—C8—Si2	178.52 (12)
C4—Si1—C2—C3	167.71 (11)	C11—Si2—C8—C9	-5.61 (16)
C5—Si1—C2—C3	-69.26 (13)	C10—Si2—C8—C9	-124.75 (14)
C6—Si1—C2—C3	49.09 (13)	C12—Si2—C8—C9	114.22 (14)
C4—Si1—C2—C1	-8.68 (15)	C11—Si2—C8—C7	176.25 (12)
C5—Si1—C2—C1	114.36 (13)	C10—Si2—C8—C7	57.10 (14)
C6—Si1—C2—C1	-127.29 (13)	C12—Si2—C8—C7	-63.93 (13)
C1—C2—C3—F3	-178.22 (12)	C7—C8—C9—F9	179.85 (13)
Si1—C2—C3—F3	4.96 (18)	Si2—C8—C9—F9	1.6 (2)

# supporting information

C1-C2-C3-C1 <sup>i</sup>	1.1 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C7 <sup>ii</sup>	-0.1 (2)
Si1-C2-C3-C1 <sup>i</sup>	-175.76 (11)	Si2—C8—C9—C7 <sup>ii</sup>	-178.38 (11)

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*; (ii) -*x*+1, -*y*+2, -*z*+1.