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Benzyl 2-methyl-3-[(*E*)-(thiophen-2-yl)-methylidene]dithiocarbazate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002 \text{ Å}$; R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.080; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.1.

In the title compound, $C_{14}H_{14}N_2S_3$, the thione S atom and methyl group are syn, as are the two thioether S atoms. The molecule is twisted, the dihedral angles between the central $(C_2N_2S_2)$ residue and the pendent 2-thienyl and phenyl rings being 21.57 (6) and 77.54 (3)°, respectively. In the crystal, molecules assemble into a three-dimensional architecture via $C-H\cdots\pi$ interactions, involving both the five- and sixmembered rings as acceptors, as well as $S\cdots S$ interactions [3.3406 (5) Å] between centrosymmetrically related 2-thienyl rings.

Related literature

For the biological activity of related Schiff base compounds, see: Hazari *et al.* (2002). For a related structure, see: Scovill & Silverton (1980).

Experimental

Crystal data C₁₄H₁₄N₂S₃

 $M_r = 306.45$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ Z = 4 a = 6.0585 (1) Å Cu $K\alpha$ radiation b = 19.3774 (5) Å $\mu = 4.60 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ c = 12.5769 (3) Å T = 100 K $\beta = 103.200$ (2)° 0.15 × 0.15 × 0.15 mm V = 1437.49 (6) Å³

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual 5742 measured reflections diffractometer with an Atlas detector 2746 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrvsAlis PRO; Agilent, 2011)

Refinement

 $\begin{array}{ll} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029 & 173 \ {\rm parameters} \\ wR(F^2) = 0.080 & {\rm H-atom\ parameters\ constrained} \\ S = 1.04 & \Delta\rho_{\rm max} = 0.29\ {\rm e\ \mathring{A}^{-3}} \\ 2958\ {\rm reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\rm min} = -0.50\ {\rm e\ \mathring{A}^{-3}} \end{array}$

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $T_{\rm min}=0.871,\;T_{\rm max}=1.000$

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the S1,C1-C4 and C9-C14 rings, respectively.

$D-H\cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\begin{array}{c} C6 - H6A \cdots Cg1^{i} \\ C8 - H8A \cdots Cg2^{ii} \end{array}$	0.98	2.85	3.4021 (17)	117
	0.99	2.80	3.4795 (15)	127

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}$, $-y + \frac{1}{2}$, $z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) -x + 3, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Agilent, 2011); cell refinement: CrysAlis PRO; data reduction: CrysAlis PRO; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5198).

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Benzyl 2-methyl-3-[(*E*)-(thiophen-2-yl)methylidene]dithiocarbazate

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S1. Comment

As a continuation of systematic studies into the synthesis, characterization and biological activities of substituted Schiff base ligands and their metal complexes (Hazari *et al.*, 2002), crystals of the title compound, (I), were isolated and characterized crystallographically.

In (I), Fig. 1, the conformation about the imine N1=C5 bond [1.2876 (18) Å] is E. The six atoms of the central residue (S2,S3,N1,N2,C6 & C7) are co-planar having a r.m.s. deviation for the fitted atoms of 0.0395 Å. The maximum deviations from this plane are 0.0478 (7) Å for the S2 atom and -0.0557 (7) Å for the N1 atom. The 2-thienyl and phenyl rings form dihedral angles of 21.57 (6) and 77.54 (3)°, respectively, with the central plane, indicating a twisted molecule. In a rare example of a closely related compound, an E-methyl ester, the extreme ends of the molecule are both co-planar with the central residue (Scovill & Silverton, 1980). In (I), the thione-S and methyl group are E-syn, as are the two thioether-S atoms.

Molecules are consolidated into a three-dimensional architecture by C—H··· π interactions, involving both the five- and six-membered rings as acceptors, Table 1, as well as S1···S1ⁱ interactions [distance = 3.3406 (5) Å for symmetry operation i: 1 - x, 1 - y, -z] between centrosymmetrically related 2-thienyl rings, Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was isolated after a four step synthetic procedure. Synthesis of *N*-methyl-*S*-benzyldithiocarbazate: Potassium hydroxide (11.5 g), was dissolved in 90% ethanol (60 ml) and the mixture was cooled down to 273 K in an ice-bath. To this, methyl hydrazine (11.1 ml) was added slowly with mechanical stirring. A solution of carbondisulfide (12 ml) was added drop-wise from a burette with constant stirring over a period of 1 h. During this addition, the temperature of the reaction mixture was not to allowed to rise above 279 K. A yellow solution was obtained. Benzyl chloride (25 mL) was then added drop-wise with vigorous mechanical stirring. After the complete addition, the mixture was stirred for further 15 min, whereupon well formed crystals appeared. The product was separated by filtration and washed with water and recrystallized from ethanol and dried in a vacuum desiccator over silica gel. Yield: 15.75 g. *M*.pt: 373–375 K.

Synthesis of (I): A hot solution thiophene-2-carboxaldehyde (1.05 ml, 10 mmol) in absolute ethanol (40 ml) was mixed with a hot solution of N-methyl-S-benzyldithiocarbazate (2.12 g, 10 mmol) in the same solvent (40 ml). The mixture was refluxed for 6 h. on a water bath. After reducing a pale-red product appeared which was filtered off. This product was washed with ethanol several times (3 × 2 ml) and dried in a vacuum desiccator over silica gel. Yield: 1.55 g. M.pt: 433–435 K.

Attempted preparation of the dioxomolybdenum(VI) complex with (I): [MoO₂(acac)₂] (10 mmol) was dissolved in dry ethanol (40 ml) to which a hot solution of L (10 mmol) in dry ethanol (40 ml) was added. The mixture was refluxed for 6 h. on a water bath. After reducing the volume and standing overnight a light-blue product appeared, which was washed with ethanol for several times and dried in a vacuum desiccator over silica gel. M. pt: of product was > 493 K. Crystallization: The product was dissolved in ethanol to which half volume of petroleum ether was added (10/5 ml v/v). The solution was left for several days after which the title compound, (I), was deposited as crystals.

S3. Refinement

The C-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H = 0.95–0.99 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2-1.5 U_{equiv}(C)$.

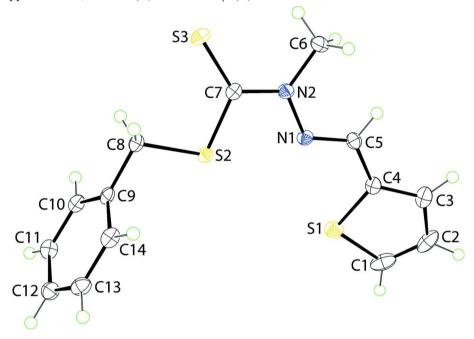


Figure 1
The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

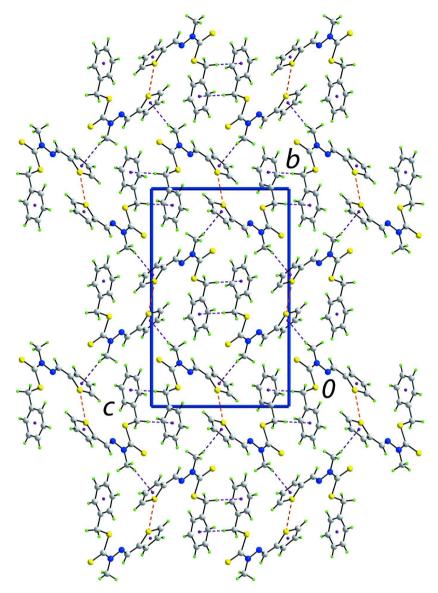


Figure 2 A view of the unit-cell contents in projection down the a axis in (I). The C—H··· π and S···S interactions are shown as purple and orange dashed lines, respectively.

Benzyl 2-methyl-3-[(*E*)-(thiophen-2-yl)methylidene]dithiocarbazate

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{14}N_2S_3$	F(000) = 640
$M_r = 306.45$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.416 {\rm \ Mg \ m^{-3}}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ Å}$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 3411 reflections
a = 6.0585 (1) Å	$\theta = 3.6 - 76.3^{\circ}$
b = 19.3774 (5) Å	$\mu = 4.60 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 12.5769 (3) Å	T = 100 K
$\beta = 103.200 (2)^{\circ}$	Block, yellow-green
$V = 1437.49 (6) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$
7 = 1	

Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual	$T_{\min} = 0.871, T_{\max} = 1.000$
diffractometer with an Atlas detector	5742 measured reflections
Radiation source: SuperNova (Cu) X-ray	2958 independent reflections
Source	2746 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Mirror monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.017$
Detector resolution: 10.4041 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 76.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 4.3^{\circ}$
ω scan	$h = -7 \longrightarrow 6$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$k = -21 \rightarrow 24$
(CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2011)	$l = -14 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ $wR(F^2) = 0.080$ S = 1.042958 reflections 173 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0498P)^2 + 0.373P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.50 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and F-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	x	y	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
S1	0.38152 (6)	0.42510(2)	0.02208(3)	0.02374 (11)	
S2	0.98715 (5)	0.412867 (18)	0.30849 (3)	0.01609 (10)	
S3	1.13698 (6)	0.28550(2)	0.44362 (3)	0.02327 (11)	
N1	0.6131 (2)	0.34137 (6)	0.21795 (9)	0.0164 (2)	
N2	0.7444 (2)	0.30069 (6)	0.29841 (9)	0.0173 (2)	
C1	0.1243 (3)	0.43987 (9)	-0.06539(13)	0.0309 (4)	
H1	0.0995	0.4737	-0.1215	0.037*	
C2	-0.0402(3)	0.39739 (10)	-0.04503(13)	0.0308 (4)	
H2	-0.1931	0.3985	-0.0855	0.037*	
C3	0.0401(3)	0.35160 (8)	0.04254 (12)	0.0226 (3)	
Н3	-0.0520	0.3185	0.0677	0.027*	
C4	0.2703 (2)	0.36066 (8)	0.08760 (11)	0.0176 (3)	
C5	0.4082(2)	0.32207 (7)	0.17652 (11)	0.0171 (3)	
H5	0.3479	0.2825	0.2044	0.020*	
C6	0.6657(3)	0.23282 (8)	0.32401 (13)	0.0230(3)	
H6A	0.7881	0.2090	0.3753	0.035*	

H6B	0.6211	0.2057	0.2568	0.035*
H6C	0.5352	0.2382	0.3571	0.035*
C7	0.9478 (2)	0.32789 (7)	0.35022 (11)	0.0161(3)
C8	1.2618 (2)	0.43443 (8)	0.39547 (11)	0.0182(3)
H8A	1.2569	0.4301	0.4733	0.022*
H8B	1.3797	0.4028	0.3809	0.022*
C9	1.3146 (2)	0.50761 (8)	0.36994 (11)	0.0167(3)
C10	1.4672 (2)	0.52084 (8)	0.30438 (11)	0.0186(3)
H10	1.5329	0.4834	0.2737	0.022*
C11	1.5239 (3)	0.58827 (8)	0.28352 (12)	0.0212 (3)
H11	1.6290	0.5967	0.2393	0.025*
C12	1.4274 (3)	0.64340 (8)	0.32713 (12)	0.0217(3)
H12	1.4663	0.6894	0.3129	0.026*
C13	1.2733 (3)	0.63085 (8)	0.39186 (12)	0.0217 (3)
H13	1.2065	0.6684	0.4217	0.026*
C14	1.2175 (2)	0.56349 (8)	0.41276 (11)	0.0204(3)
H14	1.1120	0.5553	0.4568	0.025*

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0266(2)	0.0239(2)	0.01970 (19)	0.00074 (14)	0.00326 (14)	0.00408 (13)
S2	0.01503 (17)	0.01798 (18)	0.01359 (17)	-0.00058 (12)	-0.00020 (12)	0.00121 (11)
S3	0.02006 (18)	0.0231(2)	0.0235(2)	0.00380 (13)	-0.00161 (14)	0.00613 (14)
N1	0.0182 (6)	0.0174 (6)	0.0126 (5)	0.0008 (4)	0.0012 (4)	0.0017 (4)
N2	0.0183 (6)	0.0169 (6)	0.0151 (5)	-0.0003(5)	0.0005 (4)	0.0031 (4)
C1	0.0414 (10)	0.0315 (9)	0.0169 (7)	0.0162 (7)	0.0005 (7)	-0.0005 (6)
C2	0.0237 (8)	0.0413 (10)	0.0227(8)	0.0135 (7)	-0.0043(6)	-0.0136 (7)
C3	0.0194(7)	0.0290(8)	0.0188 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0106 (6)
C4	0.0180(6)	0.0198 (7)	0.0145 (6)	-0.0010(5)	0.0028 (5)	-0.0048(5)
C5	0.0180(6)	0.0176 (6)	0.0157 (6)	-0.0028(5)	0.0041 (5)	-0.0016(5)
C6	0.0237 (7)	0.0184 (7)	0.0254 (7)	-0.0028(6)	0.0025 (6)	0.0057 (6)
C7	0.0160(6)	0.0190(6)	0.0139 (6)	0.0016 (5)	0.0044 (5)	-0.0009(5)
C8	0.0153 (6)	0.0211 (7)	0.0162 (6)	0.0000 (5)	-0.0008(5)	0.0001 (5)
C9	0.0136 (6)	0.0208 (7)	0.0130(6)	0.0006 (5)	-0.0023(5)	-0.0002(5)
C10	0.0168 (6)	0.0221 (7)	0.0161 (6)	0.0031 (5)	0.0023 (5)	-0.0032(5)
C11	0.0201 (7)	0.0270(8)	0.0171 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0056 (5)	0.0003 (6)
C12	0.0229(7)	0.0215 (7)	0.0186 (7)	0.0000 (6)	0.0007 (6)	0.0014(6)
C13	0.0234 (7)	0.0217 (7)	0.0194 (7)	0.0051 (6)	0.0038 (6)	-0.0023(5)
C14	0.0191 (7)	0.0267 (8)	0.0161(6)	0.0026 (6)	0.0055(5)	-0.0007(5)

Geometric parameters (Å, o)

S1—C1	1.7139 (17)	C6—H6A	0.9800
	· /		
S1—C4	1.7164 (15)	C6—H6B	0.9800
S2—C7	1.7610 (15)	C6—H6C	0.9800
S2—C8	1.8188 (14)	C8—C9	1.504(2)
S3—C7	1.6594 (14)	C8—H8A	0.9900

N1—C5	1.2876 (18)	C8—H8B	0.9900
N1—N2	1.3821 (16)	C9—C10	1.3960 (19)
N2—C7	1.3615 (18)	C9—C14	1.398 (2)
N2—C6	1.4597 (18)	C10—C11	1.391 (2)
C1—C2	1.362 (3)	C10—H10	0.9500
C1—H1	0.9500	C11—C12	1.389 (2)
C2—C3	1.412 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C2—H2	0.9500	C12—C13	1.393 (2)
C3—C4	1.3915 (19)	C12—H12	0.9500
C3—H3	0.9500	C13—C14	1.388 (2)
C4—C5	1.443 (2)	C13—H13	0.9500
C5—H5	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
C3—113	0.7300	C14—1114	0.2300
C1—S1—C4	91.75 (8)	N2—C7—S3	123.41 (11)
C7—S2—C8	101.72 (7)	N2—C7—S2	112.87 (10)
C5—N1—N2	118.12 (12)	S3—C7—S2	123.72 (8)
C7—N2—N1	115.86 (11)	C9—C8—S2	107.34 (9)
C7—N2—C6	123.27 (12)	C9—C8—H8A	110.2
N1—N2—C6	120.86 (11)	S2—C8—H8A	110.2
C2—C1—S1	112.07 (13)	C9—C8—H8B	110.2
C2—C1—S1 C2—C1—H1	124.0	S2—C8—H8B	110.2
S1—C1—H1	124.0	H8A—C8—H8B	108.5
C1—C2—C3	112.96 (14)	C10—C9—C14	118.61 (14)
C1—C2—H2	123.5	C10—C9—C8	120.07 (13)
C3—C2—H2	123.5	C14—C9—C8	121.30 (13)
C4—C3—C2	111.92 (15)	C11—C10—C9	120.62 (13)
C4—C3—H3	124.0	C11—C10—H10	119.7
C2—C3—H3	124.0	C9—C10—H10	119.7
C3—C4—C5	126.83 (14)	C12—C11—C10	120.22 (14)
C3—C4—S1	111.30 (11)	C12—C11—H11	119.9
C5—C4—S1	121.87 (11)	C10—C11—H11	119.9
N1—C5—C4	119.83 (13)	C11—C12—C13	119.67 (14)
N1—C5—H5	120.1	C11—C12—H12	120.2
C4—C5—H5	120.1	C13—C12—H12	120.2
N2—C6—H6A	109.5	C14—C13—C12	119.97 (14)
N2—C6—H6B	109.5	C14—C13—H13	120.0
H6A—C6—H6B	109.5	C12—C13—H13	120.0
N2—C6—H6C	109.5	C13—C14—C9	120.90 (13)
H6A—C6—H6C	109.5	C13—C14—H14	119.6
H6B—C6—H6C	109.5	C9—C14—H14	119.6
Hob Co Hoc	107.5	C) C14 1114	117.0
C5—N1—N2—C7	-171.17 (12)	C6—N2—C7—S2	-175.83 (11)
C5—N1—N2—C6	9.13 (19)	C8—S2—C7—N2	177.56 (10)
C4—S1—C1—C2	0.23 (13)	C8—S2—C7—S3	-1.90 (10)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-0.11 (18)	C7—S2—C8—C9	-178.59 (9)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.10 (19)	S2—C8—C9—C10	-102.29 (13)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-178.82 (13)	S2—C8—C9—C10 S2—C8—C9—C14	79.22 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C3 C2—C3—C4—S1	` ′	C14—C9—C10—C11	` '
C2—C3—C4—S1	0.27 (16)	C14-C9-C10-C11	0.9 (2)

C1—S1—C4—C3	-0.28 (12)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-177.58 (13)
C1—S1—C4—C5	178.86 (12)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.5 (2)
N2—N1—C5—C4	-176.07 (12)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.0(2)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-172.02 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.2(2)
S1—C4—C5—N1	8.98 (19)	C12—C13—C14—C9	0.2(2)
N1—N2—C7—S3	-176.06 (9)	C10—C9—C14—C13	-0.8(2)
C6—N2—C7—S3	3.63 (19)	C8—C9—C14—C13	177.73 (13)
N1—N2—C7—S2	4.48 (15)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the S1,C1-C4 and C9-C14 rings, respectively.

D— H ··· A	<i>D</i> —H	$H\cdots A$	D··· A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C6—H6 <i>A</i> ··· <i>Cg</i> 1 ⁱ	0.98	2.85	3.4021 (17)	117
C8—H8 <i>A···Cg</i> 2 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.80	3.4795 (15)	127

Symmetry codes: (i) x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2; (ii) -x+3, -y+1, -z+1.