

(5-Bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)(4-propylcyclohexyl)methanone

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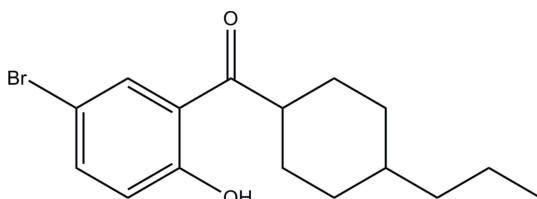
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 113\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.062; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.4.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{21}\text{BrO}_2$, the cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation. The hydroxy and carbonyl groups are involved in an intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond. In the crystal, weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions link the molecules into zigzag chains along [010].

Related literature

For details of the biological activity of SGLT2 inhibitors, see: Meng *et al.* (2008); Gao *et al.* (2010); Shao *et al.* (2011). For related structures, see: Robinson *et al.* (2002); Wang *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{21}\text{BrO}_2$ $M_r = 325.24$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ $a = 14.5826 (12)\text{ \AA}$ $b = 8.5467 (8)\text{ \AA}$ $c = 12.6369 (10)\text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 113.037 (5)^\circ$ $V = 1449.4 (2)\text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 2.83\text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 113\text{ K}$ $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.12\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn 724 CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear-SM Expert*; Rigaku/MSC, 2009) $T_{\min} = 0.601$, $T_{\max} = 0.727$

17988 measured reflections

3441 independent reflections

3069 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$ $wR(F^2) = 0.062$ $S = 1.04$

3441 reflections

177 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.81\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots O2	0.81 (2)	1.82 (2)	2.5527 (16)	148 (3)
C3—H3 \cdots O1 ¹	0.95	2.59	3.483 (2)	157

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear-SM Expert* (Rigaku/MSC, 2009); cell refinement: *CrystalClear-SM Expert*; data reduction: *CrystalClear-SM Expert*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors thank Dr Haibin Song, Nankai University, for the X-ray crystallographic determination.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5261).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1181 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536812011634]

(5-Bromo-2-hydroxyphenyl)(4-propylcyclohexyl)methanone

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S1. Comment

SGLT2 inhibitors represent a new class of potential hypoglycemic agents (Meng *et al.*, 2008). During the development of our own cyclohexane-bearing SGLT2 inhibitors (Gao *et al.*, 2010; Shao *et al.*, 2011), the title compound (I) was prepared as a key intermediate.

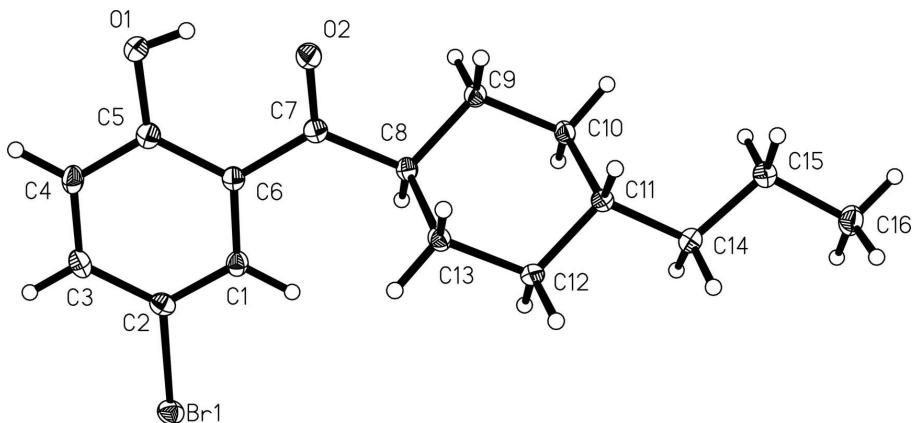
In (I) (Fig. 1), all bond lengths and angles are normal and in a good agreement with those reported previously for related compounds (Robinson *et al.*, 2002; Wang *et al.*, 2011). The cyclohexane ring (C8—C13) adopts a chair conformation. Weak intermolecular C—H···O interactions (Table 1) link the molecules into zigzag chains in [010].

S2. Experimental

A dried 100-ml round-bottomed flask was charged with 1.89 g (10 mmol) of *trans*-4-propylcyclohexanecarboxylic acid chloride, 1.87 g (10 mmol) of 4-bromoanisole and 20 ml of dried dichloromethane. The mixture was stirred on an ice-water bath, followed by addition of 1.60 g (12 mmol) of anhydrous aluminium chloride in a portionwise manner. After addition, the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h and at reflux overnight, and poured into 300 ml of ice-water. The mixture thus formed was exacted with three 50-ml portions of dichloromethane, and the combined exacts were washed with saturated brine, dried over sodium sulfate and evaporated on a rotary evaporator to afford the crude title compound. Pure title compound was obtained by column chromatography. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained through slow evaporation of a solution of the pure title compound in dichloromethane/petroleum ether (1/30 by volume).

S3. Refinement

Hydroxy atom H1 was located on a difference map and isotropically refined. C-bound H atoms were geometrically positioned [$\text{C}-\text{H} = 0.95\text{--}1.00 \text{ \AA}$], and included in the final cycles of refinement using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for the methyl H atoms.

**Figure 1**

View of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level.

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Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{21}\text{BrO}_2$
 $M_r = 325.24$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
 $a = 14.5826 (12) \text{ \AA}$
 $b = 8.5467 (8) \text{ \AA}$
 $c = 12.6369 (10) \text{ \AA}$
 $\beta = 113.037 (5)^\circ$
 $V = 1449.4 (2) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 672$
 $D_x = 1.490 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Cell parameters from 5072 reflections
 $\theta = 1.8\text{--}27.9^\circ$
 $\mu = 2.83 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 113 \text{ K}$
Prism, colourless
 $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn 724 CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: rotating anode
Multilayer monochromator
Detector resolution: 14.22 pixels mm^{-1}
 ω and φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear-SM Expert*; Rigaku/MSC, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.601$, $T_{\max} = 0.727$

17988 measured reflections
3441 independent reflections
3069 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.9^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$
 $h = -19 \rightarrow 19$
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.062$
 $S = 1.04$
3441 reflections
177 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0334P)^2 + 0.0947P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.002$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.81 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	1.101943 (12)	0.65152 (2)	0.057741 (15)	0.02149 (7)
O1	0.80421 (9)	1.03963 (14)	-0.31892 (10)	0.0200 (3)
H1	0.759 (2)	1.066 (3)	-0.301 (2)	0.058 (8)*
O2	0.69906 (9)	1.05226 (14)	-0.19829 (10)	0.0202 (3)
C1	0.92537 (13)	0.83440 (18)	-0.04336 (14)	0.0169 (3)
H1A	0.9181	0.8160	0.0271	0.020*
C2	1.00541 (12)	0.77214 (19)	-0.06037 (14)	0.0174 (3)
C3	1.01921 (13)	0.8002 (2)	-0.16215 (15)	0.0197 (4)
H3	1.0747	0.7565	-0.1733	0.024*
C4	0.95127 (13)	0.8920 (2)	-0.24620 (15)	0.0193 (4)
H4	0.9610	0.9135	-0.3148	0.023*
C5	0.86871 (13)	0.95348 (19)	-0.23174 (14)	0.0170 (3)
C6	0.85425 (12)	0.92496 (19)	-0.12913 (14)	0.0153 (3)
C7	0.76554 (12)	0.99105 (19)	-0.11519 (14)	0.0157 (3)
C8	0.75600 (12)	0.98403 (19)	-0.00005 (13)	0.0153 (3)
H8	0.8240	0.9946	0.0623	0.018*
C9	0.69103 (13)	1.11868 (19)	0.01104 (14)	0.0174 (4)
H9A	0.7221	1.2196	0.0053	0.021*
H9B	0.6247	1.1133	-0.0530	0.021*
C10	0.67844 (13)	1.11146 (19)	0.12561 (14)	0.0169 (4)
H10A	0.7440	1.1282	0.1893	0.020*
H10B	0.6335	1.1968	0.1283	0.020*
C11	0.63570 (12)	0.95477 (18)	0.14288 (13)	0.0154 (3)
H11	0.5675	0.9435	0.0812	0.018*
C12	0.70000 (13)	0.82152 (19)	0.12971 (14)	0.0174 (4)
H12A	0.6697	0.7205	0.1368	0.021*
H12B	0.7668	0.8276	0.1928	0.021*
C13	0.71144 (13)	0.82583 (19)	0.01480 (14)	0.0164 (3)
H13A	0.6456	0.8109	-0.0487	0.020*
H13B	0.7556	0.7396	0.0116	0.020*
C14	0.62659 (13)	0.9434 (2)	0.25955 (14)	0.0183 (4)
H14A	0.5998	0.8389	0.2656	0.022*
H14B	0.6942	0.9509	0.3211	0.022*
C15	0.56089 (13)	1.0669 (2)	0.28140 (15)	0.0202 (4)
H15A	0.4955	1.0692	0.2156	0.024*

H15B	0.5923	1.1709	0.2869	0.024*
C16	0.54478 (14)	1.0347 (2)	0.39195 (15)	0.0247 (4)
H16A	0.5087	0.9359	0.3843	0.037*
H16B	0.5059	1.1201	0.4056	0.037*
H16C	0.6095	1.0276	0.4568	0.037*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.01672 (10)	0.02144 (10)	0.02637 (11)	0.00224 (7)	0.00849 (8)	0.00249 (7)
O1	0.0228 (7)	0.0202 (6)	0.0201 (6)	0.0024 (5)	0.0115 (6)	0.0036 (5)
O2	0.0184 (6)	0.0240 (6)	0.0187 (6)	0.0029 (5)	0.0077 (5)	0.0018 (5)
C1	0.0178 (8)	0.0165 (8)	0.0184 (8)	-0.0028 (7)	0.0094 (7)	-0.0016 (7)
C2	0.0158 (8)	0.0140 (8)	0.0215 (9)	-0.0014 (7)	0.0063 (7)	-0.0009 (7)
C3	0.0195 (9)	0.0169 (8)	0.0267 (9)	-0.0027 (7)	0.0135 (8)	-0.0054 (7)
C4	0.0225 (9)	0.0189 (8)	0.0213 (9)	-0.0041 (7)	0.0139 (8)	-0.0025 (7)
C5	0.0202 (9)	0.0138 (8)	0.0176 (8)	-0.0040 (7)	0.0079 (7)	-0.0033 (7)
C6	0.0168 (8)	0.0129 (8)	0.0173 (8)	-0.0028 (7)	0.0080 (7)	-0.0023 (6)
C7	0.0163 (8)	0.0130 (8)	0.0185 (8)	-0.0029 (6)	0.0075 (7)	-0.0016 (7)
C8	0.0142 (8)	0.0163 (8)	0.0162 (8)	-0.0005 (7)	0.0069 (7)	-0.0006 (6)
C9	0.0200 (9)	0.0151 (8)	0.0201 (9)	0.0005 (7)	0.0112 (7)	0.0011 (7)
C10	0.0195 (9)	0.0148 (8)	0.0199 (9)	0.0009 (7)	0.0115 (7)	-0.0007 (7)
C11	0.0155 (8)	0.0158 (8)	0.0150 (8)	0.0009 (6)	0.0061 (7)	0.0003 (7)
C12	0.0192 (9)	0.0152 (8)	0.0198 (9)	0.0020 (7)	0.0098 (7)	0.0039 (7)
C13	0.0179 (8)	0.0146 (8)	0.0185 (8)	0.0006 (6)	0.0089 (7)	-0.0017 (7)
C14	0.0194 (9)	0.0187 (8)	0.0181 (8)	-0.0002 (7)	0.0089 (7)	0.0014 (7)
C15	0.0205 (9)	0.0218 (9)	0.0202 (9)	0.0020 (7)	0.0100 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C16	0.0285 (10)	0.0260 (10)	0.0245 (9)	-0.0005 (8)	0.0157 (8)	-0.0008 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Br1—C2	1.9046 (17)	C10—C11	1.528 (2)
O1—C5	1.353 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9900
O1—H1	0.81 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9900
O2—C7	1.233 (2)	C11—C12	1.525 (2)
C1—C2	1.374 (2)	C11—C14	1.534 (2)
C1—C6	1.403 (2)	C11—H11	1.0000
C1—H1A	0.9500	C12—C13	1.525 (2)
C2—C3	1.398 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9900
C3—C4	1.379 (2)	C12—H12B	0.9900
C3—H3	0.9500	C13—H13A	0.9900
C4—C5	1.390 (2)	C13—H13B	0.9900
C4—H4	0.9500	C14—C15	1.522 (2)
C5—C6	1.414 (2)	C14—H14A	0.9900
C6—C7	1.484 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9900
C7—C8	1.516 (2)	C15—C16	1.530 (2)
C8—C9	1.531 (2)	C15—H15A	0.9900
C8—C13	1.543 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9900

C8—H8	1.0000	C16—H16A	0.9800
C9—C10	1.530 (2)	C16—H16B	0.9800
C9—H9A	0.9900	C16—H16C	0.9800
C9—H9B	0.9900		
C5—O1—H1	107.5 (19)	C9—C10—H10B	109.2
C2—C1—C6	120.60 (15)	H10A—C10—H10B	107.9
C2—C1—H1A	119.7	C12—C11—C10	109.65 (13)
C6—C1—H1A	119.7	C12—C11—C14	110.22 (13)
C1—C2—C3	120.96 (16)	C10—C11—C14	112.72 (13)
C1—C2—Br1	119.98 (13)	C12—C11—H11	108.0
C3—C2—Br1	119.03 (13)	C10—C11—H11	108.0
C4—C3—C2	119.17 (16)	C14—C11—H11	108.0
C4—C3—H3	120.4	C11—C12—C13	112.75 (13)
C2—C3—H3	120.4	C11—C12—H12A	109.0
C3—C4—C5	120.81 (16)	C13—C12—H12A	109.0
C3—C4—H4	119.6	C11—C12—H12B	109.0
C5—C4—H4	119.6	C13—C12—H12B	109.0
O1—C5—C4	117.44 (15)	H12A—C12—H12B	107.8
O1—C5—C6	122.35 (15)	C12—C13—C8	110.19 (13)
C4—C5—C6	120.21 (16)	C12—C13—H13A	109.6
C1—C6—C5	118.23 (15)	C8—C13—H13A	109.6
C1—C6—C7	122.23 (15)	C12—C13—H13B	109.6
C5—C6—C7	119.54 (15)	C8—C13—H13B	109.6
O2—C7—C6	119.47 (14)	H13A—C13—H13B	108.1
O2—C7—C8	119.83 (14)	C15—C14—C11	115.33 (14)
C6—C7—C8	120.70 (14)	C15—C14—H14A	108.4
C7—C8—C9	110.51 (13)	C11—C14—H14A	108.4
C7—C8—C13	110.65 (13)	C15—C14—H14B	108.4
C9—C8—C13	110.01 (13)	C11—C14—H14B	108.4
C7—C8—H8	108.5	H14A—C14—H14B	107.5
C9—C8—H8	108.5	C14—C15—C16	111.95 (14)
C13—C8—H8	108.5	C14—C15—H15A	109.2
C10—C9—C8	111.34 (13)	C16—C15—H15A	109.2
C10—C9—H9A	109.4	C14—C15—H15B	109.2
C8—C9—H9A	109.4	C16—C15—H15B	109.2
C10—C9—H9B	109.4	H15A—C15—H15B	107.9
C8—C9—H9B	109.4	C15—C16—H16A	109.5
H9A—C9—H9B	108.0	C15—C16—H16B	109.5
C11—C10—C9	112.15 (13)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C11—C10—H10A	109.2	C15—C16—H16C	109.5
C9—C10—H10A	109.2	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C11—C10—H10B	109.2	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.4 (3)	O2—C7—C8—C9	-27.0 (2)
C6—C1—C2—Br1	179.29 (12)	C6—C7—C8—C9	152.95 (14)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.1 (3)	O2—C7—C8—C13	95.07 (18)
Br1—C2—C3—C4	-177.77 (13)	C6—C7—C8—C13	-84.95 (18)

C2—C3—C4—C5	−1.4 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	178.66 (13)
C3—C4—C5—O1	−178.60 (15)	C13—C8—C9—C10	56.18 (18)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.2 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	−56.10 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C5	−1.6 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	54.50 (18)
C2—C1—C6—C7	178.51 (15)	C9—C10—C11—C14	177.69 (14)
O1—C5—C6—C1	−179.88 (15)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−55.68 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.3 (2)	C14—C11—C12—C13	179.67 (14)
O1—C5—C6—C7	0.0 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	57.25 (18)
C4—C5—C6—C7	−179.81 (15)	C7—C8—C13—C12	−178.73 (13)
C1—C6—C7—O2	−170.67 (15)	C9—C8—C13—C12	−56.33 (17)
C5—C6—C7—O2	9.5 (2)	C12—C11—C14—C15	−177.88 (14)
C1—C6—C7—C8	9.3 (2)	C10—C11—C14—C15	59.25 (19)
C5—C6—C7—C8	−170.52 (15)	C11—C14—C15—C16	172.51 (15)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···O2	0.81 (2)	1.82 (2)	2.5527 (16)	148 (3)
C3—H3···O1 ⁱ	0.95	2.59	3.483 (2)	157

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z-1/2$.