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## Structure Reports

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# 6H,13H-5,12:7,14-Dimethano-dinaphtho[2,3-d:2,3-i][1,3,6,8]tetraazecine 

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=120 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.027 ; w R$ factor $=0.077$; data-to-parameter ratio $=5.4$.

In the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$, obtained through the condensation of naphthalene-2,3-diamine with formaldehyde in methanol, the molecule is located on a special position of site symmetry $\overline{4}$. Due to symmetry considerations, the aromatic rings are strictly perpendicular to each other. In the crystal, molecules are linked by pairs of $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ interactions into columns along [110].

## Related literature

For chemical background to the synthesis of the title compound, see: Volpp (1962). For related structures, see: Murray-Rust \& Smith (1975); Rivera et al. (2009, 2011). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

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\(\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}\)
\(Z=2\)
\(M_{r}=364.5\)
Tetragonal, \(I \overline{4} 2 m\)
\(a=7.1996\) (2) A
\(c=17.4511\) (5) A
\(V=904.56(6) \AA^{3}\)
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## $Z=2$

$\mathrm{Cu} K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.63 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=120 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.45 \times 0.22 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Agilent Xcalibur diffractometer with an Atlas (Gemini ultra Cu ) detector
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2010) $T_{\min }=0.50, T_{\max }=0.90$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.027$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.077$
$S=1.85$
273 reflections

4873 measured reflections 273 independent reflections 268 reflections with $I>3 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.025$

51 parameters
Only H-atom coordinates refined
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.08 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.15 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,^{\circ}$ ).
$C g 1$ and Cg 2 are the centroids of the $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 4 / \mathrm{C} 2^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 4^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 6 / \mathrm{C} 4^{\prime}-\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ rings, respectively.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C3-H3 $\cdots C g 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $1.042(18)$ | $2.648(14)$ | $3.6921(14)$ | $178.2(15)$ |
| C5-H5 $\cdots 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $1.047(18)$ | $2.652(14)$ | $3.6979(14)$ | $178.0(16)$ |
| Symmetry code: (i) $-y+\frac{1}{2}, x-\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: CrysAlis PRO (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: CrysAlis PRO; data reduction: CrysAlis $P R O$; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR2002 (Burla et al., 2003); program(s) used to refine structure: JANA2006 (Petříček et al., 2006); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg \& Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: JANA2006.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BG2445).

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## supporting information

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# $6 \mathrm{H}, 13 \mathrm{H}-5,12: 7,14-$ Dimethanodinaphtho [2,3-d:2,3-i][1,3,6,8]tetraazecine 

Augusto Rivera, Mauricio Maldonado, Jaime Ríos-Motta, Karla Fejfarová and Michal Dušek

## S1. Comment

We have as a general goal the design and synthesis of new macrocyclic saturated ring-fused aminals, of considerable interest as useful intermediates for the synthesis of $N$-containing heterocyclic compounds. These aminals comprise a family of preformed electrophilic reagents which have been utilized in condensation reactions with electron-rich aromatic compounds in a variant of the Mannich reaction. These ring-fused aminals are frequently prepared by reaction of 1,2-diamines with formaldehyde (Volpp, 1962). By an analogous route we prepared for the first time $6 H, 13 H-5,12: 7,14-\mathrm{di}-$ methanodinaphtho[2,3-d:2,3-i][1,3,6,8]tetraazecine (I).
The molecular structure and atom-numbering scheme for $(\mathbf{I})$ are shown in Fig. 1. Unlike the related structures, which crystallized in orthorhombic space groups Aba2 (Rivera et al., 2009, 2011) and Pbcn (Murray-Rust \& Smith, 1975), the title compound (I) crystallizes in the tetragonal $\overline{4} 2 \mathrm{~m}$ space group with one quarter-molecule in the asymmetric unit (located on a special position of site symmetry $\overline{4}$ ). The X-ray structure of $\mathbf{I}$ shows similar features to other ring-fused aminals. So, the bond lengths and angles are normal (Allen et al., 1987) and similar to those observed for related structures (Murray-Rust \& Smith, 1975; Rivera et al., 2009; Rivera et al., 2011).
Due to symmetry considerations the aromatic rings are strictly perpendicular to each other. In the crystal packing (Fig. 2), the molecules are linked by a pair of $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ interactions (Table 1 ) into columns along [110].

## S2. Experimental

A solution of naphthalene-2,3-diamine ( $158 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in methanol $(10 \mathrm{ml})$ was added dropwise at 273 K to 5 ml of $37 \%$ aqueous formaldehyde. The reaction mixture was stirring at this temperature for 1 h and its completion was monitored by TLC. After completion, the contents were poured over cold water ( 10 ml ). The resultant solid was isolated by filtration, washed with cold water, dried in vacuum and recrystallized from ethyl acetate to give the title compound with $28 \%$ yield. The melting point of the title structure is 484 K .
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\delta, 400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): 4.55,7.52,7.74,7.86 .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\delta, 100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): 70.2,125.6,126.2,127.7,133.0$, 151.9.

## S3. Refinement

The H atoms atoms were found in difference Fourier maps and their coordinates were refined freely. The isotropic atomic displacement parameters of hydrogen atoms were evaluated as $1.2 \times U_{\text {eq }}$ of the parent atom. As the structure contains only light atoms, the Friedel-pair reflections were merged and the Flack parameter has not been determined.


Figure 1
A view of (I) with the numbering scheme, displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level. Symmetry codes: (i) $1+y, 1-x,-z$; (ii) $2-x,-y, z$; (iii) $1-y,-1+x,-z$.


Figure 2
Packing of the molecules of the title compound view along $b$ axis.
$\mathbf{1 , 1 2 , 1 4 , 2 5 -}$ tetraazaheptacyclo[12.12.1.1 $\left.1^{12,25} \cdot 0^{2,11} \cdot 0^{4,9} \cdot 0^{15,24} \cdot 0^{17,22}\right]$ octacosa-2,4(9),5,7,10,15,17(22),18,20,23-
decaene

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$
$M_{r}=364.5$
Tetragonal, $\bar{I} \overline{4} 2 \mathrm{~m}$
Hall symbol: I -4 2
$a=7.1996$ (2) $\AA$
$c=17.4511(5) \AA$
$V=904.56(6) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$
$F(000)=384$
Data collection
Agilent Xcalibur
diffractometer with an Atlas (Gemini ultra Cu ) detector
Radiation source: Enhance Ultra (Cu) X-ray Source
Mirror monochromator
Detector resolution: 10.3784 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
Rotation method, $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2010)

## Refinement

## Refinement on $F^{2}$

$R[F>3 \sigma(F)]=0.027$
$w R(F)=0.077$
$S=1.85$
273 reflections
51 parameters
0 restraints
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.338 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
$\mathrm{Cu} K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=1.5418 \AA$
Cell parameters from 3581 reflections
$\theta=5.1-67.0^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.63 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=120 \mathrm{~K}$
Irregular shape, yellow
$0.45 \times 0.22 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Special details

Refinement. The refinement was carried out against all reflections. The conventional $R$-factor is always based on $F$. The goodness of fit as well as the weighted $R$-factor are based on $F$ and $F^{2}$ for refinement carried out on $F$ and $F^{2}$, respectively. The threshold expression is used only for calculating $R$-factors etc. and it is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.
The program used for refinement, Jana2006, uses the weighting scheme based on the experimental expectations, see _refine_ls_weighting_details, that does not force $S$ to be one. Therefore the values of $S$ are usually larger than the ones $\overline{\text { from the }} \overline{S H E L X}$ program.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $A^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.86029(13)$ | $0.13971(13)$ | $0.04360(8)$ | $0.0180(4)$ |
| C1 | $0.7560(2)$ | 0 | 0 | $0.0187(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.92982(16)$ | $0.07018(16)$ | $0.11529(9)$ | $0.0175(4)$ |


| C3 | $0.86239(18)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| C4 | $0.9299(2)$ |
| C5 | $0.86279(18)$ |
| C6 | $0.93073(18)$ |
| H1 | $0.677(2)$ |
| H3 | $0.760(2)$ |
| H5 | $0.760(2)$ |
| H6 | $0.886(2)$ |


| $0.18326(11)$ | $0.0194(4)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0.25428(9)$ | $0.0181(4)$ |
| $0.32562(11)$ | $0.0221(4)$ |
| $0.39302(9)$ | $0.0222(4)$ |
| $-0.0400(7)$ | $0.0225^{*}$ |
| $0.1798(11)$ | $0.0233^{*}$ |
| $0.3243(12)$ | $0.0265^{*}$ |
| $0.4421(13)$ | $0.0266^{*}$ |

## Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0174(5)$ | $0.0174(5)$ | $0.0191(8)$ | $0.0016(7)$ | $0.0002(4)$ | $-0.0002(4)$ |
| C1 | $0.0152(8)$ | $0.0201(8)$ | $0.0210(7)$ | 0 | 0 | $0.0003(7)$ |
| C2 | $0.0158(5)$ | $0.0158(5)$ | $0.0208(9)$ | $0.0001(7)$ | $-0.0016(5)$ | $0.0016(5)$ |
| C3 | $0.0174(6)$ | $0.0174(6)$ | $0.0235(10)$ | $0.0026(7)$ | $0.0007(5)$ | $-0.0007(5)$ |
| C4 | $0.0168(6)$ | $0.0168(6)$ | $0.0208(8)$ | $-0.0015(7)$ | $-0.0008(5)$ | $0.0008(5)$ |
| C5 | $0.0211(6)$ | $0.0211(6)$ | $0.0240(10)$ | $0.0031(8)$ | $0.0002(4)$ | $-0.0002(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.0234(6)$ | $0.0234(6)$ | $0.0196(7)$ | $0.0012(8)$ | $0.0007(5)$ | $-0.0007(5)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| N1-C1 | 1.4680 (13) | C3-H3 | 1.042 (18) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-C1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.4680 (13) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 4{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 1.428 (2) |
| N1-C2 | 1.437 (2) | C4-C5 | 1.420 (2) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 1.027 (13) | C5-C6 | 1.365 (2) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 1.027 (13) | C5-H5 | 1.047 (18) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 1.4292 (17) | C6-C6 $6^{\text {iii }}$ | 1.4106 (18) |
| C2-C3 | 1.370 (2) | C6-H6 | 0.97 (2) |
| C3-C4 | 1.417 (2) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 115.64 (9) | C2-C3-C4 | 120.94 (12) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 113.00 (8) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 116.7 (11) |
| C1- ${ }^{\text {i }} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 113.00 (8) | C4-C3-H3 | 122.3 (11) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\text {iv }}$ | 118.44 (11) | C3-C4-C4 ${ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 118.99 (14) |
| N1-C1-H1 | 107.8 (7) | C3-C4-C5 | 122.26 (13) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 105.1 (7) | $\mathrm{C} 4{ }^{\text {iii }}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 118.74 (14) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1{ }^{\text {iv }}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 105.1 (7) | C4-C5-C6 | 120.80 (13) |
| $\mathrm{N} 1^{\text {iv }}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 107.8 (7) | C4-C5-H5 | 117.5 (11) |
| $\mathrm{H} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 112.7 (11) | C6-C5-H5 | 121.7 (11) |
| N1-C2-C2 ${ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 119.50 (13) | C5-C6- $\mathrm{C}^{\text {iiii }}$ | 120.46 (14) |
| N1-C2-C3 | 120.43 (11) | C5-C6-H6 | 121.7 (10) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \mathrm{iii}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 120.06 (14) | C6 $6^{\text {iii- }}$ C6- H 6 | 117.8 (10) |

[^0]
## supporting information

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\hat{A},{ }^{\circ}$ )
Cg 1 and Cg 2 are the centroids of the $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 4 / \mathrm{C} 2^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 4^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 6 / \mathrm{C} 4^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 6^{\prime}$ rings, respectively.

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 3 — \mathrm{H} 3 \cdots C g 2^{\mathrm{v}}$ | $1.042(18)$ | $2.648(14)$ | $3.6921(14)$ | $178.2(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5 — \mathrm{H} 5 \cdots C g 1^{\mathrm{v}}$ | $1.047(18)$ | $2.652(14)$ | $3.6979(14)$ | $178.0(16)$ |

Symmetry code: (v) $-y+1 / 2, x-1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$.


[^0]:    Symmetry codes: (i) $y+1,-x+1,-z$; (ii) $x,-y,-z$; (iii) $-x+2,-y, z$; (iv) $-y+1, x-1,-z$.

