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1,3,5-Tris(pyridin-3-yl)-2,4-diazapenta-1,4-diene

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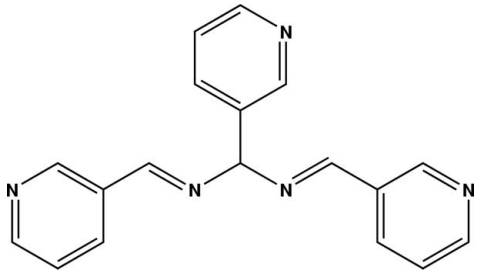
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ(C–C) = 0.008 Å; R factor = 0.070; wR factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.8.

In the solid state, the structure of the title compound, $C_{18}H_{15}N_5$, is stabilized by weak C—H···N interactions. Molecules are arranged in layers parallel to the *bc* plane forming an interesting supramolecular structure.

Related literature

For coordination polymers and supramolecular structures, see: Itoh *et al.* (2005); Albrechet (2001); Leininger *et al.* (2000). For potential applications in catalysis, gas storage, chirality, optics, magnetism, nanotechnology and luminescence, see: James (2003); Kitagawa *et al.* (2004); Masaoka *et al.* (2001); Rarig *et al.* (2002); Yaghi *et al.* (2003); Wang *et al.* (2009). For the preparation of this class of compound, see: Larter *et al.* (1998); Lozinskaya *et al.* (2003); Bessonov *et al.* (2005); Fernandes *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{15}N_5$
M_r = 301.35
Monoclinic, *Pc*
a = 5.7174 (11) Å
b = 8.0934 (10) Å
c = 16.972 (4) Å
β = 99.690 (18)°
V = 774.1 (3) Å^3
Z = 2
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
μ = 0.08 mm^{-1}
T = 298 K
0.42 × 0.18 × 0.12 mm

Data collection

Bruker P4 diffractometer
3235 measured reflections
2874 independent reflections
1159 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
R_{int} = 0.061
3 standard reflections every 97 reflections
intensity decay: 11.5%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ = 0.070
$wR(F^2)$ = 0.135
S = 0.98
2874 reflections
209 parameters
2 restraints
H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta\rho_{max}$ = 0.17 e Å^{-3}
$\Delta\rho_{min}$ = −0.17 e Å^{-3}

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C18—H18A···N1^{i}	0.93	2.74	3.552 (7)	146
C17—H17A···N3^{ii}	0.93	2.66	3.456 (7)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+1, z-\frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$.

Data collection: *XSCANS* (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: *XSCANS*; data reduction: *XSCANS*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXS97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RK2325).

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1,3,5-Tris(pyridin-3-yl)-2,4-diazapenta-1,4-diene

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S1. Comment

The coordination chemistry of transition metals with polypyridyl ligands has progressed considerably during the last decades, and has been widely used for the construction of coordination polymers and other supramolecular structures (Itoh *et al.*, 2005; Albrechet, 2001; Leininger *et al.*, 2000). Such supramolecular architectures have attracted considerable attention due to potential applications in catalysis, gas storage, chirality, optical, magnetism, nanotechnology and luminescence (James, 2003; Kitagawa *et al.*, 2004; Masaoka *et al.*, 2001; Rarig *et al.*, 2002; Yaghi *et al.*, 2003; Wang *et al.*, 2009). Also, there exists an increasing interest in the design and synthesis of luminescent compounds due to their potential applications as chemical sensors, photochemistry and electroluminescence. The development of chemosensors, is one of the main goals of supramolecular chemistry and an important area of vigorous investigation.

We are interested on the coordination chemistry of polypyridine ligands, which have fluorescent properties and could act as sensors for transition metals ions, and which can be used to construct different coordination polymers. Some of the ligands under study are: *cis*-(±)-2,4,5-tri(2-pyridyl)imidazoline, 2,4,6-tri(2-pyridyl)-1,3,5-triazinane, 2,4,5-tri(2-pyridyl)-imidazole, *trans*-(±)-2,4,5-tri(4-pyridyl)imidazoline and 2,4,5-tri(4-pyridyl)imidazole.

As part of our ongoing research on the chemistry of polypyridine ligands, in our attempts to synthesize the ligand *cis*-(±)-3-(2,5-di(pyridin-3-yl)-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-imidazol-4-yl) pyridine, we have isolated the title compound, 1,3,5-tri(pyridin-3-yl)-2,4-diazapenta-1,4-diene. The 1,3,5-triaryl-2,4-diazapentadienes are known to form by the reaction of aromatic benzaldehydes with ammonia (Larter *et al.*, 1998; Lozinskaya *et al.*, 2003; Bessonov *et al.*, 2005; Fernandes *et al.*, 2007), which are analogues of the title compound. In the crystal structure adjacent networks are linked together *via* intermolecular hydrogen bond interactions (Table 1) (C18–H18···N1^{i} (2.741Å), symmetry code: (i) *x*, 1-*y*, -1/2+*z*) in an array along the [0 0 1] and [C17–H17···N3^{ii} (2.660Å), symmetry codes: (ii) *x*, 1+*y*, *z*] in an array along the [0 1 0]. The molecules are forming a layer structure parallel to the *bc* plane (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

The synthesis of the title compound included reagent grade starting materials and solvents. A mixture of pyridine-3-carboxaldehyde (5 mL, 0.0531 mol) and ammonium hydroxide (15 mL, 0.3843 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The mixture was filtered off and washed with water, then recrystallized by gas phase diffusion of diethyl ether into a concentrated solution of the product in dichloromethane, providing colorless crystals. Yield (3.5 g, 22%). M.p. = 388-390 K, (KBr) 3270, 3226, 3040, 2887, 1575, 1471, 1417, 1082, 1023, 868, 863, 808, 705 cm^{-1}. ^{1}H NMR ($CDCl_3$): 8.98 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H), 8.79 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.69 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 8.66 (s, 2H), 8.59 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (ddd, *J* = 7.8, 1.8, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 2.1, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 6.08 (s, 1H). ^{13}C NMR ($CDCl_3$): 158.94, 152.21, 150.75, 149.53, 148.89, 136.61, 134.98, 134.83, 131.01, 123,73, 123.64, 90.28. EIMS (70 eV) m/e (int. *rel.*): M^{+} 301 (1%), M^{+}-*Py*-CH═N 196 (100%), 168 (13%), 122 (3%), 92 (10%).

S3. Refinement

Refinement for H atoms was carried out using a riding model, with distances constrained to: 0.93Å for aromatic C–H, 0.98Å for methine C–H with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C). The 621 Friedel pairs were merged during refinement.

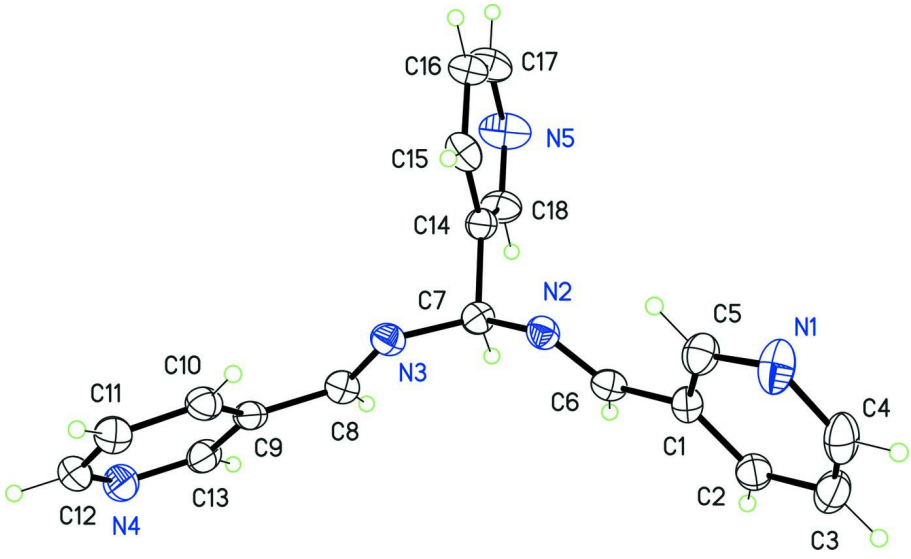

Figure 1

Molecular structure of title compound with the atom numbering scheme. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at 30% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

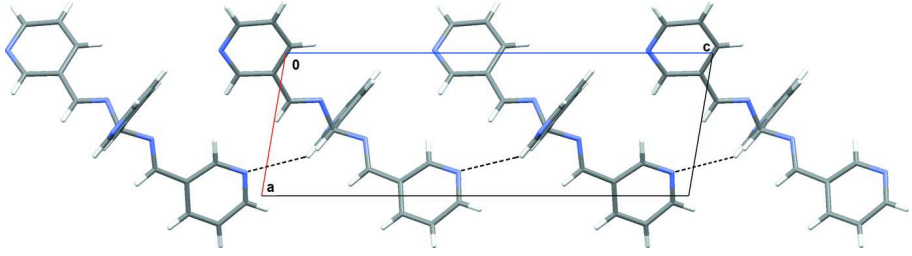

Figure 2

The diagram showing the H-bonds. The molecules are forming an array along the [0 0 1] direction. H-bonds are indicated by broken lines.

1,3,5-Tris(pyridin-3-yl)-2,4-diazapenta-1,4-diene

Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{15}N_5$
M_r = 301.35
Monoclinic, *Pc*
Hall symbol: P -2yc
a = 5.7174 (11) Å
b = 8.0934 (10) Å
c = 16.972 (4) Å
β = 99.690 (18)°
V = 774.1 (3) Å^3
Z = 2

F(000) = 316
D_x = 1.293 Mg m^{-3}
Melting point = 388–390 K
Mo *Kα* radiation, *λ* = 0.71073 Å
Cell parameters from 33 reflections
θ = 4.7–11.6°
μ = 0.08 mm^{-1}
T = 298 K
Neele, colourless
0.42 × 0.18 × 0.12 mm

Data collection

Bruker P4 diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$2\theta/\omega$–scans
3235 measured reflections
2874 independent reflections
1159 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$R_{int} = 0.061$
$\theta_{max} = 30.0°$, $\theta_{min} = 2.4°$
$h = -1 \rightarrow 8$
$k = -1 \rightarrow 11$
$l = -23 \rightarrow 23$
3 standard reflections every 97 reflections
intensity decay: 11.5%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.070$
$wR(F^2) = 0.135$
$S = 0.98$
2874 reflections
209 parameters
2 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0352P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.17$ e Å^{-3}
$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.17$ e Å^{-3}
Extinction correction: *SHELXL*, $Fc^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Extinction coefficient: 0.019 (2)
Absolute structure: Flack (1983)

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2, conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2. The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	*y*	*z*	U_{iso}*/U_{eq}
N3	0.3294 (7)	0.4546 (5)	0.0999 (2)	0.0434 (11)
C4	1.0463 (12)	0.2145 (8)	0.4651 (3)	0.0578 (18)
H4A	1.0947	0.1666	0.5150	0.069*
N2	0.6027 (8)	0.4678 (5)	0.2201 (2)	0.0408 (11)
C3	1.1993 (11)	0.2058 (7)	0.4105 (3)	0.0588 (18)
H3B	1.3474	0.1561	0.4235	0.071*
C7	0.5371 (9)	0.5446 (6)	0.1421 (3)	0.0413 (14)
H7A	0.6689	0.5367	0.1120	0.050*
C8	0.3369 (10)	0.4143 (6)	0.0281 (3)	0.0436 (14)
H8A	0.4684	0.4440	0.0057	0.052*
C16	0.2483 (11)	0.9366 (7)	0.1982 (3)	0.0486 (15)
H16A	0.1265	0.9714	0.2243	0.058*
N4	−0.0186 (9)	0.2211 (7)	−0.1527 (2)	0.0604 (15)
C2	1.1242 (10)	0.2739 (7)	0.3358 (3)	0.0481 (15)
H2B	1.2222	0.2715	0.2973	0.058*

C13	0.1481 (10)	0.2988 (7)	−0.1022 (3)	0.0497 (16)
H13A	0.2775	0.3410	−0.1223	0.060*
C14	0.4741 (10)	0.7230 (6)	0.1524 (3)	0.0402 (13)
C1	0.9022 (9)	0.3453 (7)	0.3190 (3)	0.0404 (14)
C12	−0.1994 (11)	0.1565 (7)	−0.1222 (3)	0.0587 (18)
H12A	−0.3174	0.1006	−0.1564	0.070*
C6	0.8136 (10)	0.4183 (7)	0.2402 (3)	0.0443 (15)
H6A	0.9172	0.4283	0.2037	0.053*
N1	0.8360 (8)	0.2859 (7)	0.4515 (2)	0.0638 (16)
C9	0.1421 (10)	0.3216 (7)	−0.0208 (3)	0.0411 (14)
C11	−0.2194 (10)	0.1688 (7)	−0.0427 (3)	0.0555 (17)
H11A	−0.3465	0.1201	−0.0238	0.067*
C10	−0.0493 (10)	0.2540 (7)	0.0083 (3)	0.0476 (15)
H10A	−0.0625	0.2662	0.0619	0.057*
C15	0.2938 (10)	0.7702 (7)	0.1923 (3)	0.0482 (15)
H15A	0.2052	0.6919	0.2145	0.058*
C18	0.5982 (12)	0.8483 (7)	0.1210 (3)	0.0558 (16)
H18A	0.7196	0.8174	0.0938	0.067*
C5	0.7697 (10)	0.3477 (7)	0.3793 (3)	0.0495 (15)
H5A	0.6207	0.3969	0.3683	0.059*
C17	0.3808 (11)	1.0503 (8)	0.1661 (3)	0.0627 (18)
H17A	0.3474	1.1617	0.1718	0.075*
N5	0.5548 (11)	1.0099 (6)	0.1272 (3)	0.0731 (18)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N3	0.051 (3)	0.040 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.001 (3)	0.008 (2)	−0.001 (2)
C4	0.063 (5)	0.062 (5)	0.042 (3)	−0.010 (4)	−0.008 (3)	0.019 (3)
N2	0.050 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.000 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.001 (2)
C3	0.046 (4)	0.055 (4)	0.069 (4)	0.001 (4)	−0.008 (3)	0.007 (3)
C7	0.043 (4)	0.044 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.002 (3)
C8	0.049 (4)	0.041 (3)	0.041 (3)	−0.001 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.003 (3)
C16	0.060 (4)	0.041 (4)	0.049 (3)	0.002 (4)	0.019 (3)	−0.006 (3)
N4	0.061 (4)	0.073 (4)	0.044 (3)	0.011 (4)	0.000 (3)	−0.013 (3)
C2	0.042 (4)	0.057 (4)	0.046 (3)	0.002 (4)	0.010 (3)	−0.006 (3)
C13	0.050 (4)	0.060 (4)	0.038 (3)	0.014 (4)	0.006 (3)	0.000 (3)
C14	0.048 (4)	0.040 (3)	0.032 (3)	0.006 (4)	0.004 (3)	0.004 (3)
C1	0.039 (4)	0.043 (3)	0.037 (3)	−0.003 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.001 (3)
C12	0.059 (5)	0.054 (4)	0.057 (4)	0.006 (4)	−0.006 (3)	−0.016 (3)
C6	0.050 (4)	0.042 (3)	0.043 (3)	0.002 (3)	0.012 (3)	−0.005 (3)
N1	0.050 (4)	0.089 (4)	0.049 (3)	−0.004 (4)	−0.001 (3)	0.015 (3)
C9	0.048 (4)	0.037 (3)	0.038 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.007 (3)	−0.001 (3)
C11	0.051 (4)	0.057 (4)	0.058 (4)	0.002 (4)	0.009 (3)	−0.009 (3)
C10	0.057 (4)	0.047 (4)	0.039 (3)	0.008 (4)	0.007 (3)	−0.003 (3)
C15	0.056 (4)	0.048 (4)	0.042 (3)	−0.017 (4)	0.014 (3)	−0.002 (3)
C18	0.058 (4)	0.054 (4)	0.061 (3)	−0.001 (4)	0.028 (3)	−0.005 (3)
C5	0.041 (4)	0.059 (4)	0.048 (3)	0.000 (4)	0.007 (3)	0.004 (3)

C17	0.089 (6)	0.043 (4)	0.061 (3)	−0.001 (4)	0.026 (4)	−0.002 (3)
N5	0.101 (5)	0.050 (4)	0.080 (3)	−0.001 (4)	0.051 (4)	0.010 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, º)

N3—C8	1.269 (5)	C13—C9	1.401 (6)
N3—C7	1.472 (6)	C13—H13A	0.9300
C4—N1	1.319 (7)	C14—C15	1.378 (7)
C4—C3	1.380 (8)	C14—C18	1.394 (7)
C4—H4A	0.9300	C1—C5	1.372 (7)
N2—C6	1.262 (6)	C1—C6	1.473 (7)
N2—C7	1.454 (6)	C12—C11	1.376 (7)
C3—C2	1.383 (7)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C3—H3B	0.9300	C6—H6A	0.9300
C7—C14	1.506 (6)	N1—C5	1.319 (6)
C7—H7A	0.9800	C9—C10	1.387 (7)
C8—C9	1.476 (7)	C11—C10	1.374 (7)
C8—H8A	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9300
C16—C17	1.363 (7)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C16—C15	1.378 (7)	C15—H15A	0.9300
C16—H16A	0.9300	C18—N5	1.339 (7)
N4—C13	1.327 (7)	C18—H18A	0.9300
N4—C12	1.338 (8)	C5—H5A	0.9300
C2—C1	1.380 (7)	C17—N5	1.324 (7)
C2—H2B	0.9300	C17—H17A	0.9300
C8—N3—C7	116.0 (4)	C5—C1—C6	121.5 (5)
N1—C4—C3	124.5 (5)	C2—C1—C6	121.3 (5)
N1—C4—H4A	117.7	N4—C12—C11	123.2 (6)
C3—C4—H4A	117.7	N4—C12—H12A	118.4
C6—N2—C7	118.0 (4)	C11—C12—H12A	118.4
C4—C3—C2	117.5 (6)	N2—C6—C1	122.6 (5)
C4—C3—H3B	121.2	N2—C6—H6A	118.7
C2—C3—H3B	121.2	C1—C6—H6A	118.7
N2—C7—N3	107.1 (4)	C5—N1—C4	116.1 (5)
N2—C7—C14	109.5 (4)	C10—C9—C13	116.8 (5)
N3—C7—C14	110.0 (4)	C10—C9—C8	124.5 (5)
N2—C7—H7A	110.1	C13—C9—C8	118.7 (5)
N3—C7—H7A	110.1	C12—C11—C10	119.2 (6)
C14—C7—H7A	110.1	C12—C11—H11A	120.4
N3—C8—C9	121.7 (5)	C10—C11—H11A	120.4
N3—C8—H8A	119.1	C11—C10—C9	119.4 (5)
C9—C8—H8A	119.1	C11—C10—H10A	120.3
C17—C16—C15	120.4 (6)	C9—C10—H10A	120.3
C17—C16—H16A	119.8	C16—C15—C14	118.2 (5)
C15—C16—H16A	119.8	C16—C15—H15A	120.9
C13—N4—C12	117.0 (5)	C14—C15—H15A	120.9
C1—C2—C3	119.2 (5)	N5—C18—C14	124.5 (6)

C1—C2—H2B	120.4	N5—C18—H18A	117.7
C3—C2—H2B	120.4	C14—C18—H18A	117.7
N4—C13—C9	124.4 (5)	N1—C5—C1	125.4 (6)
N4—C13—H13A	117.8	N1—C5—H5A	117.3
C9—C13—H13A	117.8	C1—C5—H5A	117.3
C15—C14—C18	117.2 (5)	N5—C17—C16	123.2 (6)
C15—C14—C7	122.4 (5)	N5—C17—H17A	118.4
C18—C14—C7	120.3 (5)	C16—C17—H17A	118.4
C5—C1—C2	117.2 (5)	C17—N5—C18	116.4 (6)

N1—C4—C3—C2	−1.4 (9)	N4—C13—C9—C10	1.6 (8)
C6—N2—C7—N3	125.7 (5)	N4—C13—C9—C8	−178.4 (5)
C6—N2—C7—C14	−115.1 (5)	N3—C8—C9—C10	−7.8 (8)
C8—N3—C7—N2	−133.5 (5)	N3—C8—C9—C13	172.3 (5)
C8—N3—C7—C14	107.6 (5)	N4—C12—C11—C10	1.3 (9)
C7—N3—C8—C9	179.1 (4)	C12—C11—C10—C9	−1.8 (8)
C4—C3—C2—C1	−0.5 (8)	C13—C9—C10—C11	0.4 (7)
C12—N4—C13—C9	−2.2 (8)	C8—C9—C10—C11	−179.5 (5)
N2—C7—C14—C15	−59.2 (6)	C17—C16—C15—C14	−0.7 (8)
N3—C7—C14—C15	58.3 (6)	C18—C14—C15—C16	0.1 (7)
N2—C7—C14—C18	121.2 (5)	C7—C14—C15—C16	−179.6 (5)
N3—C7—C14—C18	−121.4 (5)	C15—C14—C18—N5	0.3 (9)
C3—C2—C1—C5	1.5 (8)	C7—C14—C18—N5	180.0 (6)
C3—C2—C1—C6	−179.6 (5)	C4—N1—C5—C1	−1.1 (9)
C13—N4—C12—C11	0.6 (9)	C2—C1—C5—N1	−0.7 (9)
C7—N2—C6—C1	177.3 (4)	C6—C1—C5—N1	−179.7 (6)
C5—C1—C6—N2	−9.1 (8)	C15—C16—C17—N5	0.9 (9)
C2—C1—C6—N2	171.9 (6)	C16—C17—N5—C18	−0.5 (9)
C3—C4—N1—C5	2.2 (9)	C14—C18—N5—C17	−0.1 (9)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, º)

D—H···*A*	*D*—H	H···*A*	*D*···*A*	*D*—H···*A*
C18—H18*A*···N1^{i}	0.93	2.74	3.552 (7)	146
C17—H17*A*···N3^{ii}	0.93	2.66	3.456 (7)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, −*y*+1, *z*−1/2; (ii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*.