

A second polymorph of aqua[4-chloro-2-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)iminomethyl]-phenolato]copper(II) nitrate monohydrate

Jing Yu

College of Biological and Chemical Sciences Engineering, Jiaying University, Jiaying Zhejiang 314001, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: jxyyuj@yahoo.cn

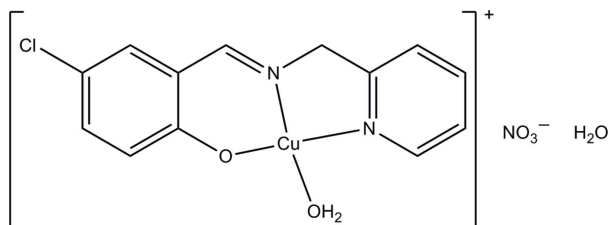
Received 15 January 2012; accepted 2 February 2012

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.037; wR factor = 0.089; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

The title complex, $[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_2\text{O})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\text{NO}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$, was obtained by the reaction of 5-chlorosalicylaldehyde, 2-(amino-methyl)pyridine and copper nitrate in methanol. The first reported polymorph of this complex was triclinic [Liang *et al.* (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, m40]. The present polymorph crystallized in the monoclinic space group $P2_1/c$. The Cu^{II} ion is in a square planar environment and is coordinated by one phenolate O, one imine N and one pyridine N atom of the tridentate Schiff base ligand and by one water O atom. In the crystal, molecules are linked through intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonds to form chains along the a axis.

Related literature

For the structures and properties of Schiff base copper(II) complexes, see: Patel *et al.* (2011); Creaven *et al.* (2010); Osovole *et al.* (2008). For the complex with triclinic space group $P\bar{1}$, see: Liang *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_2\text{O})(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\text{NO}_3 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	$b = 8.815$ (3) Å
$M_r = 407.26$	$c = 23.079$ (3) Å
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$\beta = 99.680$ (2)°
$a = 7.840$ (2) Å	$V = 1572.4$ (7) Å ³
	$Z = 4$

 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.60$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker SMART 1K CCD
 area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2004)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.720$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.752$

 12290 measured reflections
 3410 independent reflections
 2647 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.089$
 $S = 1.06$
 3410 reflections
 233 parameters
 3 restraints

 H atoms treated by a mixture of
 independent and constrained
 refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.39$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.48$ e Å⁻³
Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
$\text{O6}-\text{H6B} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.85 (1)	2.06 (1)	2.887 (3)	167 (3)
$\text{O2}-\text{H2B} \cdots \text{O6}$	0.71 (4)	1.98 (4)	2.681 (4)	172 (4)
$\text{O2}-\text{H2A} \cdots \text{O5}$	0.81 (4)	2.63 (4)	3.078 (3)	116 (3)
$\text{O2}-\text{H2A} \cdots \text{O3}$	0.81 (4)	1.85 (4)	2.652 (4)	170 (4)
$\text{O6}-\text{H6A} \cdots \text{O4}^{\text{ii}}$	0.84 (1)	2.02 (1)	2.831 (3)	162 (3)

 Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $x + 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and local programs.

The College of Biological and Chemical Sciences Engineering at Jiaying University is acknowledged for the provision of facilities to prepare and characterize the compound.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: QM2051).

References

- Bruker (2001). *SMART* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Creaven, B. S., Czeglédi, E., Devereux, M., Enyedy, E. A., Kia, A. F. A., Karcz, D., Kellett, A., McClean, S., Nagy, N. V., Noble, A., Rockenbauer, A., Szabo-Planka, T. & Walsh, M. (2010). *Dalton Trans.* **39**, 10854–10865.
- Liang, Q., Chen, X., Zhang, H. & Zou, Z. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, m40.
- Osovole, A. A., Kolawole, G. A. & Fagade, O. E. (2008). *J. Coord. Chem.* **61**, 1046–1055.
- Patel, R. N., Singh, A., Shukla, K. K., Patel, D. K. & Sondhiya, V. P. (2011). *J. Coord. Chem.* **64**, 902–919.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2004). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m275 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812004564]

A second polymorph of aqua{4-chloro-2-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)iminomethyl]-phenolato}copper(II) nitrate monohydrate

Jing Yu

S1. Comment

Schiff base copper(II) complexes have been received much attention due to their interesting structures and biological properties (Patel *et al.*, 2011; Creaven *et al.*, 2010; Osowole *et al.*, 2008). The title complex was first reported as triclinic space group P-1 (Liang *et al.*, 2010). We report herein a monoclinic polymorph in space group P21/c.

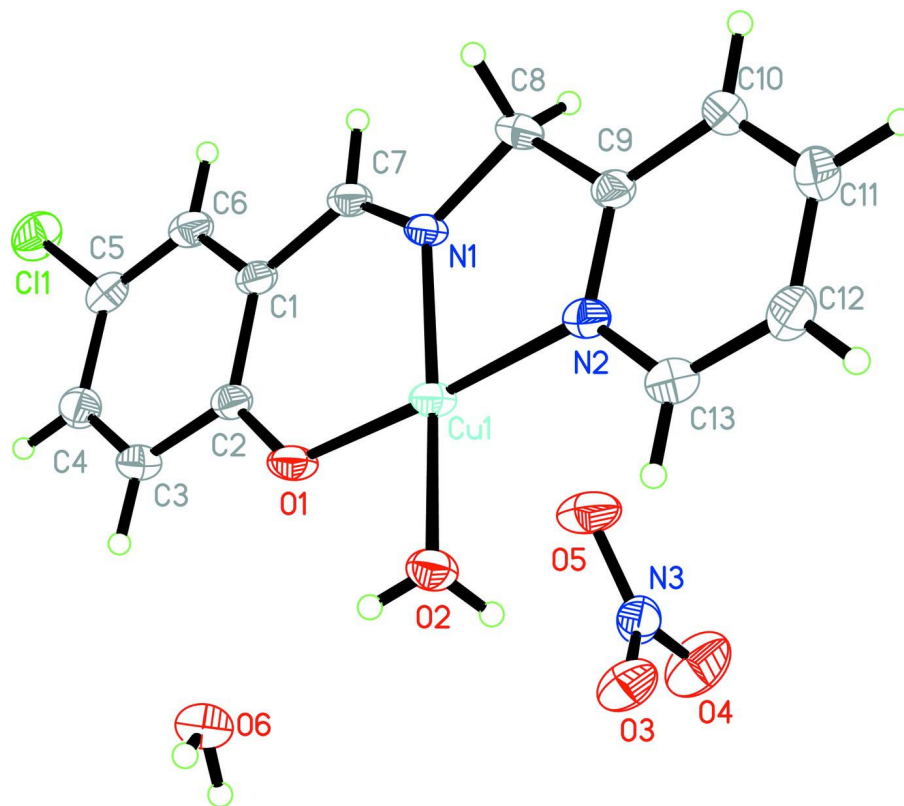
The title complex, (I) (Fig. 1), contains a mononuclear copper complex cation, a nitrate anion, and a water molecule. The Cu atom is coordinated by one phenolate O, one imine N, and one pyridine N of the Schiff base ligand, and one water O atom, forming a square planar coordination. The bond lengths (Table 1) are within the normal range. In the crystal, molecules are linked through intermolecular O—H...O hydrogen bonds (Table 2), to form chains along the *a* axis, Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

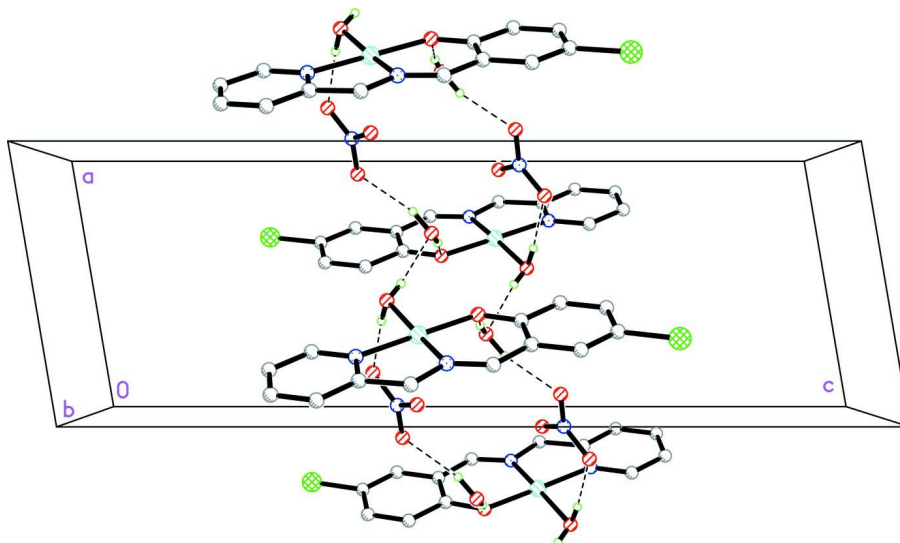
To a solution of 5-chlorosalicylaldehyde (0.156 g, 1.0 mmol), 2-aminomethylpyridine (0.108 g, 1.0 mmol) in 30 ml methanol was added slowly a solution of copper nitrate (0.241 g, 1.0 mmol) in methanol. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature to give a blue solution, which was filtered and the filtrate was left to stand at room temperature. Blue block crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation.

S3. Refinement

The water H atoms were located in a difference map and refined with distances restraint of O—H = 0.85 (1) Å and H...H = 1.37 (2) Å. Other H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I), with atom labels and 30% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

**Figure 2**

The packing of (I), viewed down the *b* axis. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted.

aqua{4-chloro-2-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)iminomethyl]phenolato}copper(II) nitrate monohydrate

Crystal data

[Cu(C₁₃H₁₀ClN₂O)(H₂O)]NO₃·H₂O $M_r = 407.26$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ $a = 7.840$ (2) Å $b = 8.815$ (3) Å $c = 23.079$ (3) Å $\beta = 99.680$ (2)° $V = 1572.4$ (7) Å³ $Z = 4$ $F(000) = 828$ $D_x = 1.720$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 3984 reflections

 $\theta = 2.5$ – 26.9 ° $\mu = 1.60$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298$ K

Block, blue

 $0.22 \times 0.20 \times 0.19$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART 1K CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2004) $T_{\min} = 0.720$, $T_{\max} = 0.752$

12290 measured reflections

3410 independent reflections

2647 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.046$ $\theta_{\max} = 27.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.5$ ° $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -29 \rightarrow 29$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$ $wR(F^2) = 0.089$ $S = 1.06$

3410 reflections

233 parameters

3 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sitesH atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0362P)^2 + 0.669P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.39$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.48$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.31780 (4)	0.86046 (4)	0.441029 (14)	0.03273 (12)
Cl1	0.30943 (12)	1.01565 (10)	0.74737 (3)	0.0561 (2)
N1	0.2244 (3)	1.0428 (2)	0.46999 (9)	0.0311 (5)
N2	0.2433 (3)	0.9578 (2)	0.36353 (9)	0.0341 (5)

N3	0.0449 (3)	0.5644 (3)	0.39668 (10)	0.0427 (6)
O1	0.3889 (3)	0.7778 (2)	0.51693 (8)	0.0387 (5)
O2	0.4383 (4)	0.6939 (3)	0.40783 (11)	0.0392 (5)
O3	0.1648 (3)	0.5200 (3)	0.37200 (10)	0.0539 (6)
O4	−0.0834 (3)	0.4839 (3)	0.39510 (12)	0.0764 (8)
O5	0.0556 (3)	0.6892 (3)	0.42285 (11)	0.0595 (6)
O6	0.6908 (3)	0.5408 (3)	0.47630 (10)	0.0499 (5)
C1	0.2878 (3)	0.9799 (3)	0.57295 (12)	0.0315 (6)
C2	0.3686 (3)	0.8378 (3)	0.56748 (11)	0.0317 (6)
C3	0.4316 (4)	0.7585 (3)	0.61943 (12)	0.0388 (7)
H3	0.4867	0.6658	0.6170	0.047*
C4	0.4142 (4)	0.8134 (3)	0.67321 (12)	0.0397 (7)
H4	0.4573	0.7583	0.7069	0.048*
C5	0.3323 (4)	0.9515 (3)	0.67803 (12)	0.0383 (7)
C6	0.2709 (4)	1.0331 (3)	0.62901 (12)	0.0380 (7)
H6	0.2169	1.1257	0.6327	0.046*
C7	0.2211 (3)	1.0744 (3)	0.52380 (12)	0.0339 (6)
H7	0.1715	1.1663	0.5317	0.041*
C8	0.1576 (4)	1.1552 (3)	0.42524 (12)	0.0383 (7)
H8A	0.2252	1.2476	0.4318	0.046*
H8B	0.0385	1.1793	0.4279	0.046*
C9	0.1674 (3)	1.0935 (3)	0.36544 (12)	0.0323 (6)
C10	0.1044 (4)	1.1749 (3)	0.31527 (13)	0.0443 (7)
H10	0.0529	1.2693	0.3177	0.053*
C11	0.1198 (4)	1.1132 (4)	0.26167 (13)	0.0486 (8)
H11	0.0773	1.1651	0.2272	0.058*
C12	0.1979 (4)	0.9748 (4)	0.25938 (13)	0.0470 (8)
H12	0.2096	0.9321	0.2234	0.056*
C13	0.2586 (4)	0.9002 (3)	0.31071 (13)	0.0420 (7)
H13	0.3122	0.8066	0.3090	0.050*
H6A	0.773 (3)	0.535 (3)	0.4574 (12)	0.045 (10)*
H2A	0.362 (5)	0.633 (4)	0.3958 (16)	0.067 (14)*
H2B	0.502 (5)	0.656 (4)	0.4284 (15)	0.047 (12)*
H6B	0.657 (5)	0.452 (2)	0.4820 (18)	0.100 (16)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.0389 (2)	0.02223 (18)	0.03751 (19)	0.00418 (15)	0.00787 (14)	−0.00095 (14)
Cl1	0.0715 (6)	0.0575 (5)	0.0400 (4)	−0.0038 (4)	0.0120 (4)	−0.0117 (4)
N1	0.0343 (12)	0.0188 (11)	0.0396 (12)	0.0034 (9)	0.0045 (10)	0.0015 (9)
N2	0.0384 (13)	0.0257 (12)	0.0381 (12)	−0.0011 (10)	0.0063 (10)	0.0001 (10)
N3	0.0444 (16)	0.0418 (16)	0.0400 (13)	−0.0038 (13)	0.0014 (11)	0.0011 (12)
O1	0.0533 (12)	0.0250 (10)	0.0385 (10)	0.0094 (9)	0.0100 (9)	−0.0021 (8)
O2	0.0399 (14)	0.0312 (12)	0.0468 (13)	0.0071 (11)	0.0079 (11)	−0.0014 (11)
O3	0.0568 (14)	0.0522 (14)	0.0567 (13)	−0.0071 (11)	0.0214 (11)	−0.0186 (11)
O4	0.0560 (16)	0.082 (2)	0.095 (2)	−0.0297 (15)	0.0250 (14)	−0.0259 (16)
O5	0.0533 (14)	0.0371 (13)	0.0913 (17)	0.0026 (11)	0.0211 (13)	−0.0148 (13)

O6	0.0554 (15)	0.0354 (13)	0.0579 (14)	0.0075 (11)	0.0067 (12)	-0.0017 (11)
C1	0.0319 (15)	0.0227 (13)	0.0401 (14)	-0.0018 (11)	0.0063 (12)	-0.0035 (11)
C2	0.0319 (15)	0.0252 (14)	0.0382 (14)	-0.0022 (11)	0.0064 (11)	-0.0022 (11)
C3	0.0438 (17)	0.0255 (15)	0.0464 (16)	0.0020 (13)	0.0057 (13)	0.0011 (12)
C4	0.0437 (18)	0.0359 (16)	0.0385 (15)	-0.0040 (13)	0.0042 (13)	0.0042 (13)
C5	0.0402 (17)	0.0370 (17)	0.0390 (15)	-0.0085 (13)	0.0099 (12)	-0.0094 (13)
C6	0.0402 (17)	0.0297 (15)	0.0451 (16)	0.0001 (13)	0.0099 (13)	-0.0076 (13)
C7	0.0329 (15)	0.0230 (13)	0.0460 (16)	0.0026 (12)	0.0073 (12)	-0.0037 (12)
C8	0.0460 (17)	0.0240 (14)	0.0438 (15)	0.0078 (13)	0.0040 (13)	0.0021 (12)
C9	0.0283 (14)	0.0245 (13)	0.0429 (15)	-0.0029 (11)	0.0021 (12)	-0.0002 (12)
C10	0.0478 (19)	0.0321 (16)	0.0468 (17)	0.0032 (14)	-0.0100 (14)	0.0017 (13)
C11	0.056 (2)	0.0434 (19)	0.0400 (16)	-0.0029 (16)	-0.0088 (14)	0.0048 (14)
C12	0.053 (2)	0.0446 (19)	0.0403 (16)	-0.0076 (16)	-0.0013 (14)	-0.0066 (14)
C13	0.0471 (18)	0.0327 (16)	0.0459 (17)	0.0002 (13)	0.0074 (14)	-0.0042 (13)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—O1	1.8925 (18)	C2—C3	1.404 (4)
Cu1—N1	1.932 (2)	C3—C4	1.360 (4)
Cu1—O2	1.970 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
Cu1—N2	1.981 (2)	C4—C5	1.389 (4)
C11—C5	1.735 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C7	1.277 (3)	C5—C6	1.359 (4)
N1—C8	1.463 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
N2—C9	1.340 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—C13	1.345 (3)	C8—C9	1.497 (4)
N3—O4	1.227 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N3—O3	1.241 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9700
N3—O5	1.251 (3)	C9—C10	1.381 (4)
O1—C2	1.314 (3)	C10—C11	1.375 (4)
O2—H2A	0.81 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
O2—H2B	0.71 (4)	C11—C12	1.371 (4)
O6—H6A	0.839 (10)	C11—H11	0.9300
O6—H6B	0.845 (10)	C12—C13	1.368 (4)
C1—C6	1.403 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C2	1.419 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C1—C7	1.434 (4)		
O1—Cu1—N1	94.00 (8)	C5—C4—H4	119.9
O1—Cu1—O2	89.27 (9)	C6—C5—C4	120.1 (3)
N1—Cu1—O2	171.71 (10)	C6—C5—C11	121.2 (2)
O1—Cu1—N2	176.94 (8)	C4—C5—C11	118.7 (2)
N1—Cu1—N2	83.13 (9)	C5—C6—C1	121.0 (3)
O2—Cu1—N2	93.43 (10)	C5—C6—H6	119.5
C7—N1—C8	118.4 (2)	C1—C6—H6	119.5
C7—N1—Cu1	126.06 (19)	N1—C7—C1	125.3 (2)
C8—N1—Cu1	115.50 (16)	N1—C7—H7	117.3
C9—N2—C13	118.3 (2)	C1—C7—H7	117.3

C9—N2—Cu1	114.98 (18)	N1—C8—C9	109.7 (2)
C13—N2—Cu1	126.67 (19)	N1—C8—H8A	109.7
O4—N3—O3	118.9 (3)	C9—C8—H8A	109.7
O4—N3—O5	120.7 (3)	N1—C8—H8B	109.7
O3—N3—O5	120.3 (3)	C9—C8—H8B	109.7
C2—O1—Cu1	127.32 (17)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.2
Cu1—O2—H2A	105 (3)	N2—C9—C10	122.3 (3)
Cu1—O2—H2B	115 (3)	N2—C9—C8	116.5 (2)
H2A—O2—H2B	108 (4)	C10—C9—C8	121.2 (2)
H6A—O6—H6B	109 (2)	C11—C10—C9	118.4 (3)
C6—C1—C2	119.3 (2)	C11—C10—H10	120.8
C6—C1—C7	117.2 (2)	C9—C10—H10	120.8
C2—C1—C7	123.5 (2)	C12—C11—C10	119.6 (3)
O1—C2—C3	118.7 (2)	C12—C11—H11	120.2
O1—C2—C1	123.8 (2)	C10—C11—H11	120.2
C3—C2—C1	117.5 (2)	C13—C12—C11	119.1 (3)
C4—C3—C2	121.8 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C4—C3—H3	119.1	C11—C12—H12	120.4
C2—C3—H3	119.1	N2—C13—C12	122.2 (3)
C3—C4—C5	120.2 (3)	N2—C13—H13	118.9
C3—C4—H4	119.9	C12—C13—H13	118.9

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O6—H6B \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.85 (1)	2.06 (1)	2.887 (3)	167 (3)
O2—H2B \cdots O6	0.71 (4)	1.98 (4)	2.681 (4)	172 (4)
O2—H2A \cdots O5	0.81 (4)	2.63 (4)	3.078 (3)	116 (3)
O2—H2A \cdots O3	0.81 (4)	1.85 (4)	2.652 (4)	170 (4)
O6—H6A \cdots O4 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.02 (1)	2.831 (3)	162 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $x+1, y, z$.