

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(Z)-1-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethanone oxime

Guang-yan Yu, Chen Li, Tao Xiao,* Song Li and Xin Tian

Department of Applied Chemistry, College of Science, Nanjing University of Technology, Nanjing 210009, People's Republic of China
Correspondence e-mail: taoxiao@njut.edu.cn

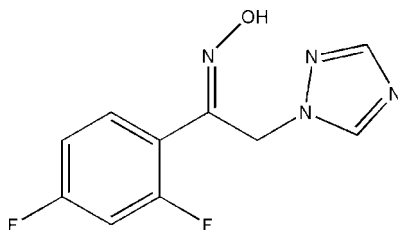
Received 8 November 2011; accepted 22 November 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.060; wR factor = 0.171; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{F}_2\text{N}_4\text{O}$, the dihedral angle between the rings is $65.4(1)^\circ$. In the crystal, intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules in a stacked arrangement along the a and c axes, respectively.

Related literature

For applications of related compounds, see: Foroumadi *et al.* (2003); Mixich & Thiele (1979); Wolfgang *et al.* (1981). For a related structure, see: Tao *et al.* (2007). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{F}_2\text{N}_4\text{O}$
 $M_r = 238.20$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 8.6320(17)$ Å
 $b = 12.433(3)$ Å
 $c = 10.417(2)$ Å
 $\beta = 104.85(3)^\circ$

$V = 1080.6(4)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.12$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\min} = 0.964$, $T_{\max} = 0.988$
3127 measured reflections

1987 independent reflections
1217 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$
3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.171$
 $S = 1.01$
1987 reflections

154 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.53$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{N4}^i$	0.82	1.94	2.764 (3)	176
$\text{C10}-\text{H10}\cdots\text{F1}^{ii}$	0.93	2.47	3.289 (4)	148

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf–Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

The authors thank the Center of Testing and Analysis, Nanjing University, for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZQ2136).

References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
Enraf–Nonius (1994). *CAD-4 EXPRESS*. Enraf–Nonius, Delft, The Netherlands.
Foroumadi, A., Soltani, F. & Asadipour, A. (2003). *Boll. Chim. Farm.* **142**, 130–134.
Harms, K. & Wocadlo, S. (1995). *XCAD4*. University of Marburg, Germany.
Mixich, G. & Thiele, K. (1979). *Arzneim. Forsch.* **29**, 1510–1513.
North, A. C. T., Phillips, D. C. & Mathews, F. S. (1968). *Acta Cryst.* **A24**, 351–359.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.
Tao, X., Yuan, L., Zhang, X.-Q., Jing, C. & Wang, J.-T. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o1330–o1331.
Wolfgang, K., Karl, H. B., Helmut, T., Wilhelm, B. & Paul-Ernst, F. (1981). US Patent 4 264 772.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3468 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811050008]

(Z)-1-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)-2-(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethanone oxime**Guang-yan Yu, Chen Li, Tao Xiao, Song Li and Xin Tian****S1. Comment**

The title compound, C₁₀H₈O₁N₄F₂, is the key intermediate in the synthesis of a new kind of antifungal drug (Tao *et al.*, 2007; Foroumadi *et al.*, 2003; Wolfgang *et al.*, 1981) and exhibits a chemical structure similar to oxiconazole (Mixich & Thiele, 1979). We designed and synthesized the title compound, and we herein report its crystal structure (Fig. 1).

The bond lengths are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987). The dihedral angle between rings A (N2-N4/C9/C10) and B (C1-C6) is 65.4 (1)°. In the crystal structure, intermolecular intermolecular O–H⋯N and C–H⋯F hydrogen bonds (Table 2) link the molecules in a stacked arrangement along along the *a* and *c* axes, respectively (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

Hydroxylammonium chloride (3 g, 43.2 mmol) dissolved in ethanol (20 ml) was dropwise added to a solution of 1-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-2-(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethanone (5 g, 22.4 mmol) in ethanol (50 ml) which contained CH₃COONa (4 g, 48.8 mmol) under reflux conditions for 4 h. The mixture was placed in ice-water (100 ml), and the crystalline product was isolated by filtration, washed with water (100 ml). The crystals were obtained by dissolving the product in ethanol (20 ml) and evaporating acetone slowly at room temperature for about 7 d.

S3. Refinement

The H atom of the hydroxy group was located in a Fourier difference map but was constrained to ride on the parent atom with O—H = 0.82 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$. The other H atoms were positioned geometrically with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic) and 0.97 Å (methylene) and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

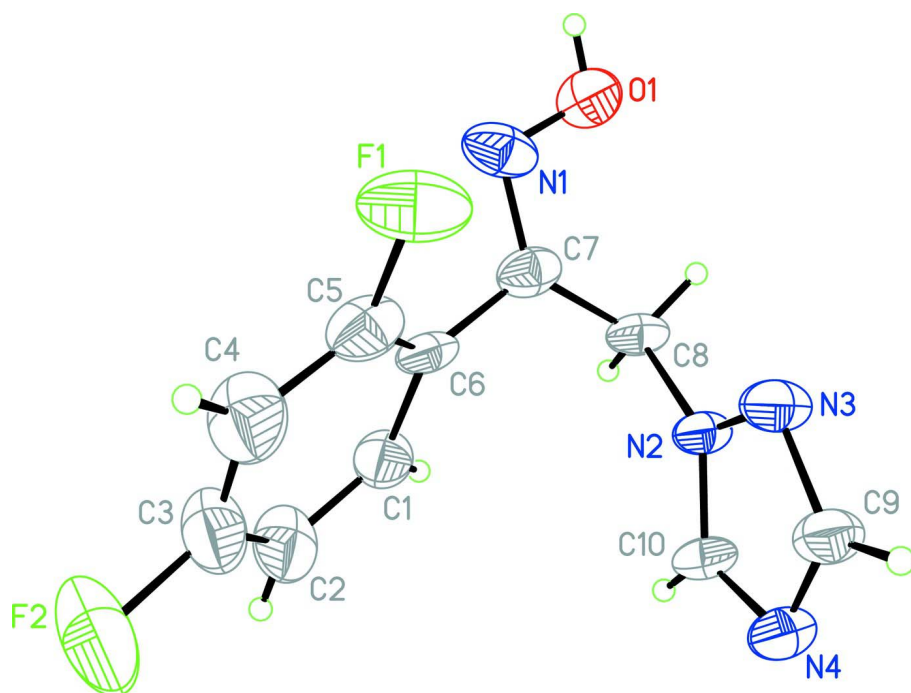


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound showing displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

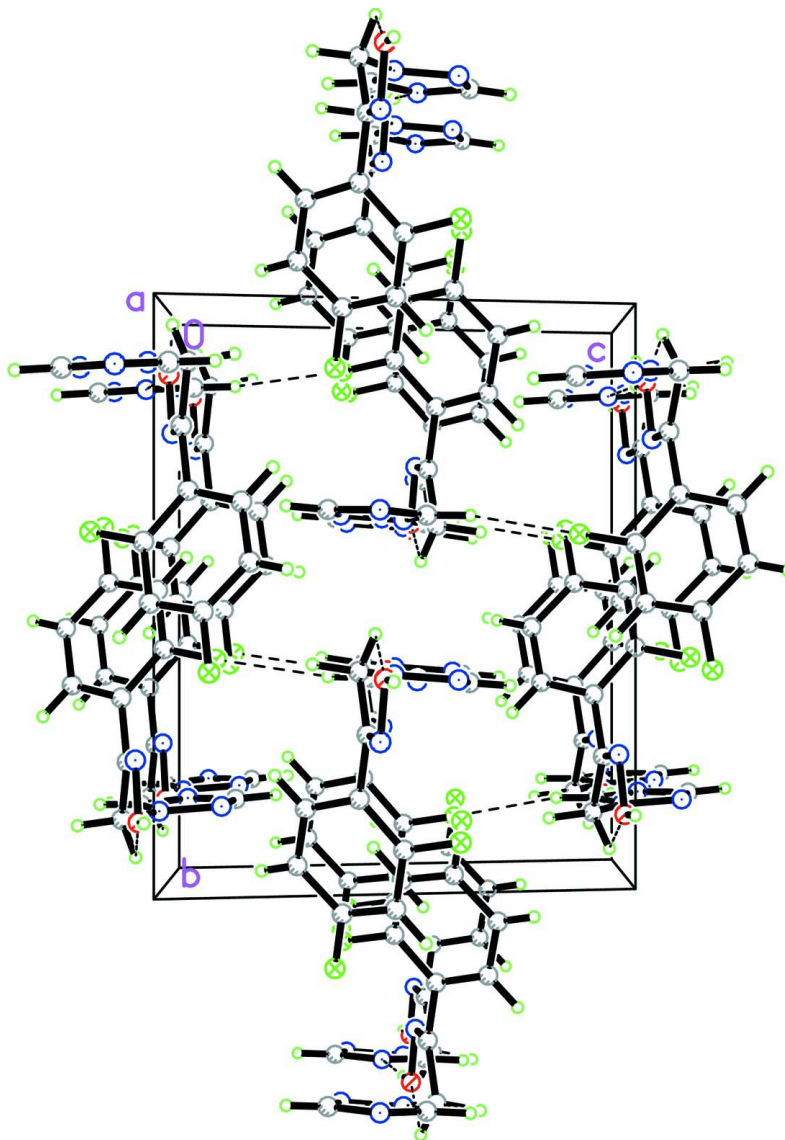


Figure 2

A packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

(Z)-1-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)-2-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)ethanone oxime

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_8F_2N_4O$

$M_r = 238.20$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 8.6320$ (17) Å

$b = 12.433$ (3) Å

$c = 10.417$ (2) Å

$\beta = 104.85$ (3)°

$V = 1080.6$ (4) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 488$

$D_x = 1.464$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point: 400 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 9\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.12$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Black, white

0.30 × 0.20 × 0.10 mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\omega/2\theta$ scans

Absorption correction: ψ scan
(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.964$, $T_{\max} = 0.988$

3127 measured reflections

1987 independent reflections

1217 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.042$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$

$h = 0 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -5 \rightarrow 14$

$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

3 standard reflections every 200 reflections

intensity decay: 1%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$

$wR(F^2) = 0.171$

$S = 1.01$

1987 reflections

154 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.090P)^2]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.53 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,
2008)

Extinction coefficient: 0.034 (5)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	-0.0689 (3)	0.1304 (2)	0.0266 (2)	0.0885 (7)
H1A	-0.1670	0.1325	0.0102	0.133*
F1	0.0628 (2)	0.39466 (19)	-0.12253 (18)	0.1082 (8)
N1	-0.0109 (3)	0.2303 (3)	0.0363 (2)	0.0787 (8)
C1	0.3526 (3)	0.3487 (3)	0.1896 (3)	0.0689 (8)
H1	0.3862	0.2944	0.2520	0.083*
N2	0.3725 (2)	0.13025 (17)	0.0097 (2)	0.0535 (6)
C2	0.4296 (4)	0.4452 (3)	0.2083 (3)	0.0880 (11)
H2	0.5142	0.4572	0.2826	0.106*
F2	0.4618 (4)	0.61943 (18)	0.1316 (3)	0.1508 (12)
N3	0.3361 (2)	0.1384 (2)	-0.1226 (2)	0.0654 (7)
C3	0.3801 (5)	0.5240 (3)	0.1156 (4)	0.0917 (10)
N4	0.6005 (2)	0.1436 (2)	-0.0387 (2)	0.0679 (7)
C4	0.2564 (4)	0.5106 (3)	0.0065 (3)	0.0944 (11)

H4	0.2229	0.5659	-0.0545	0.113*
C5	0.1822 (3)	0.4114 (3)	-0.0101 (3)	0.0707 (9)
C6	0.2250 (3)	0.3288 (2)	0.0798 (2)	0.0538 (7)
C7	0.1461 (3)	0.2225 (3)	0.0625 (2)	0.0619 (8)
C8	0.2467 (3)	0.1224 (2)	0.0803 (3)	0.0605 (8)
H8A	0.2951	0.1110	0.1741	0.073*
H8B	0.1789	0.0609	0.0471	0.073*
C9	0.4781 (3)	0.1454 (2)	-0.1470 (3)	0.0663 (8)
H9	0.4918	0.1511	-0.2324	0.080*
C10	0.5286 (3)	0.1362 (2)	0.0578 (3)	0.0597 (7)
H10	0.5810	0.1353	0.1477	0.072*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0712 (14)	0.0982 (19)	0.0951 (17)	0.0097 (14)	0.0198 (12)	-0.0037 (14)
F1	0.0744 (12)	0.160 (2)	0.0717 (12)	-0.0057 (12)	-0.0146 (10)	0.0297 (11)
N1	0.0610 (14)	0.115 (3)	0.0608 (15)	-0.0278 (15)	0.0177 (11)	-0.0027 (15)
C1	0.0595 (16)	0.078 (2)	0.0599 (16)	0.0107 (16)	-0.0024 (13)	-0.0075 (15)
N2	0.0337 (10)	0.0662 (15)	0.0611 (13)	-0.0045 (10)	0.0133 (9)	0.0006 (11)
C2	0.095 (2)	0.087 (3)	0.0639 (19)	0.012 (2)	-0.0120 (18)	-0.0177 (19)
F2	0.183 (3)	0.0744 (16)	0.161 (2)	-0.0211 (16)	-0.017 (2)	-0.0079 (15)
N3	0.0441 (11)	0.093 (2)	0.0577 (13)	-0.0116 (12)	0.0107 (10)	-0.0005 (12)
C3	0.106 (3)	0.067 (2)	0.091 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.004 (2)	-0.014 (2)
N4	0.0449 (12)	0.0795 (18)	0.0822 (16)	-0.0011 (11)	0.0216 (12)	-0.0008 (13)
C4	0.108 (3)	0.078 (3)	0.085 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.002 (2)	0.014 (2)
C5	0.0594 (16)	0.100 (3)	0.0456 (15)	0.0192 (18)	0.0007 (13)	0.0074 (16)
C6	0.0283 (11)	0.084 (2)	0.0503 (14)	0.0060 (12)	0.0120 (10)	-0.0023 (14)
C7	0.0463 (13)	0.096 (2)	0.0464 (14)	0.0039 (15)	0.0175 (11)	0.0027 (14)
C8	0.0363 (12)	0.080 (2)	0.0674 (17)	-0.0076 (13)	0.0175 (12)	0.0078 (15)
C9	0.0470 (14)	0.089 (2)	0.0659 (17)	-0.0109 (15)	0.0205 (13)	-0.0046 (16)
C10	0.0297 (11)	0.075 (2)	0.0724 (17)	0.0046 (12)	0.0091 (11)	0.0088 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—N1	1.334 (3)	N3—C9	1.317 (3)
O1—H1A	0.8200	C3—C4	1.356 (5)
F1—C5	1.364 (3)	N4—C10	1.313 (3)
N1—C7	1.315 (3)	N4—C9	1.333 (3)
C1—C2	1.362 (4)	C4—C5	1.380 (5)
C1—C6	1.392 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C5—C6	1.375 (4)
N2—C10	1.314 (3)	C6—C7	1.477 (4)
N2—N3	1.337 (3)	C7—C8	1.502 (4)
N2—C8	1.463 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9700
C2—C3	1.365 (5)	C8—H8B	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—H9	0.9300
F2—C3	1.368 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300

N1—O1—H1A	109.5	F1—C5—C4	117.9 (3)
C7—N1—O1	107.1 (3)	C6—C5—C4	123.2 (3)
C2—C1—C6	121.9 (3)	C5—C6—C1	116.4 (3)
C2—C1—H1	119.0	C5—C6—C7	123.4 (2)
C6—C1—H1	119.0	C1—C6—C7	120.1 (3)
C10—N2—N3	109.6 (2)	N1—C7—C6	112.2 (3)
C10—N2—C8	129.3 (2)	N1—C7—C8	128.2 (3)
N3—N2—C8	120.97 (18)	C6—C7—C8	119.5 (2)
C1—C2—C3	118.6 (3)	N2—C8—C7	111.3 (2)
C1—C2—H2	120.7	N2—C8—H8A	109.4
C3—C2—H2	120.7	C7—C8—H8A	109.4
C9—N3—N2	102.7 (2)	N2—C8—H8B	109.4
C4—C3—C2	122.8 (4)	C7—C8—H8B	109.4
C4—C3—F2	118.6 (4)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.0
C2—C3—F2	118.6 (3)	N3—C9—N4	114.2 (2)
C10—N4—C9	102.8 (2)	N3—C9—H9	122.9
C3—C4—C5	117.1 (3)	N4—C9—H9	122.9
C3—C4—H4	121.5	N4—C10—N2	110.6 (2)
C5—C4—H4	121.5	N4—C10—H10	124.7
F1—C5—C6	118.8 (3)	N2—C10—H10	124.7
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.5 (5)	O1—N1—C7—C6	-178.2 (2)
C10—N2—N3—C9	2.1 (3)	O1—N1—C7—C8	-0.5 (4)
C8—N2—N3—C9	179.0 (2)	C5—C6—C7—N1	-50.9 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.7 (6)	C1—C6—C7—N1	130.8 (3)
C1—C2—C3—F2	-177.3 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C8	131.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.5 (6)	C1—C6—C7—C8	-47.1 (3)
F2—C3—C4—C5	176.6 (3)	C10—N2—C8—C7	112.4 (3)
C3—C4—C5—F1	-176.8 (3)	N3—N2—C8—C7	-63.8 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	2.0 (5)	N1—C7—C8—N2	135.8 (3)
F1—C5—C6—C1	177.1 (2)	C6—C7—C8—N2	-46.7 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.7 (4)	N2—N3—C9—N4	-0.9 (3)
F1—C5—C6—C7	-1.2 (4)	C10—N4—C9—N3	-0.7 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C7	180.0 (3)	C9—N4—C10—N2	2.0 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.9 (4)	N3—N2—C10—N4	-2.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.3 (3)	C8—N2—C10—N4	-179.2 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O1—H1A \cdots N4 ⁱ	0.82	1.94	2.764 (3)	176
C10—H10 \cdots F1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.47	3.289 (4)	148

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2$.