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## 6-Benzyl-6,7-dihydro-5H-pyrrolo[3,4-b]pyridine-5.7-dione

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.058; wR factor = 0.174; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.8.

In the title compound, C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, the dihedral angle between the heterocyclic ring system and the phenyl ring is 45.8 (5)°. Weak intermolecular  $C-H \cdots N$  hydrogen bonding is present in the crystal structure.

#### **Related literature**

The title compound is a key intermediate in the synthesis of the quinolone antibiotic moxifloxacin [systematic name: 1cyclopropyl-7-[(1S,6S)-2,8-diazabicyclo[4.3.0]non-8-yl]-6fluoro-8-methoxy-4-oxo-quinoline-3-carboxylic acid], see: Petersen et al. (1993). For a related structure, see: Garduño-Beltrán et al. (2009).



#### **Experimental**

Crystal data  $C_{14}H_{10}N_2O_2$ 

 $M_r = 238.24$ 

# organic compounds

reflections

intensity decay: 1%

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Z = 4
a = 11.8548 (6) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 12.3969 (8) Å	$\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 8.1676 (4) Å	T = 293  K
$\beta = 107.45 (3)^{\circ}$	$0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$ mm
V = 1145.1 (2) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Data collection	
Enraf–Nonius CAD-4	2087 independent reflections
diffractometer	1100 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan	$R_{\rm int} = 0.045$
(North et al., 1968)	3 standard reflections every 200

(North et al., 1968)  $T_{\min} = 0.981, T_{\max} = 0.991$ 2087 measured reflections

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.058$	12 restraints
$wR(F^2) = 0.174$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.00	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.17 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2087 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.13 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
163 parameters	

# Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C10-H10A\cdots N2^{i}$	0.93	2.46	3.386 (3)	177
Symmetry code: (i) $-x$ ,	$y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}.$			

Data collection: CAD-4 EXPRESS (Enraf-Nonius, 1994); cell refinement: CAD-4 EXPRESS; data reduction: XCAD4 (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: XU5342).

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# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2895 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811041006]

# 6-Benzyl-6,7-dihydro-5*H*-pyrrolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine-5,7-dione

## Hong-Shun Sun, Long Jiang, Hong Xu, Xin-Hua Lu and Yu-Long Li

#### S1. Comment

Moxifloxacin (Petersen *et al.*, 1993) is used to treat a variety of bacterial infections. This medication belongs to a class of drugs called quinolone antibiotics. The title compound is a key intermediate to synthesize it. As part of our studies in this area, we report here its crystal structure.

In the title compound, all bond lengths and angles show normal values. The dihedral angle between the heterocycle and benzyl group is 45.8 (5)° (Fig.1), similar to that found in a related strcture (Garduño-Beltrán *et al.*, 2009). There is a intermolecular C—H···N hydrogen bond (Table 1) in the crystal structure.

## S2. Experimental

Benzylamine (3.85 ml, 35.2 mmol) was added to a suspension of 2,3-pyridinedicarboxylic anhydride (5 g, 33.5 mmol) in acetic acid (50 ml), and the mixture was heated under reflux for 18 h. It was then cooled to room temperature, concentrated *in vacuo* and the residue was triturated with diethyl ether to afford the title compound as a white solid in 57% yield. Crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an acetone solution.

## S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.93–0.97 Å and  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2$  $U_{eq}(C)$ .



## Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), showing the atom-numbering scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

## 6-Benzyl-6,7-dihydro-5*H*-pyrrolo[3,4-*b*]pyridine-5,7-dione

Crystal data	
$C_{14}H_{10}N_2O_2$	V = 1145.1 (2) Å <sup>3</sup>
$M_r = 238.24$	Z = 4
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	F(000) = 496
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	$D_{\rm x} = 1.382 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$
a = 11.8548 (6) Å	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
b = 12.3969 (8) Å	Cell parameters from 25 reflections
c = 8.1676 (4)  Å	$\theta = 10 - 13^{\circ}$
$\beta = 107.45 \ (3)^{\circ}$	$\mu = 0.10 \mathrm{~mm^{-1}}$

#### T = 293 KBlock, colorless

Data collection

Dura concernon	
Enraf–Nonius CAD-4	2087 independent reflections
diffractometer	1100 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\rm int} = 0.045$
Graphite monochromator	$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.4^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 1.8^\circ$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$h = -14 \rightarrow 13$
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan	$k = 0 \rightarrow 14$
(North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$l = 0 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\min} = 0.981, \ T_{\max} = 0.991$	3 standard reflections every 200 reflections
2087 measured reflections	intensity decay: 1%
Refinement	
Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fo

 $0.20\times0.10\times0.10~mm$ 

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.058$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.174$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.00	H-atom parameters constrained
2087 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.082P)^2]$
163 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
12 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.13 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
N1	0.2267 (2)	0.6223 (2)	0.0923 (3)	0.0602 (7)	
01	0.20765 (18)	0.43903 (17)	0.1329 (3)	0.0753 (7)	
C1	0.4977 (3)	0.7166 (3)	0.2368 (5)	0.0896 (11)	
H1A	0.4640	0.7810	0.1871	0.108*	
N2	-0.0141 (2)	0.74370 (19)	0.2194 (3)	0.0711 (7)	
O2	0.19962 (18)	0.80705 (17)	0.0885 (3)	0.0782 (7)	
C2	0.6005 (3)	0.7199 (3)	0.3733 (5)	0.0957 (12)	
H2B	0.6327	0.7861	0.4170	0.115*	
C3	0.6539 (3)	0.6287 (3)	0.4429 (4)	0.0763 (9)	
H3A	0.7242	0.6307	0.5324	0.092*	
C4	0.6038 (3)	0.5337 (3)	0.3807 (5)	0.0980 (13)	
H4A	0.6398	0.4698	0.4289	0.118*	
C5	0.5005 (3)	0.5297 (3)	0.2473 (5)	0.0919 (12)	

H5A	0.4681	0.4630	0.2066	0.110*
C6	0.4446 (2)	0.6219 (2)	0.1734 (3)	0.0577 (8)
C7	0.3308 (3)	0.6186 (3)	0.0307 (4)	0.0758 (10)
H7A	0.3282	0.6793	-0.0454	0.091*
H7B	0.3282	0.5530	-0.0351	0.091*
C8	0.1751 (2)	0.5306 (2)	0.1379 (3)	0.0570 (8)
C9	0.0735 (2)	0.5705 (2)	0.1955 (3)	0.0505 (6)
C10	-0.0010 (2)	0.5161 (2)	0.2533 (3)	0.0493 (7)
H10A	0.0040	0.4415	0.2653	0.059*
C11	-0.0833 (3)	0.5716 (2)	0.2939 (4)	0.0655 (8)
H11A	-0.1372	0.5342	0.3353	0.079*
C12	-0.0940 (3)	0.6819 (2)	0.2785 (3)	0.0633 (8)
H12A	-0.1550	0.7164	0.3075	0.076*
C13	0.0710 (2)	0.6813 (2)	0.1768 (3)	0.0504 (6)
C14	0.1696 (3)	0.7163 (2)	0.1142 (3)	0.0581 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	U <sup>23</sup>
N1	0.0490 (14)	0.0711 (16)	0.0568 (14)	0.0019 (13)	0.0100 (11)	0.0026 (13)
01	0.0755 (15)	0.0661 (14)	0.0803 (15)	0.0207 (12)	0.0173 (12)	-0.0042 (11)
C1	0.063 (2)	0.075 (2)	0.118 (3)	-0.0018 (18)	0.007 (2)	0.021 (2)
N2	0.0711 (18)	0.0628 (14)	0.0755 (17)	0.0089 (11)	0.0162 (13)	-0.0014 (12)
O2	0.0702 (15)	0.0627 (13)	0.0928 (16)	-0.0110 (11)	0.0108 (12)	0.0161 (11)
C2	0.067 (2)	0.084 (3)	0.120 (3)	-0.014 (2)	0.003 (2)	-0.005 (2)
C3	0.0509 (18)	0.101 (3)	0.076 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.0185 (16)	0.001 (2)
C4	0.068 (2)	0.079 (3)	0.129 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.003 (2)	0.014 (2)
C5	0.073 (3)	0.072 (2)	0.113 (3)	-0.0044 (19)	0.000 (2)	-0.010 (2)
C6	0.0490 (16)	0.071 (2)	0.0572 (16)	0.0014 (16)	0.0227 (14)	0.0005 (16)
C7	0.0562 (19)	0.114 (3)	0.0586 (18)	-0.0033 (18)	0.0195 (16)	0.0010 (18)
C8	0.0532 (18)	0.0573 (19)	0.0503 (17)	0.0024 (15)	-0.0002 (13)	-0.0016 (13)
C9	0.0483 (15)	0.0511 (12)	0.0446 (15)	0.0002 (12)	0.0027 (12)	-0.0005 (12)
C10	0.0542 (17)	0.0359 (12)	0.0503 (15)	0.0001 (10)	0.0040 (12)	0.0023 (11)
C11	0.0599 (18)	0.0689 (14)	0.0665 (19)	0.0027 (14)	0.0171 (15)	0.0000 (16)
C12	0.0601 (19)	0.0673 (15)	0.0618 (18)	0.0126 (14)	0.0171 (14)	-0.0092 (16)
C13	0.0525 (15)	0.0481 (12)	0.0442 (14)	-0.0032 (12)	0.0049 (12)	0.0002 (12)
C14	0.0516 (18)	0.060 (2)	0.0516 (17)	-0.0023 (15)	-0.0014 (13)	0.0026 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C14	1.385 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9300	
N1—C8	1.394 (3)	C5—C6	1.367 (4)	
N1—C7	1.467 (4)	C5—H5A	0.9300	
O1—C8	1.203 (3)	C6—C7	1.496 (4)	
C1—C6	1.359 (4)	C7—H7A	0.9700	
C1—C2	1.384 (5)	C7—H7B	0.9700	
C1—H1A	0.9300	C8—C9	1.503 (4)	
N2-C13	1.395 (3)	C9—C10	1.306 (3)	

N2—C12	1.411 (4)	C9—C13	1.382 (4)
O2—C14	1.217 (3)	C10—C11	1.315 (4)
C2—C3	1.336 (4)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C2—H2B	0.9300	C11—C12	1.376 (4)
C3—C4	1.347 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9300
С3—НЗА	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.374 (4)	C13—C14	1.474 (4)
C14—N1—C8	112.4 (2)	N1—C7—H7B	109.0
C14—N1—C7	124.4 (3)	С6—С7—Н7В	109.0
C8—N1—C7	123.2 (3)	H7A—C7—H7B	107.8
C6—C1—C2	121.9 (3)	O1—C8—N1	126.2 (3)
C6—C1—H1A	119.1	O1—C8—C9	128.0 (3)
C2—C1—H1A	119.1	N1—C8—C9	105.8 (2)
C13—N2—C12	113.2 (2)	C10—C9—C13	124.0 (3)
C3—C2—C1	120.5 (3)	C10—C9—C8	129.5 (3)
C3—C2—H2B	119.7	C13—C9—C8	106.5 (3)
C1—C2—H2B	119.7	C9—C10—C11	117.1 (3)
C2—C3—C4	118.7 (3)	C9—C10—H10A	121.5
С2—С3—НЗА	120.7	C11-C10-H10A	121.5
C4—C3—H3A	120.7	C10-C11-C12	123.4 (3)
C3—C4—C5	121.2 (3)	C10-C11-H11A	118.3
C3—C4—H4A	119.4	C12-C11-H11A	118.3
C5—C4—H4A	119.4	C11—C12—N2	121.3 (3)
C6—C5—C4	121.2 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	119.4
С6—С5—Н5А	119.4	N2—C12—H12A	119.4
C4—C5—H5A	119.4	C9—C13—N2	121.1 (3)
C1—C6—C5	116.5 (3)	C9—C13—C14	109.8 (3)
C1—C6—C7	121.8 (3)	N2—C13—C14	129.1 (2)
C5—C6—C7	121.7 (3)	O2—C14—N1	125.2 (3)
N1—C7—C6	112.7 (2)	O2—C14—C13	129.4 (3)
N1—C7—H7A	109.0	N1—C14—C13	105.4 (2)
С6—С7—Н7А	109.0		
C6—C1—C2—C3	2.8 (6)	C13—C9—C10—C11	0.7 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.9 (6)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-179.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.6 (6)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.1 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (6)	C10-C11-C12-N2	-1.1 (4)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-2.4 (5)	C13—N2—C12—C11	1.4 (4)
C2-C1-C6-C7	177.4 (3)	C10—C9—C13—N2	-0.2 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C1	1.1 (5)	C8—C9—C13—N2	179.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.7 (3)	C10-C9-C13-C14	178.1 (2)
C14—N1—C7—C6	91.4 (3)	C8—C9—C13—C14	-1.8 (3)
C8—N1—C7—C6	-87.6 (3)	C12—N2—C13—C9	-0.8 (4)
C1C6C7N1	-88.5 (4)	C12—N2—C13—C14	-178.8 (2)
C5-C6-C7-N1	91.3 (4)	C8—N1—C14—O2	177.7 (3)
C14—N1—C8—O1	-179.2 (3)	C7—N1—C14—O2	-1.4 (4)
C7—N1—C8—O1	-0.1 (4)	C8—N1—C14—C13	-1.1 (3)

C14—N1—C8—C9	0.0 (3)	C7—N1—C14—C13	179.8 (2)
C7—N1—C8—C9	179.2 (2)	C9—C13—C14—O2	-176.9 (3)
O1—C8—C9—C10	0.5 (5)	N2-C13-C14-O2	1.2 (5)
N1-C8-C9-C10	-178.7 (3)	C9-C13-C14-N1	1.8 (3)
O1—C8—C9—C13	-179.6 (3)	N2-C13-C14-N1	179.9 (2)
N1-C8-C9-C13	1.1 (3)		

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H…A	D····A	D—H…A
C10—H10 <i>A</i> ···N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.46	3.386 (3)	177

Symmetry code: (i) -x, y-1/2, -z+1/2.