

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(5*E*)-5-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-2-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3-thiazol-4(5*H*)-oneHoong-Kun Fun,^{a,*} Madhukar Hemamalini,^a Prajwal L. Lobo,^b D. Jagadeesh Prasad^b and Boja Poojary^b^aX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangothri 574 199, Mangalore, Karnataka, India

Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

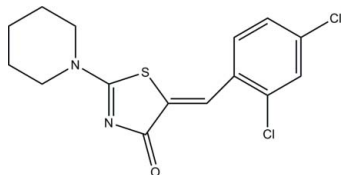
Received 3 October 2011; accepted 4 October 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.001$ Å; R factor = 0.026; wR factor = 0.074; data-to-parameter ratio = 35.1.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{OS}$, the piperidine ring adopts a chair conformation. The dihedral angle between the thiazolidine ring and the dichlorobenzene ring is $9.30(4)^\circ$; this near coplanar conformation is stabilized by the formation of an intramolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ hydrogen bond, which generates an $S(6)$ ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming $[001]$ chains. Weak $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid-centroid separation = $3.5460(5)$ Å] consolidate the structure.

Related literature

For details and properties of the 4-thiazolidinone ring system, see: Lesyk & Zimenkovsky (2004); Lesyk *et al.* (2007); Havrylyuk *et al.* (2009); Ahn *et al.* (2006); Park *et al.* (2008); Geronikaki *et al.* (2008); Zimenkovsky *et al.* (2005). For ring puckering, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{OS}$ $M_r = 341.24$ Monoclinic, $C2/c$ $a = 28.5303(3)$ Å $b = 7.4915(1)$ Å $c = 15.4789(2)$ Å $\beta = 116.407(1)^\circ$ $V = 2963.17(6)$ Å³ $Z = 8$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.58$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K $0.44 \times 0.25 \times 0.13$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)

 $T_{\min} = 0.783$, $T_{\max} = 0.928$ 46944 measured reflections
6673 independent reflections
5955 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$ $wR(F^2) = 0.074$ $S = 1.03$

6673 reflections

190 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.52$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}1-\text{H}1\text{A}\cdots\text{S}1$	0.95	2.49	3.2260 (8)	134
$\text{C}4-\text{H}4\text{A}\cdots\text{O}1^i$	0.95	2.40	3.3080 (9)	160
$\text{C}15-\text{H}15\text{A}\cdots\text{O}1^{ii}$	0.99	2.57	3.2778 (11)	129

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

HKF and MH thank the Malaysian Government and Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Research University grant No. 1001/PFIZIK/811160. MH also thanks Universiti Sains Malaysia for a post-doctoral research fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6435).

References

- Ahn, J. H., Kim, S. J., Park, W. S., Cho, S. Y., Ha, J. D., Kim, S. S., Kang, S. K., Jeong, D. G., Jung, S. K., Lee, S. H., Kim, H. M., Park, S. K., Lee, K. H., Lee, C. W., Ryu, S. E. & Choi, J. K. (2006). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **16**, 2996–2999.
- Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **34**, 1555–1573.
- Bruker (2009). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Cosier, J. & Glazer, A. M. (1986). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **19**, 105–107.
- Cremer, D. & Pople, J. A. (1975). *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **97**, 1354–1358.
- Geronikaki, A., Eleftheriou, P., Vicini, P., Alam, I., Dixit, A. & Saxena, A. K. (2008). *J. Med. Chem.* **51**, 5221–5228.
- Havrylyuk, D., Zimenkovsky, B., Vasylenko, O., Zaprutko, L., Gzella, A. & Lesyk, R. (2009). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **44**, 1396–1404.
- Lesyk, R., Vladzimirskaya, O., Holota, S., Zaprutko, L. & Gzella, A. (2007). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **42**, 641–648.
- Lesyk, R. & Zimenkovsky, B. (2004). *Curr. Org. Chem.* **8**, 1547–1577.
- Park, H., Jung, S. K., Jeong, D. G., Ryu, S. E. & Kim, S. J. (2008). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **18**, 2250–2255.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.
- Zimenkovsky, B., Kazmirchuk, G., Zaprutko, L., Paraskiewicz, A., Melzer, E. & Lesyk, R. (2005). *Pol. Chem. Soc.* **1**, 69–72.

* Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2884 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811040785]

(5*E*)-5-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-2-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3-thiazol-4(5*H*)-one

Hoong-Kun Fun, Madhukar Hemamalini, Prajwal L. Lobo, D. Jagadeesh Prasad and Boja Poojary

S1. Comment

The 4-thiazolidinone ring system is a core structure in various synthetic compounds displaying a broad spectrum of biological activities (Lesyk & Zimenkovsky, 2004), including an anticancer effect (Lesyk *et al.*, 2007; Havrylyuk *et al.*, 2009). The mechanisms of antitumor activity by 4-thiazolidinones and related heterocycles may be associated with their affinities to anticancer bio-targets, such as phosphatase of a regenerating liver (PRL-3) (Ahn *et al.*, 2006; Park *et al.*, 2008) and nonmembrane protein tyrosine phosphatase (SHP-2)(Geronikaki *et al.*, 2008). 5-Arylidene derivatives were previously shown as the most active group of compounds with the anticancer activity among a large pool of 4-azolidone derivatives and analogs (Zimenkovsky *et al.*, 2005). This prompted us to synthesize the title compound, (I), (Fig. 1).

The piperidine ((N2/C11–C15) ring adopts a chair conformation [$Q = 0.5462(10) \text{ \AA}$; $\theta = 5.78(10)^\circ$ and $\varphi = 206.6(10)^\circ$; Cremer & Pople, 1975]. The central thiazolidine (S1/N1/C8–C10) ring makes dihedral angles of $21.18(4)^\circ$ and $9.30(4)^\circ$ with the terminal piperidine (N2/C11–C15) and phenyl (C1–C6) rings. The corresponding angle between the piperidine and phenyl (N2/C11–C15)/(C1–C6) rings is $13.69(4)^\circ$. An intramolecular C1—H1A \cdots S1 hydrogen bond generates an *S*(6) (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995) ring motif.

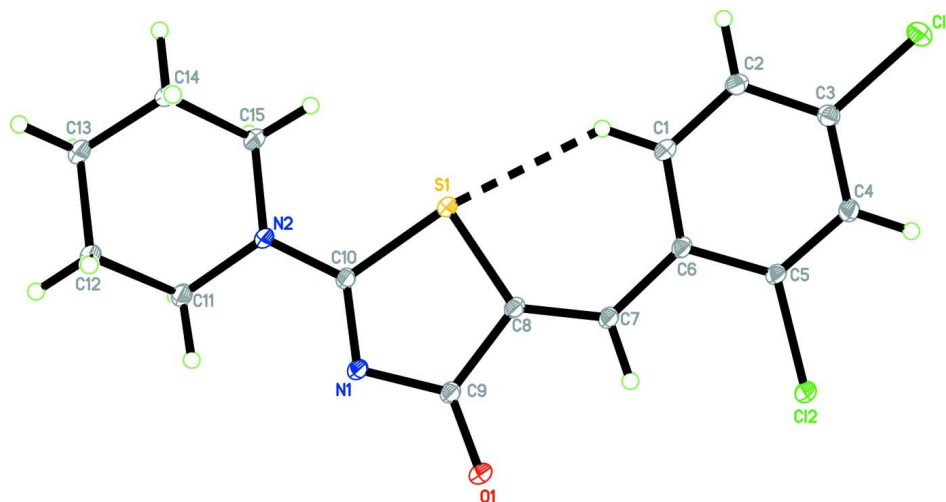
In the crystal structure, (Fig. 2), the molecules are connected *via* intermolecular C—H \cdots O (Table 1) hydrogen bonds forming one-dimensional supramolecular chains along the *c*-axis. The crystal structure is further stabilized by weak π – π interactions between the thiazolidine (Cg1; S1/N1/C8–C10) and phenyl (Cg3; C1–C6) rings [Cg1 \cdots Cg3 = $3.5460(5) \text{ \AA}$; $1/2-x, 3/2-y, 1-z$].

S2. Experimental

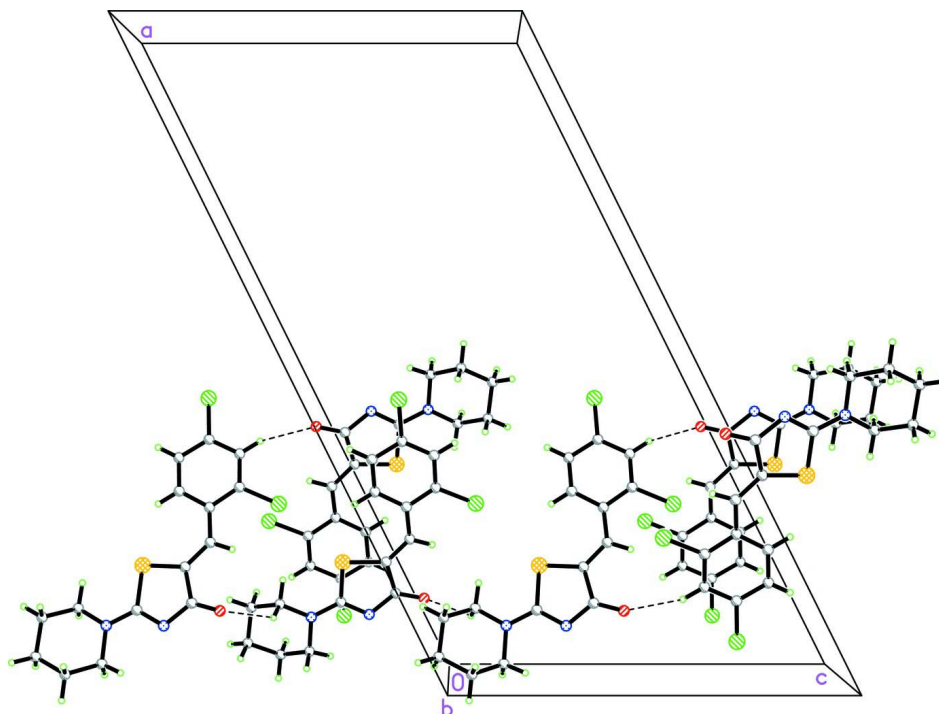
An equimolar mixture of 2-(4-methylsulfanylphenyl)acetohydrazide and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde was refluxed for four hours in the presence of few drops of acid catalyst and ethanol as solvent. The compound obtained was filtered, washed, dried and recrystallised from ethanol to yield brown blocks of (I).

S3. Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically [C–H = 0.95 or 0.99 \AA] and were refined using a riding model, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

**Figure 1**

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. An intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown by a dashed line.

**Figure 2**

The crystal packing of the title compound (I).

(5*E*)-5-(2,4-Dichlorobenzylidene)-2-(piperidin-1-yl)-1,3-thiazol-4(5*H*)-one

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{14}Cl_2N_2OS$

$M_r = 341.24$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-C 2yc$

$a = 28.5303 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 7.4915 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 15.4789 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 116.407 (1)^\circ$

$V = 2963.17 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 8$
 $F(000) = 1408$
 $D_x = 1.530 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
 Cell parameters from 9844 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}35.2^\circ$
 $\mu = 0.58 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 100 \text{ K}$
 Block, brown
 $0.44 \times 0.25 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.783, T_{\max} = 0.928$

46944 measured reflections
 6673 independent reflections
 5955 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$
 $\theta_{\max} = 35.4^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 2.7^\circ$
 $h = -45 \rightarrow 46$
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
 $l = -25 \rightarrow 25$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.074$
 $S = 1.03$
 6673 reflections
 190 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0364P)^2 + 1.7424P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.002$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.52 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.430128 (8)	0.28966 (3)	0.729616 (15)	0.02400 (5)
Cl2	0.269296 (8)	0.51920 (3)	0.790208 (13)	0.02382 (5)
S1	0.176998 (7)	0.57324 (3)	0.374212 (12)	0.01596 (4)
O1	0.11470 (2)	0.76041 (9)	0.52929 (4)	0.02178 (12)
N1	0.09082 (3)	0.72148 (9)	0.36763 (5)	0.01686 (11)
N2	0.08873 (3)	0.66216 (10)	0.21783 (4)	0.01825 (12)
C1	0.28809 (3)	0.46653 (11)	0.54975 (5)	0.01796 (13)
H1A	0.2688	0.4850	0.4822	0.022*
C2	0.33866 (3)	0.40104 (11)	0.58547 (6)	0.01884 (13)

H2A	0.3540	0.3774	0.5433	0.023*
C3	0.36659 (3)	0.37051 (10)	0.68400 (6)	0.01726 (12)
C4	0.34481 (3)	0.40355 (11)	0.74672 (5)	0.01740 (12)
H4A	0.3639	0.3797	0.8138	0.021*
C5	0.29438 (3)	0.47245 (10)	0.70876 (5)	0.01601 (12)
C6	0.26411 (3)	0.50678 (10)	0.60961 (5)	0.01517 (12)
C7	0.21245 (3)	0.58738 (10)	0.57455 (5)	0.01636 (12)
H7A	0.2028	0.6221	0.6235	0.020*
C8	0.17611 (3)	0.62056 (10)	0.48355 (5)	0.01523 (12)
C9	0.12450 (3)	0.70822 (10)	0.46399 (5)	0.01629 (12)
C10	0.11223 (3)	0.66071 (10)	0.31348 (5)	0.01553 (12)
C11	0.03308 (3)	0.71217 (13)	0.16554 (6)	0.02211 (15)
H11A	0.0227	0.7796	0.2093	0.027*
H11B	0.0114	0.6027	0.1450	0.027*
C12	0.02289 (3)	0.82567 (13)	0.07750 (6)	0.02274 (15)
H12A	0.0392	0.9444	0.0988	0.027*
H12B	-0.0153	0.8434	0.0394	0.027*
C13	0.04478 (3)	0.73902 (13)	0.01359 (6)	0.02228 (15)
H13A	0.0257	0.6267	-0.0141	0.027*
H13B	0.0398	0.8202	-0.0403	0.027*
C14	0.10279 (3)	0.69973 (12)	0.07298 (6)	0.01982 (14)
H14A	0.1221	0.8133	0.0961	0.024*
H14B	0.1165	0.6393	0.0320	0.024*
C15	0.11176 (4)	0.58124 (12)	0.15908 (6)	0.02219 (15)
H15A	0.0958	0.4627	0.1359	0.027*
H15B	0.1498	0.5640	0.1991	0.027*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.01844 (8)	0.02974 (10)	0.02435 (9)	0.00495 (7)	0.01001 (7)	0.00259 (7)
C12	0.01920 (9)	0.04116 (12)	0.01293 (7)	0.00453 (7)	0.00879 (6)	0.00332 (7)
S1	0.01586 (8)	0.02028 (8)	0.01193 (7)	0.00101 (6)	0.00634 (6)	-0.00006 (6)
O1	0.0210 (3)	0.0317 (3)	0.0141 (2)	0.0032 (2)	0.0092 (2)	-0.0011 (2)
N1	0.0159 (3)	0.0229 (3)	0.0124 (2)	0.0001 (2)	0.0069 (2)	0.0001 (2)
N2	0.0163 (3)	0.0272 (3)	0.0112 (2)	0.0023 (2)	0.0060 (2)	0.0005 (2)
C1	0.0199 (3)	0.0215 (3)	0.0134 (3)	0.0007 (3)	0.0083 (2)	0.0006 (2)
C2	0.0208 (3)	0.0212 (3)	0.0169 (3)	0.0014 (3)	0.0105 (3)	0.0005 (2)
C3	0.0165 (3)	0.0178 (3)	0.0180 (3)	0.0004 (2)	0.0081 (2)	0.0008 (2)
C4	0.0167 (3)	0.0204 (3)	0.0146 (3)	-0.0003 (2)	0.0064 (2)	0.0014 (2)
C5	0.0164 (3)	0.0203 (3)	0.0125 (3)	-0.0014 (2)	0.0075 (2)	0.0005 (2)
C6	0.0158 (3)	0.0175 (3)	0.0126 (3)	-0.0016 (2)	0.0066 (2)	0.0004 (2)
C7	0.0166 (3)	0.0201 (3)	0.0127 (3)	-0.0010 (2)	0.0068 (2)	0.0003 (2)
C8	0.0159 (3)	0.0178 (3)	0.0126 (3)	-0.0014 (2)	0.0068 (2)	-0.0002 (2)
C9	0.0164 (3)	0.0196 (3)	0.0133 (3)	-0.0010 (2)	0.0070 (2)	0.0001 (2)
C10	0.0150 (3)	0.0189 (3)	0.0125 (3)	-0.0008 (2)	0.0060 (2)	0.0003 (2)
C11	0.0155 (3)	0.0365 (4)	0.0139 (3)	0.0009 (3)	0.0061 (2)	0.0022 (3)
C12	0.0190 (3)	0.0339 (4)	0.0148 (3)	0.0050 (3)	0.0070 (3)	0.0033 (3)

C13	0.0230 (4)	0.0303 (4)	0.0133 (3)	0.0015 (3)	0.0078 (3)	0.0010 (3)
C14	0.0220 (3)	0.0245 (4)	0.0159 (3)	0.0008 (3)	0.0111 (3)	-0.0006 (3)
C15	0.0252 (4)	0.0291 (4)	0.0138 (3)	0.0072 (3)	0.0100 (3)	0.0015 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C3	1.7357 (8)	C6—C7	1.4560 (11)
C12—C5	1.7397 (7)	C7—C8	1.3498 (10)
S1—C8	1.7402 (7)	C7—H7A	0.9500
S1—C10	1.7839 (8)	C8—C9	1.5148 (11)
O1—C9	1.2265 (9)	C11—C12	1.5207 (12)
N1—C10	1.3186 (10)	C11—H11A	0.9900
N1—C9	1.3722 (10)	C11—H11B	0.9900
N2—C10	1.3261 (9)	C12—C13	1.5296 (12)
N2—C15	1.4690 (10)	C12—H12A	0.9900
N2—C11	1.4743 (11)	C12—H12B	0.9900
C1—C2	1.3851 (11)	C13—C14	1.5223 (12)
C1—C6	1.4075 (10)	C13—H13A	0.9900
C1—H1A	0.9500	C13—H13B	0.9900
C2—C3	1.3900 (11)	C14—C15	1.5252 (12)
C2—H2A	0.9500	C14—H14A	0.9900
C3—C4	1.3880 (11)	C14—H14B	0.9900
C4—C5	1.3893 (11)	C15—H15A	0.9900
C4—H4A	0.9500	C15—H15B	0.9900
C5—C6	1.4102 (10)		
C8—S1—C10	88.74 (3)	N1—C10—S1	117.13 (5)
C10—N1—C9	111.56 (6)	N2—C10—S1	118.84 (6)
C10—N2—C15	122.99 (7)	N2—C11—C12	111.35 (7)
C10—N2—C11	120.09 (6)	N2—C11—H11A	109.4
C15—N2—C11	115.73 (6)	C12—C11—H11A	109.4
C2—C1—C6	122.55 (7)	N2—C11—H11B	109.4
C2—C1—H1A	118.7	C12—C11—H11B	109.4
C6—C1—H1A	118.7	H11A—C11—H11B	108.0
C1—C2—C3	118.91 (7)	C11—C12—C13	111.84 (7)
C1—C2—H2A	120.5	C11—C12—H12A	109.2
C3—C2—H2A	120.5	C13—C12—H12A	109.2
C4—C3—C2	121.44 (7)	C11—C12—H12B	109.2
C4—C3—C11	119.28 (6)	C13—C12—H12B	109.2
C2—C3—C11	119.29 (6)	H12A—C12—H12B	107.9
C3—C4—C5	118.17 (7)	C14—C13—C12	109.79 (6)
C3—C4—H4A	120.9	C14—C13—H13A	109.7
C5—C4—H4A	120.9	C12—C13—H13A	109.7
C4—C5—C6	123.08 (7)	C14—C13—H13B	109.7
C4—C5—C12	116.79 (5)	C12—C13—H13B	109.7
C6—C5—C12	120.12 (6)	H13A—C13—H13B	108.2
C1—C6—C5	115.83 (7)	C13—C14—C15	110.80 (7)
C1—C6—C7	123.46 (7)	C13—C14—H14A	109.5

C5—C6—C7	120.64 (7)	C15—C14—H14A	109.5
C8—C7—C6	130.21 (7)	C13—C14—H14B	109.5
C8—C7—H7A	114.9	C15—C14—H14B	109.5
C6—C7—H7A	114.9	H14A—C14—H14B	108.1
C7—C8—C9	121.03 (7)	N2—C15—C14	110.69 (7)
C7—C8—S1	129.85 (6)	N2—C15—H15A	109.5
C9—C8—S1	109.10 (5)	C14—C15—H15A	109.5
O1—C9—N1	124.51 (7)	N2—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C9—C8	122.08 (7)	C14—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C9—C8	113.41 (6)	H15A—C15—H15B	108.1
N1—C10—N2	124.03 (7)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.25 (12)	C7—C8—C9—O1	3.74 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.26 (12)	S1—C8—C9—O1	-177.51 (7)
C1—C2—C3—C11	-179.63 (6)	C7—C8—C9—N1	-175.99 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.49 (12)	S1—C8—C9—N1	2.77 (8)
C11—C3—C4—C5	178.41 (6)	C9—N1—C10—N2	-178.19 (8)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.30 (12)	C9—N1—C10—S1	1.36 (9)
C3—C4—C5—C12	-177.86 (6)	C15—N2—C10—N1	-175.15 (8)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-1.41 (12)	C11—N2—C10—N1	-8.17 (12)
C2—C1—C6—C7	175.53 (8)	C15—N2—C10—S1	5.31 (11)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.10 (11)	C11—N2—C10—S1	172.29 (6)
C12—C5—C6—C1	179.24 (6)	C8—S1—C10—N1	0.25 (7)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-176.93 (7)	C8—S1—C10—N2	179.82 (7)
C12—C5—C6—C7	2.21 (10)	C10—N2—C11—C12	140.61 (8)
C1—C6—C7—C8	7.99 (13)	C15—N2—C11—C12	-51.50 (10)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-175.21 (8)	N2—C11—C12—C13	51.51 (10)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-179.51 (7)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-55.21 (10)
C6—C7—C8—S1	2.03 (13)	C12—C13—C14—C15	56.91 (10)
C10—S1—C8—C7	177.01 (8)	C10—N2—C15—C14	-139.08 (8)
C10—S1—C8—C9	-1.60 (5)	C11—N2—C15—C14	53.41 (10)
C10—N1—C9—O1	177.67 (8)	C13—C14—C15—N2	-55.37 (9)
C10—N1—C9—C8	-2.61 (9)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C1—H1A \cdots S1	0.95	2.49	3.2260 (8)	134
C4—H4A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.95	2.40	3.3080 (9)	160
C15—H15A \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.57	3.2778 (11)	129

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2$; (ii) $x, -y+1, z-1/2$.