organic compounds

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2-(4-Bromophenyl)-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-2-ium thiocyanate hemihydrate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.005 Å; disorder in solvent or counterion; R factor = 0.034; wR factor = 0.100; data-toparameter ratio = 14.9.

In the title hemihydrated salt, C₁₅H₁₃BrN⁺·NCS⁻·0.5H₂O, the two benzene rings are aligned at a dihedral angle of $46.9 (1)^{\circ}$. The six-membered heterocycle of the dihydroisoquinoline unit adopts a half-chair conformation. The water molecule and thiocyanate ion are linked by $O-H \cdots N$ hydrogen bonds, generating a four-membered ring motif. In addition, C- $H \cdots O$ and $C - H \cdots S$ interactions link the components into a chain along the c axis. $\pi - \pi$ interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.974(2) Å] link the chains into sheets and further $\pi - \pi$ [centroid–centroid distance = 3.746 (2) Å] and C– H. $\cdot \cdot \pi$ interactions give rise to a three-dimensional nework.

Related literature

For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Ishii et al. (1985). For the biological activity of tetrahydroisoquinoline derivatives, see: Abe et al. (2005); Kamal et al. (2011); Lane et al. (2006); Liu et al. (2009); Storch et al. (2002); Jang et al. (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{15}H_{13}BrN^+ \cdot NCS^- \cdot 0.5H_2O$ $M_r = 354.26$ Triclinic, P1 a = 9.0211 (12) Åb = 9.2685 (12) Åc = 10.7284 (14) Å

 $\alpha = 81.174 \ (2)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 66.699 \ (1)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 68.368 \ (1)^{\circ}$ $V = 765.81 (17) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 2Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $\mu = 2.82 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 K

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\rm min}=0.333,\ T_{\rm max}=0.422$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$ $wR(F^2) = 0.100$ S = 1.042824 reflections

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg2 is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$O1 - H1W \cdots N2$	0.85	1.83	2.642 (8)	159
$O1 - H2W \cdot \cdot \cdot N2^{i}$	0.85	2.04	2.879 (9)	171
C5−H5···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.60	3.133 (8)	117
C9−H9···S1	0.93	2.81	3.709 (3)	162
$C12 - H12 \cdots O1^{i}$	0.93	2.57	3.438 (8)	156
$C14-H14\cdots Cg2^{iii}$	0.93	2.87	3.447 (4)	121

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 2, -y, -z + 1; (ii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1; (iii) x + 1, y, z.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5230).

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 $0.50 \times 0.41 \times 0.37 \text{ mm}$

5705 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.015$

190 parameters

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.54 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.53 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

2824 independent reflections 2262 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

H-atom parameters constrained

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2766 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811038542]

2-(4-Bromophenyl)-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-2-ium thiocyanate hemihydrate

Yanni Ma, Fangjun Cao, Bin Zhu, Weigang Hu and Le Zhou

S1. Comment

Tetrahydroisoquinoline derivatives have recently attracted a lot of interest according to their outstanding bioactivity (Abe *et al.*, 2005; Storch *et al.*, 2002, Jang *et al.*, 2009; Lane *et al.*, 2006; Kamal *et al.*, 2011; Liu *et al.*, 2009). Considering the importance of these compounds, we prepared some tetrahydroisoquinoline derivatives. The title compound is an unexpected salt.

In the title hemihydrated salt, $C_{16}H_{14}BrN_2O_{0.5}S$, the two benzene rings are aligned at 46.9 (1)°. The six-membered heterocycle of the dihydroisoquinoline unit adopts a half-chair conformation. The lattice water and thiocyanate ion are linked by O—H…N hydrogen bonds to generateing four-membered ring motifs. Additionally, C—H…O and C—H…S interactions link the ions into a chain along *c* axis; $\pi - \pi$ interactions link the chains into sheets, and other $\pi - \pi$ and C—H… π interactions give rise to a three-dimension nework structure. The Cg2...Cg2 (1 - *x*, 2 - *y*, -*z*) distance is 3.974 (2) Å. The Cg3...Cg3 (2 - *x*, 1 - *y*, 1 - *z*) distance is 3.7457 (18) Å.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized according to the literature procedure (Ishii *et al.*, 1985), and the single crystals were obtained from its solution of dichloromethane-petroleum ether by slow evaporation at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The positions and isotropic displacement parameters of the water H atoms, H1W and H2W, were placed geometrically. The other H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms at distances of 0.93(aromatic CH) or 0.97 Å (methylene CH₂), with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$. The water molecule is of 0.5 occupany as it is close to a center of inversion.





An ORTEP drawing (30% probability displacement ellipsoids) of a single molecule of the title compound.



Figure 2

The three-dimension structure of the title compound.

2-(4-Bromophenyl)-3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-2-ium thiocyanate hemihydrate

Crystal data $C_{15}H_{13}BrN^+ \cdot CNS^- \cdot 0.5H_2O$ $\beta = 66.699 (1)^{\circ}$ $M_r = 354.26$ $\gamma = 68.368 (1)^{\circ}$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ $V = 765.81 (17) Å^3$ a = 9.0211 (12) ÅZ = 2b = 9.2685 (12) ÅF(000) = 358c = 10.7284 (14) Å $D_x = 1.536 Mg m^{-3}$ $a = 81.174 (2)^{\circ}$ Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 Å$

Cell parameters from 2388 reflections $\theta = 2.6-25.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 2.82 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator phi and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.333$, $T_{\max} = 0.422$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.034$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.100$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.04	H-atom parameters constrained
2824 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0542P)^2 + 0.2978P]$
190 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.54 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.53 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

T = 296 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.015$

 $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

 $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Block, yellow

 $0.50 \times 0.41 \times 0.37$ mm

5705 measured reflections

 $\theta_{\text{max}}^{\text{m}} = 25.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^{\circ}$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$

2824 independent reflections

2262 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles

and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic)

used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic

treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	Occ. (<1)
S1	0.93320 (15)	0.24168 (14)	0.06970 (15)	0.0945 (4)	
N2	0.8517 (6)	0.1537 (4)	0.3422 (5)	0.0945 (12)	
C16	0.8864 (5)	0.1895 (4)	0.2255 (6)	0.0872 (15)	
01	0.8821 (10)	-0.0376 (8)	0.5473 (7)	0.116 (2)	0.50
H1W	0.9000	0.0172	0.4752	0.174*	0.50
H2W	0.9526	-0.0671	0.5878	0.174*	0.50
C1	0.6164 (4)	0.7282 (3)	0.1329 (3)	0.0490 (7)	
C2	0.5976 (4)	0.6630 (4)	0.0343 (3)	0.0606 (8)	
H2	0.6783	0.5695	-0.0052	0.073*	
C3	0.4598 (5)	0.7367 (5)	-0.0051 (3)	0.0662 (9)	
H3	0.4470	0.6930	-0.0711	0.079*	

C4	0.3401 (4)	0.8761 (4)	0.0538 (4)	0.0632 (9)
H4	0.2474	0.9260	0.0267	0.076*
C5	0.3568 (4)	0.9415 (4)	0.1519 (4)	0.0598 (8)
Н5	0.2751	1.0350	0.1908	0.072*
C6	0.4943 (4)	0.8696 (3)	0.1936 (3)	0.0515 (7)
C7	0.5176 (4)	0.9260 (4)	0.3058 (4)	0.0660 (9)
H7A	0.4658	1.0382	0.3104	0.079*
H7B	0.4580	0.8836	0.3913	0.079*
C8	0.7013 (5)	0.8819 (4)	0.2877 (4)	0.0629 (9)
H8A	0.7538	0.9462	0.2169	0.076*
H8B	0.7081	0.9013	0.3713	0.076*
C9	0.7584 (4)	0.6529 (3)	0.1743 (3)	0.0491 (7)
Н9	0.8271	0.5522	0.1445	0.059*
C10	0.9469 (4)	0.6359 (3)	0.2869 (3)	0.0449 (6)
C11	0.9916 (4)	0.4784 (3)	0.3128 (3)	0.0494 (7)
H11	0.9240	0.4245	0.3102	0.059*
C12	1.1367 (4)	0.4012 (3)	0.3427 (3)	0.0527 (7)
H12	1.1687	0.2947	0.3591	0.063*
C13	1.2341 (4)	0.4834 (4)	0.3479 (3)	0.0507 (7)
C14	1.1875 (4)	0.6411 (4)	0.3261 (3)	0.0606 (8)
H14	1.2528	0.6953	0.3324	0.073*
C15	1.0429 (4)	0.7188 (4)	0.2946 (3)	0.0581 (8)
H15	1.0108	0.8254	0.2787	0.070*
N1	0.7980 (3)	0.7159 (3)	0.2511 (2)	0.0453 (5)
Br1	1.43677 (4)	0.37833 (4)	0.38559 (4)	0.06978 (17)

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S 1	0.0726 (7)	0.0938 (8)	0.1153 (9)	-0.0129 (6)	-0.0337 (6)	-0.0381 (7)
N2	0.128 (3)	0.070 (2)	0.126 (3)	-0.049 (2)	-0.083 (3)	0.028 (2)
C16	0.077 (3)	0.0439 (19)	0.169 (5)	-0.0073 (17)	-0.079 (3)	-0.017 (3)
01	0.129 (6)	0.122 (5)	0.094 (4)	-0.048 (5)	-0.043 (4)	0.025 (4)
C1	0.0478 (16)	0.0527 (16)	0.0527 (17)	-0.0200 (13)	-0.0231 (13)	0.0025 (13)
C2	0.0553 (18)	0.071 (2)	0.0596 (19)	-0.0198 (16)	-0.0237 (16)	-0.0079 (16)
C3	0.063 (2)	0.093 (3)	0.0567 (19)	-0.035 (2)	-0.0304 (17)	0.0040 (18)
C4	0.0551 (19)	0.075 (2)	0.070 (2)	-0.0301 (18)	-0.0341 (17)	0.0235 (18)
C5	0.0534 (18)	0.0529 (17)	0.075 (2)	-0.0188 (14)	-0.0284 (16)	0.0091 (16)
C6	0.0513 (17)	0.0452 (16)	0.0610 (18)	-0.0181 (13)	-0.0249 (14)	0.0068 (13)
C7	0.063 (2)	0.0480 (17)	0.089 (3)	-0.0078 (15)	-0.0378 (19)	-0.0109 (17)
C8	0.072 (2)	0.0457 (17)	0.081 (2)	-0.0122 (15)	-0.0429 (19)	-0.0071 (15)
C9	0.0499 (16)	0.0464 (16)	0.0522 (17)	-0.0148 (13)	-0.0202 (14)	-0.0041 (13)
C10	0.0473 (15)	0.0500 (16)	0.0427 (15)	-0.0196 (13)	-0.0201 (12)	0.0019 (12)
C11	0.0534 (16)	0.0449 (16)	0.0541 (17)	-0.0156 (13)	-0.0229 (14)	-0.0059 (13)
C12	0.0562 (18)	0.0475 (16)	0.0515 (17)	-0.0120 (14)	-0.0203 (14)	-0.0055 (13)
C13	0.0446 (15)	0.0642 (19)	0.0420 (15)	-0.0158 (14)	-0.0181 (13)	0.0023 (13)
C14	0.064 (2)	0.069 (2)	0.069 (2)	-0.0383 (17)	-0.0360 (17)	0.0174 (16)
C15	0.066 (2)	0.0523 (17)	0.071 (2)	-0.0303 (15)	-0.0380 (17)	0.0173 (15)

supporting information

N1	0.0501 (13)	0.0415 (12)	0.0505 (13)	-0.0173 (10)	-0.0235 (11)	0.0005 (10)
Br1	0.0550 (2)	0.0851 (3)	0.0708 (3)	-0.01661 (17)	-0.03359 (17)	0.00511 (18)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C16	1.597 (6)	С7—Н7В	0.9700	
N2-C16	1.189 (6)	C8—N1	1.486 (4)	
N2—O1	2.642 (8)	C8—H8A	0.9700	
O1—H1W	0.8500	C8—H8B	0.9700	
O1—H2W	0.8500	C9—N1	1.297 (4)	
C1—C2	1.388 (4)	С9—Н9	0.9300	
C1—C6	1.409 (4)	C10—C11	1.379 (4)	
С1—С9	1.422 (4)	C10—C15	1.384 (4)	
C2—C3	1.376 (5)	C10—N1	1.444 (3)	
С2—Н2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.379 (4)	
C3—C4	1.385 (5)	C11—H11	0.9300	
С3—Н3	0.9300	C12—C13	1.379 (4)	
C4—C5	1.374 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300	
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—C14	1.373 (4)	
C5—C6	1.386 (4)	C13—Br1	1.899 (3)	
С5—Н5	0.9300	C14—C15	1.384 (4)	
C6—C7	1.497 (5)	C14—H14	0.9300	
С7—С8	1.490 (5)	C15—H15	0.9300	
C7—H7A	0.9700			
C16—N2—O1	154.6 (4)	N1—C8—H8A	109.2	
N2—C16—S1	178.6 (4)	C7—C8—H8A	109.2	
N2-01-H1W	14.7	N1—C8—H8B	109.2	
N2—O1—H2W	134.1	C7—C8—H8B	109.2	
H1W—O1—H2W	120.7	H8A—C8—H8B	107.9	
C2C1C6	120.3 (3)	N1—C9—C1	124.0 (3)	
C2—C1—C9	120.5 (3)	N1—C9—H9	118.0	
C6—C1—C9	119.2 (3)	C1—C9—H9	118.0	
C3—C2—C1	120.1 (3)	C11—C10—C15	120.9 (3)	
C3—C2—H2	120.0	C11—C10—N1	119.8 (2)	
C1—C2—H2	120.0	C15—C10—N1	119.4 (2)	
C2—C3—C4	119.7 (3)	C12—C11—C10	119.8 (3)	
С2—С3—Н3	120.1	C12—C11—H11	120.1	
С4—С3—Н3	120.1	C10—C11—H11	120.1	
C5—C4—C3	120.8 (3)	C11—C12—C13	119.3 (3)	
С5—С4—Н4	119.6	C11—C12—H12	120.4	
C3—C4—H4	119.6	C13—C12—H12	120.4	
C4—C5—C6	120.6 (3)	C14—C13—C12	121.2 (3)	
С4—С5—Н5	119.7	C14—C13—Br1	118.9 (2)	
С6—С5—Н5	119.7	C12—C13—Br1	119.9 (2)	
C5—C6—C1	118.5 (3)	C13—C14—C15	119.7 (3)	
С5—С6—С7	124.6 (3)	C13—C14—H14	120.2	
C1—C6—C7	116.8 (3)	C15—C14—H14	120.2	

C8—C7—C6	113.0 (3)	C10—C15—C14	119.2 (3)
C8—C7—H7A	109.0	C10—C15—H15	120.4
C6—C7—H7A	109.0	C14—C15—H15	120.4
C8—C7—H7B	109.0	C9—N1—C10	121.8 (2)
C6—C7—H7B	109.0	C9—N1—C8	118.7 (2)
H7A—C7—H7B	107.8	C10—N1—C8	118.9 (2)
$\begin{array}{c} 01 \\ - N2 \\ - C16 \\ - S1 \\ C6 \\ - C1 \\ - C2 \\ - C3 \\ - C4 \\ - C5 \\ - C3 \\ - C4 \\ - C5 \\ - C6 \\ - C1 \\ - C5 \\ - C6 \\ - C1 \\ - C6 \\ - C7 \\ - C5 \\ - C6 \\ - C7 \\ - C5 \\ - C6 \\ - C7 \\ - C5 \\ - C6 \\ - C7 \\ - C5 \\ - C6 \\ - C7 \\ - C8 \\ - C1 \\ - C6 \\ - C7 \\ - C8 \\ - C1 \\ - C9 \\ - N1 \\ - C1 $	$\begin{array}{c} -134 \ (17) \\ 0.3 \ (5) \\ 179.9 \ (3) \\ 0.1 \ (5) \\ -0.4 \ (5) \\ 0.3 \ (5) \\ 0.1 \ (5) \\ -175.8 \ (3) \\ -0.4 \ (4) \\ 179.9 \ (3) \\ 175.8 \ (3) \\ -3.8 \ (4) \\ -151.8 \ (3) \\ 32.3 \ (4) \\ -46.7 \ (4) \\ 170.0 \ (3) \\ -10.3 \ (4) \\ -2.0 \ (4) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} N1 &C10 &C11 &C12 \\ C10 &C11 &C12 &C13 \\ C11 &C12 &C13 &C14 \\ C11 &C12 &C13 &Br1 \\ C12 &C13 &C14 &C15 \\ Br1 &C13 &C14 &C15 \\ C11 &C10 &C15 &C14 \\ N1 &C10 &C15 &C14 \\ C13 &C14 &C15 &C10 \\ C1 &C9 &N1 &C10 \\ C1 &C9 &N1 &C8 \\ C11 &C10 &N1 &C9 \\ C15 &C10 &N1 &C8 \\ C7 &C8 &N1 &C9 \\ C7 &C8 &N1 &C10 \\ \end{array}$	177.9 (3) 0.8 (4) 1.0 (5) -178.8 (2) -1.8 (5) 178.1 (3) 1.3 (5) -178.6 (3) 0.6 (5) -178.1 (3) -6.4 (4) -37.9 (4) 142.1 (3) 150.5 (3) -29.6 (4) 35.1 (4) -152.9 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg2 is the centroid of the C1–C6 ring.

D—H···A	D—H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
01—H1 <i>W</i> ···N2	0.85	1.83	2.642 (8)	159
$O1$ — $H2W$ ···· $N2^{i}$	0.85	2.04	2.879 (9)	171
С5—Н5…О1 ^{іі}	0.93	2.60	3.133 (8)	117
С9—Н9…S1	0.93	2.81	3.709 (3)	162
C12—H12…O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.57	3.438 (8)	156
C14—H14···· $Cg2^{iii}$	0.93	2.87	3.447 (4)	121

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+2, -*y*, -*z*+1; (ii) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (iii) *x*+1, *y*, *z*.