

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

## 2-(1*H*-1,3-Benzodiazol-2-ylsulfanyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone

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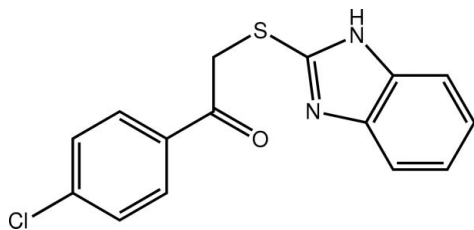
Received 14 August 2011; accepted 8 September 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.029;  $wR$  factor = 0.079; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

The molecule in the structure of the title compound,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}_2\text{OS}$ , displays two planar residues [r.m.s. deviation = 0.014 Å for the benzimidazole residue, and the ketone group is co-planar with the benzene ring to which it is attached forming a  $\text{O}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{C}$  torsion angle of  $-173.18(14)^\circ$ ] linked at the S atom. The overall shape is based on a twisted V, the dihedral angle formed between the two planes being  $82.4(2)^\circ$ . The amine-H atom is bifurcated, forming  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  hydrogen bonds leading to dimeric aggregates. These are linked into a supramolecular chain along the  $c$  axis via  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$  hydrogen bonds. Chains form layers in the  $ab$  plane being connected along the  $c$  axis via weak  $\pi-\pi$  interactions [3.9578(8) Å] formed between centrosymmetrically related chloro-substituted benzene rings.

### Related literature

For the biological and pharmacological properties of benzimidazoles, see: Al-Rashood & Abdel-Aziz (2010); Abdel-Aziz *et al.* (2010). For the synthesis, see: Sarhan *et al.* (1996). For a related structure, see: Lynch & McClenaghan (2004).


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### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{11}\text{ClN}_2\text{OS}$   
 $M_r = 302.77$   
 Monoclinic,  $C2/c$   
 $a = 27.3765(4)$  Å  
 $b = 9.2784(2)$  Å  
 $c = 10.3630(2)$  Å  
 $\beta = 93.087(1)^\circ$   
 $V = 2628.49(9)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 8$   
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 4.02$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K  
 $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20$  mm

#### Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with Atlas detector  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.710$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$   
 5171 measured reflections  
 2613 independent reflections  
 2489 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.079$   
 $S = 1.07$   
 2613 reflections  
 185 parameters  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.40$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$Cg1$  and  $Cg2$  are the centroids of the  $\text{C}10-\text{C}15$  and  $\text{N}1,\text{N}2,\text{C}1,\text{C}6,\text{C}7$  rings, respectively.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}2-\text{H}2\cdots\text{O}1^i$	0.88 (2)	2.14 (2)	2.9104 (16)	144.9 (19)
$\text{N}2-\text{H}2\cdots\text{S}1^i$	0.88 (2)	2.69 (2)	3.4073 (12)	139.1 (16)
$\text{C}8-\text{H}8a\cdots\text{C}g1^{ii}$	0.99	2.89	3.5678 (15)	126
$\text{C}8-\text{H}8b\cdots\text{C}g2^{iii}$	0.99	2.76	3.4204 (16)	125

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x, -y, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The authors thank King Saud University and the University of Malaya for supporting this study.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: EZZ2258).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o2639 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053681103666X]

**2-(1*H*-1,3-Benzodiazol-2-ylsulfanyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone****Hatem A. Abdel-Aziz, Seik Weng Ng and Edward R. T. Tiekink****S1. Comment**

The structural analysis of the title compound, (I), is motivated by recent studies into the biological potential of benzimidazoles (Al-Rashood & Abdel-Aziz, 2010; Abdel-Aziz *et al.*, 2010). The molecule of (I), Fig. 1, has a twisted V-shape. As expected, the benzimidazole residue is planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.014 Å). The ketone group is co-planar with the benzene ring to which it is attached as seen in the value of the O1—C9—C10—C11 torsion angle of -173.18 (14) °. As the S1—C8—C9—O1 torsion angle is -0.39 (18) °, the molecule comprises two planar residues that form a dihedral angle of 82.4 (2) °. The most closely related structure in the literature is that of 2-(benzoylmethylsulfanyl)-6-methoxy-1*H*-benzimidazole (Lynch & McClenaghan, 2004), *i.e.* with a methoxy substituent on the benzene ring of the benzimidazole and no substituent on the ring attached to the ketone. This adopts a similar conformation with the ketone benzene ring inclined to the benzimidazole residue with the dihedral angle formed between the ring systems being 67.13 (9) °.

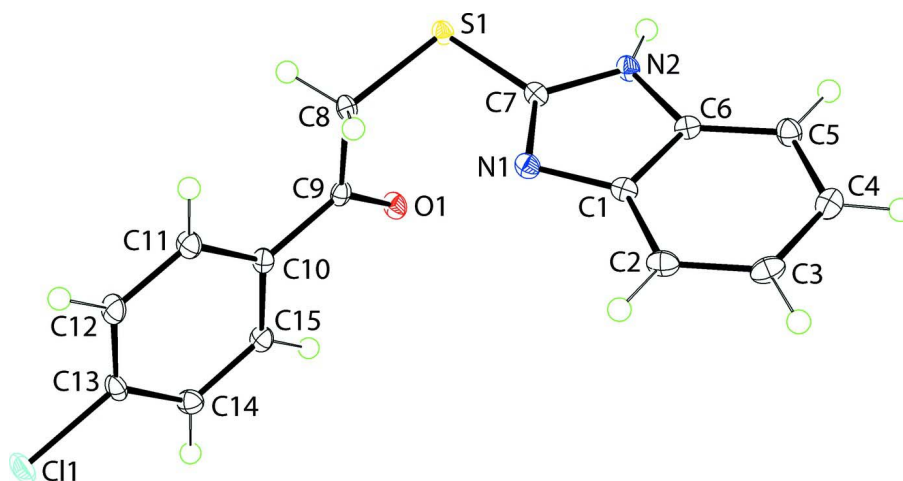
In the crystal packing two molecules, related by a 2-fold axis of symmetry associate *via* N—H···O and N—H···S hydrogen bonds as the amine-H atom is bifurcated, Table 1. As seen from Fig. 2, this results in the formation of two *S*(5), {···H···OC<sub>2</sub>S} ring motifs which flank a central eight-membered {···HNCS}<sub>2</sub> synthon. The dimeric aggregates are linked into a supramolecular chain along the *c* axis *via* C—H··· $\pi$  interactions Table 1 and Fig. 3. Chains assemble into layers in the *ab* plane and are connected along the *c* axis *via* weak  $\pi$ ··· $\pi$  interactions of 3.9578 (8) Å formed between the chloro-substituted benzene rings (C10—C15); symmetry operation: 1/2 - *x*, 1/2 - *y*, 1 - *z*, Fig. 4.

**S2. Experimental**

The reaction of 2-mercaptobenzimidazole with 4-chloroacetophenone in boiling AcOH/H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> afforded the sulfate salt of 2-(1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-2-ylthio)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone after Sarhan *et al.* (1996). Neutralization of the latter salt afforded the title compound and the light-brown crystals were grown from its ethanol solution by slow evaporation at room temperature.

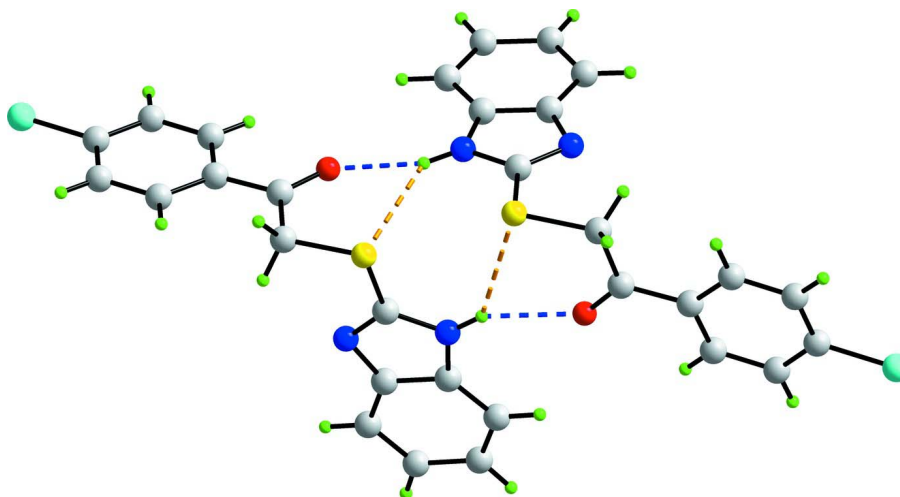
**S3. Refinement**

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions [C—H 0.95 to 0.99 Å,  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ ] and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation. The amino-H atom was located in a difference Fourier map, and subsequently refined freely.



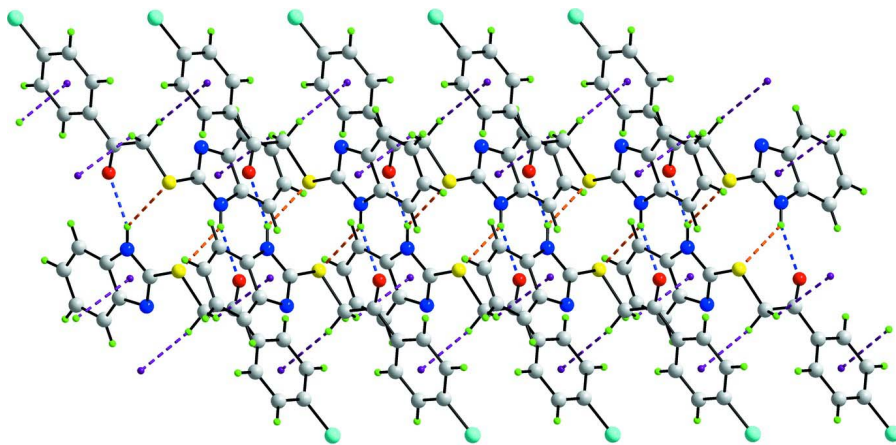
**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) showing the atom-labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.



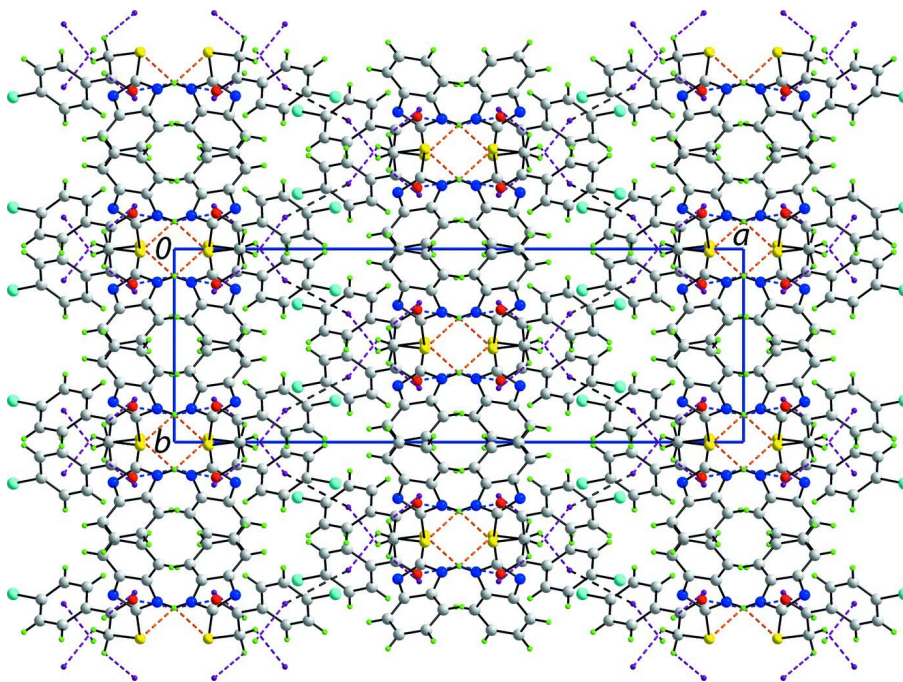
**Figure 2**

Dimeric aggregates with 2-fold symmetry and sustained by N—H...O and N—H...S hydrogen bonds, shown as blue and orange dashed lines, respectively.



**Figure 3**

Supramolecular chain in (I) whereby the dimeric aggregates shown in Fig. 2 are connected by C—H $\cdots$  $\pi$  interactions (purple dashed lines), The N—H $\cdots$ O and N—H $\cdots$ S hydrogen bonds are shown as blue and orange dashed lines, respectively.



**Figure 4**

A view in projection down the  $c$  axis of the unit-cell contents of (I). The N—H $\cdots$ O, N—H $\cdots$ S and C—H $\cdots$  $\pi$  interactions are shown as blue, orange and purple dashed lines, respectively.

### 2-(1*H*-1,3-Benzodiazol-2-ylsulfanyl)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanone

#### Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{11}ClN_2OS$

$M_r = 302.77$

Monoclinic,  $C2/c$

Hall symbol:  $-C 2yc$

$a = 27.3765$  (4) Å

$b = 9.2784$  (2) Å

$c = 10.3630$  (2) Å

$\beta = 93.087$  (1) $^\circ$

$V = 2628.49$  (9) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 8$   
 $F(000) = 1248$   
 $D_x = 1.530$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
 Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.5418$  Å  
 Cell parameters from 3792 reflections

$\theta = 3.2$ – $74.1^\circ$   
 $\mu = 4.02$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K  
 Block, light-brown  
 $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20$  mm

*Data collection*

Agilent SuperNova Dual  
 diffractometer with Atlas detector  
 Radiation source: SuperNova (Cu) X-ray  
 Source  
 Mirror monochromator  
 Detector resolution: 10.4041 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $\omega$  scan  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan  
 (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010)

$T_{\min} = 0.710$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.000$   
 5171 measured reflections  
 2613 independent reflections  
 2489 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.016$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 74.2^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.2^\circ$   
 $h = -32 \rightarrow 34$   
 $k = -11 \rightarrow 10$   
 $l = -9 \rightarrow 12$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.079$   
 $S = 1.07$   
 2613 reflections  
 185 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
 and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0442P)^2 + 2.8814P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.40$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.282969 (13)	0.21419 (4)	0.22654 (4)	0.01886 (12)
S1	0.059988 (12)	-0.01719 (4)	0.74205 (3)	0.01091 (11)
O1	0.07341 (4)	0.18383 (12)	0.52818 (10)	0.0138 (2)
N1	0.10732 (4)	0.20841 (14)	0.86384 (12)	0.0121 (3)
N2	0.03011 (4)	0.17240 (14)	0.92176 (12)	0.0118 (3)
H2	-0.0005 (8)	0.142 (2)	0.9163 (19)	0.026 (5)*
C1	0.09605 (5)	0.30740 (16)	0.95916 (13)	0.0111 (3)
C2	0.12521 (5)	0.41479 (17)	1.01856 (14)	0.0147 (3)
H2A	0.1576	0.4315	0.9937	0.018*

C3	0.10522 (6)	0.49602 (17)	1.11487 (15)	0.0156 (3)
H3	0.1244	0.5692	1.1570	0.019*
C4	0.05726 (6)	0.47245 (17)	1.15152 (15)	0.0159 (3)
H4	0.0448	0.5299	1.2181	0.019*
C5	0.02753 (5)	0.36737 (17)	1.09304 (14)	0.0141 (3)
H5	-0.0050	0.3517	1.1173	0.017*
C6	0.04807 (5)	0.28607 (15)	0.99671 (13)	0.0109 (3)
C7	0.06706 (5)	0.13180 (16)	0.84568 (13)	0.0106 (3)
C8	0.11504 (5)	0.00291 (16)	0.65706 (14)	0.0115 (3)
H8A	0.1421	0.0295	0.7196	0.014*
H8B	0.1233	-0.0909	0.6184	0.014*
C9	0.11099 (5)	0.11594 (15)	0.55116 (13)	0.0109 (3)
C10	0.15473 (5)	0.13996 (16)	0.47401 (13)	0.0109 (3)
C11	0.19656 (5)	0.05349 (17)	0.48894 (14)	0.0142 (3)
H11	0.1980	-0.0211	0.5518	0.017*
C12	0.23593 (5)	0.07600 (17)	0.41252 (15)	0.0153 (3)
H12	0.2642	0.0168	0.4222	0.018*
C13	0.23353 (5)	0.18575 (17)	0.32202 (14)	0.0133 (3)
C14	0.19256 (5)	0.27407 (16)	0.30626 (14)	0.0145 (3)
H14	0.1916	0.3498	0.2445	0.017*
C15	0.15315 (5)	0.25001 (17)	0.38202 (14)	0.0129 (3)
H15	0.1248	0.3089	0.3713	0.015*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.01085 (18)	0.0243 (2)	0.0221 (2)	0.00010 (14)	0.00726 (14)	0.00128 (14)
S1	0.00850 (18)	0.01265 (19)	0.01167 (18)	-0.00049 (12)	0.00121 (12)	-0.00085 (12)
O1	0.0078 (5)	0.0169 (5)	0.0168 (5)	0.0032 (4)	0.0010 (4)	0.0014 (4)
N1	0.0084 (6)	0.0141 (6)	0.0138 (6)	0.0000 (5)	0.0005 (4)	0.0004 (5)
N2	0.0071 (6)	0.0149 (6)	0.0134 (6)	-0.0017 (5)	0.0011 (4)	-0.0022 (5)
C1	0.0088 (6)	0.0125 (7)	0.0120 (6)	0.0005 (5)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0026 (5)
C2	0.0099 (6)	0.0154 (7)	0.0184 (7)	-0.0025 (6)	-0.0017 (5)	0.0021 (6)
C3	0.0151 (7)	0.0125 (7)	0.0185 (7)	-0.0023 (6)	-0.0054 (6)	0.0001 (6)
C4	0.0176 (7)	0.0147 (7)	0.0152 (7)	0.0019 (6)	-0.0008 (6)	-0.0019 (6)
C5	0.0113 (7)	0.0162 (7)	0.0150 (7)	0.0004 (6)	0.0018 (5)	-0.0008 (6)
C6	0.0096 (6)	0.0110 (7)	0.0118 (6)	-0.0004 (5)	-0.0019 (5)	0.0009 (5)
C7	0.0084 (6)	0.0131 (7)	0.0101 (6)	0.0009 (5)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0018 (5)
C8	0.0080 (6)	0.0146 (7)	0.0120 (6)	0.0016 (5)	0.0017 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C9	0.0097 (7)	0.0111 (7)	0.0118 (6)	0.0001 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	-0.0038 (5)
C10	0.0076 (6)	0.0130 (7)	0.0122 (6)	-0.0005 (5)	-0.0007 (5)	-0.0032 (5)
C11	0.0112 (7)	0.0156 (7)	0.0158 (7)	0.0026 (6)	0.0007 (5)	0.0016 (6)
C12	0.0090 (7)	0.0173 (8)	0.0195 (7)	0.0037 (6)	0.0004 (5)	-0.0002 (6)
C13	0.0081 (6)	0.0176 (7)	0.0143 (7)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0025 (5)	-0.0037 (6)
C14	0.0123 (7)	0.0143 (7)	0.0168 (7)	-0.0006 (6)	0.0000 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C15	0.0086 (6)	0.0138 (7)	0.0162 (7)	0.0018 (6)	-0.0012 (5)	-0.0008 (6)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

C11—C13	1.7392 (15)	C5—C6	1.394 (2)
S1—C7	1.7548 (15)	C5—H5	0.9500
S1—C8	1.7958 (14)	C8—C9	1.518 (2)
O1—C9	1.2187 (17)	C8—H8A	0.9900
N1—C7	1.3165 (19)	C8—H8B	0.9900
N1—C1	1.3955 (19)	C9—C10	1.4920 (19)
N2—C7	1.3685 (18)	C10—C15	1.396 (2)
N2—C6	1.3843 (19)	C10—C11	1.400 (2)
N2—H2	0.88 (2)	C11—C12	1.387 (2)
C1—C2	1.399 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C1—C6	1.404 (2)	C12—C13	1.384 (2)
C2—C3	1.386 (2)	C12—H12	0.9500
C2—H2A	0.9500	C13—C14	1.392 (2)
C3—C4	1.403 (2)	C14—C15	1.386 (2)
C3—H3	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
C4—C5	1.388 (2)	C15—H15	0.9500
C4—H4	0.9500		
C7—S1—C8	98.65 (7)	C9—C8—H8A	108.9
C7—N1—C1	103.95 (12)	S1—C8—H8A	108.9
C7—N2—C6	106.36 (12)	C9—C8—H8B	108.9
C7—N2—H2	127.0 (14)	S1—C8—H8B	108.9
C6—N2—H2	126.0 (14)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.7
N1—C1—C2	129.61 (13)	O1—C9—C10	120.76 (13)
N1—C1—C6	110.45 (12)	O1—C9—C8	121.77 (13)
C2—C1—C6	119.92 (13)	C10—C9—C8	117.46 (12)
C3—C2—C1	117.78 (14)	C15—C10—C11	119.33 (13)
C3—C2—H2A	121.1	C15—C10—C9	118.61 (13)
C1—C2—H2A	121.1	C11—C10—C9	122.04 (13)
C2—C3—C4	121.42 (14)	C12—C11—C10	120.44 (14)
C2—C3—H3	119.3	C12—C11—H11	119.8
C4—C3—H3	119.3	C10—C11—H11	119.8
C5—C4—C3	121.76 (14)	C11—C12—C13	119.20 (14)
C5—C4—H4	119.1	C11—C12—H12	120.4
C3—C4—H4	119.1	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C4—C5—C6	116.30 (13)	C12—C13—C14	121.44 (14)
C4—C5—H5	121.8	C12—C13—C11	119.16 (11)
C6—C5—H5	121.8	C14—C13—C11	119.40 (12)
N2—C6—C5	132.02 (14)	C15—C14—C13	119.06 (14)
N2—C6—C1	105.14 (12)	C15—C14—H14	120.5
C5—C6—C1	122.81 (14)	C13—C14—H14	120.5
N1—C7—N2	114.09 (13)	C14—C15—C10	120.53 (13)
N1—C7—S1	125.23 (11)	C14—C15—H15	119.7
N2—C7—S1	120.58 (11)	C10—C15—H15	119.7
C9—C8—S1	113.32 (10)		

C7—N1—C1—C2	178.86 (15)	C8—S1—C7—N1	-11.63 (14)
C7—N1—C1—C6	0.28 (15)	C8—S1—C7—N2	172.27 (11)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-177.76 (14)	C7—S1—C8—C9	-79.85 (11)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.7 (2)	S1—C8—C9—O1	-0.39 (18)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.4 (2)	S1—C8—C9—C10	-179.50 (10)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (2)	O1—C9—C10—C15	5.2 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.4 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C15	-175.68 (13)
C7—N2—C6—C5	-178.12 (15)	O1—C9—C10—C11	-173.18 (14)
C7—N2—C6—C1	0.27 (15)	C8—C9—C10—C11	5.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6—N2	178.08 (15)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-0.5 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.1 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C12	177.87 (13)
N1—C1—C6—N2	-0.35 (16)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.5 (2)
C2—C1—C6—N2	-179.09 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.1 (2)
N1—C1—C6—C5	178.23 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C11	179.83 (12)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.5 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.8 (2)
C1—N1—C7—N2	-0.10 (16)	C11—C13—C14—C15	179.50 (11)
C1—N1—C7—S1	-176.42 (10)	C13—C14—C15—C10	0.8 (2)
C6—N2—C7—N1	-0.12 (17)	C11—C10—C15—C14	-0.2 (2)
C6—N2—C7—S1	176.39 (10)	C9—C10—C15—C14	-178.60 (13)

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C10–C15 and N1,N2,C1,C6,C7 rings, respectively.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.88 (2)	2.14 (2)	2.9104 (16)	144.9 (19)
N2—H2 $\cdots$ S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.88 (2)	2.69 (2)	3.4073 (12)	139.1 (16)
C8—H8a $\cdots$ Cg1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.89	3.5678 (15)	126
C8—H8b $\cdots$ Cg2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.99	2.76	3.4204 (16)	125

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, y, -z+3/2$ ; (ii)  $x, -y, z+1/2$ ; (iii)  $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .