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6-Chloro-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyridazine

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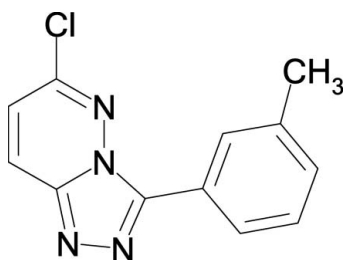
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å;
 R factor = 0.050; wR factor = 0.132; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.2.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_4$, was prepared from dichloropyridazine and tolyltetrazole in a nucleophilic biaryl coupling followed by thermal ring transformation. The molecule is essentially planar (r.m.s. deviation for all non-H atoms = 0.036 Å) and an intramolecular C—H...N hydrogen bond occurs. In the crystal, the molecules form dimers connected *via* π - π interactions [centroid-centroid distance = 3.699 (2) Å], which are further connected to neighbouring molecules *via* C—H—N bonds. The bond lengths in the pyridazine ring system indicate a strong localization of the double bonds and there is a weak C—Cl bond [1.732 (3) Å].

Related literature

The acylation of tetrazoles with chloroazines and thermal ring transformation leads to triazolo annulated azines, see: Huisgen *et al.* (1961); Glang *et al.* (2008). For two benzoannulated triazolopyridazines, see: Boulanger *et al.* (1991). For a highly phenylated triazolopyrazine, see: Kozhevnikov *et al.* (2005). For the synthesis of higher conjugated and annulated heterocyclic π -systems see: Detert & Schollmeyer (1999); Sugiono & Detert (2001). For the synthesis of 1,3,4-oxadiazoles and triazoles, see: Huisgen, Sauer & Seidel (1960); Huisgen, Sturm & Markgraf (1960) and of triazolo-annulated azines, see: Preis *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{ClN}_4$	$V = 1116.6$ (5) Å ³
$M_r = 244.68$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 7.1001$ (18) Å	$\mu = 0.32$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 11.431$ (3) Å	$T = 173$ K
$c = 13.783$ (3) Å	$0.60 \times 0.05 \times 0.05$ mm
$\beta = 93.403$ (6)°	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII diffractometer	2664 independent reflections
14031 measured reflections	1226 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.130$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$	155 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.132$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 0.84$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.48$ e Å ⁻³
2664 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C6—H6...N9 ⁱ	0.95	2.55	3.344 (4)	141
C11—H11...N2	0.95	2.34	3.006 (4)	127

 Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR97* (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON*.

The authors are grateful to Heinz Kolshorn for the NMR spectra and invaluable discussions.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5632).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2551 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811035288]

6-Chloro-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyridazine**Jasmin Preis, Dieter Schollmeyer and Heiner Detert****S1. Comment**

The title compound was synthesized as part of a larger project focusing on the synthesis of higher conjugated and annulated heterocyclic π -systems (Detert & Schollmeyer, 1999; Sugiono & Detert, 2001). The acylation of tetrazoles followed by thermal ring transformation is a highly efficient route for the synthesis of 1,3,4-oxadiazoles and triazoles (Huisgen, Sauer & Seidel, 1960; Huisgen, Sturm & Markgraf, 1960) and can also be applied to 2-chloroazines to yield triazolo-annulated azines (Preis *et al.*, 2011). In the crystal the title compound adopts an essentially planar structure with a dihedral angle of 2.21° between the mean planes of the phenyl ring and the bicyclic system and deviations of less than 0.01 \AA from the least square plane. All torsion angles in the C—N-framework are below 2° ; the torsion angle of $-176.5(3)^\circ$ (C16—C12—C13—C14) results from methyl substitution. With $1.372(3) \text{ \AA}$ (N2—N3) and $1.381(3) \text{ \AA}$ (N8 - N9), the N—N bonds in the bicyclic framework are significantly longer than the C—N bonds C1—N2 ($1.290(4) \text{ \AA}$), C4 - N9 ($1.317(4) \text{ \AA}$), and C7 - N8 ($1.324(4) \text{ \AA}$). This, the longer bonds N3—C4 ($1.383(4) \text{ \AA}$) and N3 - C7 ($1.378(4) \text{ \AA}$) and the alternating C—C bond lengths in the pyridazine (C4 - C5: $1.416(4) \text{ \AA}$; C5 - C6: $1.3435(4) \text{ \AA}$; C1 - C6: $1.426(4) \text{ \AA}$) indicate a strong localization of the double bonds. Contrary to the short bond C1 - N2 ($1.290(4) \text{ \AA}$), the C1 - C11 bond ($1.732(3) \text{ \AA}$) is long. This correlates with the reactivity of the C1—C11 bond, similar to an imidoyl chloride. Two molecules are connected *via* a center of inversion (symmetry operator: 1-x, 1-y, 1-z), by π - π -interactions and hydrogen bridging stabilize the lattice. The distances of the centroids of pyridazine and tolyl rings are only 3.70 \AA and C—H—N bonds between C6—H6—N9 (H6—N9: 2.55 \AA) connect the molecules.

S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared by adding pyridine (0.89 g, 10 mmol) to a solution of 3,6-dichloropyridazine (0.45 g, 3 mmol) and 5-(3-methyl-phenyl)tetrazole (0.96 g, 9 mmol) in toluene (15 ml). The mixture was heated to reflux for 5 h, cooled, filtered, and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography (SiO₂/toluene/ethyl acetate = 1/1, R_f = 0,23). The title compound was isolated as an off-white powder with m.p. = 422 - 425 K. Crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution of the title compound in chloroform/hexanes.

S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms attached to carbons were placed at calculated positions with C—H = 0.95 \AA (aromatic) or $0.98\text{--}0.99 \text{ \AA}$ (sp^3 C-atom). All H atoms were refined in the riding-model approximation with isotropic displacement parameters set at 1.2–1.5 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom.

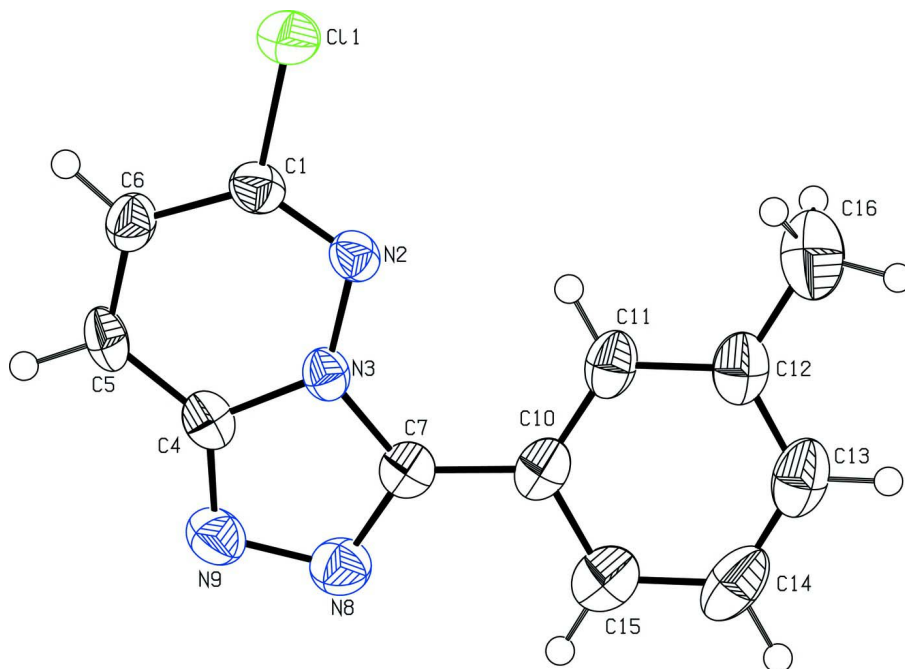


Figure 1

View of compound I. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

6-Chloro-3-(3-methylphenyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*b*]pyridazine

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_9ClN_4$

$M_r = 244.68$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 7.1001\ (18)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 11.431\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 13.783\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 93.403\ (6)^\circ$

$V = 1116.6\ (5)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 504$

$D_x = 1.456\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71069\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 1195 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}20.2^\circ$

$\mu = 0.32\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 173\ \text{K}$

Needle, colourless

$0.60 \times 0.05 \times 0.05\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII
diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed Tube

Graphite monochromator

CCD scan

14031 measured reflections

2664 independent reflections

1226 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.130$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.9^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.3^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 14$

$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$

$wR(F^2) = 0.132$

$S = 0.84$

2664 reflections

155 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.056P)^2]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Experimental. ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.23 (m, 2 H, 2-H, 6-H, ph), 8.16 (d, 1 H, J = 9.6 Hz, 5-H pyr), 7.41 (t, 1 H, 5-H, ph), 7.32 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1 H, 4-H, ph), 7.13 (d, 1 H, J = 9.6 Hz, 4-H pyr), 2.52 (s, 3 H, CH₃). ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 149.1 (Cq), 148.2 (Cq), 143.5 (Cq), 139.0 (Cq), 136.6 (Cq), 131.6 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 126.6 (CH), 124.7 (CH), 122.0 (CH), 21.5 (CH₃). FD-MS: 244.3 (M⁺, 100%, Cl-pattern).

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.14497 (13)	0.12426 (7)	0.55906 (6)	0.0543 (3)
C1	0.1347 (4)	0.2284 (3)	0.4676 (2)	0.0351 (7)
N2	0.1881 (3)	0.3314 (2)	0.49595 (17)	0.0319 (6)
N3	0.1769 (3)	0.41168 (19)	0.42183 (16)	0.0300 (6)
C4	0.1166 (4)	0.3900 (3)	0.3262 (2)	0.0346 (7)
C5	0.0608 (4)	0.2744 (3)	0.3013 (2)	0.0374 (7)
H5	0.0189	0.2548	0.2366	0.045*
C6	0.0691 (4)	0.1934 (3)	0.3722 (2)	0.0373 (7)
H6	0.0321	0.1148	0.3590	0.045*
C7	0.2199 (4)	0.5292 (2)	0.4268 (2)	0.0349 (7)
N8	0.1856 (4)	0.5739 (2)	0.3389 (2)	0.0432 (7)
N9	0.1210 (4)	0.4874 (2)	0.27542 (18)	0.0432 (7)
C10	0.2901 (4)	0.5958 (2)	0.5118 (2)	0.0377 (7)
C11	0.3162 (4)	0.5480 (3)	0.6046 (2)	0.0416 (8)
H11	0.2890	0.4676	0.6143	0.050*
C12	0.3820 (4)	0.6163 (3)	0.6838 (3)	0.0462 (8)
C13	0.4225 (4)	0.7318 (3)	0.6691 (3)	0.0534 (10)
H13	0.4694	0.7782	0.7224	0.064*
C14	0.3961 (5)	0.7824 (3)	0.5778 (3)	0.0576 (11)
H14	0.4227	0.8630	0.5690	0.069*
C15	0.3300 (4)	0.7138 (3)	0.4989 (3)	0.0493 (9)
H15	0.3123	0.7479	0.4362	0.059*
C16	0.4006 (6)	0.5656 (3)	0.7827 (3)	0.0736 (12)
H16A	0.4618	0.4889	0.7802	0.110*
H16B	0.2752	0.5566	0.8079	0.110*
H16C	0.4771	0.6176	0.8256	0.110*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0708 (6)	0.0485 (5)	0.0425 (5)	-0.0143 (4)	-0.0053 (4)	0.0108 (4)
C1	0.0308 (16)	0.0411 (18)	0.0331 (19)	-0.0015 (13)	-0.0003 (14)	0.0048 (13)
N2	0.0285 (13)	0.0389 (14)	0.0279 (14)	-0.0026 (11)	-0.0009 (11)	0.0018 (10)
N3	0.0262 (13)	0.0361 (14)	0.0274 (14)	-0.0001 (10)	-0.0003 (10)	-0.0025 (10)
C4	0.0278 (15)	0.0449 (18)	0.0308 (17)	0.0044 (13)	0.0007 (13)	-0.0017 (14)
C5	0.0328 (17)	0.0533 (19)	0.0254 (17)	-0.0003 (14)	-0.0048 (14)	-0.0088 (14)
C6	0.0326 (17)	0.0400 (18)	0.039 (2)	-0.0066 (13)	-0.0005 (14)	-0.0060 (14)
C7	0.0285 (16)	0.0368 (17)	0.0395 (19)	0.0028 (13)	0.0039 (14)	-0.0014 (13)
N8	0.0455 (16)	0.0393 (15)	0.0446 (17)	0.0024 (12)	0.0010 (13)	0.0038 (13)
N9	0.0479 (16)	0.0456 (16)	0.0356 (16)	0.0028 (13)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0048 (12)
C10	0.0263 (16)	0.0366 (18)	0.051 (2)	-0.0002 (13)	0.0081 (14)	-0.0097 (14)
C11	0.0310 (17)	0.0449 (19)	0.049 (2)	-0.0027 (14)	0.0000 (15)	-0.0131 (15)
C12	0.0322 (17)	0.056 (2)	0.051 (2)	-0.0002 (16)	0.0019 (15)	-0.0142 (17)
C13	0.0346 (19)	0.060 (2)	0.066 (3)	-0.0061 (16)	0.0072 (18)	-0.024 (2)
C14	0.039 (2)	0.044 (2)	0.090 (3)	-0.0096 (16)	0.013 (2)	-0.018 (2)
C15	0.0389 (19)	0.045 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.0013 (15)	0.0091 (18)	-0.0033 (17)
C16	0.073 (3)	0.080 (3)	0.065 (3)	0.004 (2)	-0.012 (2)	-0.018 (2)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C1	1.732 (3)	C10—C15	1.392 (4)
C1—N2	1.290 (4)	C10—C11	1.393 (4)
C1—C6	1.426 (4)	C11—C12	1.399 (4)
N2—N3	1.372 (3)	C11—H11	0.9500
N3—C7	1.378 (4)	C12—C13	1.369 (5)
N3—C4	1.383 (4)	C12—C16	1.481 (5)
C4—N9	1.317 (4)	C13—C14	1.387 (5)
C4—C5	1.416 (4)	C13—H13	0.9500
C5—C6	1.345 (4)	C14—C15	1.399 (5)
C5—H5	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
C6—H6	0.9500	C15—H15	0.9500
C7—N8	1.324 (4)	C16—H16A	0.9800
C7—C10	1.460 (4)	C16—H16B	0.9800
N8—N9	1.381 (3)	C16—H16C	0.9800
N2—C1—C6	127.5 (3)	C11—C10—C7	123.5 (3)
N2—C1—C11	114.0 (2)	C10—C11—C12	121.1 (3)
C6—C1—C11	118.4 (2)	C10—C11—H11	119.4
C1—N2—N3	112.4 (2)	C12—C11—H11	119.4
N2—N3—C7	127.7 (2)	C13—C12—C11	119.1 (3)
N2—N3—C4	126.2 (2)	C13—C12—C16	120.4 (3)
C7—N3—C4	106.1 (2)	C11—C12—C16	120.5 (3)
N9—C4—N3	109.8 (2)	C12—C13—C14	121.1 (3)
N9—C4—C5	132.4 (3)	C12—C13—H13	119.4
N3—C4—C5	117.7 (3)	C14—C13—H13	119.4

C6—C5—C4	117.8 (3)	C13—C14—C15	119.5 (3)
C6—C5—H5	121.1	C13—C14—H14	120.2
C4—C5—H5	121.1	C15—C14—H14	120.2
C5—C6—C1	118.3 (3)	C10—C15—C14	120.3 (4)
C5—C6—H6	120.8	C10—C15—H15	119.8
C1—C6—H6	120.8	C14—C15—H15	119.8
N8—C7—N3	107.6 (3)	C12—C16—H16A	109.5
N8—C7—C10	124.6 (3)	C12—C16—H16B	109.5
N3—C7—C10	127.8 (3)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C7—N8—N9	109.8 (2)	C12—C16—H16C	109.5
C4—N9—N8	106.6 (2)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C15—C10—C11	118.7 (3)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
C15—C10—C7	117.7 (3)		
C6—C1—N2—N3	-0.1 (4)	C10—C7—N8—N9	179.9 (3)
C11—C1—N2—N3	-179.59 (18)	N3—C4—N9—N8	0.1 (3)
C1—N2—N3—C7	179.0 (3)	C5—C4—N9—N8	178.9 (3)
C1—N2—N3—C4	-0.1 (4)	C7—N8—N9—C4	0.1 (3)
N2—N3—C4—N9	178.9 (2)	N8—C7—C10—C15	-2.3 (4)
C7—N3—C4—N9	-0.3 (3)	N3—C7—C10—C15	177.9 (3)
N2—N3—C4—C5	-0.0 (4)	N8—C7—C10—C11	176.7 (3)
C7—N3—C4—C5	-179.3 (2)	N3—C7—C10—C11	-3.1 (5)
N9—C4—C5—C6	-178.4 (3)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-0.2 (4)
N3—C4—C5—C6	0.3 (4)	C7—C10—C11—C12	-179.2 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.5 (4)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-0.5 (4)
N2—C1—C6—C5	0.4 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C16	177.2 (3)
C11—C1—C6—C5	179.9 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	1.2 (5)
N2—N3—C7—N8	-178.9 (2)	C16—C12—C13—C14	-176.5 (3)
C4—N3—C7—N8	0.3 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-1.1 (5)
N2—N3—C7—C10	1.0 (4)	C11—C10—C15—C14	0.4 (4)
C4—N3—C7—C10	-179.9 (3)	C7—C10—C15—C14	179.4 (3)
N3—C7—N8—N9	-0.3 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C10	0.3 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
C6—H6...N9 ⁱ	0.95	2.55	3.344 (4)	141
C11—H11...N2	0.95	2.34	3.006 (4)	127
C15—H15...N8	0.95	2.53	2.864 (5)	101

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.