organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E **Structure Reports** Online

ISSN 1600-5368

1,8-Bis(4-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)naphthalene

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Received 19 August 2011; accepted 8 September 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.088; data-to-parameter ratio = 6.1.

Molecules of the title compound, C₂₄H₁₈N₂O₆, are located on a twofold rotation axis passing through through the central C-C bond of the naphthalene ring system. The molecular conformation is characterized by a roughly coplanar arrangement of the two substituted phenyl rings [dihedral angle 18.53 (5)°]. These two aryl rings are each twisted by $65.40 (5)^{\circ}$ from the plane of the naphthyl unit.

Related literature

For use of the title compound as a building block for the synthesis of multidentate ligands, see: Sabater et al. (2005); Baruah et al. (2007); Prabhakaran et al. (2009). For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Letsinger et al. (1965); Li et al. (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

C24H18N2O6 $M_r = 430.40$ Tetragonal, I41cd a = 13.3038 (9) Å c = 22.7868 (11) Å V = 4033.1 (6) Å³

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2003) $T_{\min} = 0.965, T_{\max} = 0.988$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	1 restraint
$wR(F^2) = 0.088$	Only H-atom displacement para-
S = 1.07	meters refined
959 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.19 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
156 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.20 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Z = 8

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.35 \times 0.24 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

9753 measured reflections

959 independent reflections

918 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^-$

T = 293 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.023$

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2003); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2003); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: pyMOL (DeLano, 2004); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008).

We thank the International Foundation for Science (IFS), Sweden, for funding and Tia Jacobs, University of Leeds, England, for helpful discussions.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5623).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2630 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811036567]

1,8-Bis(4-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)naphthalene

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S1. Comment

Rigid building blocks with novel structural features are of considerable interest in designing functional solids. The biaryl based title compound has been synthesized and we report herein its crystal structure. It can be used as a building block for the synthesis of multidentate ligands (Sabater *et al.*, 2005), foldamer synthesis (Baruah *et al.*, 2007; Prabhakaran *et al.*, 2009) and as a bridging unit in the design of molecules with antiparallel orientation.

The title molecule adopts a 'co-facial' structural architecture (Fig. 1). The two aryl rings are almost parallel orientation to each other and are nearly perpendicular to the rigid naphthyl unit. NO₂ groups appended on the aryl rings are in *anti* orientation which are in contrast to the corresponding bis formyl derivative (Sabater *et al.*, 2005).

S2. Experimental

1,8-naphthalene diboronic acid was synthesized according to the literature procedure (Letsinger *et al.*, 1965). A sealed tube containing 1,8-naphthalene diboronic acid (1 g, 4.6 mmol, 1 equiv.), 4-iodo-1-methoxy-2-nitro benzene (3.87 g, 13.8 mmol, 3 equiv.), DABCO (24 mol%), pottassium carbonate (7 equiv.), TBAB (0.1 equiv.) and Pd(OAc)₂ (12 mol%) in PEG-400 (4 ml) was subjected to suzuki coupling using a standard procedure (Li *et al.*, 2005). After heating at 110 degree centigrade for 15 h, the tube was broken and the reaction mixture was taken in DCM. The organic layer was washed with dil HCl and the crude product was extracted into the organic layer. Work-up and purification of the crude product by column chromatography afforded an yellow solid (35%). Yellow needle shaped single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution in a Ethyl acetate -light petroleum ether mixture at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All the H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely. No atoms heavier than Si were present and a meaningless Flack parameter was obtained, -0.7 (17). Therefore 877 Friedel pairs were merged before final refinement.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

1,8-Bis-(4-methoxy-3-nitrophenyl)naphthalene

Crystal data

C₂₄H₁₈N₂O₆ $M_r = 430.40$ Tetragonal, *I*4₁*cd* Hall symbol: I 4bw -2c a = 13.3038 (9) Å c = 22.7868 (11) Å V = 4033.1 (6) Å³ Z = 8F(000) = 1792 $D_x = 1.418 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 494 K Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4285 reflections $\theta = 2.8-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 KNeedle, yellow $0.35 \times 0.24 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$ Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector	9753 measured reflections
diffractometer	959 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	918 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{int} = 0.023$
ω Scan scans	$\theta_{max} = 25.5^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.8^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -12 \rightarrow 16$
(<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2003)	$k = -16 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\min} = 0.965, T_{\max} = 0.988$	$l = -25 \rightarrow 27$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.088$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.07	Only H-atom displacement parameters refined
959 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0507P)^2 + 0.8056P]$
156 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1 restraint	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.19$ e Å ⁻³
direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.20$ e Å ⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes. **Refinement**. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
N1	0.82311 (12)	0.58354 (11)	0.35152 (7)	0.0469 (4)	
O2	0.76244 (14)	0.63612 (12)	0.32705 (7)	0.0833 (6)	
03	0.85433 (18)	0.60222 (14)	0.40005 (7)	0.0931 (7)	
O4	0.86899 (11)	0.40341 (10)	0.40686 (6)	0.0546 (4)	
C1	0.92726 (13)	0.43673 (14)	0.16094 (8)	0.0426 (4)	
C2	0.86451 (15)	0.37792 (16)	0.12783 (10)	0.0533 (5)	
H2	0.8188	0.3365	0.1470	0.057 (6)*	
C3	0.86637 (18)	0.37761 (19)	0.06630 (10)	0.0624 (6)	
Н3	0.8232	0.3362	0.0452	0.054 (6)*	
C4	1.06781 (17)	0.56135 (18)	0.03803 (9)	0.0603 (6)	
H4	1.0675	0.5600	-0.0028	0.052 (6)*	
C5	1.0000	0.5000	0.06919 (11)	0.0483 (6)	
C6	1.0000	0.5000	0.13242 (11)	0.0416 (5)	
C7	0.91362 (12)	0.42884 (13)	0.22606 (7)	0.0398 (4)	
C8	0.87701 (11)	0.50813 (12)	0.25959 (7)	0.0373 (4)	
H8	0.8617	0.5689	0.2416	0.033 (4)*	

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С9	0.86311 (12)	0.49760 (12)	0.31946 (7)	0.0384 (4)	
C10	0.88427 (12)	0.40744 (13)	0.34828 (8)	0.0417 (4)	
C11	0.91814 (14)	0.32758 (13)	0.31419 (9)	0.0460 (4)	
H11	0.9317	0.2660	0.3318	0.056 (5)*	
C12	0.93181 (13)	0.33873 (14)	0.25471 (8)	0.0455 (4)	
H12	0.9540	0.2839	0.2330	0.042 (5)*	
C13	0.89059 (19)	0.31077 (18)	0.43594 (9)	0.0624 (6)	
H13A	0.8490	0.2585	0.4200	0.069 (7)*	
H13B	0.8772	0.3177	0.4771	0.083 (8)*	
H13C	0.9601	0.2938	0.4302	0.067 (6)*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	0.0242(8)			
N1 0.0583 (9) 0.0482 (8)	0.0342 (8)	0.0077 (7)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0013 (6)
O2 0.1003 (13) 0.0813 (11)	0.0682 (11)	0.0486 (10)	-0.0270 (10)	-0.0212 (9)
O3 0.1602 (18) 0.0772 (12)	0.0417 (10)	0.0396 (12)	-0.0298 (11)	-0.0138 (8)
O4 0.0720 (9) 0.0572 (8)	0.0347 (7)	0.0103 (6)	0.0072 (6)	0.0128 (6)
C1 0.0463 (9) 0.0471 (9)	0.0345 (9)	0.0074 (7)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0019 (7)
C2 0.0553 (11) 0.0579 (12)	0.0467 (10)	0.0007 (9)	-0.0051 (10)	-0.0060 (9)
C3 0.0673 (13) 0.0728 (14)	0.0470 (12)	0.0058 (10)	-0.0176 (11)	-0.0178 (10)
C4 0.0719 (13) 0.0799 (15)	0.0292 (9)	0.0164 (12)	0.0086 (9)	0.0108 (10)
C5 0.0563 (15) 0.0583 (15)	0.0305 (14)	0.0153 (11)	0.000	0.000
C6 0.0476 (13) 0.0499 (13)	0.0274 (11)	0.0130 (11)	0.000	0.000
C7 0.0386 (8) 0.0464 (10)	0.0343 (9)	-0.0015 (7)	-0.0013 (7)	0.0012 (7)
C8 0.0370 (8) 0.0414 (8)	0.0335 (8)	0.0013 (6)	-0.0048 (7)	0.0050 (7)
C9 0.0377 (8) 0.0433 (9)	0.0342 (9)	0.0009 (6)	-0.0013 (7)	-0.0010 (7)
C10 0.0416 (9) 0.0457 (9)	0.0380 (9)	0.0016 (7)	0.0002 (8)	0.0064 (7)
C11 0.0541 (10) 0.0381 (9)	0.0457 (11)	0.0020 (7)	0.0009 (8)	0.0097 (7)
C12 0.0506 (10) 0.0417 (9)	0.0442 (10)	0.0015 (7)	0.0005 (8)	-0.0036 (8)
C13 0.0770 (15) 0.0650 (13)	0.0452 (13)	0.0061 (11)	0.0006 (10)	0.0205 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—O2	1.205 (2)	C5-C4 ⁱ	1.409 (3)
N103	1.207 (2)	C5—C6	1.441 (3)
N1—C9	1.457 (2)	C6—C1 ⁱ	1.438 (2)
O4—C10	1.351 (2)	C7—C12	1.386 (3)
O4—C13	1.428 (3)	C7—C8	1.390 (2)
C1—C2	1.371 (3)	C8—C9	1.384 (2)
C1—C6	1.438 (2)	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—C7	1.499 (2)	C9—C10	1.396 (2)
C2—C3	1.402 (3)	C10—C11	1.391 (3)
С2—Н2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.376 (3)
$C3-C4^i$	1.357 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
С3—Н3	0.9300	C12—H12	0.9300
$C4-C3^i$	1.357 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.409 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9600

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C4—H4	0.9300	C13—H13C	0.9600
O2—N1—O3	122.34 (16)	C12—C7—C1	120.37 (16)
O2—N1—C9	117.92 (15)	C8—C7—C1	122.23 (15)
O3—N1—C9	119.67 (16)	C9—C8—C7	120.78 (15)
C10—O4—C13	117.53 (15)	С9—С8—Н8	119.6
C2—C1—C6	119.70 (18)	С7—С8—Н8	119.6
C2—C1—C7	115.55 (17)	C8—C9—C10	121.58 (15)
C6—C1—C7	124.75 (16)	C8—C9—N1	117.62 (14)
C1—C2—C3	122.8 (2)	C10—C9—N1	120.79 (15)
С1—С2—Н2	118.6	O4—C10—C11	124.76 (15)
С3—С2—Н2	118.6	O4—C10—C9	117.93 (15)
C4 ⁱ —C3—C2	119.0 (2)	C11—C10—C9	117.31 (16)
C4 ⁱ —C3—H3	120.5	C12—C11—C10	120.71 (17)
С2—С3—Н3	120.5	C12—C11—H11	119.6
C3 ⁱ —C4—C5	121.4 (2)	C10-C11-H11	119.6
C3 ⁱ —C4—H4	119.3	C11—C12—C7	122.28 (17)
С5—С4—Н4	119.3	C11—C12—H12	118.9
$C4$ — $C5$ — $C4^{i}$	119.5 (3)	C7—C12—H12	118.9
C4—C5—C6	120.27 (13)	O4—C13—H13A	109.5
C4 ⁱ C5C6	120.27 (13)	O4—C13—H13B	109.5
C1 ⁱ C6C1	126.3 (2)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C1 ⁱ C6C5	116.87 (11)	O4—C13—H13C	109.5
C1—C6—C5	116.87 (11)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
С12—С7—С8	117.29 (15)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C1—C2—C3	-1.2 (3)	C1—C7—C8—C9	178.49 (14)
C7—C1—C2—C3	178.96 (19)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.6 (2)
C1-C2-C3-C4 ⁱ	-0.7 (3)	C7—C8—C9—N1	-179.13 (15)
$C3^{i}$ —C4—C5—C4 ⁱ	179.3 (2)	O2—N1—C9—C8	34.9 (2)
C3 ⁱ —C4—C5—C6	-0.7 (2)	O3—N1—C9—C8	-142.0 (2)
C2-C1-C6-C1 ⁱ	-177.96 (18)	O2—N1—C9—C10	-143.71 (18)
C7-C1-C6-C1 ⁱ	1.86 (12)	O3—N1—C9—C10	39.4 (3)
C2-C1-C6-C5	2.04 (18)	C13-04-C10-C11	0.9 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-178.14 (12)	C13—O4—C10—C9	179.84 (18)
C4C5C6C1 ⁱ	-1.12 (13)	C8—C9—C10—O4	179.78 (15)
$C4^{i}$ — $C5$ — $C6$ — $C1^{i}$	178.88 (13)	N1-C9-C10-O4	-1.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	178.88 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-1.2 (2)
C4 ⁱ C5C1	-1.12 (13)	N1-C9-C10-C11	177.28 (16)
C2-C1-C7-C12	63.6 (2)	O4—C10—C11—C12	-179.82 (18)
C6—C1—C7—C12	-116.24 (17)	C9—C10—C11—C12	1.3 (3)
C2C1C8	-112.50 (19)	C10—C11—C12—C7	0.5 (3)
C6—C1—C7—C8	67.7 (2)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-2.3 (3)
C12—C7—C8—C9	2.3 (2)	C1—C7—C12—C11	-178.55 (17)

Symmetry code: (i) -x+2, -y+1, z.