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2-(5-Cyclohexyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1-benzofuran-2-yl)acetic acid

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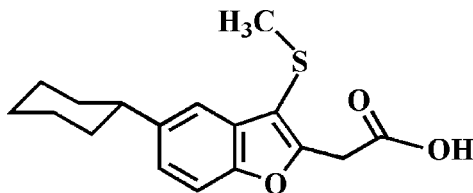
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.038; wR factor = 0.100; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_3\text{S}$, the cyclohexyl ring adopts a chair conformation. In the crystal, the carboxyl groups are involved in intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, which link the molecules into centrosymmetric dimers. These dimers are further stabilized by weak intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds. In addition, the crystal structure also exhibits aromatic $\pi-\pi$ interactions between the furan rings of adjacent molecules [centroid-centroid distance = $3.505(2)$ Å, interplanar distance = $3.385(2)$ Å and slippage = $0.909(2)$ Å], and intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For the pharmacological activity of benzofuran compounds, see: Aslam *et al.* (2009); Galal *et al.* (2009); Khan *et al.* (2005). For natural products with benzofuran rings, see: Akgul & Anil (2003); Soekamto *et al.* (2003). For structural studies of related 2-(5-alkyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1-benzofuran-2-yl) acetic acid derivatives, see: Choi *et al.* (2009a,b); Seo *et al.* (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_3\text{S}$	$a = 7.3434(2)$ Å
$M_r = 304.40$	$b = 9.0765(3)$ Å
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$c = 11.6009(4)$ Å

$\alpha = 86.086(2)^\circ$
$\beta = 86.083(2)^\circ$
$\gamma = 86.690(2)^\circ$
$V = 768.53(4)$ Å ³
$Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$\mu = 0.22$ mm ⁻¹
$T = 173$ K
$0.32 \times 0.21 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer	14240 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)	3864 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.934$, $T_{\max} = 0.978$	3255 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$	191 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.100$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$ e Å ⁻³
3864 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.26$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1/C2/C7/O1/C8 furan ring and C2-C7 benzene ring, respectively.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O3}^i$	0.95	2.59	3.4777 (17)	157
$\text{O3}-\text{H3O}\cdots\text{O2}^{ii}$	0.84	1.80	2.6347 (15)	176
$\text{C13}-\text{H13A}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{iii}$	0.99	2.82	3.581 (2)	134
$\text{C14}-\text{H14B}\cdots\text{Cg2}^{iii}$	0.99	2.85	3.678 (2)	147
$\text{C15}-\text{H15A}\cdots\text{Cg2}^{iv}$	0.99	2.67	3.501 (2)	142

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+2, -z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iv) $x, y, z-1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RK2282).

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supporting information

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2-(5-Cyclohexyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1-benzofuran-2-yl)acetic acid

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S1. Comment

Recently, many compounds containing a benzofuran moiety have drawn much attention in view of their valuable pharmacological properties such as antibacterial and antifungal, antitumor and antiviral, and antimicrobial activities (Aslam *et al.*, 2009, Galal *et al.*, 2009, Khan *et al.*, 2005). These benzofuran derivatives occur in a wide range of natural products (Akgul & Anil, 2003; Soekamto *et al.*, 2003). As a part of our ongoing study of the substituent effect on the solid state structures of 2-(5-alkyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1-benzofuran-2-yl)acetic acid analogues (Choi *et al.*, 2009*a,b*, Seo *et al.*, 2007), we report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

In the title molecule, Fig. 1, the benzofuran unit is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.006 (1) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. The cyclohexyl ring has the *chair*-conformation. In the crystal structure, the carboxyl groups are involved in intermolecular O—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (Fig. 2 & Table 1), which link the molecules into centrosymmetric dimers. These dimers are further stabilized by weak intermolecular C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds between a benzene H atom and the O atom of the hydroxy group (Fig. 2 & Table 1; C6—H6 \cdots O3ⁱ). The crystal packing, Fig. 3, also exhibits aromatic π – π interactions between the furan rings of the adjacent molecules, with a Cg1 \cdots Cg1^{iv} distance of 3.505 (2) Å and an interplanar distance of 3.385 (2) Å resulting in a slippage of 0.909 (2) Å (Cg1 is the centroid of C1/C2/C7/O1/C8 furan ring). Additionally, the crystal packing (Fig. 3) shows intermolecular C—H \cdots π interactions; the first one between a cyclohexyl H atom and the furan ring (Table 1; C13—H13A \cdots Cg1ⁱⁱⁱ), the second one between a cyclohexyl H atom and the benzene ring (Table 1; C14—H14B \cdots Cg2ⁱⁱⁱ), and the third one between an H atom of the benzylic methylene group and the benzene ring (Table 1; C15—H15A \cdots Cg2^{iv}, Cg2 is the centroid of the C2–C7 benzene ring). Symmetry codes as in the Table 1 and Fig. 2 and Fig. 3.

S2. Experimental

Ethyl 2-(5-cyclohexyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1-benzofuran-2-yl)acetate (398 mg, 1.2 mmol) was added to a solution of potassium hydroxide (337 mg, mmol) in water (10 ml) and methanol (10 ml), and the mixture was refluxed for 5h, then cooled. Water was added, and the solution was extracted with dichloromethane. The aqueous layer was acidified to pH = 1 with concentrated hydrochloric acid and then extracted with chloroform, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated at reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography (ethyl acetate) to afford the title compound as a colourless solid [yield 83%, m.p. 423–424 K; R_f = 0.45 (ethyl acetate)]. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by evaporation of a solution of the title compound in diisopropyl ether at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with O—H = 0.84 Å, and C—H = 0.95 Å for aryl, 1.00 Å for methine, 0.99 Å for methylene and 0.98 Å for methyl H atoms, respectively. $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$, and $1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aryl, methine, and methylene and $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms.

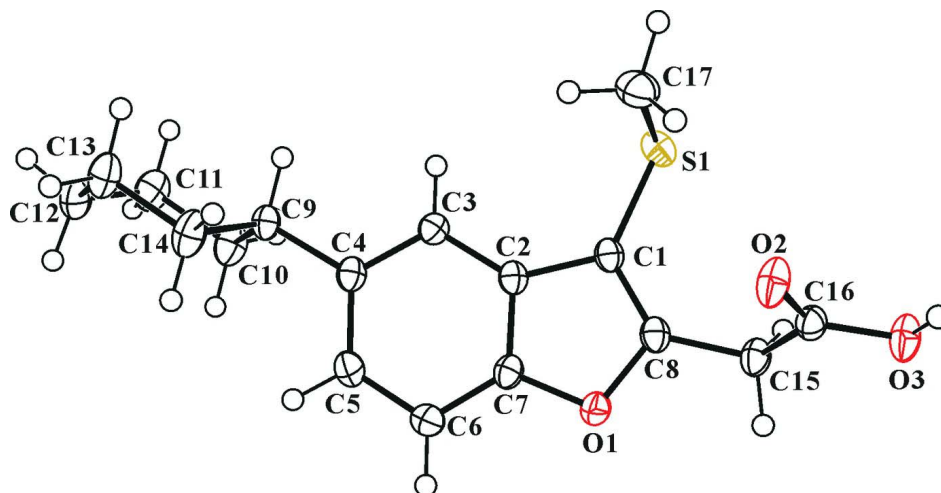


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

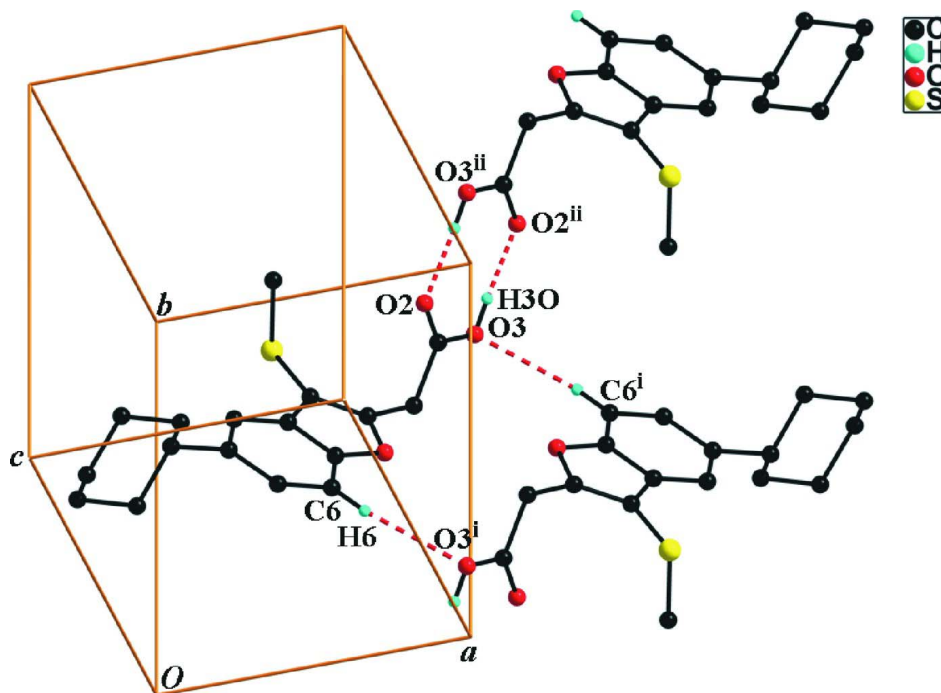


Figure 2

A view of the O—H...O and C—H...O interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+2, -z$.

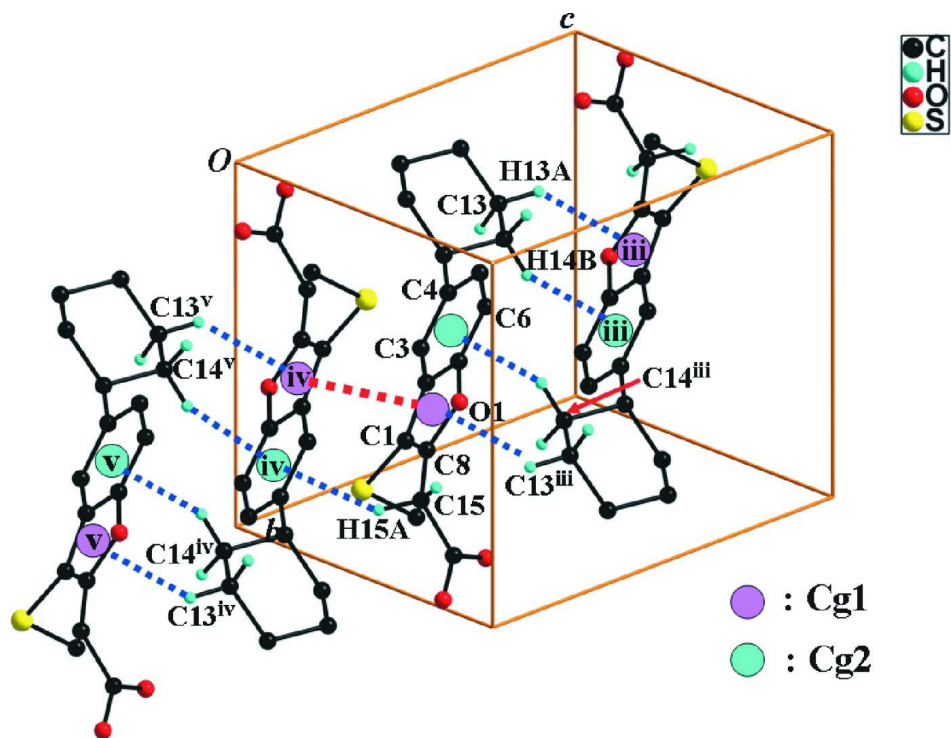


Figure 3

A view of the π - π and C—H \cdots π interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. Symmetry codes: (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iv) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$; (v) $x, y, z-1$.

2-(5-Cyclohexyl-3-methylsulfanyl-1-benzofuran-2-yl)acetic acid

Crystal data

$C_{17}H_{20}O_3S$

$M_r = 304.40$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 1$

$a = 7.3434\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 9.0765\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 11.6009\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$\alpha = 86.086\ (2)^\circ$

$\beta = 86.083\ (2)^\circ$

$\gamma = 86.690\ (2)^\circ$

$V = 768.53\ (4)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 324$

$D_x = 1.315\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point = 423–424 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 6244 reflections

$\theta = 2.3\text{--}28.4^\circ$

$\mu = 0.22\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 173\ \text{K}$

Block, colourless

$0.32 \times 0.21 \times 0.10\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
diffractometer

Radiation source: rotating anode

Graphite multilayer monochromator

Detector resolution: $10.0\ \text{pixels mm}^{-1}$

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)

$T_{\min} = 0.934, T_{\max} = 0.978$

14240 measured reflections

3864 independent reflections

3255 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

$\theta_{\max} = 28.6^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$

$h = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.100$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0444P)^2 + 0.2671P]$
$S = 1.05$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3864 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
191 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.39556 (5)	0.81571 (4)	0.07230 (3)	0.02882 (11)
O1	0.75966 (12)	0.47823 (10)	0.08350 (8)	0.0242 (2)
O2	0.88107 (14)	0.86762 (12)	0.06964 (8)	0.0308 (2)
O3	0.96423 (14)	0.89156 (11)	-0.11894 (8)	0.0304 (2)
H3O	1.0120	0.9672	-0.0995	0.046*
C1	0.52945 (18)	0.65343 (14)	0.09979 (11)	0.0211 (3)
C2	0.49420 (17)	0.53545 (14)	0.18707 (11)	0.0201 (3)
C3	0.35767 (17)	0.50941 (14)	0.27432 (11)	0.0209 (3)
H3	0.2577	0.5794	0.2852	0.025*
C4	0.36936 (18)	0.37992 (14)	0.34536 (11)	0.0218 (3)
C5	0.51779 (19)	0.27762 (15)	0.32655 (12)	0.0267 (3)
H5	0.5243	0.1889	0.3749	0.032*
C6	0.65490 (19)	0.30100 (15)	0.24036 (12)	0.0271 (3)
H6	0.7544	0.2309	0.2283	0.032*
C7	0.63899 (18)	0.43164 (14)	0.17300 (11)	0.0220 (3)
C8	0.68847 (18)	0.61388 (14)	0.04136 (11)	0.0222 (3)
C9	0.22459 (18)	0.35080 (15)	0.44187 (11)	0.0226 (3)
H9	0.1408	0.4416	0.4441	0.027*
C10	0.1076 (2)	0.22267 (17)	0.42058 (13)	0.0308 (3)
H10A	0.1860	0.1305	0.4167	0.037*
H10B	0.0519	0.2423	0.3453	0.037*
C11	-0.0433 (2)	0.20246 (17)	0.51702 (13)	0.0329 (3)
H11A	-0.1295	0.2905	0.5152	0.039*
H11B	-0.1123	0.1154	0.5035	0.039*
C12	0.0348 (2)	0.18098 (17)	0.63539 (13)	0.0339 (3)

H12A	-0.0666	0.1757	0.6960	0.041*
H12B	0.1085	0.0862	0.6406	0.041*
C13	0.1536 (2)	0.30655 (19)	0.65673 (13)	0.0330 (3)
H13A	0.2099	0.2854	0.7316	0.040*
H13B	0.0765	0.3993	0.6617	0.040*
C14	0.3035 (2)	0.32710 (19)	0.56051 (12)	0.0331 (3)
H14A	0.3889	0.2386	0.5614	0.040*
H14B	0.3734	0.4135	0.5746	0.040*
C15	0.79618 (19)	0.68726 (15)	-0.05668 (12)	0.0250 (3)
H15A	0.7147	0.7137	-0.1203	0.030*
H15B	0.8927	0.6157	-0.0855	0.030*
C16	0.88468 (17)	0.82431 (14)	-0.02779 (11)	0.0221 (3)
C17	0.4488 (2)	0.91892 (17)	0.19209 (14)	0.0352 (3)
H17A	0.4242	0.8600	0.2649	0.053*
H17B	0.3729	1.0113	0.1924	0.053*
H17C	0.5781	0.9414	0.1840	0.053*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0332 (2)	0.02291 (18)	0.0301 (2)	0.00036 (13)	-0.00535 (14)	0.00250 (13)
O1	0.0233 (5)	0.0225 (5)	0.0260 (5)	-0.0032 (4)	0.0036 (4)	0.0003 (4)
O2	0.0374 (6)	0.0353 (6)	0.0211 (5)	-0.0181 (4)	0.0030 (4)	-0.0037 (4)
O3	0.0382 (6)	0.0302 (5)	0.0235 (5)	-0.0169 (4)	0.0045 (4)	-0.0020 (4)
C1	0.0225 (6)	0.0191 (6)	0.0223 (6)	-0.0060 (5)	-0.0021 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C2	0.0222 (6)	0.0191 (6)	0.0197 (6)	-0.0061 (5)	-0.0025 (5)	-0.0013 (5)
C3	0.0204 (6)	0.0210 (6)	0.0215 (6)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0011 (5)	-0.0021 (5)
C4	0.0236 (6)	0.0223 (6)	0.0201 (6)	-0.0067 (5)	-0.0013 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
C5	0.0305 (7)	0.0226 (6)	0.0262 (7)	-0.0026 (5)	-0.0007 (6)	0.0036 (5)
C6	0.0264 (7)	0.0233 (7)	0.0304 (7)	0.0017 (5)	0.0007 (6)	0.0006 (6)
C7	0.0216 (6)	0.0230 (6)	0.0215 (6)	-0.0057 (5)	0.0008 (5)	-0.0011 (5)
C8	0.0257 (6)	0.0200 (6)	0.0215 (6)	-0.0069 (5)	-0.0019 (5)	-0.0012 (5)
C9	0.0237 (6)	0.0233 (6)	0.0208 (6)	-0.0061 (5)	0.0000 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C10	0.0330 (8)	0.0339 (8)	0.0270 (7)	-0.0150 (6)	0.0009 (6)	-0.0044 (6)
C11	0.0315 (8)	0.0336 (8)	0.0346 (8)	-0.0160 (6)	0.0034 (6)	-0.0037 (6)
C12	0.0361 (8)	0.0329 (8)	0.0310 (8)	-0.0076 (6)	0.0071 (6)	0.0055 (6)
C13	0.0322 (8)	0.0452 (9)	0.0217 (7)	-0.0085 (6)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C14	0.0285 (7)	0.0485 (9)	0.0233 (7)	-0.0132 (6)	-0.0018 (6)	0.0002 (6)
C15	0.0288 (7)	0.0239 (6)	0.0227 (7)	-0.0088 (5)	0.0024 (5)	-0.0023 (5)
C16	0.0196 (6)	0.0233 (6)	0.0233 (6)	-0.0038 (5)	0.0000 (5)	0.0008 (5)
C17	0.0402 (9)	0.0269 (7)	0.0388 (9)	0.0018 (6)	-0.0023 (7)	-0.0063 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C1	1.7463 (13)	C9—H9	1.0000
S1—C17	1.8044 (16)	C10—C11	1.530 (2)
O1—C7	1.3783 (15)	C10—H10A	0.9900
O1—C8	1.3808 (16)	C10—H10B	0.9900

O2—C16	1.2200 (16)	C11—C12	1.520 (2)
O3—C16	1.3041 (16)	C11—H11A	0.9900
O3—H3O	0.8400	C11—H11B	0.9900
C1—C8	1.3523 (19)	C12—C13	1.518 (2)
C1—C2	1.4446 (17)	C12—H12A	0.9900
C2—C7	1.3880 (18)	C12—H12B	0.9900
C2—C3	1.3934 (17)	C13—C14	1.523 (2)
C3—C4	1.3906 (18)	C13—H13A	0.9900
C3—H3	0.9500	C13—H13B	0.9900
C4—C5	1.4058 (19)	C14—H14A	0.9900
C4—C9	1.5109 (18)	C14—H14B	0.9900
C5—C6	1.3844 (19)	C15—C16	1.5040 (18)
C5—H5	0.9500	C15—H15A	0.9900
C6—C7	1.3786 (19)	C15—H15B	0.9900
C6—H6	0.9500	C17—H17A	0.9800
C8—C15	1.4823 (18)	C17—H17B	0.9800
C9—C14	1.5268 (19)	C17—H17C	0.9800
C9—C10	1.5280 (19)		
C1—S1—C17	100.05 (7)	C12—C11—C10	111.44 (12)
C7—O1—C8	105.90 (10)	C12—C11—H11A	109.3
C16—O3—H3O	109.5	C10—C11—H11A	109.3
C8—C1—C2	106.46 (11)	C12—C11—H11B	109.3
C8—C1—S1	125.80 (10)	C10—C11—H11B	109.3
C2—C1—S1	127.74 (10)	H11A—C11—H11B	108.0
C7—C2—C3	119.29 (12)	C13—C12—C11	111.38 (12)
C7—C2—C1	105.62 (11)	C13—C12—H12A	109.4
C3—C2—C1	135.08 (12)	C11—C12—H12A	109.4
C4—C3—C2	119.28 (12)	C13—C12—H12B	109.4
C4—C3—H3	120.4	C11—C12—H12B	109.4
C2—C3—H3	120.4	H12A—C12—H12B	108.0
C3—C4—C5	119.13 (12)	C12—C13—C14	111.49 (13)
C3—C4—C9	120.14 (12)	C12—C13—H13A	109.3
C5—C4—C9	120.73 (12)	C14—C13—H13A	109.3
C6—C5—C4	122.61 (13)	C12—C13—H13B	109.3
C6—C5—H5	118.7	C14—C13—H13B	109.3
C4—C5—H5	118.7	H13A—C13—H13B	108.0
C7—C6—C5	116.27 (13)	C13—C14—C9	111.51 (12)
C7—C6—H6	121.9	C13—C14—H14A	109.3
C5—C6—H6	121.9	C9—C14—H14A	109.3
O1—C7—C6	126.17 (12)	C13—C14—H14B	109.3
O1—C7—C2	110.43 (11)	C9—C14—H14B	109.3
C6—C7—C2	123.40 (12)	H14A—C14—H14B	108.0
C1—C8—O1	111.59 (11)	C8—C15—C16	114.63 (11)
C1—C8—C15	132.48 (13)	C8—C15—H15A	108.6
O1—C8—C15	115.93 (11)	C16—C15—H15A	108.6
C4—C9—C14	112.67 (11)	C8—C15—H15B	108.6
C4—C9—C10	112.85 (11)	C16—C15—H15B	108.6

C14—C9—C10	110.37 (12)	H15A—C15—H15B	107.6
C4—C9—H9	106.8	O2—C16—O3	124.13 (12)
C14—C9—H9	106.8	O2—C16—C15	123.70 (12)
C10—C9—H9	106.8	O3—C16—C15	112.17 (11)
C9—C10—C11	111.07 (12)	S1—C17—H17A	109.5
C9—C10—H10A	109.4	S1—C17—H17B	109.5
C11—C10—H10A	109.4	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C9—C10—H10B	109.4	S1—C17—H17C	109.5
C11—C10—H10B	109.4	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
H10A—C10—H10B	108.0	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C17—S1—C1—C8	-104.94 (13)	S1—C1—C8—O1	-179.32 (9)
C17—S1—C1—C2	75.49 (13)	C2—C1—C8—C15	-179.89 (13)
C8—C1—C2—C7	-0.22 (14)	S1—C1—C8—C15	0.5 (2)
S1—C1—C2—C7	179.42 (10)	C7—O1—C8—C1	-0.29 (14)
C8—C1—C2—C3	179.08 (14)	C7—O1—C8—C15	179.88 (11)
S1—C1—C2—C3	-1.3 (2)	C3—C4—C9—C14	-122.24 (14)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.06 (18)	C5—C4—C9—C14	57.33 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-179.28 (13)	C3—C4—C9—C10	111.93 (14)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.68 (19)	C5—C4—C9—C10	-68.49 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C9	178.90 (11)	C4—C9—C10—C11	-176.96 (12)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (2)	C14—C9—C10—C11	55.98 (16)
C9—C4—C5—C6	-178.95 (13)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-55.76 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.2 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	54.84 (17)
C8—O1—C7—C6	179.81 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-54.64 (18)
C8—O1—C7—C2	0.14 (14)	C12—C13—C14—C9	55.54 (18)
C5—C6—C7—O1	179.39 (12)	C4—C9—C14—C13	176.83 (12)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-1.0 (2)	C10—C9—C14—C13	-56.01 (17)
C3—C2—C7—O1	-179.39 (11)	C1—C8—C15—C16	69.12 (19)
C1—C2—C7—O1	0.04 (14)	O1—C8—C15—C16	-111.10 (13)
C3—C2—C7—C6	0.9 (2)	C8—C15—C16—O2	5.1 (2)
C1—C2—C7—C6	-179.63 (13)	C8—C15—C16—O3	-174.44 (12)
C2—C1—C8—O1	0.32 (15)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the C1/C2/C7/O1/C8 furan ring and C2—C7 benzene ring, respectively.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C6—H6 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.95	2.59	3.4777 (17)	157
O3—H3O \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.84	1.80	2.6347 (15)	176
C13—H13A \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.82	3.581 (2)	134
C14—H14B \cdots Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.85	3.678 (2)	147
C15—H15A \cdots Cg2 ^{iv}	0.99	2.67	3.501 (2)	142

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y+1, -z$; (ii) $-x+2, -y+2, -z$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iv) $x, y, z-1$.