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5-(Pyridin-2-yl)-3,3'-bi(1H-1,2,4-triazole)

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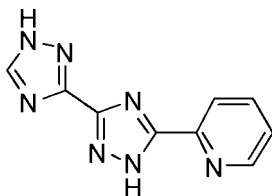
Received 5 July 2011; accepted 8 July 2011

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.050; wR factor = 0.156; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.9.

In the title molecule, $\text{C}_9\text{H}_7\text{N}_7$, the two triazole rings are twisted by an angle of $3.8(5)^\circ$; the central triazole ring is twisted by $32.3(6)^\circ$ with respect to the pyridyl ring. The crystal packing consists of layers generated by intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Mai *et al.* (2009); Zhang *et al.* (2010). For the synthesis, see: Potts (1960); Wiley & Hart (1953).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_9\text{H}_7\text{N}_7$
 $M_r = 213.22$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 12.372(3)$ Å
 $b = 7.5361(15)$ Å
 $c = 10.007(2)$ Å
 $\beta = 93.670(4)^\circ$

$V = 931.1(3)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.11$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.24 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX
 diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.975$, $T_{\max} = 0.979$

5150 measured reflections
 1832 independent reflections
 1072 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.156$
 $S = 0.94$
 1832 reflections
 154 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of
 independent and constrained
 refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N6}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{N4}^i$	0.98 (4)	1.93 (4)	2.891 (3)	165 (3)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{N3}^{ii}$	0.99 (3)	1.90 (4)	2.878 (3)	167 (3)

 Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2003); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2003); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5195).

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supporting information

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5-(Pyridin-2-yl)-3,3'-bi(1H-1,2,4-triazole)**Zhouqing Xu, Xiping Zhao and Qiang Wang****S1. Comment**

During the past decades, copounds containing triazole subunits have been intensively studied due to their diverse biological activities, such as fungicide, herbicide, medicine, *etc.*, and have become a central focus in the study of agricultural, medicinal and material chemicals. Furthermore, the study on crystal structures and properties of the new metal-organic frameworks (MOFs) of N-containing ligands have attracted considerable attentions during the past years for their potential applications in polymeric materials, catalytic materials, biological materials optical materials and so on (Zhang, *et al.*, 2010). Therefore, in search for new multidentate ligands, we have synthesized the title compound and determined its structure.

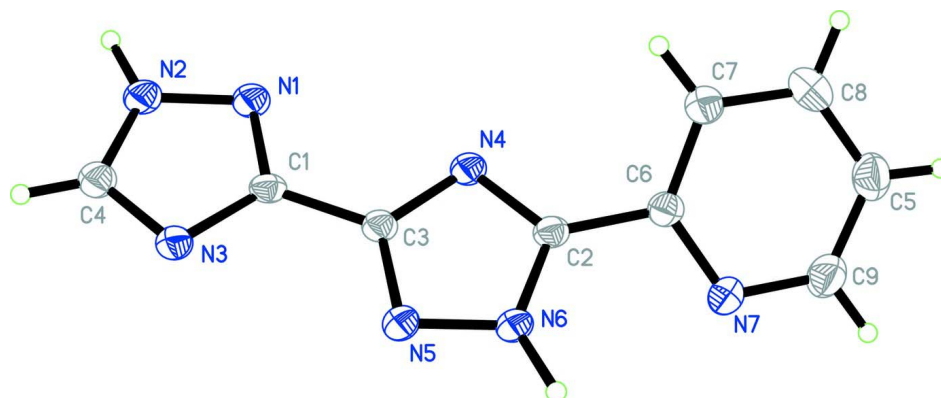
The molecule structure of title compound was shown in the Fig.1, the lengths and angles are within normal ranges. In triazol ring, the average C—N bond length is 1.336 (5) Å, which is shorter than C—N (mean 1.461 (2) Å) (Zhang, *et al.*, 2010), but longer than C=N (mean 1.269 (3) Å) (Mai, *et al.*, 2009). This is caused probably by electron delocalization in heterocyclic systems. In the crystal structure, the two triazole rings are almost coplanar, they are twisted by an angle of 3.8 (5)°. The central triazole ring form dihedral angles of 32.3 (6)° with the pyridyl ring. The crystal packing (Fig. 2) consists of two-dimensional infinite plane along the *b* axis generated by intermolecular interactions of N—H···N hydrogen bonds.

S2. Experimental

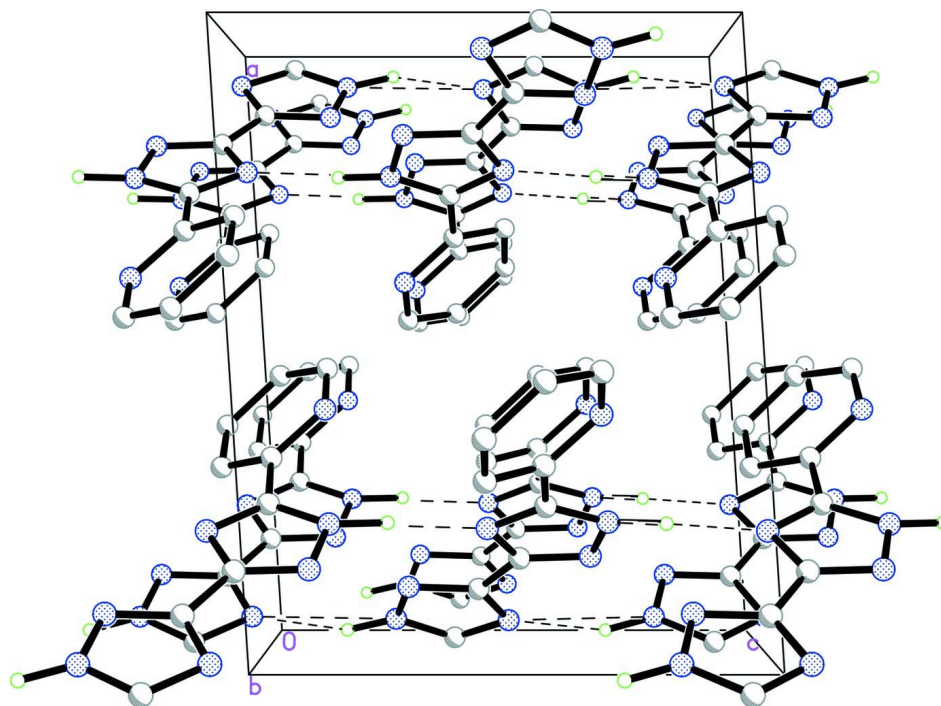
5-(Pyridin-2-yl)-1H,1'H-3,3'-bi(1,2,4-triazole) was prepared according to Wiley & Hart (1953) and Potts *et al.* (1960). The crystals suitable for crystallographic analysis were grown by recrystallization from DMF and ethanol solution as colorless block.

S3. Refinement

N-bound H-atoms were located in a difference map and refined freely. C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.94 Å) and were constrained in a riding motion approximation with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A partial packing diagram of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines, viewed down the *b* axis.

5-(Pyridin-2-yl)-3,3'-bi(1H-1,2,4-triazole)

Crystal data

$C_9H_7N_7$

$M_r = 213.22$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 12.372$ (3) Å

$b = 7.5361$ (15) Å

$c = 10.007$ (2) Å

$\beta = 93.670$ (4)°

$V = 931.1$ (3) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 440$

$D_x = 1.521$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 6322 reflections

$\theta = 2.0$ – 27.9 °

$\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless
 $0.24 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 ω scan
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\min} = 0.975, T_{\max} = 0.979$

5150 measured reflections
 1832 independent reflections
 1072 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 1.7^\circ$
 $h = -15 \rightarrow 12$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.050$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.156$
 $S = 0.94$
 1832 reflections
 154 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods
 Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0843P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
 Extinction correction: SHELXL,
 $\text{Fc}^* = k\text{Fc}[1 + 0.001x\text{Fc}^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
 Extinction coefficient: 0.018 (5)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
N4	0.22980 (16)	0.2080 (3)	0.46400 (19)	0.0342 (6)
N6	0.23958 (18)	0.2161 (3)	0.6818 (2)	0.0370 (6)
N2	0.07056 (18)	-0.2247 (3)	0.2744 (2)	0.0394 (6)
N3	0.06963 (16)	-0.2067 (3)	0.4914 (2)	0.0367 (6)
N5	0.18243 (17)	0.0672 (3)	0.6502 (2)	0.0372 (6)
C1	0.1252 (2)	-0.0720 (3)	0.4381 (2)	0.0311 (6)
N1	0.12802 (17)	-0.0763 (3)	0.3067 (2)	0.0387 (6)
C2	0.26642 (19)	0.2993 (3)	0.5708 (2)	0.0329 (6)
C3	0.1792 (2)	0.0682 (3)	0.5182 (2)	0.0324 (6)
C4	0.0376 (2)	-0.2994 (3)	0.3838 (3)	0.0388 (7)
H4	-0.0028	-0.4034	0.3851	0.047*
N7	0.40073 (18)	0.4877 (3)	0.6744 (2)	0.0446 (6)

C5	0.4476 (2)	0.7649 (4)	0.5774 (3)	0.0543 (8)
H5	0.4900	0.8669	0.5828	0.065*
C6	0.3285 (2)	0.4650 (3)	0.5701 (2)	0.0343 (6)
C7	0.3123 (2)	0.5856 (3)	0.4680 (3)	0.0417 (7)
H7	0.2620	0.5636	0.3969	0.050*
C8	0.3724 (2)	0.7401 (4)	0.4729 (3)	0.0531 (8)
H8	0.3618	0.8257	0.4064	0.064*
C9	0.4592 (2)	0.6366 (4)	0.6738 (3)	0.0547 (8)
H9	0.5113	0.6543	0.7437	0.066*
H1	0.249 (2)	0.252 (4)	0.776 (4)	0.088 (11)*
H2	0.062 (2)	-0.262 (4)	0.179 (3)	0.081 (11)*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N4	0.0456 (13)	0.0338 (12)	0.0232 (11)	0.0004 (10)	0.0025 (9)	-0.0019 (9)
N6	0.0522 (14)	0.0363 (13)	0.0222 (12)	-0.0021 (11)	0.0009 (10)	-0.0032 (10)
N2	0.0552 (15)	0.0364 (13)	0.0262 (13)	0.0000 (11)	-0.0009 (10)	-0.0045 (10)
N3	0.0461 (13)	0.0346 (13)	0.0291 (12)	-0.0022 (10)	-0.0010 (10)	0.0007 (9)
N5	0.0483 (14)	0.0354 (13)	0.0276 (12)	-0.0030 (10)	-0.0001 (10)	-0.0029 (9)
C1	0.0411 (15)	0.0302 (14)	0.0220 (13)	0.0052 (11)	0.0015 (11)	0.0005 (11)
N1	0.0539 (15)	0.0371 (13)	0.0248 (12)	-0.0014 (11)	0.0011 (10)	-0.0023 (9)
C2	0.0402 (15)	0.0325 (15)	0.0257 (14)	0.0036 (12)	0.0003 (11)	-0.0006 (11)
C3	0.0422 (15)	0.0304 (14)	0.0246 (13)	0.0019 (11)	0.0022 (11)	-0.0009 (11)
C4	0.0485 (17)	0.0348 (15)	0.0329 (15)	0.0001 (12)	-0.0002 (12)	-0.0018 (12)
N7	0.0514 (14)	0.0434 (14)	0.0379 (14)	-0.0093 (12)	-0.0042 (11)	-0.0014 (11)
C5	0.061 (2)	0.0467 (19)	0.056 (2)	-0.0133 (15)	0.0099 (16)	-0.0040 (16)
C6	0.0399 (15)	0.0334 (15)	0.0299 (14)	0.0039 (12)	0.0041 (11)	-0.0020 (11)
C7	0.0461 (17)	0.0409 (16)	0.0380 (16)	0.0001 (13)	0.0017 (12)	0.0001 (13)
C8	0.057 (2)	0.0426 (17)	0.060 (2)	0.0022 (15)	0.0098 (16)	0.0114 (16)
C9	0.057 (2)	0.058 (2)	0.0487 (19)	-0.0165 (16)	-0.0029 (15)	-0.0037 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N4—C2	1.326 (3)	C2—C6	1.467 (3)
N4—C3	1.356 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
N6—C2	1.336 (3)	N7—C9	1.336 (3)
N6—N5	1.353 (3)	N7—C6	1.341 (3)
N6—H1	0.98 (4)	C5—C9	1.366 (4)
N2—C4	1.319 (3)	C5—C8	1.368 (4)
N2—N1	1.353 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
N2—H2	0.99 (3)	C6—C7	1.372 (4)
N3—C4	1.322 (3)	C7—C8	1.380 (4)
N3—C1	1.354 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
N5—C3	1.319 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—N1	1.318 (3)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—C3	1.461 (3)		

C2—N4—C3	102.9 (2)	N2—C4—N3	111.0 (2)
C2—N6—N5	110.4 (2)	N2—C4—H4	124.5
C2—N6—H1	131 (2)	N3—C4—H4	124.5
N5—N6—H1	119 (2)	C9—N7—C6	115.9 (2)
C4—N2—N1	109.8 (2)	C9—C5—C8	118.6 (3)
C4—N2—H2	131.2 (19)	C9—C5—H5	120.7
N1—N2—H2	118.9 (19)	C8—C5—H5	120.7
C4—N3—C1	102.0 (2)	N7—C6—C7	123.6 (2)
C3—N5—N6	102.2 (2)	N7—C6—C2	115.3 (2)
N1—C1—N3	114.9 (2)	C7—C6—C2	121.1 (2)
N1—C1—C3	121.6 (2)	C6—C7—C8	118.7 (3)
N3—C1—C3	123.5 (2)	C6—C7—H7	120.7
C1—N1—N2	102.3 (2)	C8—C7—H7	120.7
N4—C2—N6	109.7 (2)	C5—C8—C7	118.7 (3)
N4—C2—C6	126.1 (2)	C5—C8—H8	120.6
N6—C2—C6	124.2 (2)	C7—C8—H8	120.6
N5—C3—N4	114.8 (2)	N7—C9—C5	124.5 (3)
N5—C3—C1	121.9 (2)	N7—C9—H9	117.8
N4—C3—C1	123.3 (2)	C5—C9—H9	117.8
C2—N6—N5—C3	0.7 (3)	N1—C1—C3—N4	4.1 (4)
C4—N3—C1—N1	0.6 (3)	N3—C1—C3—N4	-176.4 (2)
C4—N3—C1—C3	-179.1 (2)	N1—N2—C4—N3	0.5 (3)
N3—C1—N1—N2	-0.3 (3)	C1—N3—C4—N2	-0.6 (3)
C3—C1—N1—N2	179.4 (2)	C9—N7—C6—C7	-0.9 (4)
C4—N2—N1—C1	-0.2 (3)	C9—N7—C6—C2	178.9 (2)
C3—N4—C2—N6	0.6 (3)	N4—C2—C6—N7	-147.8 (3)
C3—N4—C2—C6	179.8 (2)	N6—C2—C6—N7	31.2 (3)
N5—N6—C2—N4	-0.9 (3)	N4—C2—C6—C7	32.0 (4)
N5—N6—C2—C6	180.0 (2)	N6—C2—C6—C7	-149.0 (2)
N6—N5—C3—N4	-0.3 (3)	N7—C6—C7—C8	-0.8 (4)
N6—N5—C3—C1	179.4 (2)	C2—C6—C7—C8	179.5 (2)
C2—N4—C3—N5	-0.2 (3)	C9—C5—C8—C7	-0.9 (5)
C2—N4—C3—C1	-179.9 (2)	C6—C7—C8—C5	1.7 (4)
N1—C1—C3—N5	-175.6 (2)	C6—N7—C9—C5	1.7 (4)
N3—C1—C3—N5	3.9 (4)	C8—C5—C9—N7	-0.9 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N6—H1 \cdots N4 ⁱ	0.98 (4)	1.93 (4)	2.891 (3)	165 (3)
N2—H2 \cdots N3 ⁱⁱ	0.99 (3)	1.90 (4)	2.878 (3)	167 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y+1/2, z+1/2$; (ii) $x, -y-1/2, z-1/2$.