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## Structure Reports

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**(E)-N'-(5-Bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-3-methylbenzohydrazide**Hai-Chang Guo,<sup>a</sup> Shi-Yong Liu<sup>a\*</sup> and Xiao-Ling Wang<sup>b</sup><sup>a</sup>College of Chemistry & Pharmacy, Taizhou University, Taizhou Zhejiang 317000, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Liaoning Normal University, Dalian 116029, People's Republic of China

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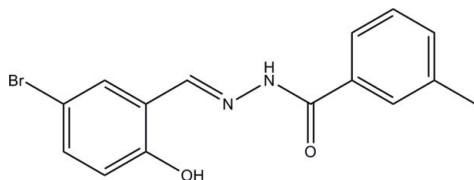
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.049;  $wR$  factor = 0.106; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.5.

In the title molecule,  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_2$ , an intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bond influences the molecular conformation; the two benzene rings form a dihedral angle of  $13.6$  ( $3$ )°. In the crystal, intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains along the  $a$  axis and weak intermolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds further link these chains into layers parallel to the  $ac$  plane.

## Related literature

For applications of hydrazone compounds, see: Hillmer *et al.* (2010); Raj *et al.* (2007). For the crystal structures of related hydrazone compounds, see: Vijayakumar *et al.* (2009); Liu & You (2010); Liu & Wang (2010). For related structures, see: Xu *et al.* (2009); Shafiq *et al.* (2009).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_2$   
 $M_r = 333.18$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
 $a = 7.138$  (3) Å  
 $b = 27.404$  (10) Å

$c = 7.859$  (3) Å  
 $\beta = 112.297$  (5)°  
 $V = 1422.4$  (9) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 2.89$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K

 $0.13 \times 0.10 \times 0.10$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.705$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.761$

6807 measured reflections  
 3045 independent reflections  
 1489 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.056$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.106$   
 $S = 0.99$   
 3045 reflections  
 185 parameters  
 1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.32$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{i}}$	0.90 (1)	2.02 (2)	2.890 (4)	163 (4)
$\text{O1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.82	1.89	2.605 (4)	146
$\text{C14}-\text{H14}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.44	3.226 (4)	143

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z + 1$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5119).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o1878 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811025426]

**(E)-N'-(5-Bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-3-methylbenzohydrazide****Hai-Chang Guo, Shi-Yong Liu and Xiao-Ling Wang****S1. Comment**

Considerable attention has been focused on hydrazones and their medicinal applications (Hillmer *et al.*, 2010; Raj *et al.*, 2007). The crystal structures of such compounds are of particular interest (Vijayakumar *et al.*, 2009). As a continuation of our work with hydrazone compounds (Liu & You, 2010; Liu & Wang, 2010), we report herein the crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

In (I) (Fig. 1), two benzene rings are inclined with a dihedral angle of 13.6 (3) °. All the bond lengths are comparable to those observed in related structures (Xu *et al.*, 2009; Shafiq *et al.*, 2009), and those we reported previously (Liu & You, 2010; Liu & Wang, 2010).

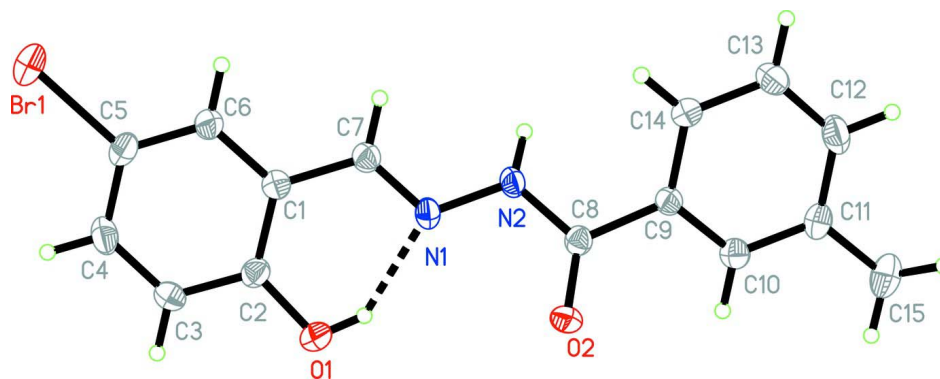
In the crystal structure, molecules are linked through N–H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1), to form one-dimensional chains running along the *a* axis (Fig. 2). Weak intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link further these chains into layers parallel to *ac* plane.

**S2. Experimental**

The title compound was prepared by the condensation reaction of 5-bromosalicylaldehyde (0.05 mol, 10.0 g) and 3-methylbenzohydrazide (0.05 mol, 7.5 g) in anhydrous methanol (100 ml) at ambient temperature. Colourless block-shaped single crystals suitable for X-ray structural determination were obtained by slow evaporation of the solution for 5 d.

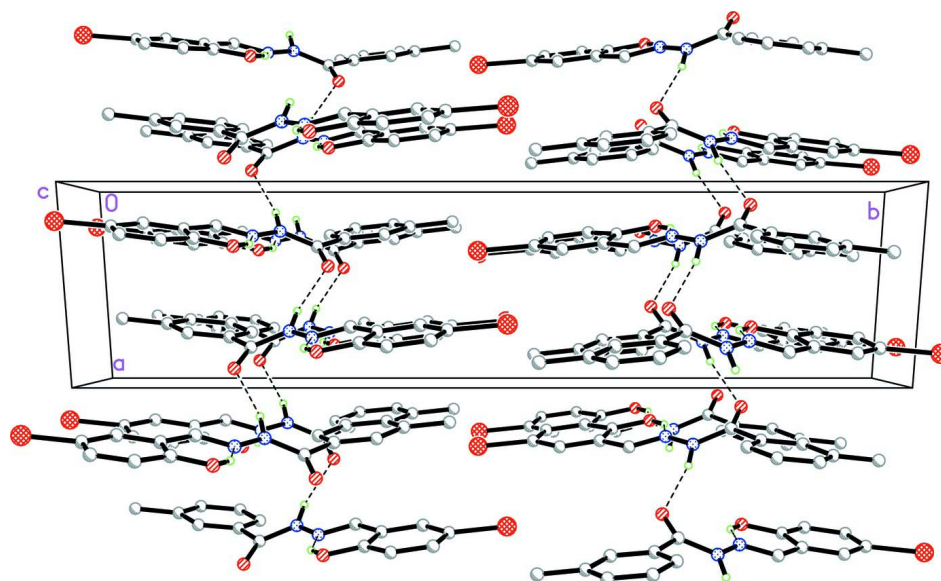
**S3. Refinement**

H2 was located from a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with the N–H distance restrained to 0.90 (1) Å. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C–H distances of 0.93–0.96 Å, O–H distance of 0.82 Å, and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  and  $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O1 and C15})$ .



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius and the intramolecular hydrogen bond is drawn as a dashed line.



**Figure 2**

A portion of the crystal packing viewed along the *c* axis. N—H...O hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. Hydrogen atoms not involved in N—H...O hydrogen bonding were omitted.

**(*E*)-*N'*-(5-Bromo-2-hydroxybenzylidene)-3-methylbenzohydrazide**

*Crystal data*

$C_{15}H_{13}BrN_2O_2$

$M_r = 333.18$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1n$

$a = 7.138\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 27.404\ (10)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 7.859\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 112.297\ (5)^\circ$

$V = 1422.4\ (9)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 672$

$D_x = 1.556\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 983 reflections

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}24.5^\circ$

$\mu = 2.89\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Block, colourless

$0.13 \times 0.10 \times 0.10\ \text{mm}$

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.705$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.761$

6807 measured reflections  
3045 independent reflections  
1489 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.056$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$   
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 8$   
 $k = -29 \rightarrow 35$   
 $l = -7 \rightarrow 10$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.106$   
 $S = 0.99$   
3045 reflections  
185 parameters  
1 restraint  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0322P)^2 + 0.1905P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.36 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.82155 (9)	1.017416 (16)	0.22011 (7)	0.0691 (2)
N1	0.7539 (5)	0.78962 (11)	0.4049 (4)	0.0343 (8)
N2	0.7822 (5)	0.76007 (11)	0.5550 (4)	0.0354 (8)
O1	0.6966 (5)	0.80234 (9)	0.0601 (4)	0.0539 (9)
H1	0.7095	0.7865	0.1525	0.081*
O2	0.6037 (4)	0.69873 (9)	0.3697 (3)	0.0444 (8)
C1	0.7856 (6)	0.86760 (13)	0.2857 (5)	0.0313 (9)
C2	0.7363 (6)	0.85015 (13)	0.1057 (5)	0.0365 (10)
C3	0.7251 (7)	0.88254 (15)	-0.0339 (5)	0.0474 (12)
H3	0.6992	0.8709	-0.1518	0.057*
C4	0.7520 (7)	0.93154 (15)	0.0010 (6)	0.0498 (12)
H4	0.7406	0.9531	-0.0938	0.060*
C5	0.7957 (6)	0.94894 (14)	0.1761 (6)	0.0430 (11)
C6	0.8154 (6)	0.91721 (13)	0.3166 (5)	0.0386 (10)
H6	0.8496	0.9293	0.4352	0.046*

C7	0.8052 (6)	0.83446 (14)	0.4357 (5)	0.0358 (10)
H7	0.8558	0.8460	0.5559	0.043*
C8	0.7035 (6)	0.71426 (13)	0.5232 (5)	0.0327 (10)
C9	0.7491 (6)	0.68420 (13)	0.6938 (5)	0.0320 (10)
C10	0.7697 (6)	0.63410 (14)	0.6820 (5)	0.0367 (10)
H10	0.7537	0.6202	0.5694	0.044*
C11	0.8140 (6)	0.60430 (13)	0.8356 (6)	0.0386 (10)
C12	0.8309 (6)	0.62636 (16)	1.0002 (6)	0.0514 (12)
H12	0.8573	0.6069	1.1038	0.062*
C13	0.8099 (7)	0.67597 (16)	1.0153 (6)	0.0498 (12)
H13	0.8230	0.6897	1.1275	0.060*
C14	0.7689 (6)	0.70533 (14)	0.8605 (5)	0.0400 (11)
H14	0.7548	0.7389	0.8688	0.048*
C15	0.8392 (8)	0.55033 (15)	0.8246 (7)	0.0644 (14)
H15A	0.7782	0.5400	0.6987	0.097*
H15B	0.7747	0.5340	0.8959	0.097*
H15C	0.9808	0.5424	0.8722	0.097*
H2	0.879 (5)	0.7674 (15)	0.664 (3)	0.080*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.0954 (5)	0.0325 (3)	0.0780 (4)	0.0030 (3)	0.0314 (3)	0.0053 (2)
N1	0.038 (2)	0.0305 (18)	0.034 (2)	0.0021 (15)	0.0127 (17)	0.0075 (14)
N2	0.037 (2)	0.0333 (19)	0.0296 (19)	-0.0013 (16)	0.0062 (17)	0.0078 (15)
O1	0.084 (2)	0.0348 (17)	0.0420 (17)	-0.0091 (16)	0.0230 (18)	-0.0069 (13)
O2	0.054 (2)	0.0402 (17)	0.0278 (16)	-0.0026 (13)	0.0030 (15)	-0.0019 (12)
C1	0.028 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.035 (2)	0.0047 (18)	0.0148 (19)	0.0009 (18)
C2	0.036 (3)	0.031 (2)	0.040 (3)	0.0017 (18)	0.012 (2)	-0.0017 (19)
C3	0.067 (4)	0.046 (3)	0.031 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C4	0.060 (3)	0.046 (3)	0.045 (3)	0.005 (2)	0.021 (3)	0.016 (2)
C5	0.047 (3)	0.028 (2)	0.053 (3)	0.0012 (19)	0.017 (2)	0.0012 (19)
C6	0.040 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0017 (19)	0.009 (2)	0.0013 (19)
C7	0.035 (3)	0.035 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0006 (19)	0.010 (2)	0.0022 (18)
C8	0.032 (3)	0.031 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0023 (18)	0.011 (2)	0.0027 (18)
C9	0.032 (3)	0.032 (2)	0.029 (2)	-0.0009 (17)	0.008 (2)	0.0021 (17)
C10	0.034 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.0035 (18)	0.012 (2)	0.0017 (18)
C11	0.031 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.052 (3)	0.0041 (19)	0.016 (2)	0.009 (2)
C12	0.050 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.041 (3)	-0.008 (2)	0.010 (2)	0.018 (2)
C13	0.059 (3)	0.057 (3)	0.033 (3)	-0.010 (2)	0.017 (2)	-0.001 (2)
C14	0.047 (3)	0.035 (2)	0.038 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.016 (2)	-0.0043 (19)
C15	0.073 (4)	0.039 (3)	0.084 (4)	0.003 (2)	0.033 (3)	0.014 (2)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Br1—C5	1.904 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C7	1.279 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—N2	1.381 (4)	C8—C9	1.501 (5)

N2—C8	1.359 (4)	C9—C10	1.388 (5)
N2—H2	0.899 (10)	C9—C14	1.390 (5)
O1—C2	1.359 (4)	C10—C11	1.391 (5)
O1—H1	0.8200	C10—H10	0.9300
O2—C8	1.222 (4)	C11—C12	1.391 (5)
C1—C6	1.383 (5)	C11—C15	1.496 (5)
C1—C2	1.406 (5)	C12—C13	1.378 (6)
C1—C7	1.452 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C3	1.390 (5)	C13—C14	1.394 (5)
C3—C4	1.369 (5)	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C4—C5	1.375 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—H15B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.371 (5)	C15—H15C	0.9600
C7—N1—N2	117.6 (3)	O2—C8—C9	122.6 (3)
C8—N2—N1	117.9 (3)	N2—C8—C9	114.1 (3)
C8—N2—H2	120 (3)	C10—C9—C14	120.0 (3)
N1—N2—H2	120 (3)	C10—C9—C8	118.4 (3)
C2—O1—H1	109.5	C14—C9—C8	121.6 (3)
C6—C1—C2	118.3 (3)	C9—C10—C11	121.2 (4)
C6—C1—C7	120.7 (3)	C9—C10—H10	119.4
C2—C1—C7	120.9 (3)	C11—C10—H10	119.4
O1—C2—C3	117.6 (4)	C10—C11—C12	117.6 (4)
O1—C2—C1	122.7 (3)	C10—C11—C15	121.5 (4)
C3—C2—C1	119.6 (3)	C12—C11—C15	120.9 (4)
C4—C3—C2	120.4 (4)	C13—C12—C11	122.4 (4)
C4—C3—H3	119.8	C13—C12—H12	118.8
C2—C3—H3	119.8	C11—C12—H12	118.8
C3—C4—C5	120.1 (4)	C12—C13—C14	119.2 (4)
C3—C4—H4	119.9	C12—C13—H13	120.4
C5—C4—H4	119.9	C14—C13—H13	120.4
C6—C5—C4	120.1 (4)	C9—C14—C13	119.7 (4)
C6—C5—Br1	120.4 (3)	C9—C14—H14	120.2
C4—C5—Br1	119.5 (3)	C13—C14—H14	120.2
C5—C6—C1	121.3 (4)	C11—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—H6	119.3	C11—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—H6	119.3	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
N1—C7—C1	121.0 (3)	C11—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—H7	119.5	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C7—H7	119.5	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
O2—C8—N2	123.3 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H2 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.90 (1)	2.02 (2)	2.890 (4)	163 (4)

O1—H1···N1	0.82	1.89	2.605 (4)	146
C14—H14···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.44	3.226 (4)	143

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