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5-Fluoro-1-(4-methoxybenzyl)indoline-2,3-dione

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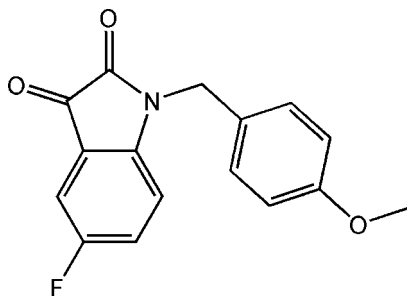
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.136; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{FNO}_3$, the dihedral angle between the benzene ring and the plane of the indole ring system is $71.60(6)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules stack along the b axis through π - π interactions between the adjacent indole-2,3-dione units with a centroid-centroid distance of $3.649(3)$ Å. Intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}=\text{C}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions further stabilize the structure, forming a three-dimensional framework.

Related literature

For background to the use of 5-fluoroindoline-2,3-dione and its analogues as anti-tumour agents, see: Uddin *et al.* (2007); Penthala *et al.* (2010). For a related structure, see: Wu *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{FNO}_3$ $M_r = 285.27$ Orthorhombic, $Pbca$ $a = 17.779(4)$ Å $b = 7.1575(14)$ Å $c = 21.306(4)$ Å $V = 2711.3(9)$ Å³ $Z = 8$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.11$ mm⁻¹ $T = 296$ K $0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2007)

 $T_{\min} = 0.641$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

25325 measured reflections

3202 independent reflections

1604 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.100$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$ $wR(F^2) = 0.136$ $S = 1.01$

3202 reflections

190 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.15$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1–C6 benzene ring.

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C15}-\text{H15A}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	3.03	3.812 (2)	142
$\text{C14}-\text{H14A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.49	3.345 (2)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$; (ii) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5156).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o1834 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811023488]

5-Fluoro-1-(4-methoxybenzyl)indoline-2,3-dione

Wei Yao Wu, Huihui Lin, Chong-Qing Wan and Sheng-Li Cao

S1. Comment

The derivatives of 5-fluoroindoline-2,3-dione and its analogues are widely used as anti-tumor compounds (Uddin *et al.*, 2007; Penthala *et al.*, 2010). Herein, we report the crystal structure of one new derivative of 5-fluoroindoline-2,3-dione.

In the title compound $C_{16}H_{12}FNO_3$, the indoline moiety links to the 4-methoxybenzene through methylene group with a C5-C7(methylene)-N1 angle of $113.29(2)^\circ$ (Fig. 1). The benzene ring and the plane of the indole-2,3-dione exhibit a dihedral angle of $71.60(6)^\circ$. The C5-C7(methylene)-N1 angle and the dihedral angle are comparable to these in the chloro-substituted compound, 5-chloro-1-(4-methoxybenzyl)indoline-2,3-dione, where the corresponding values are $113.86(2)^\circ$ and $88.44(8)^\circ$ (Wu *et al.* 2011). Molecules stack along the *b* axis through π - π stacking interactions between adjacent indole-2,3-dione units with a Cg \cdots Cg distance of $3.649(3)\text{\AA}$ and C15-H15A \cdots Cg contacts, Table 1, form a chain structure, as shown in Fig. 2. The almost parallel chains are further interconnected through C14-H14A \cdots O2=C9 interactions, Table 1, generating a three-dimensional framework, Fig. 2.

S2. Experimental

To an ice-bath cooled solution of 5-fluoroindoline-2,3-dione (0.33 g, 2 mmol) in N,N-dimethylformamide (20 ml) was added potassium carbonate (0.33 g, 2.4 mmol) and potassium iodide (0.07 g, 0.4 mmol) followed by 4-methoxybenzyl chloride (0.32 ml, 2.2 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110°C for 3 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was poured into ice water (80 ml). The resulting precipitate was filtered and subsequently purified by column chromatography on silica gel with dichloromethane as an eluent to give the title compound ($R_f = 0.81$, dichloromethane; m.p. $138\text{--}139^\circ\text{C}$; yield 78%). Yellow crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation from the solution of dichloromethane/ethanol 8:2 (v/v) at room temperature after a week.

S3. Refinement

All the H atoms were discernible in the difference electron density maps. Nevertheless, the hydrogen atoms were placed into idealized positions and allowed to ride on the carrier atoms, with C—H = 0.93 and 0.97\AA for aryl and methylene hydrogens, respectively. $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})_{\text{aryl/methylene}}$.

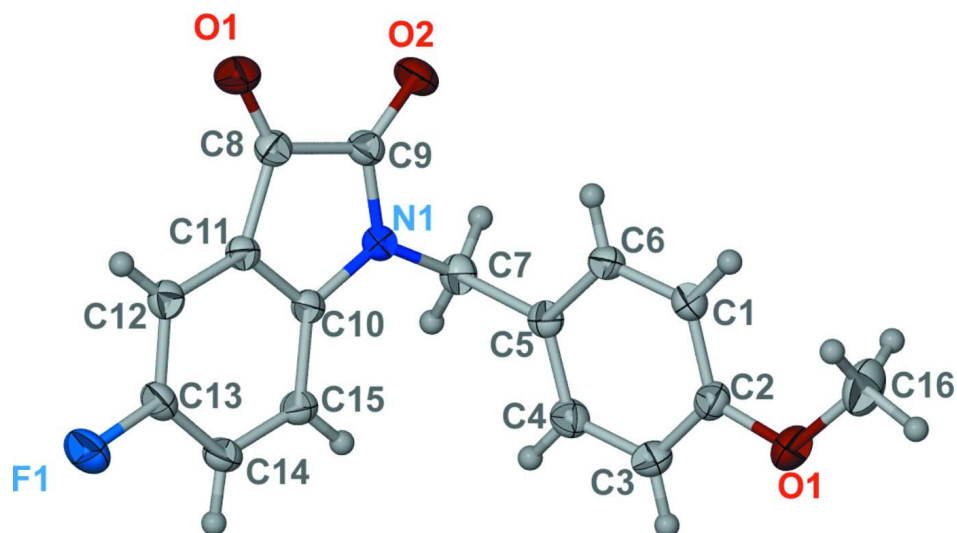


Figure 1

The title molecule with the atomic numbering scheme. The displacement ellipsoids are shown at the 30% probability level, while the hydrogen atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.

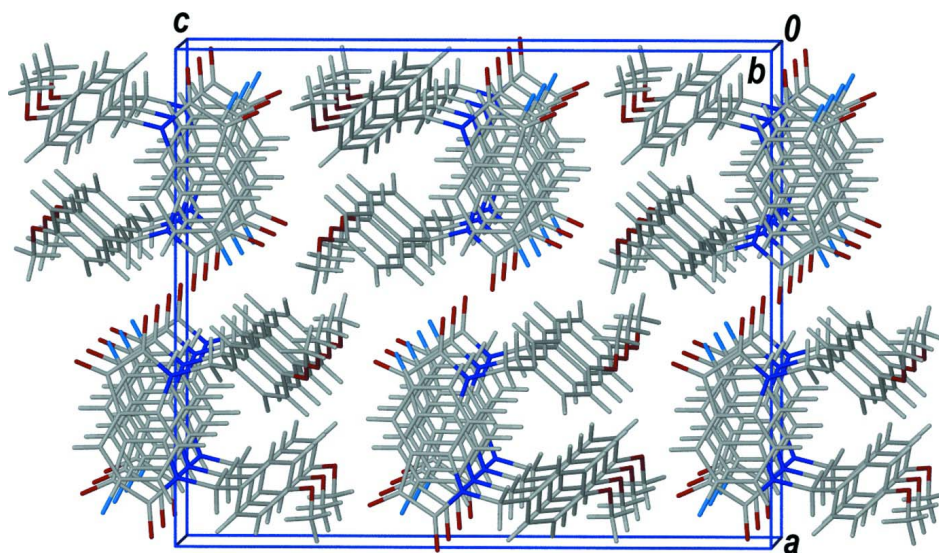


Figure 2

View down the *b* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound.

5-Fluoro-1-(4-methoxybenzyl)indoline-2,3-dione

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{12}FNO_3$

$M_r = 285.27$

Orthorhombic, *Pbca*

Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab

$a = 17.779$ (4) Å

$b = 7.1575$ (14) Å

$c = 21.306$ (4) Å

$V = 2711.3$ (9) Å³

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1184$

$D_x = 1.398$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

$\mu = 0.11$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Block, yellow

$0.40 \times 0.30 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.641$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

25325 measured reflections
 3202 independent reflections
 1604 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.100$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.9^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 6.4^\circ$
 $h = -23 \rightarrow 23$
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$
 $l = -28 \rightarrow 27$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.136$
 $S = 1.01$
 3202 reflections
 190 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0557P)^2 + 0.1083P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
F1	0.08487 (7)	0.2819 (2)	0.39404 (6)	0.0874 (4)
O1	0.38817 (8)	0.2815 (2)	0.34962 (7)	0.0788 (5)
O2	0.47658 (8)	0.2065 (2)	0.46416 (7)	0.0738 (5)
O3	0.36524 (10)	0.7189 (2)	0.74362 (7)	0.0833 (5)
N1	0.35821 (8)	0.1683 (2)	0.50669 (7)	0.0508 (4)
C1	0.42398 (10)	0.5766 (3)	0.65265 (9)	0.0569 (5)
H1A	0.4579	0.6745	0.6482	0.068*
C2	0.37197 (11)	0.5783 (3)	0.70053 (9)	0.0579 (5)
C3	0.32168 (12)	0.4322 (3)	0.70640 (9)	0.0668 (6)
H3A	0.2866	0.4325	0.7388	0.080*
C4	0.32346 (12)	0.2861 (3)	0.66446 (10)	0.0630 (6)
H4A	0.2890	0.1892	0.6687	0.076*
C5	0.37553 (11)	0.2802 (3)	0.61599 (8)	0.0502 (5)
C6	0.42526 (10)	0.4275 (3)	0.61115 (9)	0.0542 (5)
H6A	0.4607	0.4268	0.5791	0.065*
C7	0.37914 (11)	0.1181 (3)	0.57101 (9)	0.0576 (5)

H7A	0.4299	0.0683	0.5709	0.069*
H7B	0.3458	0.0202	0.5857	0.069*
C8	0.36179 (12)	0.2478 (3)	0.40047 (10)	0.0543 (5)
C9	0.40834 (11)	0.2057 (3)	0.45996 (9)	0.0545 (5)
C10	0.28347 (10)	0.1884 (2)	0.48441 (9)	0.0451 (4)
C11	0.28318 (10)	0.2373 (2)	0.42095 (9)	0.0472 (5)
C12	0.21641 (11)	0.2671 (3)	0.38876 (9)	0.0552 (5)
H12A	0.2157	0.2987	0.3464	0.066*
C13	0.15144 (11)	0.2476 (3)	0.42286 (10)	0.0570 (5)
C14	0.15047 (11)	0.1975 (3)	0.48525 (10)	0.0569 (5)
H14A	0.1048	0.1840	0.5060	0.068*
C15	0.21751 (10)	0.1671 (3)	0.51749 (9)	0.0522 (5)
H15A	0.2177	0.1337	0.5597	0.063*
C16	0.42269 (18)	0.8594 (4)	0.74439 (13)	0.0992 (9)
H16A	0.4116	0.9495	0.7764	0.149*
H16B	0.4245	0.9205	0.7043	0.149*
H16C	0.4704	0.8021	0.7529	0.149*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0514 (7)	0.1155 (11)	0.0953 (10)	0.0063 (7)	-0.0130 (6)	0.0019 (8)
O1	0.0704 (10)	0.1040 (13)	0.0619 (10)	-0.0115 (8)	0.0144 (8)	0.0097 (8)
O2	0.0460 (9)	0.0904 (11)	0.0851 (11)	-0.0052 (7)	0.0015 (7)	0.0017 (8)
O3	0.0923 (12)	0.0894 (12)	0.0682 (10)	-0.0015 (9)	0.0081 (8)	-0.0262 (9)
N1	0.0480 (9)	0.0532 (9)	0.0510 (9)	-0.0020 (7)	-0.0001 (7)	-0.0018 (7)
C1	0.0512 (11)	0.0608 (13)	0.0587 (12)	-0.0066 (9)	-0.0012 (9)	-0.0035 (10)
C2	0.0604 (12)	0.0652 (13)	0.0480 (11)	0.0062 (11)	-0.0031 (10)	-0.0060 (10)
C3	0.0643 (13)	0.0856 (17)	0.0504 (12)	-0.0053 (12)	0.0107 (10)	-0.0008 (11)
C4	0.0614 (13)	0.0679 (14)	0.0597 (13)	-0.0122 (10)	0.0016 (10)	0.0056 (11)
C5	0.0499 (11)	0.0530 (12)	0.0479 (11)	0.0043 (9)	-0.0050 (9)	0.0054 (9)
C6	0.0448 (11)	0.0656 (13)	0.0520 (11)	0.0007 (10)	0.0024 (8)	-0.0009 (10)
C7	0.0609 (12)	0.0558 (12)	0.0560 (12)	0.0012 (9)	-0.0057 (10)	0.0028 (10)
C8	0.0558 (12)	0.0522 (12)	0.0549 (12)	-0.0070 (9)	0.0042 (10)	0.0004 (9)
C9	0.0483 (12)	0.0524 (12)	0.0628 (13)	-0.0044 (9)	0.0039 (10)	-0.0036 (9)
C10	0.0448 (10)	0.0388 (10)	0.0516 (11)	-0.0020 (8)	0.0028 (8)	-0.0063 (8)
C11	0.0472 (11)	0.0432 (10)	0.0513 (11)	-0.0031 (8)	0.0022 (8)	-0.0030 (8)
C12	0.0584 (13)	0.0533 (12)	0.0539 (12)	-0.0027 (9)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0002 (9)
C13	0.0448 (11)	0.0568 (12)	0.0694 (14)	-0.0004 (9)	-0.0068 (10)	-0.0036 (10)
C14	0.0466 (11)	0.0541 (12)	0.0699 (14)	-0.0051 (9)	0.0086 (9)	-0.0061 (10)
C15	0.0542 (12)	0.0488 (11)	0.0536 (11)	-0.0029 (9)	0.0079 (9)	-0.0027 (9)
C16	0.138 (3)	0.0752 (17)	0.0848 (18)	-0.0146 (18)	-0.0027 (16)	-0.0240 (14)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1—C13	1.356 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9300
O1—C8	1.205 (2)	C7—H7A	0.9700
O2—C9	1.217 (2)	C7—H7B	0.9700

O3—C2	1.368 (2)	C8—C11	1.466 (3)
O3—C16	1.433 (3)	C8—C9	1.544 (3)
N1—C9	1.363 (2)	C10—C15	1.377 (2)
N1—C10	1.418 (2)	C10—C11	1.396 (3)
N1—C7	1.465 (2)	C11—C12	1.388 (3)
C1—C2	1.377 (3)	C12—C13	1.372 (3)
C1—C6	1.386 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9300	C13—C14	1.377 (3)
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C14—C15	1.393 (3)
C3—C4	1.375 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C3—H3A	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.388 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9300	C16—H16B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.380 (3)	C16—H16C	0.9600
C5—C7	1.507 (3)		
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C2—O3—C16	117.50 (18)	O1—C8—C9	124.66 (19)
C9—N1—C10	110.37 (15)	C11—C8—C9	104.88 (16)
C9—N1—C7	124.44 (16)	O2—C9—N1	126.83 (19)
C10—N1—C7	125.18 (15)	O2—C9—C8	126.46 (18)
C2—C1—C6	119.38 (18)	N1—C9—C8	106.71 (16)
C2—C1—H1A	120.3	C15—C10—C11	121.35 (17)
C6—C1—H1A	120.3	C15—C10—N1	127.97 (17)
O3—C2—C1	124.24 (19)	C11—C10—N1	110.67 (15)
O3—C2—C3	116.10 (18)	C12—C11—C10	121.35 (16)
C1—C2—C3	119.66 (18)	C12—C11—C8	131.34 (17)
C4—C3—C2	120.11 (19)	C10—C11—C8	107.31 (16)
C4—C3—H3A	119.9	C13—C12—C11	116.29 (18)
C2—C3—H3A	119.9	C13—C12—H12A	121.9
C3—C4—C5	121.47 (19)	C11—C12—H12A	121.9
C3—C4—H4A	119.3	F1—C13—C12	118.47 (19)
C5—C4—H4A	119.3	F1—C13—C14	118.25 (18)
C6—C5—C4	117.37 (18)	C12—C13—C14	123.27 (18)
C6—C5—C7	120.92 (17)	C13—C14—C15	120.39 (18)
C4—C5—C7	121.70 (18)	C13—C14—H14A	119.8
C5—C6—C1	122.01 (17)	C15—C14—H14A	119.8
C5—C6—H6A	119.0	C10—C15—C14	117.34 (18)
C1—C6—H6A	119.0	C10—C15—H15A	121.3
N1—C7—C5	113.29 (15)	C14—C15—H15A	121.3
N1—C7—H7A	108.9	O3—C16—H16A	109.5
C5—C7—H7A	108.9	O3—C16—H16B	109.5
N1—C7—H7B	108.9	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C5—C7—H7B	108.9	O3—C16—H16C	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	107.7	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
O1—C8—C11	130.47 (19)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of the C1–C6 benzene ring.

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C15—H15 <i>A</i> ···Cg1 ⁱ	0.93	3.03	3.812 (2)	142
C14—H14 <i>A</i> ···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.49	3.345 (2)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, z$; (ii) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$.