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## Structure Reports

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Imidazo[1,2-*b*]isoquinoline-5,10-dione

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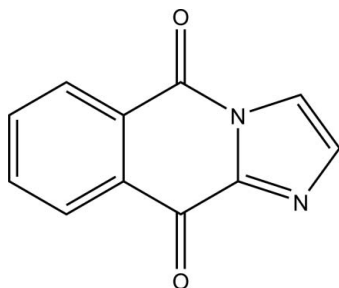
Received 22 May 2011; accepted 7 June 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.040;  $wR$  factor = 0.107; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.2.

The title butterfly-shaped molecule,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ , is folded slightly along the  $\text{O}=\text{C}\cdots\text{C}=\text{O}$  line, the dihedral angle between the two parts being  $6.42(3)^\circ$ . In the crystal, adjacent molecules are linked through  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds into infinite layers parallel to the  $ac$  plane. The layers are further connected into a three-dimensional network *via*  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interactions formed between pairs of antiparallel arranged molecules, with a centroid-centroid distance between the central six-membered ring and the benzene ring of  $3.4349(9)$  Å.

## Related literature

For the structure of isoquinolinedione-pyrrole fused system in 1,3-dinitropyrrolo[1,2-*b*]isoquinoline-5,10-dione, see: Du & Hitchcock (1992).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   
 $M_r = 198.18$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 7.6518(7)$  Å  
 $b = 7.2469(6)$  Å  
 $c = 15.5197(13)$  Å  
 $\beta = 99.947(1)^\circ$   
 $V = 847.66(13)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 100$  K  
 $0.21 \times 0.17 \times 0.09$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.977$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.990$   
 4894 measured reflections  
 1925 independent reflections  
 1583 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.107$   
 $S = 1.04$   
 1925 reflections  
 136 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.29$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.95	2.46	3.2828 (17)	146
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.57	3.5190 (19)	179
$\text{C8}-\text{H8}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.55	3.2233 (17)	128

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $x - 1, y, z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: X-SEED (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97 and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GK2380).

## References

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## supporting information

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**Imidazo[1,2-*b*]isoquinoline-5,10-dione**

**Nassir N. Al-Mohammed, Yatimah Alias, Zanariah Abdullah and Hamid Khaledi**

**S1. Comment**

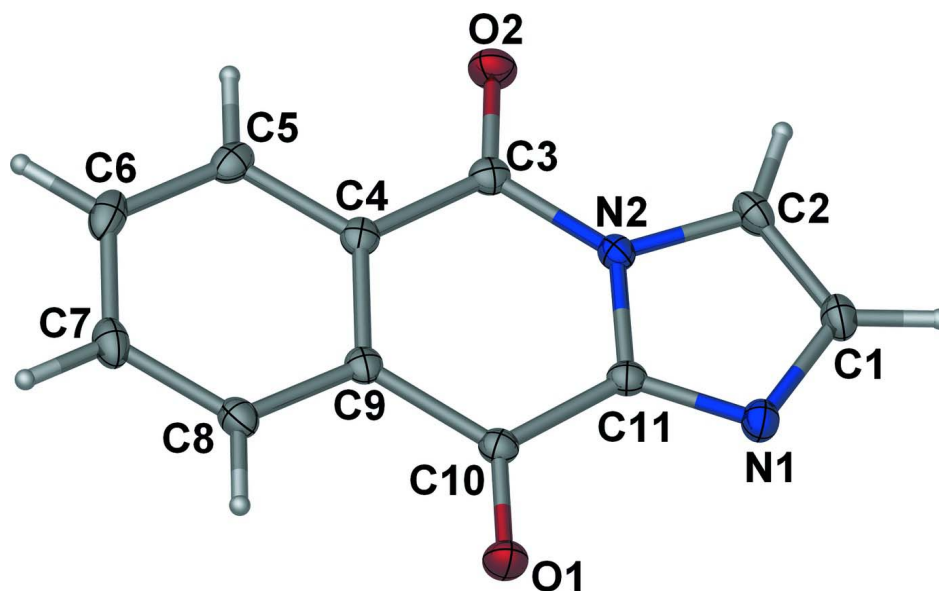
This work reports the first crystal structure of an isoquinolinedione-fused imidazole. The structure of an isoquinoline-dione-pyrrole fused system has been reported previously (Du & Hitchcock, 1992). The present molecule (Fig. 1) is almost planar (r.m.s deviation = 0.0718 Å) but slightly bent along the O=C...C=O line with the corresponding dihedral angle of 6.42 (3)°. In the crystal, intermolecular C—H...O interactions (Table 1) connect the molecules into a two-dimensional array in the *ac* plane (Fig. 2). The isoquinoline rings of pairs of the molecule related by symmetry  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$ , are placed above each other in an anti-parallel manner with the centriods of the six-membered heterocyclic ring and the benzene ring at a distance of 3.4349 (9) Å.

**S2. Experimental**

A solution of phthaloyl chloride (5.58 g, 27.5 mmol) in dry pyridine (20 ml) was added dropwise to a mixture of imidazole (1.7 g, 25 mmol) and bis (triphenylphosphine)palladium (II) chloride (0.87 g) in dry pyridine (15 ml) at 273 K. The mixture was refluxed for 4 h, then cooled to room temperature and poured into ice water (150 ml). The aqueous solution was extracted with chloroform and the chloroform solution was washed with 2 % aqueous HCl solution and distilled water (3 x 15 ml). It was dried over magnesium sulfate and evaporated under vacuum. The amorphous residue was re-crystallized from acetonitrile to give yellow crystals of the title compound (m.p. = 232-234° C).

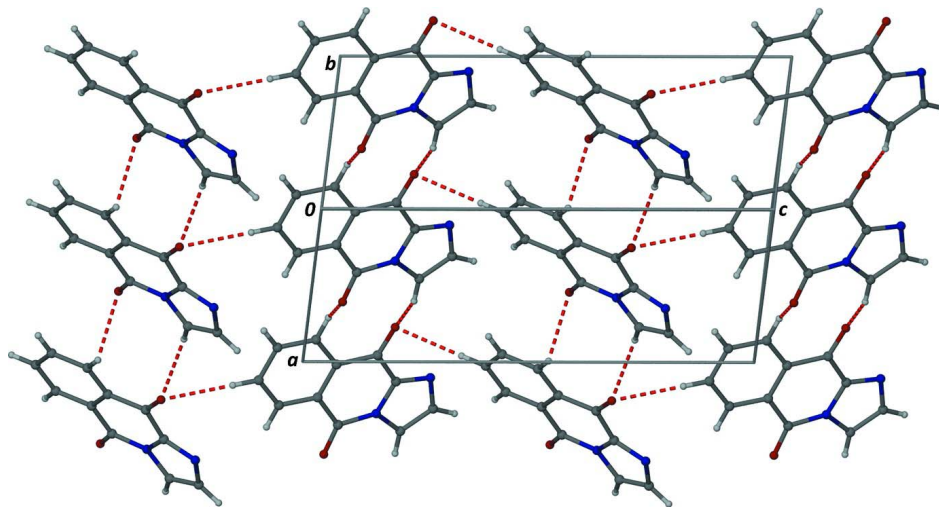
**S3. Refinement**

Hydrogen atoms were placed at calculated positions and refined as riding atoms with C—H distance of 0.95 Å and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  set to 1.2  $U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ .



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are drawn as spheres of arbitrary radius.



**Figure 2**

The 2D-network formed by C—H...O hydrogen bonds.

### Imidazo[1,2-*b*]isoquinoline-5,10-dione

#### Crystal data

$C_{11}H_6N_2O_2$

$M_r = 198.18$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 7.6518(7)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.2469(6)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 15.5197(13)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 99.947(1)^\circ$

$V = 847.66(13)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 408$

$D_x = 1.553\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 1521 reflections

$\theta = 2.7\text{--}29.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.11\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100$  K  $0.21 \times 0.17 \times 0.09$  mm  
 Block, yellow

*Data collection*

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator $\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{\min} = 0.977$ , $T_{\max} = 0.990$	4894 measured reflections 1925 independent reflections 1583 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.7^\circ$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -9 \rightarrow 8$ $l = -20 \rightarrow 19$
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*Refinement*

Refinement on $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$ $wR(F^2) = 0.107$ $S = 1.04$ 1925 reflections 136 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0535P)^2 + 0.3219P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
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*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.26338 (13)	0.48928 (15)	0.19588 (7)	0.0219 (3)
O2	0.82600 (13)	0.21685 (15)	0.07219 (7)	0.0224 (3)
N1	0.62688 (16)	0.52159 (17)	0.28827 (8)	0.0186 (3)
N2	0.70971 (15)	0.36883 (16)	0.17748 (7)	0.0152 (3)
C1	0.80899 (19)	0.5005 (2)	0.30252 (10)	0.0202 (3)
H1	0.8866	0.5453	0.3526	0.024*
C2	0.86301 (19)	0.4074 (2)	0.23580 (9)	0.0197 (3)
H2	0.9811	0.3757	0.2304	0.024*
C3	0.69589 (18)	0.28089 (19)	0.09539 (9)	0.0160 (3)
C4	0.51463 (18)	0.27899 (19)	0.04292 (9)	0.0154 (3)
C5	0.4917 (2)	0.20479 (19)	-0.04108 (9)	0.0190 (3)
H5	0.5907	0.1567	-0.0632	0.023*
C6	0.3242 (2)	0.2012 (2)	-0.09248 (10)	0.0222 (3)
H6	0.3089	0.1516	-0.1500	0.027*

C7	0.1790 (2)	0.2701 (2)	-0.06005 (9)	0.0217 (3)
H7	0.0644	0.2665	-0.0953	0.026*
C8	0.20076 (18)	0.3441 (2)	0.02357 (9)	0.0186 (3)
H8	0.1011	0.3913	0.0454	0.022*
C9	0.36831 (18)	0.34932 (19)	0.07565 (9)	0.0150 (3)
C10	0.38834 (18)	0.43063 (19)	0.16455 (9)	0.0155 (3)
C11	0.57142 (18)	0.44126 (19)	0.21262 (9)	0.0151 (3)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0171 (5)	0.0277 (6)	0.0215 (5)	0.0024 (4)	0.0055 (4)	-0.0027 (4)
O2	0.0182 (5)	0.0241 (6)	0.0262 (6)	0.0027 (4)	0.0073 (4)	-0.0027 (5)
N1	0.0194 (6)	0.0195 (6)	0.0161 (6)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0012 (5)	-0.0007 (5)
N2	0.0137 (6)	0.0157 (6)	0.0160 (6)	-0.0003 (4)	0.0022 (4)	0.0007 (5)
C1	0.0191 (7)	0.0209 (7)	0.0189 (7)	-0.0032 (6)	-0.0013 (5)	-0.0004 (6)
C2	0.0145 (7)	0.0201 (7)	0.0229 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0029 (6)
C3	0.0179 (7)	0.0131 (6)	0.0175 (7)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0044 (5)	0.0017 (5)
C4	0.0185 (7)	0.0120 (6)	0.0156 (7)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0027 (5)	0.0027 (5)
C5	0.0265 (8)	0.0150 (7)	0.0165 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0064 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C6	0.0343 (9)	0.0166 (7)	0.0147 (7)	-0.0056 (6)	0.0015 (6)	0.0003 (5)
C7	0.0226 (7)	0.0215 (8)	0.0186 (7)	-0.0052 (6)	-0.0037 (6)	0.0032 (6)
C8	0.0163 (7)	0.0195 (7)	0.0194 (7)	-0.0017 (6)	0.0017 (5)	0.0029 (6)
C9	0.0169 (7)	0.0134 (7)	0.0146 (7)	-0.0018 (5)	0.0024 (5)	0.0032 (5)
C10	0.0159 (7)	0.0146 (7)	0.0163 (7)	-0.0007 (5)	0.0038 (5)	0.0021 (5)
C11	0.0155 (7)	0.0143 (7)	0.0160 (7)	0.0003 (5)	0.0043 (5)	0.0019 (5)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

O1—C10	1.2215 (16)	C4—C9	1.4027 (19)
O2—C3	1.2084 (17)	C5—C6	1.388 (2)
N1—C11	1.3135 (18)	C5—H5	0.9500
N1—C1	1.3812 (19)	C6—C7	1.390 (2)
N2—C11	1.3754 (17)	C6—H6	0.9500
N2—C2	1.3808 (18)	C7—C8	1.387 (2)
N2—C3	1.4121 (18)	C7—H7	0.9500
C1—C2	1.359 (2)	C8—C9	1.3930 (19)
C1—H1	0.9500	C8—H8	0.9500
C2—H2	0.9500	C9—C10	1.4836 (19)
C3—C4	1.4821 (19)	C10—C11	1.4710 (18)
C4—C5	1.3930 (19)		
C11—N1—C1	104.80 (12)	C5—C6—C7	120.15 (14)
C11—N2—C2	106.70 (12)	C5—C6—H6	119.9
C11—N2—C3	125.95 (12)	C7—C6—H6	119.9
C2—N2—C3	127.27 (12)	C8—C7—C6	120.21 (14)
C2—C1—N1	111.36 (13)	C8—C7—H7	119.9
C2—C1—H1	124.3	C6—C7—H7	119.9

N1—C1—H1	124.3	C7—C8—C9	120.21 (13)
C1—C2—N2	105.33 (13)	C7—C8—H8	119.9
C1—C2—H2	127.3	C9—C8—H8	119.9
N2—C2—H2	127.3	C8—C9—C4	119.48 (13)
O2—C3—N2	120.33 (13)	C8—C9—C10	119.16 (12)
O2—C3—C4	125.01 (13)	C4—C9—C10	121.35 (12)
N2—C3—C4	114.65 (12)	O1—C10—C11	121.49 (13)
C5—C4—C9	120.00 (13)	O1—C10—C9	123.10 (13)
C5—C4—C3	118.17 (12)	C11—C10—C9	115.39 (12)
C9—C4—C3	121.83 (12)	N1—C11—N2	111.81 (12)
C6—C5—C4	119.95 (13)	N1—C11—C10	127.51 (12)
C6—C5—H5	120.0	N2—C11—C10	120.63 (12)
C4—C5—H5	120.0		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C2—H2 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.46	3.2828 (17)	146
C6—H6 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.57	3.5190 (19)	179
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Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (ii)  $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ ; (iii)  $x-1, y, z$ .