

catena-Poly[copper(II)- $\{\mu_3$ -4,4'-dibromo-2,2'-[butane-1,4-diylbis(nitrilomethanylylidene)]diphenolato- κ^4 N,O:N',O':O'}]

 Hadi Kargar^{a*} and Reza Kia^b

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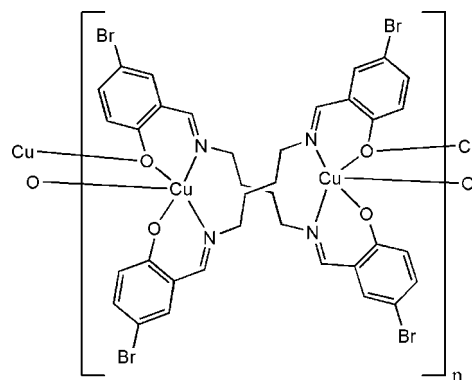
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.139; data-to-parameter ratio = 26.6.

The asymmetric unit of the title coordination polymer, $[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{Br}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2)]_n$, consists of a Schiff base complex in which a crystallographic twofold rotation axis bisects the central C—C bonds of the n -butyl spacers of the designated Schiff base ligands, making symmetry-related dimer units, which are twisted around Cu^{II} atoms in a bis-bidentate coordination mode. In the crystal, these dimeric units are connected through Cu—O bonds, forming one-dimensional coordination polymers, which propagate along [001]. The Cu^{II} atom adopts a square-based pyramidal coordination geometry, being coordinated by two N and two O atoms of symmetry-related ligands and by a third O atom of a neighboring complex. Furthermore, intermolecular π - π interactions [centroid-centroid distance = $3.786(2)$ Å] and C—H \cdots O interactions stabilize the crystal packing.

Related literature

For van der Waals radii, see: Bondi (1964). For background to coordination polymers, see: Kido & Okamoto (2002); Li *et al.* (2006); Eddaoudi *et al.* (2001); Dietzel *et al.* (2005). For background to bis-bidentate Schiff base complexes, see: Hannon *et al.* (1999); Lavalette *et al.* (2003). For the synthesis and structural variations of Schiff base complexes see: Granovski *et al.* (1993); Elmali *et al.* (2000). For the crystal structure of the chloro derivative, see: Kargar & Kia (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{Br}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_2)]$
 $M_r = 515.69$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 24.0964(9)$ Å
 $b = 10.5885(3)$ Å
 $c = 15.3528(5)$ Å
 $\beta = 117.354(3)^\circ$

$V = 3479.2(2)$ Å³
 $Z = 8$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 5.86$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100$ K
 $0.41 \times 0.32 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
 area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.197$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.439$

36229 measured reflections
 6017 independent reflections
 4887 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.139$
 $S = 1.19$
 6017 reflections

226 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 2.19$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.73$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C9}-\text{H9B}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.97	2.28	2.973 (5)	128

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

HK thanks PNU for support of this work. RK thanks the Science and Research Branch, Islamic Azad University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2263).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m499–m500 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811009949]

catena-Poly[copper(II)- $\{\mu_3$ -4,4'-dibromo-2,2'-[butane-1,4-diylbis(nitrilo-methanylylidene)]diphenolato- κ^4 N,O:N',O':O'}]**Hadi Kargar and Reza Kia****S1. Comment**

The design and construction of metal-organic coordination polymers (MOCPs) have attracted considerable attention, not only for their novel topologies but also for their potential in the area of magnetic applications and functional materials (Kido & Okamoto, 2002; Li *et al.*, 2006; Eddaoudi *et al.*, 2001; Dietzel *et al.*, 2005). One of the key strategies in the construction of metal-organic coordination polymers is to select suitable bi- or multi-dentate bridging ligands. Among these, bis-bidentate *NN*- or *NO*-donor Schiff base ligands with aliphatic and aromatic spacers (Hannon *et al.*, 1999; Lavalette *et al.*, 2003) have attracted much attention because of the flexibility in their coordination modes and the resulting intermolecular interactions. The long chain aliphatic spacers or rigid aromatic spacers with large bite angles in these ligands favour the bis-bidentate coordination mode and allow the ligands to accommodate metal centers in one unit of the ligand. On the other hand, Schiff bases are one of the most prevalent ligands in coordination chemistry and their complexes are some of the most important stereochemical models in transition metal-organic chemistry, with their ease of preparation and structural variations (Granovski *et al.*, 1993; Elmali *et al.*, 2000).

The crystal structure of the chloro derivative, Poly[*N,N'*-Bis(5-chlorosalicylidene)-1,4-butanediaminato copper(II)], has been described in the previous paper (Kargar & Kia, 2011).

The molecular structure of the title complex (Fig. 1) consists of symmetry-related dimers in which the Schiff base ligands are twisted around Cu^{II} centers in a bis-bidentate coordination mode, having a crystallographic twofold rotation axis which passes through the central C—C bonds of the *n*-butyl spacers [C9—C9Aⁱ and C18—C18Aⁱ; symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, y, -z + 1/2$].

In the crystal the dimer units are connected through Cu—O bonds, forming one-dimensional coordination polymer running along the *c* axis (Fig. 2), in which the Cu^{II} atom adopts a square-based pyramidal coordination geometry. The Cu^{II} atoms are supported by the two nitrogen and oxygen atoms of the symmetry-related ligands and a third oxygen atom of neighboring complexes. The lengths of the intermolecular Cu1—O1ⁱ bonds [2.394 (3) Å; symmetry code (i) $-x, -y + 1, -z$] is significantly shorter than the sum of the van der Waals (vdW) radii of these atoms [Cu, 1.43 Å and O, 1.52 Å; Bondi, 1964]. There are different non-bonded internuclear Cu \cdots Cu distances. The longer one is separated by the butyl spacers [4.718 Å], and the shorter one is in the centrosymmetric Cu₂O₂ rectangular unit [3.314 Å]. Furthermore, intermolecular π - π interactions stabilize the crystal packings with centroid to centroid distances of 3.786 (2) Å [Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of the rings (C1–C6) and (C10–C15)]. There are also C—H \cdots O interactions present (Table 1).

S2. Experimental

The title complex was synthesized by the template method of mixing an ethanolic solution (50 ml) of 5-bromo-salicylaldehyde (4 mmol), 1,4-butanediamine (2 mmol), and CuCl₂·4H₂O (2.1 mmol). After stirring at reflux conditions for 2 h, the solution was filtered and the resulting green solid was crystallized from ethanol, giving single crystals suitable for

X-ray diffraction.

S3. Refinement

All H-atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained to ride on the parent atoms using the riding-model approximation: C—H = 0.93 - 0.97 Å with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. In case of the large maximum residual density, located < 1 Å from the Br atoms, it was not possible to find any sign of twinning or missed atoms.

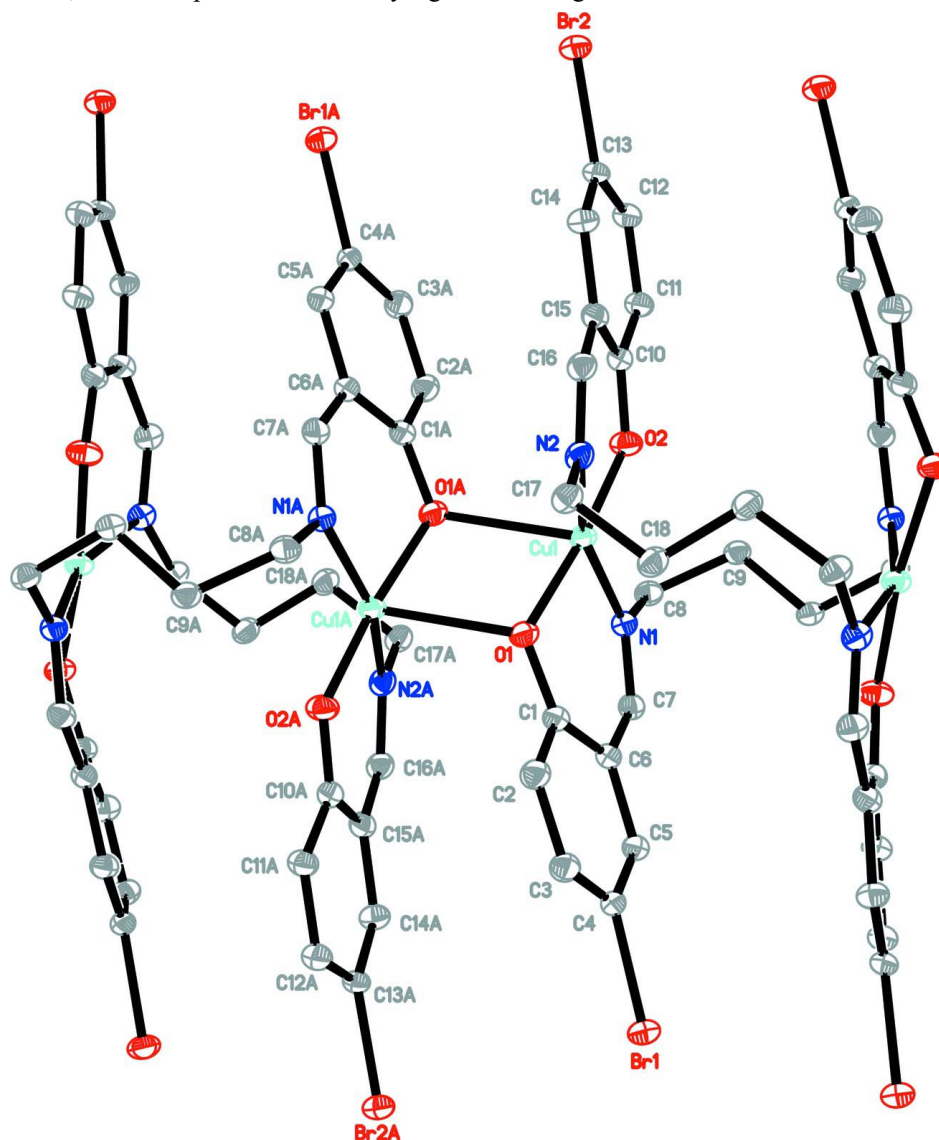


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title complex, showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering [H-atoms have been omitted for clarity; symmetry code for A suffix: $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$].

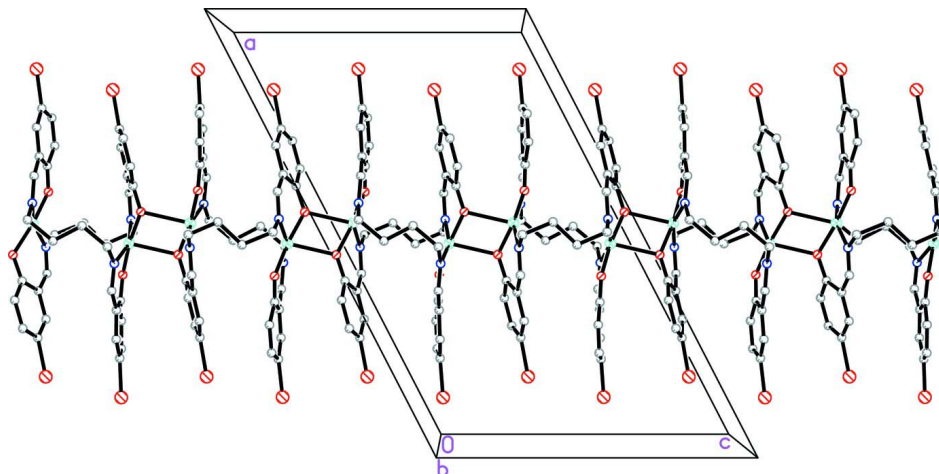


Figure 2

The crystal packing, viewed down the *b*-axis, of the title complex, showing the one-dimensional coordination chain propagating along [001] (H-atoms have been omitted for clarity).

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Crystal data

[Cu(C₁₈H₁₆Br₂N₂O₂)]

$M_r = 515.69$

Monoclinic, *C2/c*

Hall symbol: -*C* 2yc

$a = 24.0964$ (9) Å

$b = 10.5885$ (3) Å

$c = 15.3528$ (5) Å

$\beta = 117.354$ (3)°

$V = 3479.2$ (2) Å³

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 2024$

$D_x = 1.969$ Mg m⁻³

Mo *K*α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 9961 reflections

$\theta = 2.4$ – 34.8°

$\mu = 5.86$ mm⁻¹

$T = 100$ K

Block, green

$0.41 \times 0.32 \times 0.17$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.197$, $T_{\max} = 0.439$

36229 measured reflections

6017 independent reflections

4887 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.037$

$\theta_{\max} = 32.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.2^\circ$

$h = -35 \rightarrow 35$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$

$wR(F^2) = 0.139$

$S = 1.19$

6017 reflections

226 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0486P)^2 + 32.1161P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 2.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.73 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cu1	0.47745 (2)	-0.03938 (5)	0.38413 (4)	0.01976 (11)
Br1	0.819293 (19)	0.00198 (4)	0.58443 (3)	0.02766 (11)
Br2	0.134787 (18)	0.00911 (4)	0.11824 (3)	0.02394 (10)
O1	0.54761 (13)	0.0506 (3)	0.4822 (2)	0.0236 (6)
O2	0.40617 (13)	-0.1341 (3)	0.2998 (2)	0.0252 (6)
N1	0.53131 (15)	-0.1956 (3)	0.4080 (2)	0.0198 (6)
N2	0.43372 (16)	0.1252 (3)	0.3280 (3)	0.0217 (6)
C1	0.60593 (18)	0.0376 (4)	0.4980 (3)	0.0218 (7)
C2	0.64637 (19)	0.1423 (4)	0.5324 (3)	0.0249 (8)
H2A	0.6310	0.2195	0.5405	0.030*
C3	0.70866 (19)	0.1318 (4)	0.5542 (3)	0.0247 (8)
H3A	0.7347	0.2021	0.5755	0.030*
C4	0.73222 (18)	0.0156 (4)	0.5442 (3)	0.0213 (7)
C5	0.69348 (17)	-0.0878 (4)	0.5073 (3)	0.0209 (7)
H5A	0.7094	-0.1640	0.4987	0.025*
C6	0.62944 (17)	-0.0775 (4)	0.4828 (3)	0.0194 (7)
C7	0.59134 (18)	-0.1902 (4)	0.4466 (3)	0.0209 (7)
H7A	0.6123	-0.2657	0.4517	0.025*
C8	0.50307 (18)	-0.3230 (4)	0.3790 (3)	0.0214 (7)
H8A	0.4702	-0.3323	0.3984	0.026*
H8B	0.5347	-0.3863	0.4138	0.026*
C9	0.47575 (17)	-0.3465 (4)	0.2686 (3)	0.0208 (7)
H9A	0.4544	-0.4273	0.2533	0.025*
H9B	0.4449	-0.2817	0.2341	0.025*
C10	0.34829 (17)	-0.0968 (4)	0.2555 (3)	0.0204 (7)
C11	0.30077 (18)	-0.1890 (4)	0.2123 (3)	0.0223 (7)
H11A	0.3120	-0.2728	0.2115	0.027*
C12	0.23841 (18)	-0.1575 (4)	0.1715 (3)	0.0224 (7)
H12A	0.2080	-0.2199	0.1450	0.027*
C13	0.22092 (17)	-0.0308 (4)	0.1703 (3)	0.0194 (7)
C14	0.26555 (18)	0.0625 (4)	0.2037 (3)	0.0218 (7)
H14A	0.2534	0.1467	0.1980	0.026*

C15	0.32968 (18)	0.0317 (4)	0.2466 (3)	0.0209 (7)
C16	0.37388 (19)	0.1347 (4)	0.2777 (3)	0.0225 (7)
H16A	0.3576	0.2157	0.2597	0.027*
C17	0.47047 (19)	0.2436 (4)	0.3495 (3)	0.0229 (7)
H17A	0.4937	0.2543	0.4200	0.028*
H17B	0.4421	0.3145	0.3233	0.028*
C18	0.51627 (19)	0.2440 (4)	0.3057 (3)	0.0243 (8)
H18A	0.5427	0.3181	0.3289	0.029*
H18B	0.5429	0.1701	0.3289	0.029*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.01465 (19)	0.0223 (2)	0.0209 (2)	0.00107 (16)	0.00695 (16)	-0.00268 (18)
Br1	0.01623 (17)	0.0374 (2)	0.0292 (2)	-0.00192 (15)	0.01023 (15)	-0.00306 (17)
Br2	0.01591 (17)	0.0263 (2)	0.0279 (2)	0.00093 (13)	0.00856 (15)	0.00019 (15)
O1	0.0168 (12)	0.0281 (15)	0.0256 (14)	-0.0010 (11)	0.0096 (11)	-0.0052 (12)
O2	0.0177 (12)	0.0233 (14)	0.0292 (15)	0.0028 (10)	0.0062 (11)	-0.0047 (12)
N1	0.0179 (14)	0.0220 (15)	0.0194 (14)	0.0005 (11)	0.0086 (12)	0.0001 (12)
N2	0.0222 (15)	0.0200 (15)	0.0246 (16)	-0.0012 (12)	0.0123 (13)	-0.0036 (13)
C1	0.0171 (15)	0.0266 (19)	0.0196 (16)	-0.0004 (14)	0.0066 (13)	-0.0041 (15)
C2	0.0224 (17)	0.0256 (19)	0.0271 (19)	-0.0002 (15)	0.0117 (16)	-0.0049 (16)
C3	0.0213 (17)	0.0268 (19)	0.0262 (19)	-0.0051 (14)	0.0111 (15)	-0.0053 (16)
C4	0.0159 (15)	0.031 (2)	0.0174 (16)	-0.0006 (14)	0.0083 (13)	-0.0012 (14)
C5	0.0178 (15)	0.0236 (18)	0.0198 (16)	0.0000 (13)	0.0075 (13)	-0.0022 (14)
C6	0.0174 (15)	0.0227 (17)	0.0169 (15)	0.0002 (13)	0.0068 (13)	-0.0002 (13)
C7	0.0199 (16)	0.0220 (17)	0.0196 (16)	0.0022 (13)	0.0080 (14)	-0.0004 (14)
C8	0.0186 (16)	0.0206 (17)	0.0245 (18)	-0.0019 (13)	0.0095 (14)	0.0003 (14)
C9	0.0165 (15)	0.0222 (17)	0.0234 (17)	-0.0019 (13)	0.0089 (14)	-0.0014 (14)
C10	0.0187 (16)	0.0234 (18)	0.0183 (16)	0.0015 (13)	0.0078 (13)	-0.0005 (14)
C11	0.0186 (16)	0.0224 (18)	0.0223 (18)	0.0013 (13)	0.0062 (14)	-0.0005 (14)
C12	0.0184 (16)	0.0235 (18)	0.0222 (17)	0.0007 (13)	0.0067 (14)	0.0004 (15)
C13	0.0141 (14)	0.0234 (17)	0.0177 (16)	0.0025 (12)	0.0047 (12)	0.0018 (13)
C14	0.0179 (16)	0.0194 (17)	0.0268 (18)	0.0008 (13)	0.0091 (14)	0.0011 (14)
C15	0.0196 (16)	0.0221 (17)	0.0188 (16)	0.0018 (13)	0.0070 (13)	-0.0004 (14)
C16	0.0219 (17)	0.0210 (17)	0.0254 (18)	0.0002 (14)	0.0115 (15)	-0.0023 (15)
C17	0.0221 (17)	0.0208 (18)	0.0286 (19)	-0.0033 (14)	0.0140 (15)	-0.0034 (15)
C18	0.0213 (17)	0.0277 (19)	0.0270 (19)	-0.0019 (14)	0.0138 (15)	-0.0010 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—O2	1.894 (3)	C7—H7A	0.9300
Cu1—O1	1.922 (3)	C8—C9	1.530 (6)
Cu1—N2	2.014 (4)	C8—H8A	0.9700
Cu1—N1	2.029 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9700
Cu1—O1 ⁱ	2.393 (3)	C9—C9 ⁱⁱ	1.519 (7)
Br1—C4	1.901 (4)	C9—H9A	0.9700
Br2—C13	1.898 (4)	C9—H9B	0.9700

O1—C1	1.319 (5)	C10—C11	1.416 (5)
O1—Cu1 ⁱ	2.393 (3)	C10—C15	1.420 (6)
O2—C10	1.301 (5)	C11—C12	1.377 (5)
N1—C7	1.288 (5)	C11—H11A	0.9300
N1—C8	1.484 (5)	C12—C13	1.404 (6)
N2—C16	1.289 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9300
N2—C17	1.481 (5)	C13—C14	1.374 (5)
C1—C6	1.408 (6)	C14—C15	1.412 (5)
C1—C2	1.409 (6)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C2—C3	1.384 (6)	C15—C16	1.444 (6)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.393 (6)	C17—C18	1.534 (5)
C3—H3A	0.9300	C17—H17A	0.9700
C4—C5	1.380 (6)	C17—H17B	0.9700
C5—C6	1.414 (5)	C18—C18 ⁱⁱ	1.519 (8)
C5—H5A	0.9300	C18—H18A	0.9700
C6—C7	1.451 (6)	C18—H18B	0.9700
O2—Cu1—O1	173.11 (14)	C9—C8—H8A	109.1
O2—Cu1—N2	91.94 (13)	N1—C8—H8B	109.1
O1—Cu1—N2	90.31 (14)	C9—C8—H8B	109.1
O2—Cu1—N1	89.76 (13)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.8
O1—Cu1—N1	90.18 (13)	C9 ⁱⁱ —C9—C8	113.8 (4)
N2—Cu1—N1	161.46 (14)	C9 ⁱⁱ —C9—H9A	108.8
O2—Cu1—O1 ⁱ	93.04 (12)	C8—C9—H9A	108.8
O1—Cu1—O1 ⁱ	80.22 (12)	C9 ⁱⁱ —C9—H9B	108.8
N2—Cu1—O1 ⁱ	96.98 (12)	C8—C9—H9B	108.8
N1—Cu1—O1 ⁱ	101.37 (12)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.7
C1—O1—Cu1	124.9 (3)	O2—C10—C11	118.6 (4)
C1—O1—Cu1 ⁱ	120.3 (3)	O2—C10—C15	123.8 (4)
Cu1—O1—Cu1 ⁱ	99.78 (12)	C11—C10—C15	117.6 (3)
C10—O2—Cu1	127.9 (3)	C12—C11—C10	121.7 (4)
C7—N1—C8	116.2 (3)	C12—C11—H11A	119.2
C7—N1—Cu1	122.4 (3)	C10—C11—H11A	119.2
C8—N1—Cu1	121.3 (2)	C11—C12—C13	119.7 (4)
C16—N2—C17	117.2 (4)	C11—C12—H12A	120.2
C16—N2—Cu1	123.0 (3)	C13—C12—H12A	120.2
C17—N2—Cu1	119.7 (3)	C14—C13—C12	120.2 (3)
O1—C1—C6	122.4 (4)	C14—C13—Br2	120.9 (3)
O1—C1—C2	118.8 (4)	C12—C13—Br2	118.8 (3)
C6—C1—C2	118.8 (4)	C13—C14—C15	120.6 (4)
C3—C2—C1	121.0 (4)	C13—C14—H14A	119.7
C3—C2—H2A	119.5	C15—C14—H14A	119.7
C1—C2—H2A	119.5	C14—C15—C10	119.7 (4)
C2—C3—C4	119.7 (4)	C14—C15—C16	117.6 (4)
C2—C3—H3A	120.2	C10—C15—C16	122.7 (3)
C4—C3—H3A	120.2	N2—C16—C15	126.2 (4)
C5—C4—C3	120.9 (4)	N2—C16—H16A	116.9

C5—C4—Br1	120.7 (3)	C15—C16—H16A	116.9
C3—C4—Br1	118.4 (3)	N2—C17—C18	112.4 (3)
C4—C5—C6	119.9 (4)	N2—C17—H17A	109.1
C4—C5—H5A	120.1	C18—C17—H17A	109.1
C6—C5—H5A	120.1	N2—C17—H17B	109.1
C1—C6—C5	119.7 (4)	C18—C17—H17B	109.1
C1—C6—C7	122.9 (3)	H17A—C17—H17B	107.9
C5—C6—C7	117.4 (4)	C18 ⁱⁱ —C18—C17	113.0 (4)
N1—C7—C6	126.3 (4)	C18 ⁱⁱ —C18—H18A	109.0
N1—C7—H7A	116.8	C17—C18—H18A	109.0
C6—C7—H7A	116.8	C18 ⁱⁱ —C18—H18B	109.0
N1—C8—C9	112.6 (3)	C17—C18—H18B	109.0
N1—C8—H8A	109.1	H18A—C18—H18B	107.8
N2—Cu1—O1—C1	-124.9 (3)	O1—C1—C6—C5	-175.7 (4)
N1—Cu1—O1—C1	36.6 (3)	C2—C1—C6—C5	3.5 (6)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—O1—C1	138.1 (4)	O1—C1—C6—C7	1.4 (6)
N2—Cu1—O1—Cu1 ⁱ	97.03 (13)	C2—C1—C6—C7	-179.3 (4)
N1—Cu1—O1—Cu1 ⁱ	-101.51 (13)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.3 (6)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—O1—Cu1 ⁱ	0.0	C4—C5—C6—C7	-178.6 (4)
N2—Cu1—O2—C10	-21.9 (4)	C8—N1—C7—C6	-178.3 (4)
N1—Cu1—O2—C10	176.6 (4)	Cu1—N1—C7—C6	3.4 (6)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—O2—C10	75.2 (4)	C1—C6—C7—N1	13.1 (6)
O2—Cu1—N1—C7	164.8 (3)	C5—C6—C7—N1	-169.7 (4)
O1—Cu1—N1—C7	-22.1 (3)	C7—N1—C8—C9	-101.6 (4)
N2—Cu1—N1—C7	69.4 (6)	Cu1—N1—C8—C9	76.7 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—N1—C7	-102.2 (3)	N1—C8—C9—C9 ⁱⁱ	64.2 (3)
O2—Cu1—N1—C8	-13.5 (3)	Cu1—O2—C10—C11	-167.0 (3)
O1—Cu1—N1—C8	159.6 (3)	Cu1—O2—C10—C15	13.7 (6)
N2—Cu1—N1—C8	-108.9 (5)	O2—C10—C11—C12	174.4 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—N1—C8	79.6 (3)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-6.3 (6)
O2—Cu1—N2—C16	17.4 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	1.5 (6)
O1—Cu1—N2—C16	-156.1 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	4.2 (6)
N1—Cu1—N2—C16	112.4 (5)	C11—C12—C13—Br2	-177.6 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—N2—C16	-75.9 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-4.9 (6)
O2—Cu1—N2—C17	-166.6 (3)	Br2—C13—C14—C15	177.0 (3)
O1—Cu1—N2—C17	19.9 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-0.1 (6)
N1—Cu1—N2—C17	-71.6 (5)	C13—C14—C15—C16	178.4 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Cu1—N2—C17	100.1 (3)	O2—C10—C15—C14	-175.2 (4)
Cu1—O1—C1—C6	-31.8 (6)	C11—C10—C15—C14	5.6 (6)
Cu1 ⁱ —O1—C1—C6	98.5 (4)	O2—C10—C15—C16	6.4 (6)
Cu1—O1—C1—C2	148.9 (3)	C11—C10—C15—C16	-172.8 (4)
Cu1 ⁱ —O1—C1—C2	-80.7 (4)	C17—N2—C16—C15	178.4 (4)
O1—C1—C2—C3	177.1 (4)	Cu1—N2—C16—C15	-5.6 (6)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-2.2 (6)	C14—C15—C16—N2	171.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.4 (7)	C10—C15—C16—N2	-10.1 (7)
C2—C3—C4—C5	3.8 (6)	C16—N2—C17—C18	-118.7 (4)
C2—C3—C4—Br1	-175.2 (3)	Cu1—N2—C17—C18	65.1 (4)

C3—C4—C5—C6	-2.5 (6)	N2—C17—C18—C18 ⁱⁱ	65.9 (3)
Br1—C4—C5—C6	176.6 (3)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D—H...A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H...A</i>	<i>D...A</i>	<i>D—H...A</i>
C9—H9B...O2	0.97	2.28	2.973 (5)	128