

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(4-Chloro-2-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)imino]methyl]phenolato)iodido-(methanol)zinc(II)

Hong-Wei Huang

College of Chemistry and Biology Engineering, Yichun University, Yichun 336000, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: huanghongwei_ycu@126.com

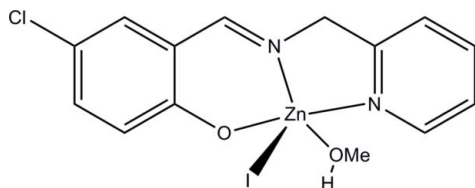
Received 24 January 2011; accepted 3 February 2011

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.025; wR factor = 0.058; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.1.

The title Schiff base zinc(II) complex, $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_2\text{O})\text{I}(\text{CH}_3\text{OH})]$, was synthesized by the reaction of 5-chlorosalicylaldehyde, 2-aminomethylpyridine and zinc iodide in methanol. The Zn^{II} atom is five-coordinated by one phenolate O atom, one imine and one pyridine N atom of the Schiff base ligand, one methanol O atom and one I atom, forming a distorted square-pyramidal geometry, with the I atom at the apical site. The dihedral angle between the benzene and pyridine rings is $22.9(2)^\circ$. In the crystal, centrosymmetrically related molecules are linked through intermolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming dimers.

Related literature

For the structures of Schiff bases and their complexes, see: Ali *et al.* (2008); Eltayeb *et al.* (2007); Datta *et al.* (2009); Zhao *et al.* (2010); Temel *et al.* (2010); Naveenkumar *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClN}_2\text{O})\text{I}(\text{CH}_3\text{O})]$
 $M_r = 469.99$

 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 7.0769(9)$ Å
 $b = 12.7212(16)$ Å
 $c = 18.225(2)$ Å
 $\beta = 98.994(1)^\circ$
 $V = 1620.5(3)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 3.59$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.20 \times 0.20 \times 0.18$ mm

Data collection

 Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.534$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.564$

 9273 measured reflections
 3522 independent reflections
 2947 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.058$
 $S = 1.04$
 3522 reflections
 195 parameters
 1 restraint

 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.91$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.86 (3)	1.79 (3)	2.643 (3)	176 (3)

 Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

This work was supported by Yichun University.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2553).

References

- Ali, H. M., Mohamed Mustafa, M. I., Rizal, M. R. & Ng, S. W. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **E64**, m718–m719.
 Bruker (1998). SMART and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Datta, A., Chuang, N.-T., Huang, J.-H. & Lee, H. M. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, m964.
 Eltayeb, N. E., Teoh, S. G., Chantrapromma, S., Fun, H.-K. & Ibrahim, K. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, m1672–m1673.
 Naveenkumar, H. S., Sadikun, A., Ibrahim, P., Yeap, C. S. & Fun, H.-K. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o1918–o1919.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Temel, E., Ađar, E. & Büyükgüngör, O. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o1131.
 Zhao, L., Cao, D. & Cui, J. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o2204.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, m313 [doi:10.1107/S160053681100417X]

(4-Chloro-2-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)imino]methyl)-phenolato)iodido(methanol)zinc(II)**Hong-Wei Huang****S1. Comment**

Schiff bases and their complexes have attracted much attention for their interesting structures (Ali *et al.*, 2008; Eltayeb *et al.*, 2007; Datta *et al.*, 2009; Zhao *et al.*, 2010; Temel *et al.*, 2010; Naveenkumar *et al.*, 2010). In this paper, the title new Schiff base zinc(II) complex, Fig. 1, is reported.

The Zn atom in the complex is five-coordinated by one phenolate O atom, one imine and one pyridine N atoms of the Schiff base ligand, one methanol O atom, and one iodide atom to form a distorted square pyramidal geometry. The dihedral angle between the benzene and the pyridine rings is 22.9 (2)°. In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), centrosymmetrically related molecules are linked through intermolecular O—H···N hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to form dimers.

S2. Experimental

Equimolar quantities (0.1 mmol each) of 5-chlorosalicylaldehyde, 2-aminomethylpyridine, and zinc iodide were mixed and stirred in methanol for 30 min at reflux. After keeping the filtrate in air for a few days, colourless block crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were formed.

S3. Refinement

H2 attached to O2 was located from a difference Fourier map, and refined with the O—H distance restrained to 0.85 (1) Å, and with U_{iso} restrained to 0.08 Å². The remaining H atoms were placed in calculated positions and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H distances of 0.93–0.97 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H atoms.

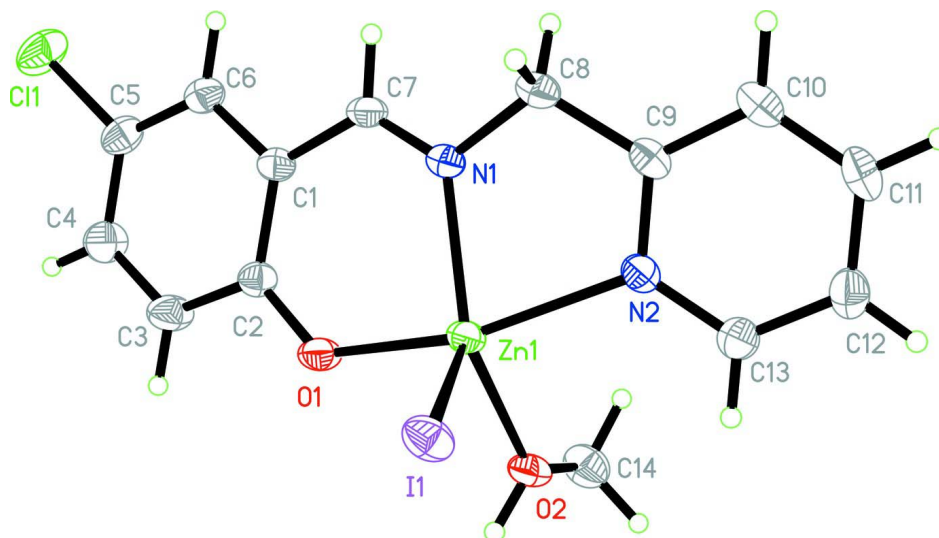


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, with 30% displacement ellipsoids.

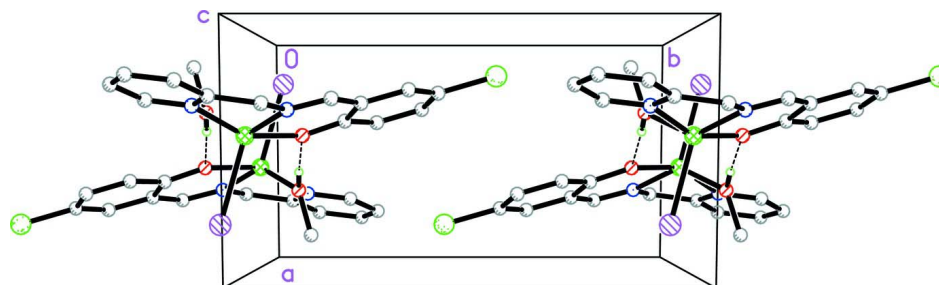


Figure 2

The molecular packing of the title compound, viewed along the *c* axis. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) are omitted for clarity.

(4-Chloro-2-[(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)imino]methylphenolato)iodido(methanol)zinc(II)

Crystal data

[Zn(C₁₃H₁₀ClN₂O)I(CH₃O)]

M_r = 469.99

Monoclinic, *P*2₁/*c*

Hall symbol: -*P* 2ybc

a = 7.0769 (9) Å

b = 12.7212 (16) Å

c = 18.225 (2) Å

β = 98.994 (1)°

V = 1620.5 (3) Å³

Z = 4

F(000) = 912

D_x = 1.926 Mg m⁻³

Mo *K*α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 3746 reflections

θ = 2.7–27.8°

μ = 3.59 mm⁻¹

T = 298 K

Block, colorless

0.20 × 0.20 × 0.18 mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)

T_{min} = 0.534, *T_{max}* = 0.564

9273 measured reflections
 3522 independent reflections
 2947 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.0^\circ$
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 8$
 $k = -16 \rightarrow 15$
 $l = -23 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.058$
 $S = 1.04$
 3522 reflections
 195 parameters
 1 restraint
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
 and constrained refinement
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0266P)^2 + 0.3654P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.003$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.91 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.56550 (5)	1.00055 (2)	0.370141 (16)	0.03411 (9)
Cl1	0.80941 (15)	0.43991 (6)	0.42899 (5)	0.0673 (3)
I1	0.20664 (3)	1.054046 (16)	0.337917 (10)	0.04454 (7)
O1	0.5675 (3)	0.87992 (14)	0.44157 (10)	0.0428 (5)
O2	0.6619 (3)	1.10027 (17)	0.45789 (11)	0.0461 (5)
N1	0.6673 (3)	0.89862 (17)	0.29675 (11)	0.0343 (5)
N2	0.6831 (3)	1.10583 (17)	0.29614 (12)	0.0353 (5)
C1	0.6966 (4)	0.7424 (2)	0.37342 (14)	0.0331 (6)
C2	0.6271 (4)	0.7827 (2)	0.43675 (14)	0.0350 (6)
C3	0.6226 (5)	0.7138 (2)	0.49658 (16)	0.0502 (8)
H3	0.5819	0.7388	0.5394	0.060*
C4	0.6768 (5)	0.6104 (2)	0.49358 (17)	0.0517 (8)
H4	0.6702	0.5664	0.5338	0.062*
C5	0.7407 (5)	0.5715 (2)	0.43160 (17)	0.0443 (7)
C6	0.7511 (4)	0.6356 (2)	0.37262 (16)	0.0394 (6)
H6	0.7951	0.6086	0.3310	0.047*
C7	0.7123 (4)	0.8024 (2)	0.30781 (15)	0.0357 (6)
H7	0.7599	0.7676	0.2697	0.043*
C8	0.6893 (5)	0.9462 (2)	0.22567 (15)	0.0450 (7)
H8A	0.5762	0.9319	0.1896	0.054*

H8B	0.7983	0.9150	0.2076	0.054*
C9	0.7177 (4)	1.0624 (2)	0.23317 (15)	0.0364 (6)
C10	0.7742 (4)	1.1230 (3)	0.17688 (15)	0.0451 (7)
H10	0.7966	1.0917	0.1329	0.054*
C11	0.7966 (4)	1.2294 (3)	0.18702 (17)	0.0492 (8)
H11	0.8336	1.2712	0.1499	0.059*
C12	0.7637 (4)	1.2735 (2)	0.25260 (17)	0.0480 (7)
H12	0.7803	1.3452	0.2610	0.058*
C13	0.7061 (4)	1.2099 (2)	0.30520 (17)	0.0437 (7)
H13	0.6817	1.2400	0.3493	0.052*
C14	0.8502 (5)	1.1310 (3)	0.48795 (17)	0.0548 (8)
H14A	0.8972	1.0869	0.5296	0.082*
H14B	0.8498	1.2029	0.5040	0.082*
H14C	0.9315	1.1240	0.4507	0.082*
H2	0.585 (4)	1.104 (2)	0.4897 (14)	0.055 (9)*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.03959 (19)	0.03446 (17)	0.03043 (16)	0.00566 (13)	0.01222 (13)	0.00098 (12)
Cl1	0.0921 (7)	0.0349 (4)	0.0725 (6)	0.0165 (4)	0.0054 (5)	-0.0032 (4)
I1	0.03836 (12)	0.05586 (13)	0.04069 (12)	0.01147 (9)	0.01019 (8)	0.00744 (8)
O1	0.0617 (13)	0.0352 (10)	0.0351 (10)	0.0147 (9)	0.0191 (9)	0.0028 (8)
O2	0.0553 (14)	0.0511 (12)	0.0363 (11)	-0.0032 (10)	0.0210 (10)	-0.0105 (9)
N1	0.0387 (13)	0.0371 (12)	0.0285 (11)	0.0009 (10)	0.0102 (9)	-0.0023 (9)
N2	0.0354 (13)	0.0385 (12)	0.0333 (12)	0.0014 (10)	0.0096 (10)	0.0029 (10)
C1	0.0311 (14)	0.0365 (14)	0.0320 (13)	0.0031 (11)	0.0055 (11)	-0.0022 (11)
C2	0.0359 (15)	0.0360 (14)	0.0327 (14)	0.0056 (11)	0.0045 (11)	-0.0002 (11)
C3	0.072 (2)	0.0460 (17)	0.0355 (15)	0.0140 (16)	0.0157 (15)	0.0035 (13)
C4	0.072 (2)	0.0411 (16)	0.0431 (17)	0.0130 (16)	0.0112 (15)	0.0108 (14)
C5	0.0494 (18)	0.0337 (14)	0.0481 (17)	0.0080 (13)	0.0023 (14)	-0.0022 (12)
C6	0.0381 (16)	0.0379 (15)	0.0421 (16)	0.0038 (12)	0.0063 (12)	-0.0065 (12)
C7	0.0356 (15)	0.0401 (15)	0.0330 (14)	0.0003 (12)	0.0104 (11)	-0.0102 (12)
C8	0.061 (2)	0.0469 (17)	0.0299 (14)	0.0002 (14)	0.0149 (14)	-0.0022 (12)
C9	0.0304 (15)	0.0473 (16)	0.0323 (14)	0.0017 (12)	0.0079 (11)	0.0051 (12)
C10	0.0418 (17)	0.061 (2)	0.0338 (15)	0.0001 (14)	0.0104 (13)	0.0063 (13)
C11	0.0449 (18)	0.0580 (19)	0.0461 (17)	-0.0019 (14)	0.0111 (14)	0.0198 (15)
C12	0.0471 (18)	0.0418 (16)	0.0557 (19)	0.0003 (14)	0.0101 (15)	0.0103 (14)
C13	0.0485 (18)	0.0404 (16)	0.0433 (16)	0.0046 (13)	0.0108 (13)	0.0030 (13)
C14	0.057 (2)	0.066 (2)	0.0415 (17)	-0.0016 (17)	0.0095 (15)	0.0005 (15)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn1—O1	2.0111 (18)	C4—C5	1.373 (4)
Zn1—N1	2.071 (2)	C4—H4	0.9300
Zn1—O2	2.071 (2)	C5—C6	1.361 (4)
Zn1—N2	2.158 (2)	C6—H6	0.9300
Zn1—I1	2.6060 (5)	C7—H7	0.9300

C11—C5	1.746 (3)	C8—C9	1.496 (4)
O1—C2	1.314 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9700
O2—C14	1.415 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9700
O2—H2	0.86 (3)	C9—C10	1.391 (4)
N1—C7	1.272 (3)	C10—C11	1.372 (4)
N1—C8	1.460 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
N2—C9	1.330 (3)	C11—C12	1.372 (4)
N2—C13	1.340 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C6	1.412 (4)	C12—C13	1.365 (4)
C1—C2	1.419 (3)	C12—H12	0.9300
C1—C7	1.438 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.403 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.373 (4)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C14—H14C	0.9600
O1—Zn1—N1	88.42 (8)	C4—C5—C11	119.8 (2)
O1—Zn1—O2	89.96 (8)	C5—C6—C1	121.3 (3)
N1—Zn1—O2	140.91 (9)	C5—C6—H6	119.4
O1—Zn1—N2	156.05 (8)	C1—C6—H6	119.4
N1—Zn1—N2	77.17 (8)	N1—C7—C1	126.4 (2)
O2—Zn1—N2	89.42 (8)	N1—C7—H7	116.8
O1—Zn1—I1	104.65 (6)	C1—C7—H7	116.8
N1—Zn1—I1	116.29 (6)	N1—C8—C9	111.1 (2)
O2—Zn1—I1	101.87 (6)	N1—C8—H8A	109.4
N2—Zn1—I1	98.90 (6)	C9—C8—H8A	109.4
C2—O1—Zn1	130.13 (16)	N1—C8—H8B	109.4
C14—O2—Zn1	130.14 (18)	C9—C8—H8B	109.4
C14—O2—H2	112 (2)	H8A—C8—H8B	108.0
Zn1—O2—H2	113 (2)	N2—C9—C10	121.3 (3)
C7—N1—C8	118.7 (2)	N2—C9—C8	116.7 (2)
C7—N1—Zn1	127.11 (18)	C10—C9—C8	122.0 (2)
C8—N1—Zn1	114.18 (16)	C11—C10—C9	119.2 (3)
C9—N2—C13	118.8 (2)	C11—C10—H10	120.4
C9—N2—Zn1	115.00 (17)	C9—C10—H10	120.4
C13—N2—Zn1	125.93 (18)	C12—C11—C10	119.2 (3)
C6—C1—C2	119.1 (2)	C12—C11—H11	120.4
C6—C1—C7	116.5 (2)	C10—C11—H11	120.4
C2—C1—C7	124.4 (2)	C13—C12—C11	118.7 (3)
O1—C2—C3	119.3 (2)	C13—C12—H12	120.7
O1—C2—C1	123.4 (2)	C11—C12—H12	120.7
C3—C2—C1	117.3 (2)	N2—C13—C12	122.9 (3)
C4—C3—C2	121.8 (3)	N2—C13—H13	118.6
C4—C3—H3	119.1	C12—C13—H13	118.6
C2—C3—H3	119.1	O2—C14—H14A	109.5
C5—C4—C3	120.5 (3)	O2—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.7	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.7	O2—C14—H14C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.0 (3)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5

C6—C5—C11	120.2 (2)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
-----------	-----------	---------------	-------

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O2—H2 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.86 (3)	1.79 (3)	2.643 (3)	176 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$.