

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports
Online

ISSN 1600-5368

N-(4-Bromophenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide

 Sohail Saeed,^{a*} Jerry P. Jasinski^b and Ray J. Butcher^c

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Research Complex, Allama Iqbal Open University, Islamabad 44000, Pakistan, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Keene State College, 229 Main Street, Keene, NH 03435-2001, USA, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, Howard University, 525 College Street NW, Washington, DC 20059, USA
Correspondence e-mail: sohai1262001@yahoo.com

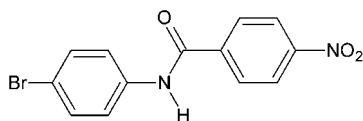
Received 12 December 2010; accepted 4 January 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 123$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.027; wR factor = 0.075; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3$, the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is 3.6 (7)°. The amide group is twisted by 28.1 (6) and 31.8 (3)° from the mean planes of the 4-bromophenyl and 4-nitrobenzene rings, respectively. The crystal packing features weak intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds resulting in a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For the antimicrobial activity of amides, see: Priya *et al.* (2005). For the use of amides in supramolecular chemical anion sensor technology, see: Jagessar & Rampersaud (2007). For a related structure, see: Gowda *et al.* (2008);


Experimental
Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_9\text{BrN}_2\text{O}_3$
 $M_r = 321.13$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 4.57903$ (6) Å
 $b = 12.92579$ (15) Å
 $c = 20.5614$ (3) Å
 $\beta = 96.0333$ (11)°

$V = 1210.24$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 4$
 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 4.70$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 123$ K
 $0.48 \times 0.12 \times 0.07$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Ruby Gemini diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)
 $T_{\min} = 0.485$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$
 8049 measured reflections
 2434 independent reflections
 2329 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.075$
 $S = 1.06$
 2434 reflections
 172 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.52$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.29$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.88	2.33	3.0026 (18)	133
$\text{N1}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.88	2.59	3.284 (2)	136
$\text{C3}-\text{H3A}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.95	2.45	3.284 (2)	146
$\text{C5}-\text{H5A}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.95	2.52	3.447 (2)	166
$\text{C6}-\text{H6A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.49	3.354 (2)	151
$\text{C9}-\text{H9A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.95	2.48	3.397 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x - 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (iv) $x, y + 1, z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

RJB acknowledges the NSF MRI program (grant No. CHE-0619278) for funds to purchase an X-ray diffractometer.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2370).

References

- Gowda, B. T., Foro, S., Sowmya, B. P. & Fuess, H. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **E64**, o1294.
 Jagessar, R. C. & Rampersaud, D. (2007). *Life Sci. J.* **4**, 46–49.
 Oxford Diffraction (2007). *CrysAlis PRO* and *CrysAlis RED*. Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Abingdon, England.
 Priya, B. S., Swamy, B. S. N. & Rangapa, K. S. (2005). *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* **13**, 2623–2628.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o279 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811000122]

N-(4-Bromophenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide

Sohail Saeed, Jerry P. Jasinski and Ray J. Butcher

S1. Comment

Amides are known to play a pivotal role in molecular recognition, being important components in supramolecular chemical anion sensors technology (Jagessar & Rampersaud, 2007). Moreover, amides have also been reported as antimicrobial agents (Priya *et al.*, 2005). The structure of the title compound has been determined to explore the effect of substituents on the structure of benzanilides.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is 3.6 (7)°. The amide group is twisted by 28.1 (6)° and 31.8 (3)° from the mean planes of the 4-bromophenyl and 4-nitrobenzene rings. The bond distances and angles in the title compound agree well with the corresponding bond distances and angles reported for a closely related compound (Gowda *et al.*, 2008). The crystal packing of the title compound is stabilized by weak N—H···O and C—H···O intermolecular hydrogen bonds which results in a hydrogen bonded 3-D network (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

A solution of 4-nitrobenzoyl chloride (0.01 mol) and 4-bromoaniline (0.01 mol) in anhydrous acetone was refluxed for 4 h. After completion of the reaction, the crude solid product was filtered, washed with water and purified by re-crystallization from ethyl acetate.

S3. Refinement

The N—H atom length was set to 0.88 Å (NH) and the H atom refined isotropically.

The H atoms were placed in their calculated positions with N—H = 0.88 and C—H = 0.95 Å and refined using the riding model with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 times U_{eq} of the parent atoms.

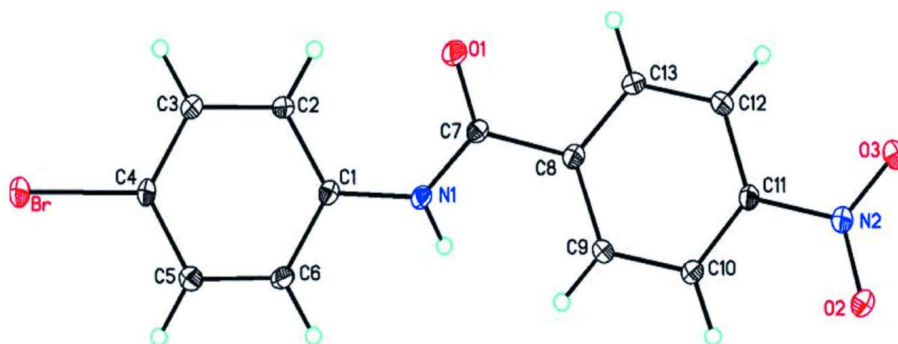


Figure 1

Molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom labeling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

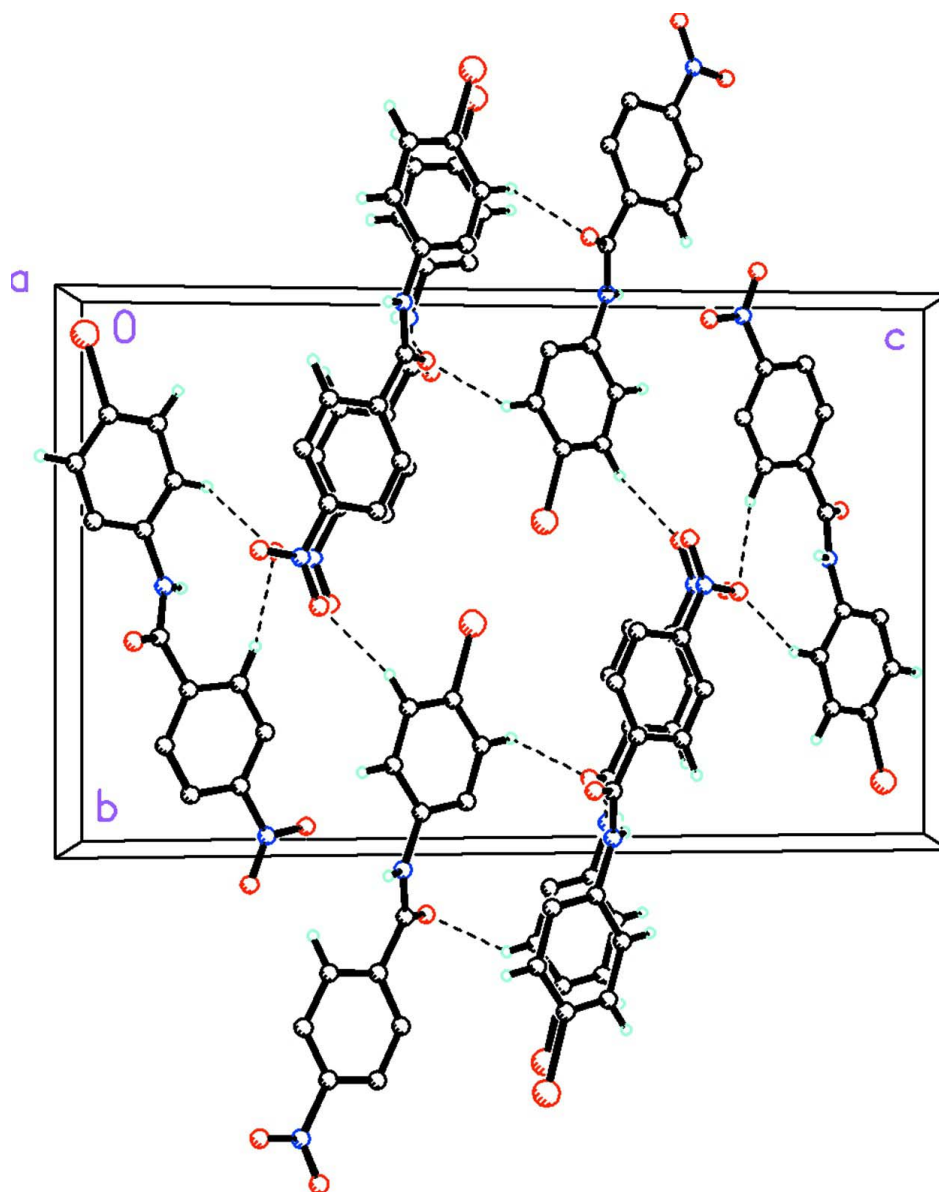


Figure 2

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed down the *a* axis; hydrogen bonds are indicated by dashed lines indicate and H-atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been excluded for clarity.

***N*-(4-Bromophenyl)-4-nitrobenzamide**

Crystal data

$C_{13}H_9BrN_2O_3$

$M_r = 321.13$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 4.57903\ (6)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 12.92579\ (15)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 20.5614\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 96.0333\ (11)^\circ$

$V = 1210.24\ (3)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 640$

$D_x = 1.762\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 7736 reflections

$\theta = 5.5\text{--}73.9^\circ$

$\mu = 4.70\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 123$ K $0.48 \times 0.12 \times 0.07$ mm
 Needle, colorless

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Ruby Gemini diffractometer	8049 measured reflections
Radiation source: Enhance (Cu) X-ray Source	2434 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	2329 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 10.5081 pixels mm^{-1}	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.025$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 74.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 5.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -5 \rightarrow 5$
(<i>CrysAlis RED</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)	$k = -15 \rightarrow 15$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.485$, $T_{\text{max}} = 1.000$	$l = -20 \rightarrow 25$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.075$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0496P)^2 + 0.6292P]$
$S = 1.06$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2434 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.002$
172 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.52 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br	0.32019 (4)	0.406567 (14)	0.541374 (10)	0.02940 (10)
O1	0.3492 (3)	-0.11877 (10)	0.59423 (6)	0.0247 (3)
O2	-0.5374 (3)	-0.46316 (11)	0.76725 (7)	0.0345 (3)
O3	-0.2924 (4)	-0.55958 (11)	0.70717 (8)	0.0377 (4)
N1	-0.0486 (3)	-0.02526 (11)	0.61758 (7)	0.0201 (3)
H1A	-0.2223	-0.0300	0.6320	0.024*
N2	-0.3666 (3)	-0.47512 (12)	0.72579 (7)	0.0231 (3)
C1	0.0405 (3)	0.07385 (13)	0.59764 (8)	0.0182 (3)
C2	0.2236 (4)	0.08785 (13)	0.54822 (9)	0.0201 (3)
H2A	0.2927	0.0295	0.5262	0.024*
C3	0.3048 (4)	0.18693 (15)	0.53110 (8)	0.0219 (3)
H3A	0.4303	0.1968	0.4976	0.026*
C4	0.2009 (4)	0.27132 (13)	0.56336 (8)	0.0198 (3)
C5	0.0130 (4)	0.25951 (14)	0.61141 (9)	0.0239 (4)

H5A	-0.0597	0.3182	0.6324	0.029*
C6	-0.0673 (4)	0.16009 (14)	0.62825 (9)	0.0230 (3)
H6A	-0.1968	0.1508	0.6610	0.028*
C7	0.1117 (3)	-0.11336 (13)	0.61622 (8)	0.0178 (3)
C8	-0.0198 (3)	-0.20704 (13)	0.64528 (8)	0.0184 (3)
C9	-0.1905 (4)	-0.19869 (13)	0.69742 (8)	0.0200 (3)
H9A	-0.2286	-0.1325	0.7148	0.024*
C10	-0.3050 (4)	-0.28705 (14)	0.72402 (8)	0.0213 (3)
H10A	-0.4215	-0.2822	0.7595	0.026*
C11	-0.2449 (4)	-0.38172 (14)	0.69751 (8)	0.0194 (3)
C12	-0.0747 (4)	-0.39293 (14)	0.64586 (9)	0.0231 (4)
H12A	-0.0373	-0.4593	0.6287	0.028*
C13	0.0391 (4)	-0.30400 (14)	0.62015 (8)	0.0222 (3)
H13A	0.1581	-0.3094	0.5851	0.027*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br	0.03917 (15)	0.01765 (14)	0.03289 (15)	-0.00443 (7)	0.01082 (9)	0.00390 (6)
O1	0.0192 (6)	0.0241 (6)	0.0322 (7)	0.0024 (5)	0.0095 (5)	0.0045 (5)
O2	0.0452 (8)	0.0239 (7)	0.0383 (8)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0233 (6)	0.0050 (6)
O3	0.0576 (10)	0.0158 (7)	0.0431 (8)	0.0013 (6)	0.0210 (7)	0.0009 (6)
N1	0.0158 (6)	0.0194 (7)	0.0264 (7)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0077 (5)	0.0028 (6)
N2	0.0279 (7)	0.0197 (8)	0.0222 (7)	0.0006 (6)	0.0048 (6)	0.0032 (6)
C1	0.0165 (7)	0.0188 (8)	0.0194 (8)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0019 (6)	0.0027 (6)
C2	0.0211 (8)	0.0190 (9)	0.0212 (8)	-0.0009 (6)	0.0065 (6)	-0.0020 (6)
C3	0.0235 (8)	0.0211 (9)	0.0223 (8)	-0.0021 (6)	0.0077 (6)	0.0008 (7)
C4	0.0219 (8)	0.0152 (8)	0.0224 (8)	-0.0030 (6)	0.0025 (6)	0.0049 (6)
C5	0.0289 (8)	0.0199 (9)	0.0241 (8)	0.0023 (7)	0.0079 (7)	0.0008 (7)
C6	0.0245 (8)	0.0231 (9)	0.0233 (8)	0.0029 (7)	0.0110 (6)	0.0028 (7)
C7	0.0153 (7)	0.0199 (8)	0.0184 (8)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0026 (6)	0.0008 (6)
C8	0.0153 (7)	0.0202 (8)	0.0194 (7)	0.0006 (6)	0.0012 (6)	0.0028 (6)
C9	0.0232 (8)	0.0157 (8)	0.0217 (8)	0.0019 (6)	0.0050 (6)	-0.0005 (6)
C10	0.0236 (8)	0.0209 (9)	0.0203 (8)	0.0019 (6)	0.0065 (6)	0.0025 (6)
C11	0.0216 (8)	0.0171 (8)	0.0196 (8)	0.0000 (6)	0.0022 (6)	0.0035 (6)
C12	0.0284 (9)	0.0174 (8)	0.0244 (8)	0.0025 (7)	0.0075 (7)	-0.0014 (6)
C13	0.0240 (8)	0.0220 (9)	0.0220 (8)	0.0011 (6)	0.0091 (6)	0.0006 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br—C4	1.9002 (17)	C5—C6	1.390 (3)
O1—C7	1.223 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9500
O2—N2	1.226 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9500
O3—N2	1.217 (2)	C7—C8	1.504 (2)
N1—C7	1.357 (2)	C8—C13	1.393 (2)
N1—C1	1.418 (2)	C8—C9	1.396 (2)
N1—H1A	0.8800	C9—C10	1.392 (2)
N2—C11	1.475 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9500

C1—C2	1.395 (2)	C10—C11	1.379 (3)
C1—C6	1.396 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9500
C2—C3	1.389 (2)	C11—C12	1.389 (3)
C2—H2A	0.9500	C12—C13	1.389 (3)
C3—C4	1.387 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C3—H3A	0.9500	C13—H13A	0.9500
C4—C5	1.385 (2)		
C7—N1—C1	125.41 (14)	C1—C6—H6A	119.6
C7—N1—H1A	117.3	O1—C7—N1	124.04 (16)
C1—N1—H1A	117.3	O1—C7—C8	120.64 (16)
O3—N2—O2	123.49 (16)	N1—C7—C8	115.31 (14)
O3—N2—C11	118.72 (15)	C13—C8—C9	120.04 (16)
O2—N2—C11	117.79 (15)	C13—C8—C7	118.42 (15)
C2—C1—C6	119.53 (16)	C9—C8—C7	121.52 (15)
C2—C1—N1	122.74 (16)	C10—C9—C8	120.17 (16)
C6—C1—N1	117.71 (15)	C10—C9—H9A	119.9
C3—C2—C1	120.10 (16)	C8—C9—H9A	119.9
C3—C2—H2A	120.0	C11—C10—C9	118.27 (16)
C1—C2—H2A	120.0	C11—C10—H10A	120.9
C4—C3—C2	119.30 (15)	C9—C10—H10A	120.9
C4—C3—H3A	120.3	C10—C11—C12	123.09 (16)
C2—C3—H3A	120.3	C10—C11—N2	118.11 (15)
C5—C4—C3	121.64 (16)	C12—C11—N2	118.80 (16)
C5—C4—Br	119.13 (13)	C13—C12—C11	117.87 (17)
C3—C4—Br	119.23 (13)	C13—C12—H12A	121.1
C4—C5—C6	118.67 (16)	C11—C12—H12A	121.1
C4—C5—H5A	120.7	C12—C13—C8	120.55 (16)
C6—C5—H5A	120.7	C12—C13—H13A	119.7
C5—C6—C1	120.71 (16)	C8—C13—H13A	119.7
C5—C6—H6A	119.6		
C7—N1—C1—C2	31.0 (3)	O1—C7—C8—C9	146.78 (17)
C7—N1—C1—C6	-150.50 (17)	N1—C7—C8—C9	-32.2 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	2.0 (3)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-0.7 (2)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-179.60 (15)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-178.88 (15)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.0 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.3 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.3 (3)
C2—C3—C4—Br	178.45 (13)	C9—C10—C11—N2	-179.98 (15)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.3 (3)	O3—N2—C11—C10	-173.01 (17)
Br—C4—C5—C6	-178.45 (13)	O2—N2—C11—C10	6.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.3 (3)	O3—N2—C11—C12	6.7 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-2.0 (3)	O2—N2—C11—C12	-173.58 (16)
N1—C1—C6—C5	179.52 (16)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.0 (3)
C1—N1—C7—O1	-3.9 (3)	N2—C11—C12—C13	-179.68 (15)
C1—N1—C7—C8	175.02 (14)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.7 (3)
O1—C7—C8—C13	-31.4 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	1.0 (2)
N1—C7—C8—C13	149.60 (16)	C7—C8—C13—C12	179.28 (15)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
N1—H1A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.88	2.33	3.0026 (18)	133
N1—H1A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.88	2.59	3.284 (2)	136
C3—H3A \cdots O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.95	2.45	3.284 (2)	146
C5—H5A \cdots O3 ^{iv}	0.95	2.52	3.447 (2)	166
C6—H6A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.49	3.354 (2)	151
C9—H9A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.48	3.397 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $-x-1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iv) $x, y+1, z$.