

cis-Di- μ -oxido-bis[(*N,N*-diethyldithiocarbamato- κ^2 S,S')oxidomolybdenum(V)]-(Mo—Mo) tetrahydrofuran monosolvate

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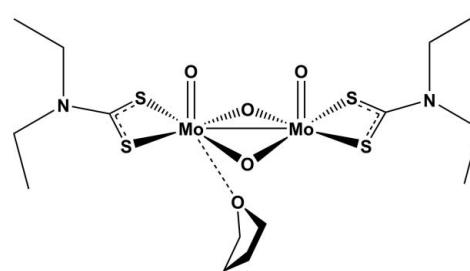
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 150$ K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002$ Å; disorder in solvent or counterion; R factor = 0.024; wR factor = 0.054; data-to-parameter ratio = 37.9.

The title compound, $[Mo_2(C_5H_{10}NS_2)_2O_4] \cdot C_4H_8O$, can be readily prepared in tetrahydrofuran (THF) by an oxidation reaction between the Mo^{IV} precursor $[MoO(S_2CNEt_2)_2]$ with $[ReMeO_3]$. The compound is an axially symmetric Mo^V dimer (2 symmetry), in which the metal atoms exhibit a distorted square-pyramidal coordination environment. A THF molecule was found to be equally disordered over two symmetry-related sites (around a twofold rotation axis), *trans*-coordinated to the apical oxido group and weakly interacting with the Mo^V atoms [$Mo-O = 2.6213(19)$ Å]. In the crystal, some weak C—H···O interactions occur between the terminal oxido and neighbouring —CH₃ groups of an adjacent $[Mo(\mu-O)O(S_2CNEt_2)]_2$ unit.

Related literature

For applications of dithiocarbamate compounds, see: Tiekink (2008); Zhao *et al.* (2005). For the synthesis of the Mo^{IV} precursor, $[MoO(S_2CNEt_2)_2]$, see: Jowitt & Mitchell (1969). For the synthesis of unsolvated $[Mo(\mu-O)O(S_2CNEt_2)]_2$, see: Ricard *et al.* (1975). For previous reports on dithiocarbamate compounds from our research groups, see: Drew *et al.* (1998); Romão & Royo (2002); Almeida Paz *et al.* (2003). For molybdenum dimers with long Mo—O_{THF} bonds, see: Cotton *et al.* (1978, 1992); Cotton & Su (1995). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[Mo_2(C_5H_{10}NS_2)_2O_4] \cdot C_4H_8O$	$V = 2338.6(2)$ Å ³
$M_r = 624.50$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 12.8695(7)$ Å	$\mu = 1.46$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 12.6025(7)$ Å	$T = 150$ K
$c = 14.4579(8)$ Å	$0.12 \times 0.12 \times 0.08$ mm
$\beta = 94.184(3)$ °	

Data collection

Bruker X8 KappaCCD APEXII diffractometer	48139 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1998)	5649 independent reflections
$R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$	4661 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$T_{\min} = 0.845$, $T_{\max} = 0.893$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$	5 restraints
$wR(F^2) = 0.054$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.03$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.74$ e Å ⁻³
5649 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.96$ e Å ⁻³
149 parameters	

Table 1
Selected bond lengths (Å).

Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	2.5591(2)	Mo1—O1	1.9586(9)
Mo1—S1	2.4788(4)	Mo1—O1 ⁱ	1.9472(9)
Mo1—S2	2.4680(4)	Mo1—O2	1.6826(10)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
C2—H2A···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.57	3.2687(17)	127
C4—H4B···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.49	3.2443(17)	133

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2294).

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cis-Di- μ -oxido-bis[(N,N-diethyldithiocarbamato- κ^2 S,S')oxidomolybdenum(V)] (Mo—Mo) tetrahydrofuran monosolvate

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S1. Comment

Dithiocarbamates and their metal complexes have several applications in the treatment of some diseases (*e.g.*, Wilson's disease and alcoholism) and industry processes (*e.g.*, vulcanization of rubber and pesticides) (Tiekink, 2008). These molecules have already been used in the functionalization of gold nanoparticles (Zhao *et al.*, 2005). Following our interest in the preparation of dithiocarbamate metal complexes (Drew *et al.*, 1998; Romão *et al.*, 2002; Almeida Paz *et al.*, 2003), we attempted the preparation of a heterobimetallic compound from the reaction of [MoO(S₂CNEt₂)₂] and [ReMeO₃]. The sole product was an oxidation product whose structure we wish to report here: [Mo(μ -O)O(S₂CNEt₂)₂]·THF. We note that the corresponding unsolvated compound, [Mo(μ -O)O(S₂CNEt₂)₂], was previously reported by Ricard *et al.* (1975).

The title compound (see Scheme) is an axially symmetrical dimer of molybdenum(V) formed by way of two μ -oxido bridges, and with a short distance interaction with a tetrahydrofuran (THF) molecule, which was found to be disordered over two sites (symmetry-related by a twofold rotation axis). The asymmetric unit comprises one half of the molybdenum(V) dimer, and a half-occupied THF molecule (Figure 1). The coordination geometry around the metal centre can be envisaged as a highly distorted square pyramid (Table 1) with a terminal oxido ligand at the apex while the basal plane is occupied by two symmetry-equivalent μ -oxido bridges and a chelating dithiocarbamato ligand {MoO₃S₂}.

The dimer also has a Mo—Mo direct bond with an intermetallic distance of 2.5591 (2) Å. A weakly-bonded THF molecule is *trans* to the apical oxido group.

The disordered THF molecule interacts weakly with the metal centre with the measured Mo···O distance being considerably longer [2.6213 (19) Å] than those typically found in related structures. Nevertheless, from a survey in the Cambridge Structural Database (Allen, 2002) we found 4 structures which have longer Mo—O_{THF} bonds than those of the title compound. These compounds correspond to isostructural dimers, each with four bridging carboxylates or dithiocarboxylates, very short Mo—Mo distances, and with THF acting as an axial ligand (Cotton *et al.*, 1978, 1992, 1995).

Individual [Mo(μ -O)O(S₂CNEt₂)₂]·THF complexes close pack in the solid state driven by the need to effectively fill the available space (Figure 2). Some weak C—H···O interactions are present connecting the terminal oxido and neighbouring —CH₃ groups of an adjacent [Mo(μ -O)O(S₂CNEt₂)₂] entity (not shown; see Table 2 for geometrical details).

S2. Experimental

The precursor [MoO(S₂CNEt₂)₂] (**1**) was prepared using a published method (Jowitt & Mitchell, 1969). [ReMeO₃] (MTO) was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich (71–76% of Re content), and used without any further purification. All manipulations were carried out by using standard Schlenk line and drybox techniques in an atmosphere of N₂. THF was distilled from Na/benzophenone.

A solution of MTO (0.18 g, 0.73 mmol) in THF (10 ml) was added to a solution of **1** (0.30 g, 0.73 mmol) in THF (15 ml). After stirring magnetically for 5 h at ambient temperature, a green solution and a green solid were obtained. The volume of the mixture was reduced to half by vacuum evaporation and further precipitation was forced by cooling to -30 °C. The solid product was dissolved in the minimum amount of hot THF and submitted to slow cooling to -30 °C. Yellow crystals of the title compound suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction were directly isolated and preserved in N₂ atmosphere prior to data collection.

S3. Refinement

Hydrogen atoms bound to carbon were placed in calculated positions and were included in the final structural model in riding-motion approximation with C—H = 0.99 (for the —CH₂ moieties) or 0.98 Å (for the terminal —CH₃ groups). The isotropic thermal displacement parameters for these atoms were fixed at 1.2 or 1.5×U_{eq} of the respective parent carbon atom (for —CH₂— and —CH₃, respectively).

The C—C and C—O bonds of the disordered THF molecule (modeled with a fixed 50% rate of occupancy for each location) were restrained to common refineable distances in order to ensure a chemically reasonable geometry for this moiety.

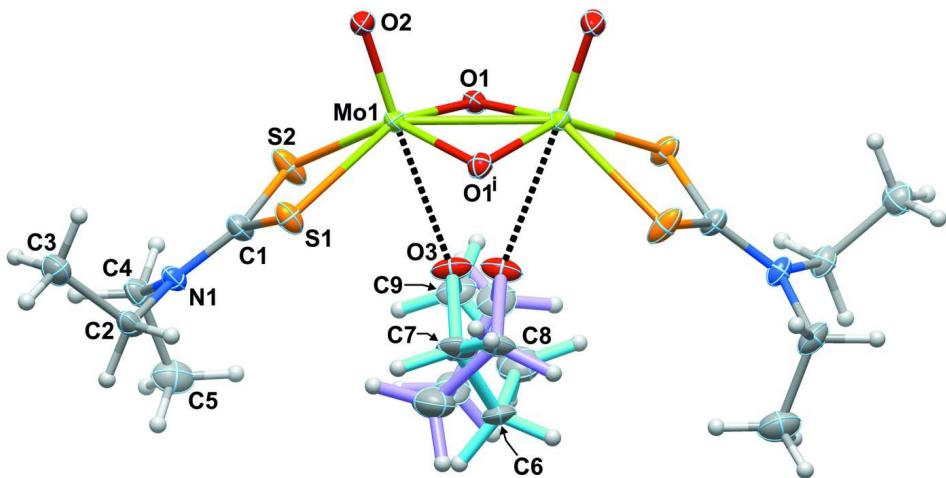
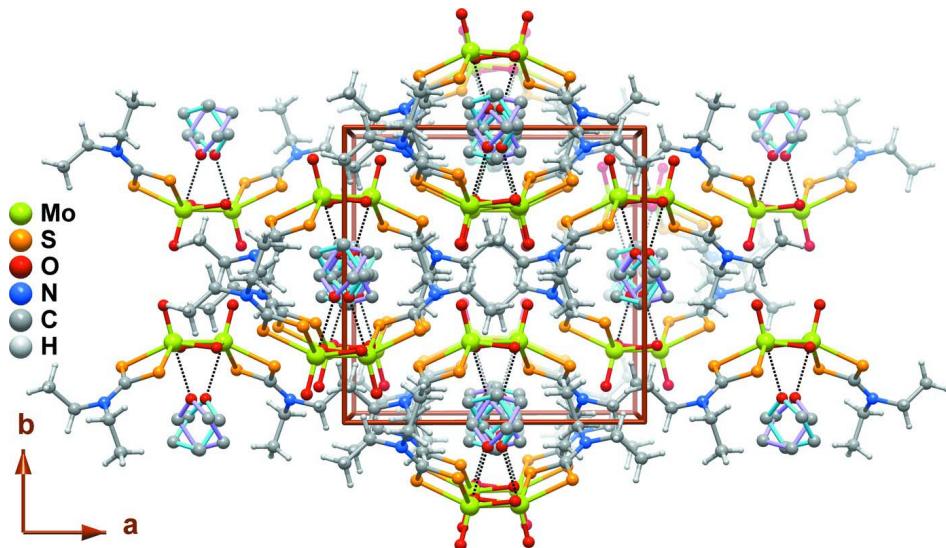


Figure 1

Molecular unit of the title compound showing all non-hydrogen atoms as thermal ellipsoids drawn at the 40% probability level and hydrogen atoms as small spheres with arbitrary radii. Atoms composing the asymmetric unit are highlighted by showing their respective label. The two possible locations for the disordered THF molecule are depicted with different colours for the bonds. For selected bond lengths see Table 1. Symmetry transformation used to generate equivalent atoms: (i) -x, y, 0.5 - z.

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing of the title compound viewed in perspective along the [001] direction of the unit cell. The two possible locations for the disordered THF molecule are depicted with different colours for the bonds (hydrogen atoms associated with these moieties have been omitted for clarity).

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Crystal data

$[\text{Mo}_2(\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{NS}_2)_2\text{O}_4]\cdot\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}$
 $M_r = 624.50$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc
 $a = 12.8695$ (7) Å
 $b = 12.6025$ (7) Å
 $c = 14.4579$ (8) Å
 $\beta = 94.184$ (3) $^\circ$
 $V = 2338.6$ (2) Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1256$
 $D_x = 1.774 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 9063 reflections
 $\theta = 2.6\text{--}35.3$ $^\circ$
 $\mu = 1.46 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 150$ K
Prism, yellow
 $0.12 \times 0.12 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker X8 KappaCCD APEXII
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 ω and φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1998)
 $T_{\min} = 0.845$, $T_{\max} = 0.893$

48139 measured reflections
5649 independent reflections
4661 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$
 $\theta_{\max} = 36.3$ $^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.5$ $^\circ$
 $h = -21 \rightarrow 21$
 $k = -20 \rightarrow 20$
 $l = -23 \rightarrow 24$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.054$
 $S = 1.03$
5649 reflections

149 parameters
5 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0219P)^2 + 2.1445P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.74 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.96 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Mo1	0.081183 (8)	0.231212 (9)	0.203909 (7)	0.01717 (3)	
S1	0.25495 (3)	0.31525 (3)	0.23038 (2)	0.02555 (7)	
S2	0.11812 (3)	0.33069 (4)	0.06297 (2)	0.03297 (9)	
O1	-0.06648 (7)	0.24910 (7)	0.16391 (6)	0.02023 (17)	
O2	0.11161 (8)	0.10400 (8)	0.18310 (7)	0.0273 (2)	
N1	0.30133 (9)	0.43361 (9)	0.08463 (7)	0.0222 (2)	
C1	0.23528 (10)	0.36816 (11)	0.12027 (9)	0.0224 (2)	
C2	0.40421 (10)	0.45692 (12)	0.13224 (9)	0.0250 (3)	
H2A	0.3998	0.4513	0.2001	0.030*	
H2B	0.4248	0.5304	0.1179	0.030*	
C3	0.48586 (12)	0.38032 (14)	0.10190 (12)	0.0336 (3)	
H3A	0.4671	0.3078	0.1187	0.050*	
H3B	0.5538	0.3986	0.1328	0.050*	
H3C	0.4895	0.3850	0.0345	0.050*	
C4	0.27763 (12)	0.48736 (12)	-0.00497 (9)	0.0288 (3)	
H4A	0.2232	0.4471	-0.0420	0.035*	
H4B	0.3409	0.4887	-0.0400	0.035*	
C5	0.24037 (16)	0.59952 (15)	0.00879 (12)	0.0423 (4)	
H5A	0.1750	0.5980	0.0396	0.063*	
H5B	0.2288	0.6345	-0.0516	0.063*	
H5C	0.2931	0.6387	0.0473	0.063*	
O3	0.02301 (17)	0.42667 (15)	0.23443 (16)	0.0298 (5)	0.50
C6	0.0064 (3)	0.5996 (3)	0.2983 (3)	0.0398 (8)	0.50
H6X	0.0481	0.6611	0.2799	0.048*	0.50
H6Y	-0.0215	0.6149	0.3589	0.048*	0.50
C7	0.0722 (3)	0.4986 (3)	0.3034 (3)	0.0370 (9)	0.50
H7X	0.1447	0.5143	0.2891	0.044*	0.50
H7Y	0.0732	0.4669	0.3661	0.044*	0.50
C8	-0.0831 (4)	0.5757 (3)	0.2237 (3)	0.0552 (11)	0.50
H8X	-0.1463	0.5508	0.2523	0.066*	0.50

H8Y	-0.1008	0.6391	0.1854	0.066*	0.50
C9	-0.0384 (3)	0.4905 (3)	0.1677 (3)	0.0346 (8)	0.50
H9X	-0.0943	0.4476	0.1353	0.042*	0.50
H9Y	0.0058	0.5209	0.1211	0.042*	0.50

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Mo1	0.01784 (5)	0.01611 (5)	0.01787 (5)	-0.00165 (3)	0.00340 (3)	0.00016 (3)
S1	0.02101 (13)	0.03126 (18)	0.02375 (14)	-0.00642 (12)	-0.00270 (11)	0.00826 (12)
S2	0.02936 (16)	0.0438 (2)	0.02449 (15)	-0.01877 (15)	-0.00690 (12)	0.01249 (14)
O1	0.0200 (4)	0.0193 (4)	0.0216 (4)	-0.0037 (3)	0.0031 (3)	-0.0016 (3)
O2	0.0301 (5)	0.0201 (5)	0.0334 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	0.0140 (4)	-0.0024 (4)
N1	0.0239 (5)	0.0239 (6)	0.0188 (4)	-0.0081 (4)	0.0026 (4)	-0.0002 (4)
C1	0.0219 (5)	0.0235 (6)	0.0216 (5)	-0.0054 (4)	0.0010 (4)	0.0027 (4)
C2	0.0239 (6)	0.0270 (7)	0.0243 (6)	-0.0102 (5)	0.0024 (4)	-0.0024 (5)
C3	0.0262 (6)	0.0337 (8)	0.0412 (8)	-0.0055 (6)	0.0034 (6)	-0.0031 (6)
C4	0.0357 (7)	0.0315 (8)	0.0192 (5)	-0.0125 (6)	0.0027 (5)	0.0032 (5)
C5	0.0556 (11)	0.0344 (9)	0.0356 (8)	-0.0022 (8)	-0.0049 (7)	0.0071 (7)
O3	0.0374 (15)	0.0189 (9)	0.0305 (13)	0.0046 (7)	-0.0149 (9)	-0.0052 (8)
C6	0.0471 (19)	0.0201 (14)	0.054 (2)	-0.0070 (13)	0.0157 (16)	-0.0181 (13)
C7	0.044 (2)	0.0296 (19)	0.036 (2)	-0.0117 (16)	-0.0057 (15)	-0.0132 (16)
C8	0.060 (3)	0.033 (2)	0.074 (3)	0.0083 (18)	0.005 (2)	0.0059 (19)
C9	0.039 (2)	0.0247 (16)	0.038 (2)	0.0112 (15)	-0.0093 (15)	0.0032 (15)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	2.5591 (2)	C4—C5	1.510 (3)
Mo1—S1	2.4788 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9900
Mo1—S2	2.4680 (4)	C4—H4B	0.9900
Mo1—O1	1.9586 (9)	C5—H5A	0.9800
Mo1—O1 ⁱ	1.9472 (9)	C5—H5B	0.9800
Mo1—O2	1.6826 (10)	C5—H5C	0.9800
Mo1—O3	2.6213 (19)	O3—C9	1.446 (4)
S1—C1	1.7276 (13)	O3—C7	1.457 (4)
S2—C1	1.7322 (13)	O3—Mo1 ⁱ	2.972 (2)
O1—Mo1 ⁱ	1.9472 (9)	C6—C7	1.527 (5)
O2—Mo1 ⁱ	3.4621 (10)	C6—C8	1.549 (5)
N1—C1	1.3161 (16)	C6—H6X	0.9900
N1—C4	1.4739 (17)	C6—H6Y	0.9900
N1—C2	1.4766 (17)	C7—H7X	0.9900
C2—C3	1.515 (2)	C7—H7Y	0.9900
C2—H2A	0.9900	C8—C9	1.485 (5)
C2—H2B	0.9900	C8—H8X	0.9900
C3—H3A	0.9800	C8—H8Y	0.9900
C3—H3B	0.9800	C9—H9X	0.9900
C3—H3C	0.9800	C9—H9Y	0.9900

O1 ⁱ —Mo1—O1	96.59 (4)	C5—C4—H4A	109.4
O1—Mo1—O3	70.04 (6)	N1—C4—H4B	109.4
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—O3	71.13 (6)	C5—C4—H4B	109.4
O1—Mo1—S1	147.29 (3)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.0
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—S1	87.14 (3)	C4—C5—H5A	109.5
O1—Mo1—S2	86.50 (3)	C4—C5—H5B	109.5
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—S2	142.17 (3)	H5A—C5—H5B	109.5
O2—Mo1—O1	106.88 (5)	C4—C5—H5C	109.5
O2—Mo1—O1 ⁱ	109.05 (5)	H5A—C5—H5C	109.5
O2—Mo1—O3	176.86 (6)	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
O2—Mo1—S1	102.45 (4)	C9—O3—C7	107.4 (2)
O2—Mo1—S2	105.96 (4)	C9—O3—Mo1	124.0 (2)
S1—Mo1—O3	80.68 (5)	C7—O3—Mo1	125.8 (2)
S2—Mo1—O3	74.70 (5)	C9—O3—Mo1 ⁱ	115.1 (2)
S2—Mo1—S1	71.612 (11)	C7—O3—Mo1 ⁱ	119.6 (2)
O2—Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	107.62 (3)	Mo1—O3—Mo1 ⁱ	54.01 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	49.26 (3)	C7—C6—C8	104.6 (3)
O1—Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	48.87 (3)	C7—C6—H6X	110.8
S2—Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	130.072 (11)	C8—C6—H6X	110.8
S1—Mo1—Mo1 ⁱ	132.947 (10)	C7—C6—H6Y	110.8
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—O3	70.02 (5)	C8—C6—H6Y	110.8
C1—S1—Mo1	87.29 (4)	H6X—C6—H6Y	108.9
C1—S2—Mo1	87.53 (4)	O3—C7—C6	105.9 (3)
Mo1 ⁱ —O1—Mo1	81.87 (4)	C6—C7—Mo1	141.2 (2)
C1—N1—C4	122.27 (11)	O3—C7—H7X	110.6
C1—N1—C2	121.66 (11)	C6—C7—H7X	110.6
C4—N1—C2	116.06 (11)	Mo1—C7—H7X	92.6
N1—C1—S1	123.18 (10)	O3—C7—H7Y	110.6
N1—C1—S2	123.24 (10)	C6—C7—H7Y	110.6
S1—C1—S2	113.54 (7)	Mo1—C7—H7Y	89.4
N1—C1—Mo1	176.95 (11)	H7X—C7—H7Y	108.7
S1—C1—Mo1	56.96 (4)	C9—C8—C6	102.8 (3)
S2—C1—Mo1	56.60 (4)	C9—C8—H8X	111.2
N1—C2—C3	110.82 (11)	C6—C8—H8X	111.2
N1—C2—H2A	109.5	C9—C8—H8Y	111.2
C3—C2—H2A	109.5	C6—C8—H8Y	111.2
N1—C2—H2B	109.5	H8X—C8—H8Y	109.1
C3—C2—H2B	109.5	O3—C9—C8	104.7 (3)
H2A—C2—H2B	108.1	C8—C9—Mo1	138.4 (3)
C2—C3—H3A	109.5	O3—C9—H9X	110.8
C2—C3—H3B	109.5	C8—C9—H9X	110.8
H3A—C3—H3B	109.5	Mo1—C9—H9X	82.1
C2—C3—H3C	109.5	O3—C9—H9Y	110.8
H3A—C3—H3C	109.5	C8—C9—H9Y	110.8
H3B—C3—H3C	109.5	Mo1—C9—H9Y	100.8
N1—C4—C5	111.21 (12)	H9X—C9—H9Y	108.9
N1—C4—H4A	109.4		

O2—Mo1—S1—C1	103.85 (6)	O1 ⁱ —Mo1—O3—C7	50.7 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—S1—C1	-147.26 (6)	O1—Mo1—O3—C7	155.4 (3)
O1—Mo1—S1—C1	-49.51 (7)	S2—Mo1—O3—C7	-112.8 (3)
S2—Mo1—S1—C1	0.95 (5)	S1—Mo1—O3—C7	-39.4 (3)
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—S1—C1	-127.18 (5)	Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—O3—C7	103.2 (3)
O3—Mo1—S1—C1	-75.92 (7)	O1 ⁱ —Mo1—O3—Mo1 ⁱ	-52.44 (3)
O2—Mo1—S2—C1	-99.06 (6)	O1—Mo1—O3—Mo1 ⁱ	52.22 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—S2—C1	58.14 (7)	S2—Mo1—O3—Mo1 ⁱ	144.06 (3)
O1—Mo1—S2—C1	154.38 (6)	S1—Mo1—O3—Mo1 ⁱ	-142.59 (3)
S1—Mo1—S2—C1	-0.94 (5)	C9—O3—C7—C6	21.9 (3)
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—S2—C1	130.25 (5)	Mo1—O3—C7—C6	-176.6 (2)
O3—Mo1—S2—C1	84.12 (7)	Mo1 ⁱ —O3—C7—C6	-111.7 (3)
O2—Mo1—O1—Mo1 ⁱ	98.92 (4)	C9—O3—C7—Mo1	-161.5 (3)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—O1—Mo1 ⁱ	-13.32 (5)	Mo1 ⁱ —O3—C7—Mo1	64.91 (18)
S2—Mo1—O1—Mo1 ⁱ	-155.46 (3)	C8—C6—C7—O3	1.4 (4)
S1—Mo1—O1—Mo1 ⁱ	-108.31 (4)	C8—C6—C7—Mo1	-1.7 (6)
O3—Mo1—O1—Mo1 ⁱ	-80.47 (6)	O2—Mo1—C7—O3	-173.53 (19)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—O2—Mo1 ⁱ	52.06 (3)	O1 ⁱ —Mo1—C7—O3	-122.3 (3)
O1—Mo1—O2—Mo1 ⁱ	-51.33 (3)	O1—Mo1—C7—O3	-23.1 (3)
S2—Mo1—O2—Mo1 ⁱ	-142.50 (2)	S2—Mo1—C7—O3	63.8 (3)
S1—Mo1—O2—Mo1 ⁱ	143.34 (2)	S1—Mo1—C7—O3	136.9 (3)
C4—N1—C1—S1	-172.85 (11)	Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—C7—O3	-71.1 (3)
C2—N1—C1—S1	7.5 (2)	O2—Mo1—C7—C6	-168.3 (3)
C4—N1—C1—S2	4.7 (2)	O1 ⁱ —Mo1—C7—C6	-117.0 (5)
C2—N1—C1—S2	-174.93 (10)	O1—Mo1—C7—C6	-17.8 (4)
Mo1—S1—C1—N1	176.36 (12)	S2—Mo1—C7—C6	69.0 (4)
Mo1—S1—C1—S2	-1.40 (7)	S1—Mo1—C7—C6	142.1 (5)
Mo1—S2—C1—N1	-176.35 (12)	Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—C7—C6	-65.9 (4)
Mo1—S2—C1—S1	1.40 (7)	O3—Mo1—C7—C6	5.2 (3)
O2—Mo1—C1—S1	-86.15 (6)	C7—C6—C8—C9	-23.1 (5)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—C1—S1	37.22 (6)	C7—O3—C9—C8	-37.5 (4)
O1—Mo1—C1—S1	152.10 (4)	Mo1—O3—C9—C8	160.5 (2)
S2—Mo1—C1—S1	-178.47 (8)	Mo1 ⁱ —O3—C9—C8	98.3 (3)
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—C1—S1	93.83 (5)	C7—O3—C9—Mo1	161.9 (3)
O3—Mo1—C1—S1	95.97 (7)	Mo1 ⁱ —O3—C9—Mo1	-62.18 (15)
O2—Mo1—C1—S2	92.31 (6)	C6—C8—C9—O3	36.8 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—C1—S2	-144.31 (4)	C6—C8—C9—Mo1	54.3 (6)
O1—Mo1—C1—S2	-29.43 (6)	O2—Mo1—C9—O3	172.71 (17)
S1—Mo1—C1—S2	178.47 (8)	O1 ⁱ —Mo1—C9—O3	27.7 (3)
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—C1—S2	-87.70 (6)	O1—Mo1—C9—O3	126.7 (3)
O3—Mo1—C1—S2	-85.56 (7)	S2—Mo1—C9—O3	-128.3 (3)
C1—N1—C2—C3	90.63 (16)	S1—Mo1—C9—O3	-59.5 (3)
C4—N1—C2—C3	-89.02 (15)	Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—C9—O3	75.6 (3)
C1—N1—C4—C5	98.86 (16)	O2—Mo1—C9—C8	143.6 (4)
C2—N1—C4—C5	-81.49 (16)	O1 ⁱ —Mo1—C9—C8	-1.4 (4)
O1 ⁱ —Mo1—O3—C9	-150.6 (3)	O1—Mo1—C9—C8	97.6 (5)
O1—Mo1—O3—C9	-46.0 (3)	S2—Mo1—C9—C8	-157.4 (5)
S2—Mo1—O3—C9	45.9 (3)	S1—Mo1—C9—C8	-88.6 (5)

S1—Mo1—O3—C9	119.2 (3)	Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—C9—C8	46.5 (4)
Mo1 ⁱ —Mo1—O3—C9	−98.2 (3)	O3—Mo1—C9—C8	−29.1 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y, -z+1/2$.

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C4—H4B···O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.49	3.2443 (17)	133

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